

# **CRÉDIT AGRICOLE GROUP**

# CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AT 31 DECEMBER 2019

Approved by the Crédit Agricole S.A. Board of Directors on 13 February 2020

UNAUDITED VERSION



GEN	IERAL FRAM	EWORK	5
	CREDIT A	AGRICOLE GROUP	5
	CREDIT A	AGRICOLE INTERNAL RELATIONS	5
	RELATED	PARTIES	9
col	NSOLIDATED	FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	10
	INCOME	STATEMENT	10
	NET INCO	DME AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	11
	BALANC	E SHEET - ASSETS	12
	BALANC	e sheet – liabilities & equity	13
	STATEME	NT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY	14
	CASH FL	OW STATEMENT	15
NO		SOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	18
	NOTE 1	Group accounting policies and principles, assessments and estimates applied	18
	1.1	Applicable standards and comparability	18
	1.2	Accounting policies and principles	20
	NOTE 2	Major structural transactions and material events during the period	46
	NOTE 3	Financial management, risk exposure and hedging policy	50
	3.1	Credit risk	50
	3.2	Market risk	85
	3.3	Liquidity and financing risk	94
	3.4	Cash flow and fair value interest rate and foreign exchange hedging	97
	3.5	Operational risks	111
	3.6	Capital management and regulatory ratios	111
	NOTE 4	Notes on net income and other comprehensive income	112
	4.1	Interest income and expenses	112
	4.2	Fees and commissions income and expense	113
	4.3	Net gains (losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	113
	4.4	Net gains (losses) on financial instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income	115
	4.5	Net gains (losses) from the derecognition of financial assets at amortised cost	115
	4.6	Net income (expenses) on other activities	116
	4.7	Operating expenses	116
	4.8	Depreciation, amortisation and impairment of property, plant & equipment and intangible assets	117
	4.9	Cost of risk	118
	4.10	Net gains (losses) on other assets	118
	4.11	Тах	119
	4.12	Changes in other comprehensive income	120
	NOTE 5	Segment reporting	124
	5.1	Operating segment information	126
	5.2	Segment information: geographical analysis	128
	5.3	Insurance specificities	128
	NOTE 6	Notes to the balance sheet	133
	6.1	Cash, central banks	133
	6.2	Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	133

### CONTENTS



14.2	Investments in non-consolidated structured entities	253
14.1	Information on subsidiaries	
NOTE 14	Investments in non-consolidated companies and structured entities	
13.2	Scope of consolidation	
13.1	Information on subsidiaries	
NOTE 13	Scope of consolidation at 31st December 2019	
12.1	Impacts of IFRS 16 at 1 January 2019	
NOTE 12	Impacts of accounting changes and other events	
11.3	Estimated impact of inclusion of the margin at inception	
11.2	Information about financial instruments measured at fair value	
11.1	Fair value of financial assets and liabilities recognised at amortised cost	194
NOTE 11	Fair value of financial instruments	193
NOTE 10	Reclassifications of financial instruments	192
NOTE 9	Commitments given and received and other guarantees	190
8.2	Leases for which the Group is the lessor	
8.1	Leases under which the Group is a lessee	
NOTE 8	Leases	
7.6	Share-based payments	
7.5	Other employee benefits	
7.4	Post-employment benefits, defined-benefit plans	
7.3	Post-employment benefits, defined-contribution plans	
7.2	Average headcount	
7.1	Analysis of employee expenses	
NOTE 7	Employee benefits and other compensation	
6.22	Breakdown of financial assets and financial liabilities by contractual maturity	
6.21	Non-controlling interests	
6.20	Undated financial instruments	
6.19	Subordinated debt	
6.18	Provisions	
6.17	Insurance company technical reserves	
6.16	Goodwill	
6.15	Property, plant & equipment and intangible assets (excluding goodwill)	
6.14	Investment properties	
6.13	Joint ventures and associates	
6.12	Assets, liabilities and income from discontinued or held for sale operations	
6.11	Accrued income and expenses and other assets and liabilities	
6.10	Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities	
6.9	Information on the offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities	
6.8	Financial liabilities at amortised cost	
6.7	Exposure to sovereign risk	
6.6	Transferred assets not derecognised or derecognised with on-going involvement	
6.5	Financial assets at amortised cost	139
6.4	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	136
6.3	Hedging derivative instruments	136



NOTE 15	Events subsequent to 31 December 2019	258
15.1	Unwinding of 35% of the "Switch" guarantee mechanism	258
15.2	Acquisition of Sabadell Asset Management by Amundi	258
15.3	Cheque Image Exchange dispute	258

# **GENERAL FRAMEWORK**

## **CREDIT AGRICOLE GROUP**

Crédit Agricole Group comprises 2,417 Local Banks, 39 Regional Banks, its central body "Crédit Agricole S.A." and their subsidiaries.

Crédit Agricole Mutuel was organised by the Act of 5 November 1894, which introduced the principle of creating Crédit Agricole's Local Banks, the Act of 31 March 1899, which federated the Local Banks into Crédit Agricole Regional Banks, and the Act of 5 August 1920, which created the Office National du Crédit Agricole, subsequently transformed into the Caisse Nationale de Crédit Agricole, and then Crédit Agricole S.A. Its role as central body was confirmed and clarified by the French Monetary and Financial Code.

Crédit Agricole Group is a banking group with a central body as defined by the European Union's first directive 77/780:

- the commitments of the central body and of the entities affiliated to it are joint and several;

- the solvency and liquidity of all affiliated entities are monitored together on the basis of consolidated financial statements.

For groups with a central body, directive 86/635 relating to the financial statements of European credit institutions stipulates that the whole group, consisting of the central body and its affiliated entities, must be covered by the consolidated financial statements prepared, audited and published in accordance with this directive.

In line with this directive, the central body and its affiliated entities make up the reporting entity. This reporting entity represents the community of interests created in particular by the system of crossguarantees, which ensure joint and several coverage of the commitments of Crédit Agricole Group network. In addition, the various texts mentioned in the first paragraph explain and organise the community of interests that exists at the legal, financial, economic and political levels between Crédit Agricole S.A., the Regional Banks and the Local Banks of Crédit Agricole Mutuel.

This community relies on a single financial relationship mechanism, a single economic and commercial policy and joint decision-making authorities which, for over a century, have formed the basis of Crédit Agricole Group.

In accordance with European regulation 1606/02, the reporting entity's consolidated financial statements are prepared under IFRS as adopted by the European Union. The reporting entity consists of the Local Banks, the Regional Banks and Crédit Agricole S.A. central body.

## **CREDIT AGRICOLE INTERNAL RELATIONS**

### INTERNAL FINANCING MECHANISMS

Crédit Agricole has instituted a number of internal financing mechanisms specific to the Group.

#### **Regional Banks' current accounts**

Each Regional Bank holds a current account with Crédit Agricole S.A., which records the financial movements resulting from internal financial transactions within the Group. This account, which may be in credit or debit, is presented in the balance sheet under "Crédit Agricole internal transactions – Current Accounts" and integrated on a specific line item, either "Loans and receivables due from credit institutions" or "Due to credit institutions".

#### Special savings accounts

Funds held in special savings accounts (popular savings passbook accounts (Livret d'épargne populaire), sustainable development passbook accounts (Livret de développement durable), home purchase savings plans and accounts, popular savings plans, youth passbook accounts (Livrets Jeunes) and passbook savings accounts (Livret A)) are collected by the Regional Banks on behalf of Crédit Agricole S.A. These funds are required to be transferred to the latter. Crédit Agricole S.A. recognises them on its balance sheet as "Due to customers".

#### Term deposits and advances

The Regional Banks also collect savings funds (passbook accounts, bonds, warrants, certain term accounts and related accounts, etc.) on behalf of Crédit Agricole S.A. These funds are transferred to Crédit Agricole S.A., and are recognised as such on its balance sheet.

Special savings accounts and time deposits and advances are used by Crédit Agricole S.A. to make "advances" (loans) to the Regional Banks, with a view to funding their medium and long-term loans.



A series of four internal financial reforms has been implemented. These reforms have permitted the transfer back to the Regional Banks, in the form of mirror advances (with maturities and interest rates precisely matching those of the savings funds received) of first 15%, 25%, then 33% and, since 31 December 2001, 50% of the savings resources, which they are free to use at their discretion.

Since 1 January 2004, the financial margins generated by the centralised management of funds collected (and not transferred back via mirror advances) are shared by the Regional Banks and Crédit Agricole S.A. and are determined by using replacement models and applying market rates.

Furthermore, 50% of new loans written since 1st January 2004 and falling within the field of application of financial relations between Crédit Agricole S.A. and the Regional Banks may be refinanced in the form of advances negotiated at market rates with Crédit Agricole S.A.

Hence, there are currently two types of advances: advances governed by financial rules from before 1 January 2004 and those governed by the new rules.

Crédit Agricole S.A. may also make additional financing available to the Regional Banks at market rates.

#### Transfer of Regional Banks' liquidity surpluses

The Regional Banks may use their monetary deposits (demand deposits, non-centralised term deposits and negotiable certificates of deposit) to finance lending to their customers. Surpluses must be transferred to Crédit Agricole S.A. where they are booked as current or term accounts, under "Crédit Agricole internal transactions".

#### Investment of Regional Banks' surplus capital with Crédit Agricole S.A.

Available surplus capital may be invested with Crédit Agricole S.A. in the form of three to ten-year instruments with the same characteristics of interbank money market transactions in all respects.

#### Foreign currency transactions

Crédit Agricole S.A. represents the Regional Banks with respect to the Bank of France and centralises their foreign currency transactions.

#### Medium and long-term notes issued by Crédit Agricole S.A.

These are placed mainly on the market or by the Regional Banks with their customers. They are booked by Crédit Agricole S.A. under liabilities either as "Debt securities" or as "Subordinated debt", depending on the type of security issued.

### HEDGING OF LIQUIDITY AND SOLVENCY RISKS

Under the legal internal financial solidarity mechanism enshrined in Article L. 511-31 of the French Monetary and Financial Code, Crédit Agricole S.A. as a central body, must take all measures necessary to ensure the liquidity and solvency of each affiliated credit institution, as well as the network as a whole. As a result, each member of the network and each affiliated institution benefits from this internal financial solidarity mechanism.

The general provisions of the French Monetary and Financial Code are transposed into internal provisions setting out the operational measures required for this internal financial solidarity mechanism.

During the IPO of Crédit Agricole S.A. in 2001, CNCA (now Crédit Agricole S.A.) signed an agreement with the Regional Banks to govern internal relations within Crédit Agricole Group. The agreement notably provided for the creation of a Fund for Bank Liquidity and Solvency Risks (FRBLS) designed to enable Crédit Agricole S.A. to fulfil its role as central body by providing assistance to any affiliated members that may experience difficulties. The main provisions of this agreement are set out in Chapter III of the Registration document filed by Crédit Agricole S.A. with the Commission des Opérations de Bourse on 22 October 2001 under number R. 01-453. The fund was originally allocated €610 million in assets. At 31 December 2018 it totalled €1,152 million, having been increased by €40 million in the course of the year.

Moreover, European legislation relating to the resolution of banking crises adopted in 2014 (the BRRD directive transposed into French law by Ordinance 2015-1024 of 20 August 2015, which also brought French law into line with the regulation establishing a Single Resolution Mechanism) introduced a number of significant changes to the regulations applicable to credit institutions.

The new framework, which includes measures to prevent and to resolve banking crises, is intended to preserve financial stability, to ensure the continuity of activities, services and operations of institutions whose failure could significantly impact the economy, to protect depositors and to avoid or limit, as much as possible, the use of public financial

support. In this context, the European resolution authorities, including the Single Resolution Board, were granted extensive powers to take all necessary measures in connection with the resolution of all or part of a credit institution or the group to which it belongs.

This resolution framework does not affect the legal internal financial solidarity mechanism enshrined in Article L. 511-31 of the French Monetary and Financial Code, which applies to the Crédit Agricole Network, as defined in Article R. 512-18 of the same Code. Crédit Agricole S.A. considers that, in practice, this mechanism should be implemented prior to any resolution procedure.

The application of the resolution procedure to Crédit Agricole Group would thus mean that the legal internal solidarity mechanism had failed to cope with the bankruptcy of one or more Group affiliates, and hence of the network as a whole. By its very nature it also hinders the monitoring of the conditions for implementing the guarantee of the obligations of Crédit Agricole S.A. granted in 1988 to its third party creditors by the Regional Banks on a joint and several basis, and up to the aggregate amount of their own funds. It should be recalled that this guarantee may be exercised in the event of an asset shortfall at Crédit Agricole S.A. identified in the course of its bankruptcy or dissolution.

In connection with the institution of a resolution procedure, the Single Resolution Board (SRB), should respect the fundamental principle that no creditor must suffer losses in connection with a resolution procedure that are greater than those it would suffer if the entity had been liquidated in a normal insolvency procedure (the "No Creditor Worse Off than on Liquidation" – NCWOL – principle, set forth in Article L. 613-57-I – of the French Monetary and Financial Code, and Article 73 of the BRRD directive). Because this principle must be respected, Crédit Agricole S.A. considers that the existence of the guarantee granted in 1988 by the Regional Banks in favour of the creditors of Crédit Agricole S.A., will have to be taken into account by the SRB, although it is not possible to determine how this will be done

### SPECIFIC GUARANTEES PROVIDED BY THE REGIONAL BANKS TO CRÉDIT AGRICOLE S.A. (SWITCH)

The Switch guarantee mechanism, established on 23 December 2011 and supplemented by an initial addendum signed on 19 December 2013 and twice amended in 2016 on 17 February (amendment no. 2) and 21 July (amendment no. 3) respectively, forms parts of the financial arrangements between Crédit Agricole S.A., as central body, and the mutual network of Crédit Agricole Regional Banks. The most recent amendments to these guarantees took effect retroactively on 1 July 2016, replacing the previous guarantees, and expire on 1 March 2027, subject to total or partial early termination or extension in accordance with the terms of the contract.

With this mechanism, and subject to the upper limit specified in the agreement, the Regional Banks assume, on behalf of Crédit Agricole S.A., regulatory requirements relating to the equity method of accounting for certain equity investments held by Crédit Agricole S.A. They also assume the associated economic risks in the form of compensation, where applicable.

The guarantees allow the transfer of regulatory requirements that henceforth apply to Crédit Agricole S.A.'s equity investments in Crédit Agricole Assurances (CAA), the latter being equity-accounted for regulatory reasons: we are now talking about the Insurance Switch guarantees. They are subject to fixed remuneration covering the present value of the risk and the cost of capital for the Regional Banks.

The effectiveness of the mechanism is secured by cash deposits paid by the Regional Banks to Crédit Agricole S.A. These cash deposits are calibrated to reflect the capital savings for Crédit Agricole S.A., and are compensated at a fixed rate based on conditions prevailing for long-term liquidity.

The Insurance Switch guarantees protect Crédit Agricole S.A. from a decline in the equity-accounted value of these equity investments, subject to payment by the Regional Banks of compensation from the cash deposit. Likewise, if the equity-accounted value later recovers, Crédit Agricole S.A. could return previously paid compensation in accordance with a clawback provision.

In regulatory terms:

- Crédit Agricole S.A. reduces its capital requirements in proportion to the amount of the guarantee provided by the Regional Banks;
- The Regional Banks symmetrically record capital requirements matching those offloaded by Crédit Agricole S.A.

This mechanism, which is neutral at Crédit Agricole Group level, enables the rebalancing of capital allocation between Crédit Agricole S.A. and the Regional Banks.

#### CAPITAL TIES BETWEEN CRÉDIT AGRICOLE S.A. AND THE REGIONAL BANKS

The capital ties between Crédit Agricole S.A. and the Regional Banks are governed by an agreement entered into by the parties prior to Crédit Agricole S.A.'s initial public offering.

Under the terms of this agreement, the Regional Banks exercise their control over Crédit Agricole S.A. through SAS Rue La Boétie, a holding company wholly-owned by them. The purpose of SAS Rue La Boétie is to hold enough shares to ensure that it always owns at least 50% of the share capital and voting rights of Crédit Agricole S.A.

In addition, under the agreement, Crédit Agricole S.A. directly owned approximately 25% of the share capital of each Regional Bank (except for the Caisse Régionale de la Corse which is owned at 99.9%).

Following the transaction to simplify the Group's capital structure on 3 August 2016, the bulk of the cooperative investment certificates (Certificats coopératifs d'investissement or CCIs) and the cooperative associate certificates (Certificats coopératifs d'associés or CCAs) held by Crédit Agricole S.A. were transferred to a holding company ("Sacam Mutualisation") jointly owned by the Regional Banks.



## **RELATED PARTIES**

The related parties of Crédit Agricole Group are the consolidated companies, including companies accounted for using the equity method, and the Group's Senior Executives.

#### OTHER SHAREHOLDERS' AGREEMENT

Shareholder agreements signed during the year are detailed in Note 2 "Major structural transactions and material events during the period".

#### RELATIONSHIPS BETWEEN CONTROLLED COMPANIES AFFECTING THE CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

A list of Crédit Agricole Group companies can be found in Note 13 "Scope of consolidation at 31st December 2019". Since the transactions and outstandings at year-end between the Group's fully consolidated companies are eliminated on consolidation, only transactions with companies consolidated by the equity method affect the Group's consolidated financial statements.

The main corresponding outstandings and commitments in the consolidated balance sheet at 31st December 2019 relate to transactions with companies consolidated by the equity method for the following amounts:

- loans and receivables due from credit institutions: €2,791 million ;
- loans and receivables due from customers: €2,556 million ;
- amounts due to credit institutions: €1,210 million ;
- amounts due to customers: €142 million ;
- Commitments given on financial instruments : €3,811 million ;
- Commitments received on financial instruments : €8,788 million.

The transactions entered into with these entities did not have a material effect on the income statement for the period.

# MANAGEMENT OF RETIREMENT, EARLY RETIREMENT AND END-OF-CAREER ALLOWANCES: INTERNAL HEDGING CONTRACTS WITHIN THE GROUP

As presented in Note 1.2 "Accounting policies and principles", employees are provided with various types of postemployment benefits. These include:

- end-of-career allowances;
- retirement plans, which may be either "defined-contribution" or "defined-benefit" plans.

The liability in this respect is partially funded by collective insurance contracts taken out with Predica, Crédit Agricole Group's life insurance company.

These contracts govern:

- the setting up by the insurance company of mutual funds for investing contributions made by the employer to build up sufficient funds to cover end-of-career allowances or retirement benefits;
- the management of the funds by the insurance company;
- the payment to the beneficiaries of the allowances and of the benefits due under the various plans.

Information on post-employment benefits is provided in Note 7 "Employee benefits and other compensation" in paragraphs 7.3 and 7.4.

#### **RELATIONS WITH SENIOR MANAGEMENT**

Given the mutualist structure of Crédit Agricole Group and the broad scope of the reporting entities, the notion of "management" as defined by IAS 24 is not representative of the governance rules applied within Crédit Agricole Group.

Accordingly, the information required by IAS 24 concerning the compensation of key executives is not presented.

# **CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

## **INCOME STATEMENT**

(in millions of euros)	Notes	31/12/2019	31/12/2018
Interest and similar income	4.1	33,509	33,110
Interest and similar expenses	4.1	(15,512)	(14,594)
Fee and commission income	4.2	13,721	13,841
Fee and commission expenses	4.2	(4,162)	(4,153)
Net gains (losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	4.3	17,446	(2,934)
		4,751	632
Net gains (losses) on held for trading assets/liabilities Net gains (losses) on other financial assets/liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		12,695	(3,566)
Net gains (losses) on financial instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income	4.4	336	231
Net gains (losses) on debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income that may be reclassified			-1
subsequently to profit or loss Remuneration of equity instruments measured at fair value		167	71
through other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss (dividends)		169	160
Net gains (losses) arising from the derecognition of financial assets at amortised cost	4.5	(10)	(1)
Net gains (losses) arising from the reclassification of financial assets at amortised cost to financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		-	-
Net gains (losses) arising from the reclassification of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income to financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		-	-
Income on other activities	4.6	42,006	43,310
Expenses on other activities	4.6	(53,592)	(36,262)
Reclassification of net gains (losses) of designated financial assets applying the overlay approach	5.3	(445)	291
Revenues		33,297	32,839
Operating expenses	4.7	(20,088)	(20,266)
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment of property, plant & equipment and intangible assets	4.8	(1,724)	(1,188)
Gross operating income		11,485	11,385
Cost of risk	4.9	(1,757)	(1,719)
Operating income		9,728	9,666
Share of net income of equity-accounted entities		356	266
Net gains (losses) on other assets	4.10	36	87
Change in value of goodwill	6.16	(642)	86
Pre-tax income		9,478	10,105
Income tax charge	4.11	(1,736)	(2,733)
Net income from discontinued operations		(38)	(3)
Net income		7,704	7,369
Non-controlling interests	6.21	506	525



# NET INCOME AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

(in millions of euros)	Notes	31/12/2019	31/12/2018
Net income		7,704	7,369
Actuarial gains and losses on post-employment benefits	4.12	(212)	50
Other comprehensive income on financial liabilities attributable to changes in own credit risk <sup>1</sup>	4.12	(77)	387
Other comprehensive income on equity instruments that will not be reclassified to profit or loss <sup>1</sup>	4.12	309	251
Pre-tax other comprehensive income on items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss excluding equity-accounted entities	4.12	20	688
Pre-tax other comprehensive income on items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss on equity-accounted entities	4.12	(24)	1
Income tax related to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss excluding equity-accounted entities	4.12	45	(271)
Income tax related to items that will not be reclassified on equity- accounted entities		6	(3)
Other comprehensive income on items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss from discontinued operations	4.12	3	5
Other comprehensive income on items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss net of income tax	4.12	50	420
Gains and losses on translation adjustments	4.12	313	259
Other comprehensive income on debt instruments that may be reclassified to profit or loss	4.12	1,185	(1,340)
Gains and losses on hedging derivative instruments	4.12	360	(153)
Reclassification of net gains (losses) of designated financial assets applying the overlay approach	4.12- 5.3	435	(356)
Pre-tax other comprehensive income on items that may be reclassified to profit or loss excluding equity-accounted entities	4.12	2,293	(1,590)
Pre-tax other comprehensive income on items that may be reclassified to profit or loss on equity-accounted entities, Group Share	4.12	7	(11)
Income tax related to items that may be reclassified to profit or loss excluding equity-accounted entities	4.12	(493)	570
Income tax related to items that may be reclassified to profit or loss on equity-accounted entities	4.12	1	1
Other comprehensive income on items that may be reclassified to profit or loss from discontinued operations	4.12	(11)	(2)
Other comprehensive income on items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss of income tax	4.12	1,797	(1,032)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME NET OF INCOME TAX	4.12	1,847	(612)
NET INCOME AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		9,551	6,757
Of which Group share		9,006	6,259

<sup>1</sup> Of which -€31 million of items transferred to Reserves of items that cannot be reclassified

# **BALANCE SHEET - ASSETS**

(in millions of euros)	Notes	31/12/2019	31/12/2018
Cash, central banks	6.1	97,135	70,584
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	3.1-6.2-6.6.6.7	404,336	372,142
Held for trading financial assets		227,698	223,229
Other financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss		176,638	148,913
Hedging derivative Instruments	3.2-3.4	20,947	15,829
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	3.1-6.4-6.6-6.7	272,312	264,981
Debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income that may be reclassified to profit or loss		268,299	260,251
Equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		4,013	4,730
Financial assets at amortised cost	3.1-3.3-6.5-6.6-6.7	1,109,579	1,032,456
Loans and receivables due from credit institutions (excluding Credit Agricole internal transactions)		100,949	97,194
Loans and receivables due from customers		913,496	854,681
Debt securities		95,134	80,581
Revaluation adjustment on interest rate hedged portfolios		11,714	8,337
Current and deferred tax assets	6.10	6,293	6,223
Accruals, prepayments and sundry assets	6.11	44,440	44,343
Non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations	6.12	475	257
Deferred participation benefits	6.16	-	52
Investments in equity-accounted entities	6.12	7,103	6,308
Investment property	6.14	7,277	6,967
Property, plant and equipment 1	6.15	10,153	7,778
Intangible assets 1	6.15	3,383	2,442
Goodwill	6.16	15,819	16,064
TOTAL ASSETS		2,010,966	1,854,763

(1) See note 12 "Impacts of accounting changes or other events" on the impacts of the first-time application of IFRS 16 Leases at 1 January 2019

# **BALANCE SHEET – LIABILITIES & EQUITY**

(in millions of euros)	Notes	31/12/2019	31/12/2018
Central banks	6.1	2,183	1,140
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	6.2	241,870	225,902
Held for trading financial liabilities		205,061	191,684
Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss		36,809	34,218
Hedging derivative Instruments	3.2-3.4	20,498	16,170
Financial liabilities at amortised cost		1,171,687	1,084,032
Due to credit institutions	3.3-6.8	102,260	95,970
Due to customers	3.1-3.3-6.8	856,061	789,835
Debt securities	3.3-6.8	213,366	198,227
Revaluation adjustment on interest rate hedged portfolios		10,508	7,879
Current and deferred tax liabilities	6.10	3,995	2,442
Accruals, prepayments and sundry liabilities <sup>1</sup>	6.11	51,366	48,009
Liabilities associated with non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations		478	229
Insurance compagny technical reserves	6.17	358,249	325,910
Provisions	6.18	6,937	8,107
Subordinated debt	3.3-6.19	21,661	22,755
Total Liabilities		1,889,433	1,742,575
Equity		121,534	112,188
Equity - Group share		114,972	106,717
Share capital and reserves		28,676	27,611
Consolidated reserves		75,983	70,955
Other comprehensive income		3,115	1,298
Other comprehensive income on discontinued operations		-	9
Net income (loss) for the year		7,198	6,844
Non-controlling interests		6,562	5,471
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		2,010,966	1,854,763

(1) See note 12 "Impacts of accounting changes or other events" on the impacts of the first-time application of IFRS 16 Leases at 1 January 2019



## **STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY**

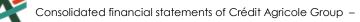
	Group share					Non-controlling interests										
_		SH	are and capital reserves				Other comprehensive income						Olher comprehensive income	•		
(in millions of euroj)	Share capital	Share premium and consolidated reserves <sup>1</sup>	Elimination of treasury shares	Other equity instruments	Total capital and consolidated reserves	Other comprehensive income on items that may be reclassified to profit and loss	Other comprehensive income on items that will not be realassified to profit and loss	Total other comprehensive income	Net income	Total equity	Capital, associated reserves and income	Other comprehensive income on items that may be reclassified to profit and loss	Other comprehensive income on items that will not be reclassified to profit and loss	Total other comprehensive income	Total equity	Total consolidated equity
Equity at 1st January 2018	10,638	83,954	(248)	4,999	99,343	3,352	(1,460)	1,892	-	101,234	5,377	(108)	,	(99)	5,278	106,513
Capital increase	507	156			663					663						663
Changes in treasury shares held			(26)		(26)					(26)						(26)
Issuance / redemption of equity instruments				12	12					12						12
Remuneration of undated deeply subordinated notes		(453)			(453)					(453)	(3)				(3)	(456)
Dividends paid in 2018		(2,352)			(2,352)					(2,352)	(307)				(307)	[2,659]
Dividends received from Regional Banks and subsidiaries		1,373			1,373			•		1,373						1,373
Impact of acquisitions/disposals on non-controlling interests		(8)			(8)					(8)	10				10	
Changes due to share-based payments		22			22					22	8				8	30
Changes due to transactions with shareholders	507	(1,262)	(26)	12	(769)	· ·	•	•		(769)	(292)	•	-	•	(292)	(1,061)
Changes in other comprehensive income	-	(70)			(70)	(1,012)	437	(575)		(645)	1	(10)	(15)	(25)	(24)	(669)
Of which other comprehensive income on equity instruments that will not be reclassified to profit or loss reclassified to consolidated reserves		(57)			(57)		57	57			1		(1)	(1)		
Of which other comprehensive income athributable to changes in own credit risk reclassified to consolidated reserves		(12)			(12)		12	12								
Share of changes in equity-accounted entities		19			19	(8)	(2)	(10)		9	2	(2)		(2)		
Net income for 2018					•			•	6,844	6,844	525				525	7,369
Other changes		43			43			•		43	(16)				(16)	27
Equity at 31 December 2018	11,145	82,684	(274)	5,011	98,566	2,332	(1,025)	1,307	6,844	106,717	5,597	(120)	(6)	(126)	5,471	112,188
Appropriation of 2018 net income		6,844			6,844				(6,844)							
Equity at 1st January 2019	11,145	89,528	(274)	5,011	105,410	2,332	(1,025)	1,307		106,717	5,597	(120)	(6)	(126)	5,471	112,188
Impacts of new accounting standards 1																
Equity at 1st January 2019 restated	11,145	89,528	(274)	5,011	105,410	2,332	(1,025)	1,307		106,717	5,597	(120)	(6)	(126)	5,471	112,18
Capital increase	763	86			849					849						84
Changes in treasury shares held			50		50					50						5
Issuance / redemption of equity instruments		(116)		123	7					7	13				13	2
Remuneration of undated deeply subordinated notes		(485)			(485)					(485)	(12)				(12)	(497
Dividends paid in 2019		(2,546)			(2,546)					(2,546)	(345)				(345)	(2,891
Dividends received from Regional Banks and subsidiaries		1,474			1,474					1,474						1,47
Impact of acquisitions/disposals on non-controlling interests																
Changes due to share-based payments		27			27					27	11				11	31
Changes due to transactions with shareholders	763	(1,560)	50	123	(624)					(624)	(333)				(333)	(957)
Changes in other comprehensive income		(26)			(26)	1,739	78	1,817		1,791		50	(11)	39	39	1,83
Of which other comprehensive income on equity instruments that will not be reclassified to profit or loss reclassified to consolidated reserves		(19)			(19)		19	19								
Of which other comprehensive income attributable to changes in own credit risk reclassified to consolidated reserves		(8)			(8)		8	8								
Share of changes in equity-accounted entities		2			2	8	(17)	(9)		(7)	1				1	(6
Net income for 2019									7,198	7,198	506				506	7,70
Other changes <sup>2</sup>		(103)		-	(103)					(103)	878		-		878	775
EQUITY AT 31 DECEMBER 2019	11.908	87,841	(224)	5,134	104,659	4,079	(964)	3,115	7,198	114.972	6.649	(70)	(17)	(87)	6,562	121,534

<sup>1</sup> The other variations mainly concern:

- the increase in CACEIS capital subscribed by Santander's 30.5% interest as part of the acquisitions of S3 Spain and S3 Latam in the amount of €1 billion in equity

- the redemption guarantee granted to Banco BPM for 10% of its Agos securities for an impact of -€150 million in equity.

See Note 2 "Major structural transactions and material events during the period"



## **CASH FLOW STATEMENT**

The cash flow statement is presented using the indirect method.

Operating activities are representative of income-generating activities of the Crédit Agricole Group.

Tax inflows and outflows are included in full within operating activities.

**Investment activities** show the impact of cash inflows and outflows associated with purchases and sales of investments in consolidated and non-consolidated companies, property, plant and equipment and intangible assets. This section includes strategic equity investments classified as at "Fair value through profit or loss" or "Fair value through other comprehensive income on items that cannot be reclassified".

Financing activities show the impact of cash inflows and outflows associated with operations of financial structure concerning equity and long-term borrowing.

The net cash flows attributable to the operating, investment and financing activities of discontinued operations are presented on separate lines in the cash flow statement.

**Net cash and cash equivalents** include cash, debit and credit balances with central banks and debit and credit demand balances with credit institutions.



(in millions of euros) Notes	31/12/2019	31/12/2018
Pre-tax income	9,478	10,105
Net depreciation and impairment of property, plant & equipment and intangible assets	1,722	1,188
Impairment of goodwill and other fixed assets 6.16	642	(86)
Net addition to provisions	23,470	11,054
Share of net income of equity-accounted entities	(613)	(492)
Net income (loss) from investment activities	(36)	(87)
Net income (loss) from financing activities	2,982	3,015
Other movements	4,790	(1,565)
Total Non-cash and other adjustment items included in pre-tax income	32,957	13,027
Change in interbank items	1,669	1,493
Change in customer items	(3,979)	(4,806)
Change in financial assets and liabilities	(26,273)	7,402
Change in non-financial assets and liabilities	3,472	(738)
Dividends received from equity-accounted entities 1	308	188
Taxes paid	(2,475)	(1,407)
Net change in assets and liabilities used in operating activities	(27,277)	2,132
Cash provided (used) by discontinued operations	32	-
Total net cash flows from (used by) operating activities (A)	15,189	25,264
Change in equity investments <sup>2</sup>	7,185	(1,195)
Change in property, plant & equipment and intangible assets	(1,854)	(1,405)
Cash provided (used) by discontinued operations	-	(6)
Total Net cash flows from (used by) investing activities (B)	5,331	(2,606)
Cash received from (paid to) shareholders <sup>3</sup>	(935)	(1,023)
Other cash provided (used) by financing activities 4	4,371	957
Cash provided (used) by discontinued operations	(9)	-
Total net cash flows from (used by) financing activities (C)	3,427	(66)
Impact of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalent (D)	1,278	878
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT (A + B + C +	25,225	23,470
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	89,125	65,655
Net cash accounts and accounts with central banks *	69,432	50,675
Net demand loans and deposits with credit institutions **	19,693	14,980
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	114,350	89,125
Net cash accounts and accounts with central banks *	95,003	69,432
Net demand loans and deposits with credit institutions **	19,347	19,693
NET CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	25,225	23,470

\* Consisting of the net balance of the "Cash, central banks" item, excluding accrued interest and including cash of entities reclassified as discontinued operations

\*\* Consisting of the balance of the "Non doubtful current accounts in debit" and "Non doubtful overnight accounts and advances" items as detailed in Note 6.3 and the "Current accounts in credit" and "Overnight accounts and deposits" items as detailed in Note 6.5 (excluding accrued interest and including Crédit Agricole internal transactions).



<sup>1</sup> Dividends received from equity-accounted entities:

At 31 December 2019, this amount includes the payment of dividends from insurance entities for €176 million, from Credit Agricole Consumer Finance subsidiaries for €110 million, from Amundi subsidiaries for €18 million and from other entities of Credit Agricole Group for €4 million.

<sup>2</sup> Change in equity investments:

This line shows the net effects on cash of acquisitions and disposals of equity investments.

- The net impact on Group cash of acquisitions and disposals of consolidated equity investments (subsidiaries and equity-accounted entities) on 31 December 2019 is + $\epsilon$ 7,773 million. The main transactions involve the entry into the scope of consolidation of the entities Santander Securities Services, S.A. for + $\epsilon$ 6,994 million net cash acquired and KAS Bank for + $\epsilon$ 1,218 million and subscriptions to capital increases of equity-accounted entities, including Ramsay for - $\epsilon$ 240 million.

- During the same period, the net impact on Group cash of acquisitions and disposals of non-consolidated equity investments came to - $\xi$ 548 million, of which - $\xi$ 1,096 million from insurance investments, the acquisition of ProFamily by Agos SpA for - $\xi$ 310 million and the sale of BSF shares for + $\xi$ 967 million.

<sup>3</sup> Cash received from (paid to) shareholders:

This amount is predominantly comprised of -€1,903 million in dividends paid, excluding dividends paid in shares, by Crédit Agricole S.A. Group. It breaks down as follows:

- dividends paid by Crédit Agricole S.A. for -€2,546 million;

- dividends received from Regional Banks and subsidiaries for €1,474 million;

- dividends paid by non-controlled subsidiaries for -€345 million; and

- interest, equivalent to dividends on undated financial instruments treated as equity for -€486 million.

This amount also includes Regional and Local Bank's capital share increase for €698 million and issues and redemptions of equity instruments for +€123 million.

<sup>4</sup> Other net cash flows from financing activities:

At 31 December 2019, bond issues totalled  $\leq 20,567$  million and redemptions - $\leq 11,225$  million. Subordinated debt issues totalled  $\leq 1,900$  million and redemptions - $\leq 3,799$  million.

This line also includes cash flows from interest payments on subordinated debt and bonds for -€2,947 million.



# NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# NOTE 1 Group accounting policies and principles, assessments and estimates applied

## 1.1 Applicable standards and comparability

Pursuant to EC Regulation no. 1606/2002, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IAS/IFRS standards and IFRIC interpretations applicable at 31 December 2019 and as adopted by the European Union (carve-out version), thus using certain exceptions in the application of IAS 39 on macro-hedge accounting.

These standards and interpretations are available on the European Commission website at:

https://ec.europa.eu/info/business-economy-euro/company-reporting-and-auditing/company-reporting/financial-reporting\_en

The standards and interpretations are the same as those applied and described in the Group's financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2018.

They have been supplemented by the IFRS standards as adopted by the European Union at 31 December 2019 and that must be applied for the first time in 2019.

These cover the following:

Standards, amendments or interpretations	Date published by the European Union	Date of first-time application : financial years from	Applicable in the Group
IFRS 16 "Leases" Supersedes IAS 17 on the recognition of leases and related interpretations (IFRIC 4 "Determining whether an arrangement contains a lease", SIC 15 "Operating Leases – Incentives" and SIC 27 "Evaluating the substance of transactions in the legal form of a lease")	31 October 2017 (EU 2017/1986)	1 January 2019	Yes
Amendment to IFRS 9 "Financial instruments" Options for early redemption with negative penalty	22 March 2018 (EU 2018/498)	1 January 2019 <sup>1</sup>	Yes
Interpretation of IFRIC 23 "Uncertainty over income tax treatments" <sup>2</sup> Clarifications to IAS 12 "Income taxes"	24 October 2018 (EU 2018/1595)	1 January 2019	Yes <sup>2</sup>
Improvements to IFRS cycle 2015-2017: - IAS 12 "Income taxes" - IAS 23 "Borrowing costs" - IFRS 3/IFRS 11 "Business combinations"/"Joint arrangements"	15 March 2019 (EU 2019/412)	1 January 2019 1 January 2019 1 January 2019	Yes Yes Yes
Amendment to IAS 28 "Investments in associates and joint ventures" Clarification for the investor on the recognition of long-term interests in associates and joint ventures	11 February 2019 (EU 2019/237)	1 January 2019	Yes
Amendment to IAS 19 "Employee benefits" Clarification of the consequences of a change, withdrawal or settlement on determining the cost of services rendered and the net interest	14 March 2019 (EU 2019/402)	1 January 2019	Yes

<sup>1</sup> The Group decided to apply the amendment to IFRS 9 early from 1 January 2018

<sup>2</sup> The application of the IFRIC 23 interpretation did not have a significant impact on the Group's equity as at 1 January 2019.

Accordingly, the Crédit Agricole Group publishes, for the first time from 1 January 2019, its IFRS financial statements under IFRS 16 "Leases".

IFRS 16 "Leases" supersede IAS 17 and all related interpretations (IFRIC 4 "Determining whether an arrangement Contains a Lease", SIC 15 "Operating Leases - Incentives" and SIC 27 "Evaluating the Substance of Transactions in the Legal Form of a Lease").

The main change made by IFRS 16 relates to accounting for lessees. IFRS 16 impose for a model in respect of lessees that recognises all leases on the balance sheet, with a lease liability on the liability side representing commitments over the life of the lease and on the asset side, an amortisable right-to-use.

When first applying IFRS 16, the Group chose to apply the modified retrospective method without restatement of the 2019 comparative information in accordance with paragraph C5(b) of IFRS 16 for contracts previously classified under operating leases pursuant to IAS 17. In accordance with this approach, the Group recognised for 1<sup>st</sup> January 2019 a rental obligation valued at the present value of the remaining rental payments and a right-of-use asset valued at the amount of the lease liability adjusted, where applicable, for the amount of rents paid in advance and payable that were recognised in the statement of financial position immediately before the date of first application.

The application of IFRS 16 did not have any impact on equity.

At the transition date, the Group chose to apply the following simplifying measures proposed by the standard:

• No adjustment for contracts that come to an end within twelve months of the date of first application. This concerns, in particular, the 3/6/9 leases that are subject to tacit renewal on the date of first application. In line with the update of IFRIC as of March 2019, and with the AMF-13 recommendation, the Group did not consider the IFRS IC decision as at 26 November 2019 related to the definition of IFRS 16 lease maturity in financial statements as of 31 December 2019, in order to have enough time to analyse the accounting impacts of this decision in 2020. Thus, accounting policies and procedures of the financial statements of 31 December 2019 have not been affected.

• No adjustment for leases whose underlying assets are of low value;

• Adjustment of the right-of-use asset for the amount recognised at 31 December 2019 in the statement of financial position for the provision for onerous contracts;

• Exclusion of the initial direct costs of valuing the right-of-use asset.

The Group also chose not to reassess whether a contract is or contains a lease on the transition date. For contracts concluded prior to the transition date, the Group applied IFRS 16 to contracts identified as leases pursuant to IAS 17 and IFRIC 4.

The discount rate applicable to the calculation of the right-of-use asset and the lease liability is the marginal rate of indebtedness on the date of initial application of IFRS 16, based on the residual maturity of the contract on 1 January 2019. The right-of-use assets recorded on the date of first application primarily relate to estate leases.

In addition, it is reminded that when the early application of the European Union accounting policies and principles is optional over a period, the Group does not take the option unless it is specifically mentioned.

This is the case in particular for:

Standards, amendments or interpretations	Date published by the European Union	Applicable in the Group	Date of first-time application: financial years from
Amendment to the references to the conceptual frame of IFRS	6 December 2019 (UE 2019/2075)	Yes	1 January 2020
IAS 1/IAS 8 Presentation of Financial statements Definition of Material	10 December 2019 (UE 2019/2104)	Yes	1 January 2020
Amendment to IFRS 9, IAS 39 and IFRS 7 Financial Instruments Interest rate benchmark reform	15 January 2020 (UE 2020/34)	Yes	1 January 2020 (1)

(1) The Group decided to early apply the amendment to IFRS 9, IAS 39 and IFRS 7 Financial instruments on the Interest rate benchmark reform from 1 January 2019

The standards and interpretations published by the IASB at 30 December 2019 but not yet adopted by the European Union are not applied by the Group. They will become mandatory only as from the date planned by the European Union and have not been applied by the Group at 31 December 2019.

#### This concerns IFRS 17 in particular:

IFRS 17 "Insurance contracts" issued in May 2017 will remplace IFRS 4. Published in June 2019, the IASB's exposure Draft amending IFRS 17 proposed extending its effective date by one year to 1 Junuary 2022 will replace IFRS 4. At its meeting of 14 November 2018, the IASB decided to defer its effective date by one year to 1 January 2022.

IFRS17 sets out the new measurement and recognition principles for insurance contract liabilities and evaluation of their profitability, in addition to their presentation. In 2017, scoping work began on the implementation project in order to identify the challenges and impacts of the standard on the Group's insurance subsidiaries. During 2019, the analysis and preparation work for implementation continued.

In addition, one amendment to existing standards, published by the IASB, also pending adoption by European Union. This cible amendment to IFRS 3 "Business Combination" (with potential for early application).



#### **IBOR REFORM**

As a user of critical benchmarks, the Crédit Agricole Group is acutely aware of their importance and of the issues relating to their changes in the context of ongoing reforms.

Within the Crédit Agricole Group, the Benchmarks project is the guiding force for the benchmark transition and looks to ensure that all entities comply with the Benchmark Regulation (BMR). It was launched in the Group entities to prepare all business lines and support customers in transitions to new benchmark rates.

It is organised with a view to identifying and analysing the impacts of the reform. In particular, all exposures and contracts are mapped to estimate the consolidated exposure of the Crédit Agricole Group to the reform.

The main benchmarks to which the Group's hedging relationships are exposed are the critical benchmarks as defined in the BMR (Eonia, Euribor, Libor GBP, Libor JPY, Libor CHF, Libor EUR, Wibor, Stibor) as well as the Hibor.

Regarding the Eonia-€STR (Short Term Rate) transition, the precise terms were determined by the ECB's EUR RFR WG (European risk-free rate working group). Eonia will disappear on the last day of its publication, 3 January 2022. Concerning other benchmarks, banking working groups with the support of the authorities, are progressing in determining methodologies for replacing them by alternative rates calculated based on the RFR and/or recommending fallbacks clauses to be included in contracts. Market associations such as ISDA and LMA are also working in this direction. At this point, not all these works have been conclusive and there is still some uncertainty as to the correct conventions selected as well as the precise schedule.

As at 31 December 2019, this assessment shows the nominal amount of the hedging instruments affected by the reform to be €975 billion.

The group will apply amendments to IFRS9 published by the IASB on 26 September 2019 as long as the uncertainty regarding benchmarks will have consequences on the amounts and maturity of cash flows.

#### **NEW DEFINITION OF DEFAULT**

The definition of default is regulated by Article 178 of Regulation (EU) No. 575/2013 on prudential requirements for credit institutions and investment firms. The detailed rules for the application of this definition are laid down in the Guidelines of the European Banking Authority (EBA/GL/2016/07) and, with regard to the concept of materiality threshold, in an ECB Regulation (Regulation (EU) 2018/1845).

The application of these two texts will lead to a change in the scope and amount of defaulted outstandings (Bucket 3), since, as specified in our accounting policies and principles and methods, the definition of default for the estimation of ECL impairment is identical to that used in management and for regulatory calculations.

The Group expects to implement these clarifications on the application of the prudential definition of exposures in default in the course of financial year 2020, which will lead to a change in the scope of consolidation and outstanding amounts in default for accounting purposes in the same proportions.

Quantitative work on changes in the outstandings of defaulted loans and the possible effects on the level of impairment on each of the buckets is currently being analysed in order to estimate the future accounting consequences.

## 1.2 Accounting policies and principles

#### USE OF ASSESSMENTS AND ESTIMATES TO PREPARE THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Estimates made to draw up the financial statements are by nature based on certain assumptions and involve risks and uncertainties as to whether they will be achieved in the future.

- Future results may be influenced by many factors, including:
- activity in domestic and international financial markets;
- fluctuations in interest and foreign exchange rates;
- the economic and political climate in certain industries or countries;
- changes in regulations or legislation

#### This list is not exhaustive.

Accounting estimates based on assumptions are principally used in the following assessments:

- financial instruments measured at faire value;
- investments in non-consolidated companies;
- pension schemes and other post-employment benefits;
- stock option plans;
- depreciation on debt instruments at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income that can be reclassified;
- provisions;



- impairment of goodwill;
- deferred tax assets;
- valuation of equity-accounted entities;
- policyholders' deferred profit sharing.

The procedures for the use of assessments or estimates are described in the relevant sections below.

### 1.2.1 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (IFRS 9, IAS 39 AND IAS 32)

#### Definitions

IAS 32 defines a financial instrument as any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity, meaning any contract representing contractual rights or obligations to receive or pay cash or other financial assets.

Derivative instruments are financial assets or liabilities whose value changes according to that of an underlying asset, which requires a low or nil initial investment, and for which settlement occurs at a future date.

Financial assets and liabilities are treated in the financial statements in accordance with IFRS 9 as adopted by the European Union, including for financial assets held by the Group's insurance entities.

IFRS 9 sets the principles governing the classification and measurement of financial instruments, impairment of credit risk and hedging accounting, excluding macro-hedging transactions.

It should nevertheless be noted that the Crédit Agricole group has opted not to apply the IFRS 9 general hedging model. All hedging relationships consequently remain within the scope of IAS 39 pending future provisions relating to macro-hedging.

#### Conventions for valuing financial assets and liabilities

#### **Initial valuation**

During their initial recognition, financial assets and liabilities are measured at fair value as defined by IFRS 13.

Fair value as defined by IFRS 13 corresponds to the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an ordinary transaction between market participants, on the principal or the most advantageous market, at the measurement date.

#### **Subsequent valuation**

After initial recognition, financial assets and liabilities are measured according to their classification either at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method (EIR) or at fair value as defined by IFRS 13. For derivative instruments, they are always measured at their fair value.

Amortised cost corresponds to the amount at which the financial asset or liability is measured during its initial recognition, including transaction costs directly attributable to its acquisition or issue, reduced by repayments of principal, increased or reduced by the cumulative amortisation calculated by the effective interest rate method (EIR) on any difference (discount or premium) between the initial amount and the amount at maturity. In the case of a financial asset, the amount is adjusted if necessary in order to correct for impairment (see the section on "Provisions for credit risk").

The effective interest rate (EIR) is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument or, when appropriate, a shorter period, to obtain the net carrying amount of the financial asset or financial liability.

#### **Financial assets**

#### Classification and measurement of financial assets

Non-derivative financial assets (debt or equity instruments) are classified on the balance sheet in accounting categories that determine their accounting treatment and their subsequent valuation mode. These financial assets are classified in one of the following three categories:

- financial assets at fair value through profit or loss;
- financial assets at amortised cost ;
- financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.
- The criteria for the classification and valuation of financial assets depends on the nature of the financial assets, according to whether they are qualified as:
- debt instruments (i.e. loans and fixed or determinable income securities); or



equity instruments (i.e. shares).

#### **Debt instruments**

The classification and valuation of a debt instrument depends on the combination of two criteria: the

business model defined at portfolio level and the analysis of the contractual terms determined by debt

instrument, unless the fair value option is used. The three business models

The business model represents the strategy followed by the management of the Crédit Agricole group for managing its financial assets in order to achieve its objectives. The business model is specified for a portfolio of assets and does not constitute a case-by-case intention for an isolated financial asset.

We distinguish three business models:

- the collection model for which the aim is to collect contractual cash flows over the lifetime of the assets; this model does not always imply holding all of the assets until their contractual maturity; however, sales of assets are strictly governed;
- the collect and sell model where the aim is to collect the contractual cash flows over the lifetime of the assets and to sell the assets; under this model, both the sale of the financial assets and receipt of cash flows are essential; and
- the other/sell only model, where the main aim is to sell the assets.

When the management strategy for managing financial assets does not correspond to either the collect model or the collect and sell model, these financial assets are classified in a portfolio whose management model is other/sell.

In particular, it concerns portfolios where the aim is to collect cash flows via sales, portfolios whose performance is assessed based on fair value and portfolios of financial assets held for trading.

When the management strategy for managing financial assets does not correspond to either the collect model or the collect and sell model, these financial assets are classified in a portfolio whose management model is other/sell.

The contractual terms ("Solely Payments of Principal & Interest" [SPPI] test):

SPPI testing combines a set of criteria, examined cumulatively, to establish whether contractual cash flows meet the characteristics of simple financing (principal repayments and interest payments on the remaining amount of principal due).

The test is satisfied when the financing gives entitlement only to the repayment of the principal and when the payment of interest received reflects the time value of money, the credit risk associated with the instrument, the other costs and risks of a conventional loan contract and a reasonable margin, whether the interest rate is fixed or variable.

In simple financing, interest represents the cost of the passage of time, the price of credit and liquidity risk over the period, and other components related to the cost of carrying the asset (e.g. administrative costs).

In some cases, when qualitative analysis of this nature does not allow a conclusion to be made, quantitative analysis (or benchmark testing) is carried out. This additional analysis consists of comparing the contractual cash flows of the asset under review with the cash flows of a benchmark asset.

If the difference between the cash flows of the financial asset and the benchmark asset is considered immaterial, the asset is deemed to be simple financing.

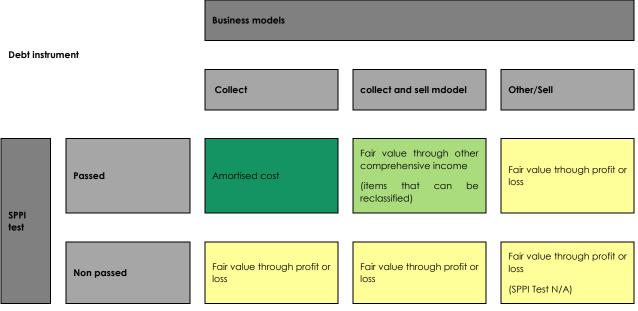
Moreover, specific analysis is conducted when the financial asset is issued by special purpose entities establishing a differentiated order of payment among the holders of the financial assets by contractually linking multiple instruments and creating concentrations of credit risk ("tranches").

Each tranche is assigned a rank of subordination that specifies the order of distribution of cash flows generated by the structured entity.

In this case, the SPPI test requires an analysis of the characteristics of contractual cash flows of the asset concerned and underlying assets according to the "look-through" approach and the credit risk borne by the tranches subscribed compared to the credit risk of the underlying assets.



The mode of recognition of debt instruments resulting from qualification of the business model combined with the SPPI test may be presented in the following diagram:



Debt instruments at amortised cost

Debt instruments are measured at amortised cost if they are eligible for the collection model and if they pass the SPPI test.

They are recorded at the settlement date and their initial valuation also includes accrued interest and transaction costs.

Amortisation of any premiums or discounts and transaction costs on fixed-income securities is recognised in the income statement using the effective interest rate method. This category of financial assets is impaired under the conditions described in the specific paragraph "Provisioning for credit risks".

Debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income (items that can be reclassified)

Debt instruments are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income on items that can be reclassified if they are eligible for the collect and sell model and if they pass the SPPI test.

They are recorded at the trade date and their initial valuation also includes accrued interest and transaction costs.

Amortisation of any premiums or discounts and transaction costs on fixed-income securities is recognised in the income statement using the effective interest rate method.

These financial assets are subsequently measured at fair value, with changes in fair value recorded in other comprehensive income on items that can be reclassified and offset against the outstandings account (excluding accrued interest recognised in profit or loss according to the effective interest rate method).

If the securities are sold, these changes are transferred to the income statement.

This category of financial instruments is impaired under the conditions described in the specific paragraph "Provisions for credit risks" (without this affecting the fair value on the balance sheet).

Debt instruments at fair value through profit or loss

Debt instruments are measured at fair value through profit or loss in the following cases:

the instruments are classified in portfolios composed of financial assets held for trading or for which the main objective is disposal;

Financial assets held for trading are assets acquired or generated by the enterprise primarily with the aim of disposal in the short term or which are included in a portfolio of financial instruments managed as a unit and with the purpose of making a profit from short term price fluctuations or an arbitrage margin. Although contractual cash flows are received during the period that the Crédit Agricole group holds the assets, the collection of these contractual cash flows is not essential but ancillary.

debt instruments that do not fulfil the criteria of the SPPI test. This is notably the case of UCITS ;

financial instruments classified in portfolios which the Crédit Agricole group designates at fair value in order to reduce an accounting treatment difference on the income statement. In this case, the instrument is classified as designated at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognised at fair value, excluding transaction costs (directly recorded to profit or loss) and including accrued interest.

They are subsequently measured at fair value and changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss, under Revenues, offset against the outstandings account. interest on these instruments are recorded under « fair value through profit and loss ».

This category of financial assets is not impaired.

Debt instruments measured by definition at fair value through profit or loss are recorded on the settlement date.

Debt instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss are recorded on the trade date.

Equity instruments issued

Equity instruments are by default recognised at fair value through profit or loss, except in the case of the irrevocable option for classification at fair value through other comprehensive income on items that cannot be reclassified, providing that these instruments are not held for trading purposes.

Equity instruments at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognised at fair value, excluding transaction costs (directly recorded to profit or loss). They are recorded at the settlement date.

They are subsequently measured at fair value and changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss, under Revenues, offset against the outstandings account.

This category of financial assets is not impaired.

 Equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income on items that cannot be reclassified (irrevocable option)

The irrevocable option to recognise equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income on items that cannot be reclassified is adopted at the transactional level (line by line) and applies from the date of initial recognition. These securities are recorded at the trade date.

The initial fair value includes transaction costs.

During subsequent valuations, changes in fair value are recognised in other comprehensive income on items that cannot be reclassified. In case of disposal, these changes are not reclassified to profit or loss. The gain or loss on disposal is recognised in other comprehensive income.

Only dividends are recognised in profit or loss.

#### Reclassification of financial assets

In the case of a significant change in the business model used for managing financial assets (new activity, acquisition of entities, disposal or discontinuation of a significant activity), a reclassification of these financial assets is necessary. The reclassification applies to all financial assets in the portfolio from the date of reclassification.

In other cases, the business model remains unchanged for existing financial assets. If a new business model is identified, it applies prospectively to new financial assets grouped in a new management portfolio.

#### Temporary investments in/disposals of securities

Temporary disposals of securities (loans of securities, securities delivered under repurchase agreements) do not generally fulfil the conditions for derecognition.

Securities lent or sold under repurchase agreements remain on the balance sheet. In the case of securities under repurchase agreements, the amounts received, representing the liability to the transferee, are recognised on the liabilities side of the balance sheet by the transferor.

Securities borrowed or received under repurchase agreements are not recognised on the balance sheet of the transferee.

In the case of securities under repurchase agreements, a debt to the transferor is recorded on the balance sheet of the transferee and offset against the amount paid. If the security is subsequently resold, the transferee records a liability equivalent to the fair value of fulfilling their obligation to return the security received under the agreement.

Revenue and expenses relating to such transactions are posted to profit and loss on a prorata temporis basis, except in the case of classification of assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss.



#### **Derecognition of financial assets**

A financial asset (or group of financial assets) is fully or partially derecognised if:

- The contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire;
- or are transferred or are deemed to have expired or been transferred because they belong de facto to one or more beneficiaries; and substantially all the risks and rewards of the financial asset are transferred.

In this case, any rights or obligations created or retained at the time of transfer are recognised separately as assets and liabilities.

If the contractual rights to the cash flows are transferred but some of the risks and rewards of ownership as well as control are retained, the financial assets continue to be recognised to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement in the asset.

Financial assets renegotiated for commercial reasons without financial difficulties of the counterpart with the aim of developing or keeping a commercial relation are derecognised at the date of the renegotiation. The new loans granted to customers are recorded at this date at their fair value on the date of renegotiation. Subsequent recognition depends on the business model and the SPPI test.

#### Interets paid by the Government (IAS 20)

Under French Government measures to support the agricultural and rural sector and to help home buyers, certain Crédit Agricole group entities grant subsidised loans at rates fixed by the Government. Consequently, the Government pays these entities the difference between the subsidised lending rate and a predetermined benchmark rate. Thus, the loans that benefit from these subsidies are granted at market rates.

The subsidy system is periodically reviewed by the Government.

In accordance with IAS 20, subsidies received from the Government are recorded in profit or loss under Interest and similar income and spread over the life of the corresponding loans.

#### Overlay approach applicable to insurance activities

The Crédit Agricole group uses the overlay approach for financial assets held for the purposes of an activity related to insurance contracts, which are designated in accordance with the option offered by the amendments to IFRS 4 "Applying IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' with IFRS 4 'Insurance Contracts'', published by the IASB in September 2016.

This approach aims to remedy the temporary accounting consequences of the discrepancy between the date of entry into force of IFRS 9 and that of the new standard on insurance contracts replacing IFRS 4 (IFRS 17). This has the effect of eliminating from the income statement part of the additional accounting mismatch and the temporary volatility which could be caused by application of IFRS 9 before the entry into force of IFRS 17.

Eligible financial assets are designated instrument by instrument, and this may be done:

- at 1 January 2018, during the initial application of IFRS 9; or
- subsequently, but only at the time of the initial recognition of the assets in question.

In application of the overlay approach, the Crédit Agricole group reclassifies, for designated financial assets only, their impact in the income statement under other comprehensive income such that the amount presented in the income statement corresponds to that which would have been presented in the income statement if IAS 39 had been applied.

Consequently, the amount reclassified is equal to the difference between:

- the amount presented in net income under IFRS 9 for designated financial assets; and
- the amount that would have been presented in net income for designated financial assets if the insurer had applied IAS 39.

In the income statement, the effects of this reclassification are recognised in revenues, before tax effects, on the line "Reclassification of net gains or losses on financial assets related to the overlay approach". The tax effects related to this reclassification are presented on the line "Income tax charge".

In the statement of other comprehensive income, the effects of this reclassification are recognised as net gains and losses recognised directly in other comprehensive income (items that can be reclassified) on the line "Reclassification of net gains or losses on financial assets related to the overlay approach".

The financial assets that may be designated must fulfil the following characteristics:

- they are held by insurers within the Group for purposes of the insurance activity;
- they are measured at fair value through profit or loss under IFRS 9 but would not have been measured in this way under IAS 39; they are financial assets which, under IAS 39 would have been recognised at amortised cost (assets



held to maturity, loans and receivables) or at fair value through other comprehensive income (available-for-sale financial assets).

#### Evaluation of the impact of the designated financial assets on the income statement

Pursuant to the overlay approach, the Crédit Agricole group continues to apply the accounting policies and principles that the Group applied under IAS 39 for the recognition of profit or loss from designated financial assets:

Financial assets at amortised cost under IAS 39

Financial assets at amortised cost are initially recognised at their initial fair value, including directly-attributable transaction costs and accrued interest.

They are subsequently measured at amortised cost with amortisation of any premium or discount and transaction costs using the corrected effective interest rate method.

Available-for-sale financial assets under IAS 39

Available-for-sale financial assets are initially recognised at initial fair value, including transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, and accrued interest.

Available-for-sale financial assets are later measured at fair value and subsequent changes in fair value are recorded in other comprehensive income.

If the securities are sold, these changes are transferred to the income statement.

Amortisation of any premiums or discounts and transaction costs on fixed-income securities is recognised in the income statement using the effective interest rate method.

Depreciation of designated financial assets under IAS 39

Impairment must be recognised when there is objective evidence of impairment resulting from one or more events occurring after the initial recognition of the financial asset.

Objective evidence of loss corresponds to a prolonged or significant decline in the value of the security for equity securities or the appearance of significant deterioration in credit risk evidenced by a risk of non-recovery for debt securities.

For equity securities, Crédit Agricole group uses quantitative criteria as indicators of potential impairment. These quantitative criteria are mainly based on a loss of 30% or more of the value of the equity instrument over a period of six consecutive months. Crédit Agricole group may also take account of other factors such as financial difficulties of the issuer, or short term prospects, etc.

Notwithstanding the above-mentioned criteria, Crédit Agricole group recognises an impairment loss when there is a decline in the value of the equity instrument higher than 50% or prolonged over three years.

### **Financial liabilities**

#### Classification and measurement of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are classified on the balance sheet in the following two accounting categories:

- financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, either due to their nature or optionally;
- financial liabilities at amortised cost.

#### Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss due to their nature

Financial instruments issued primarily to be bought back in the short term, instruments forming part of an identified portfolio of financial instruments which are managed together and which have indications of a recent profile of short-term profit-taking, and derivatives (with the exception of certain hedging derivatives) are measured at fair value due to their nature.

Changes in the fair value of this portfolio are recognised through profit or loss.

#### Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities fulfilling one of the three conditions defined by the standard below may be designated for measurement at fair value through profit or loss: for hybrid issues comprising one or more separable embedded derivatives, in order to reduce or eliminate the distortion of accounting treatment, or in the case of groups of managed financial liabilities for which performance is measured at fair value. This option is irrevocable and applies mandatorily from the date of initial recognition of the instrument.

During subsequent measurement, these financial liabilities are measured at fair value through profit or loss for changes in fair value not related to own credit risk and through other comprehensive income on items that cannot be reclassified for changes in value related to own credit risk, unless this aggravates an accounting mismatch.



#### Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost

All other liabilities fulfilling the definition of a financial liability (excluding derivatives) are measured at amortised cost.

These liabilities are initially measured at fair value (including transaction income and costs) and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

#### Deposits and savings accounts

Deposits and savings accounts are recorded under the category "Financial liabilities at amortised cost – Due to customers" in spite of the characteristics of the collection system within the Crédit Agricole group, with deposits originating from the Regional Banks centralised at Crédit Agricole S.A. For the Group, the ultimate counterparty for these deposits is the end customer.

The deposits and savings are initially measured at fair value and subsequently at amortised cost.

Regulated savings products are by nature deemed to be at market rates.

Provisions are taken where necessary against home purchase savings plans and accounts as set out in Note 6.18 "Provisions".

#### Reclassification of financial liabilities

The initial classification of financial liabilities is irrevocable. No subsequent reclassification is authorised.

#### Distinction between debt instruments and equity

Securities are classed as debt instruments or equity instruments based on the economic substance of the contractual terms.

A financial liability is a debt instrument if it includes a contractual obligation: Securities are classed as debt instruments or equity instruments based on the economic substance of the contractual terms.

A financial liability is a debt instrument if it includes a contractual obligation:

to provide another entity with cash, another financial asset or a variable number of equity instruments; or

to exchange financial assets and liabilities with another entity at potentially unfavourable conditions.

An equity instrument is a non-redeemable financial instrument which offers discretionary return representing a residual interest in a company after deduction of all its financial liabilities (net assets) and which is not qualified as a debt instrument.

#### Treasury share buyback

Treasury shares or equivalent derivative instruments such as options on shares bought by the Crédit Agricole group with a fixed strike ratio, including shares held to cover stock option plans, do not meet the definition of a financial asset and are deducted from equity. They do not generate any impact on the income statement.

#### Derecognition and modification of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognised in full or in part:

- when it is extinguished; or
- when quantitative or qualitative analyses suggest it has undergone a substantial change following restructuring.

A substantial modification of an existing financial liability must be recorded as an extinction of an initial financial liability and the recognition of a new financial liability (novation). Any differential between the carrying amount of the extinct liability and the new liability will be recognised immediately in the income statement.

If the financial liability is not derecognised, the original effective interest rate is maintained. A discount/premium is recognised immediately in the income statement on the date of modification and is then spread, using the original effective interest rate, over the residual lifetime of the instrument.

#### Provisions for credit risks

Scope of application

In accordance with IFRS 9, the Crédit Agricole group recognises a correction for changes in value for expected credit losses (ECL) on the following outstandings:

- financial assets of debt instruments recognised at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income (items that can be reclassified) (loans and receivables, debt securities);
- financing commitments which are not measured at fair value through profit or loss;



- guarantee commitments coming under IFRS 9 and which are not measured at fair value through profit or loss;
- rental receivables coming under IAS 17; and
- trade receivables generated by transactions under IFRS 15.
  - Equity instruments (at fair value through profit or loss or through other comprehensive income on items that cannot be reclassified) are not concerned by impairment provisions.
  - Derivative instruments and other instruments at fair value through profit or loss are subject to the calculation of counterparty risk which is not covered by the ECL model. This calculation is described in chapter 5 "Risk factors and Pillar 3" of the Crédit Agricole S.A. Registration Document.

#### Credit risk and provisioning stages

Credit risk is defined as risk of loss related to default by a counterparty leading to its inability to meet its commitments to the Group.

The process of provisioning credit risk has three stages (Buckets):

bucket 1: upon initial recognition of the financial instrument (credit, debt security, guarantee, etc.), the entity recognises the 12-month expected credit losses;

bucket 2: if the credit quality deteriorates significantly for a given transaction or portfolio, the entity recognises the losses expected to maturity;

bucket 3: when one or more default events have occurred on the transaction or on a counterparty with an adverse effect on the estimated future cash flows, the entity recognises incurred credit losses to maturity. Subsequently, if the conditions for classifying financial instruments in bucket 3 are not met, the financial instruments are reclassified in bucket 2, then in bucket 1 according to the subsequent improvement in the quality of the credit risk.

#### **Definition of default**

The definition of default for the requirements of ECL provisioning is identical to that used in management and for the calculation of regulatory ratios. A debtor is, therefore, considered to be in default when at least one of the following conditions has been met:

- a payment generally more than ninety days past due, unless specific circumstances point to the fact that the delay
  is due to reasons independent of the debtor's financial situation;
- the entity believes that the debtor is unlikely to settle its credit obligations unless it avails itself of certain measures such as enforcement of collateral security right.

A loan in default (Bucket 3) is said to be impaired when one or more events occur which have a negative effect on the estimated future cash flows from this financial asset. Indications of impairment of a financial asset cover observable data on the following events:

- significant financial difficulties of the issuer or borrower;
- a breach of contract, such as default or overdue payment;
- the granting, by the lender(s) to the borrower, for economic or contractual reasons related to financial difficulties of the borrower, of one or more favours that the lender(s) would not have considered under other circumstances;
- the growing probability of bankruptcy or financial restructuring of the borrower;
- the disappearance of an active market for the financial asset due to financial difficulties;
- the purchase or creation of a financial asset with a significant discount, which reflects the credit losses suffered.

It is not necessarily possible to isolate a particular event. The impairment of the financial asset could result from the combined effect of several events.

On the Large Customers scope: the defaulting counterparty does not return to a sound situation until it has completely regularised the delay recorded and the other elements triggering the default (elimination of default for the parent company, elimination of an alert leading to default, etc.).

On the retail banking scope: loans in default only return to non-default status after full settlement of unpaid amounts.

### Definition of expected credit loss ("ECL")

ECL is defined as the weighted expected probable value of the discounted credit loss (principal and interest). It represents the present value of the difference between the contractual cash flows and the expected cash flows (including principal and interest).

The ECL approach is designed to anticipate as early as possible the recognition of expected credit losses.



#### ECL governance and measurement

The governance of the system for measuring IFRS 9 parameters is based on the structure implemented as part of the Basel framework. The Group's Risk Management Department is responsible for defining the methodological framework and supervising the loan loss provisioning system.

The Group primarily relies on the internal rating system and current Basel processes to generate the IFRS 9 parameters required to calculate ECL. The assessment of the change in credit risk is based on an expected loss model and extrapolation based on reasonable scenarios. All information that is available, relevant, reasonable and justifiable, including of a forward-looking nature, must be retained.

The formula includes the probability of default, loss given default and exposure at default parameters.

These calculations are broadly based on the internal models used as part of the regulatory framework, but with adjustments to determine an economic ECL. IFRS 9 recommends a Point in Time analysis while having regard to historical loss data and forward-looking macroeconomic data, whereas the prudential regulation uses Through the Cycle analysis for probability of default and Downturn analysis for Loss Given Default (LGD).

The accounting approach also requires the recalculation of certain Basel parameters, in particular to eliminate internal recovery costs or floors that are imposed by the regulator in the regulatory calculation of loss given default (LGD).

ECLs are calculated according to the type of product concerned, i.e. financial instruments or off-balance sheet instruments.

The expected credit losses for the coming 12 months make up a percentage of the lifetime expected credit losses, and represent the lifetime cash flow shortfalls in the event of a default during the 12 months following the reporting period (or a shorter period if the expected lifetime of the financial instrument is less than 12 months), weighted by the probability of default.

Expected credit losses are discounted at the effective interest rate used for the initial recognition of the financial instrument.

The IFRS 9 parameters are measured and updated in accordance with the methodologies defined by the Group and thus enable the establishment of a first benchmark provisioning level or shared base.

The terms of measurement of ECLs include collateral and other credit enhancements that are part of the contractual terms and which the entity does not account for separately. The estimate of the expected cash flow shortfalls from a guaranteed financial instrument reflects the amount and timing of the recovery of the guarantees. In accordance with IFRS 9, the inclusion of guarantees and sureties does not affect the assessment of the significant deterioration in credit risk: this is based on the evolution of the debtor's credit risk without taking into account guarantees. The models and parameters used are backtested at least annually.

Forward-looking macroeconomic data are taken into account in accordance with a methodological framework applicable at two levels:

- at Group level for the determination of a shared framework for the consideration of forward-looking data in the estimation of PD and LGD parameters over the transaction amortisation period;
- at the level of each entity in respect of its own portfolios.

#### Significant deterioration of credit risk

All Group entities must assess, for each financial instrument, the deterioration of credit risk from origination to each reporting date. Based on this assessment of the change in credit risk, the entities must classify their exposure into different risk categories (Buckets).

To assess significant deterioration, the Group employs a process based on two levels of analysis:

- the first level is based on absolute and relative Group criteria and rules that apply to all Group entities;
- the second level is linked to the expert assessment, based on local forward-looking information, of the risk held by each entity in its portfolios that may lead to an adjustment in the Group Bucket 2 reclassification criteria (switching a portfolio or sub-portfolio to ECL at maturity).

Each financial instrument is, without exception, assessed for significant deterioration. Contagion is not required for the downgrading of financial instruments of the same counterparty from Bucket 1 to Bucket 2. The significant deterioration assessment must consider the change in credit risk of the principal debtor without taking account of any guarantee, including for transactions with a shareholder guarantee.

Possible losses in respect of portfolios of small loans with similar characteristics may be estimated on a statistical basis rather than individually assessed.

To measure the significant deterioration of credit risk since initial recognition, it is necessary to look back at the internal rating and PD (probability of default) at origination.

Origination means the trading date, on which the entity became bound by the contractual terms of the financial instrument. For financing and guarantee commitments, origination means the date on which the irrevocable commitment was made.

In the absence of an internal rating model, Crédit Agricole group uses the absolute threshold of non-payment for over thirty days as the maximum threshold for significant deterioration and classification in Bucket 2.

For outstandings (with the exception of securities) for which internal rating systems are in place (in particular exposures monitored by authorised methods), Crédit Agricole group considers that all of the information incorporated into the rating systems allows for a more detailed assessment than the non-payment for over thirty days criterion alone.

If deterioration since origination is no longer observed, impairment may be reduced to 12-month expected credit losses (Bucket 1)

To make up for the fact that certain significant deterioration factors or indicators may not be identifiable at instrument level, the standard allows for the assessment of significant deterioration at financial instrument portfolio level, or for groups of portfolios or parts of portfolios.

Portfolios can be created for the collective assessment of deterioration for instruments that share common characteristics, such as:

- instrument type;
- credit risk rating (including internal Basel II rating for entities with an internal ratings system);
- collateral type;
- date of initial recognition;
- remaining term until maturity;
- business sector;
- geographical location of the borrower;
- the value of collateral relative to the financial assets, if this has an impact on the probability of default (for example, non-recourse loans in certain countries or loan-to-value ratios);
- distribution channel, purpose of financing, etc.

Differentiation of significant deterioration by market is therefore possible (home loans, consumer finance, loans to farmers or small businesses, corporate finance, etc.).

The grouping of financial instruments for the purposes of collective credit risk assessment may change over time, as new information becomes available.

For securities, Crédit Agricole group uses an approach that consists of applying an absolute level of credit risk, in accordance with IFRS 9, below which exposures are classified in Bucket 1 and provisions are made based on 12-month ECL.

As such, the following rules shall apply for monitoring the significant deterioration of securities:

- "Investment Grade" securities, at the reporting date, are classified in Bucket 1 and provisions are made based on 12-month ECL;
- "Non-Investment Grade" securities (NIG), at the reporting date, must be subject to monitoring for significant deterioration, since origination, and be classified in Bucket 2 (lifetime ECL) in the event of significant deterioration in credit risk.

Relative deterioration must be assessed prior to the occurrence of a known default (Bucket 3).

#### Restructuring due to financial difficulty

Debt instruments restructured due to financial difficulties are those for which the Group has amended the original financial terms (interest rate, term) for economic or legal reasons linked to the financial difficulties of the borrower, under conditions that would not have been considered under other circumstances. As such, these can be any debt instruments, regardless of the security's credit risk deterioration category since initial recognition.

In accordance with the EBA (European Banking Authority) definition as stated in the "Risk Management" Chapter of the Crédit Agricole S.A. Universal Registration Document, Ioan restructuring corresponds to any amendments made to one or more credit agreements, as well as refinancings granted due to financial difficulties experienced by the client.

This definition of restructuring must be applied to each agreement and not at client level (no contagion).



The definition of loans restructured due to financial difficulty is therefore comprised of two cumulative criteria :

- amendments to agreements or loan refinancings;
- a client in financial difficulty.

"Amendments to agreements" cover the following example situations:

- there is a difference between the amended agreement and the former conditions of the agreement, to the benefit of the borrower;
- the amendments made to the agreement result in more favourable conditions for the borrower, from which other customers of the bank, with a similar risk profile and at the same time, do not benefit.

"Refinancings" cover situations in which a new debt is granted to the client to enable it to repay in full or in part another debt for which it cannot meet the contractual terms and conditions due to its financial position.

The restructuring of a loan (whether performing or in default) infers the presumed existence of a proven risk of loss (Bucket 3). The need to recognise impairment on the restructured exposure must therefore be analysed accordingly (a restructuring does not automatically result in the recognition of impairment for proven losses or classification as default).

The "restructured loan" classification is temporary.

Once the restructuring, as defined by the EBA, has been completed, the exposure maintains this "restructured" status for a minimum period of two years, if the exposure was normal at the time of restructuring, or a minimum period of three years if the exposure was in default at the time of the restructuring. These periods are extended in the event of the occurrence of certain events provided for by the Group's standards (e.g. further incidents).

In the absence of derecognition, the reduction of future cash flows granted to a counterparty, or the postponing of these flows as part of a restructuring, shall result in the recognition of a discount in the cost of risk.

It represents loss of future cash flow discounted at the original effective rate. Calculation of the restructuring discount. It is equal to the difference observed between:

- the carrying amount of the loan;
- and the sum of theoretical future cash flows from the "restructured" loan, discounted at at the original effective interest rate (defined at the date of the financing commitment).
- In the event of a waiver of part of the share capital, this amount shall constitute a loss to be recorded immediately in cost of risk.

The discount recognised when a loan is restructured is accounted for under cost of risk.

Upon reversal of the discount, the portion associated with the passage of time is recorded in revenues.

#### Accounts uncollectible

When a loan is deemed uncollectible, i.e. when it cannot be recovered in full or in part, the amount deemed uncollectible must be derecognised from the balance sheet and written off.

The decision as to when to write off a loan is taken on the basis of an expert opinion. This must therefore be established by each entity, with its Risk Management Department, according to its own business knowledge. Before any write-offs, a Bucket 3 provision must be made (with the exception of assets at fair value through profit or loss).

For loans at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income on items that can be reclassified, the amount written off is recorded under cost of risk (nominal amount) and revenues (interests).

#### **Derivative financial instruments**

#### **Classification and measurement**

Derivative instruments are financial assets or liabilities classified by default as derivative instruments held-for-trading unless they can be considered to be hedging derivatives.

They are recorded on the balance sheet at their initial fair value on the trading date.

They are subsequently recognised at their fair value.

At the end of each reporting period, the counterparty of the change in fair value of derivatives on the balance sheet is recorded:

- through profit or loss for derivative instruments held-for-trading and for fair value hedges;
- through other comprehensive income for cash flow hedging derivatives and net investments in foreign operations for the effective portion of the hedge.



#### Hedge accounting

#### **GENERAL FRAMEWORK**

In accordance with a decision made by the Group, Crédit Agricole group chooses not to apply the "hedge accounting" component of IFRS 9, as permitted by the standard. All hedging relationships will continue to be documented in accordance with the rules of IAS 39 until, at the latest, the date on which the macro-hedging text is adopted by the European Union. However, the eligibility of financial instruments for hedge accounting under IAS 39 takes into account the IFRS 9 principles for the classification and measurement of financial instruments.

Under IFRS 9, and taking account of the IAS 39 hedging principles, debt instruments at amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income (items that may be reclassified) are eligible for fair value hedging and cash flow hedging.

#### Documentation

Hedging relationships must comply with the following principles:

- fair value hedges are intended to provide protection from exposure to changes in the fair value of an asset or a liability that has been recognised, or of a firm commitment that has not been recognised, attributable to the risk(s) hedged and that may have an impact on net income (for instance, the hedging of all or some changes in fair value caused by the interest rate risk of a fixed-rate debt);
- cash flow hedges are intended to provide protection from exposure to changes in the future cash flow of an asset or liability that has been recognised, or of a transaction considered to be highly probable, attributable to the risk(s) hedged and that could (in the event of a planned transaction not carried out) have an impact on net income (for instance, the hedging of changes in all or some of the future interest payments on a floating-rate debt);
- net investment hedges in foreign operations are intended to provide protection against the risk of unfavourable changes in fair value associated with the foreign exchange risk of an investment carried out abroad in a currency other than the euro, Crédit Agricole group's presentation currency.

Hedges must also meet the following criteria in order to be eligible for hedge accounting :

- the hedging instrument and the instrument hedged must be eligible;
- there must be formal documentation from inception, primarily including the individual identification and characteristics of the hedged item, the hedging instrument, the nature of the hedging relationship and the nature of the hedged risk;
- the effectiveness of the hedge must be demonstrated, at inception and retrospectively, by testing at each reporting date.

For interest rate hedges for a portfolio of financial assets or financial liabilities, Crédit Agricole group documents the hedging relationship for fair value hedges in accordance with the carve-out version of IAS 39 as adopted by the European Union. In particular:

- the Group documents these hedging relationships based on its gross position in derivative instruments and hedged items;
- the effectiveness of the hedging relationships is measured by maturity schedules.

Further details on the Group's risk management strategy and its application are presented in Chapter 5 "Risk factors and Pillar 3" of Crédit Agricole S.A. Universal Registration Document.

#### Measurement

The remeasurement of the derivative at fair value is recorded in the financial statements as follows:

- fair value hedges: the change in value of the derivative is recognised in the income statement symmetrically with the change in value of the hedged item in the amount of the hedged risk. Only the net amount of any ineffective portion of the hedge is recognised in the income statement;
- cash flow hedges: the change in value of the derivative is recognised in the balance sheet through a specific account in other comprehensive income (items that may be reclassified) for the effective portion and any eventual ineffective portion of the hedge is recognised in the income statement. Profits or losses on the derivative accrued through other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss when the hedged cash flows occur;
- hedges of net investment in a foreign operation: the change in value of the derivative is recognised in the balance sheet in the translation adjustment equity account (items that may be reclassified) and any ineffective portion of the hedge is recognised in the income statement.

Where the conditions for benefiting from hedge accounting are no longer met, the following accounting treatment must be applied prospectively:

- fair value hedges: only the hedging instrument continues to be revalued through profit or loss. The hedged item is wholly accounted for according to its classification. For debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income (items that may be reclassified), changes in fair value subsequent to the ending of the hedging relationship are recorded in other comprehensive income in their entirety. For hedged items valued at amortised cost, which were interest rate hedged, the revaluation adjustment is amortised over the remaining life of those hedged items;
- cash flow hedges: the hedging instrument is valued at fair value through profit or loss. The amounts accumulated in other comprehensive income under the effective portion of the hedging remain in other comprehensive income until the hedged element affects profit or loss. For interest rate hedged instruments, income statement is affected according to the payment of interest. The revaluation adjustment is therefore amortised over the remaining life of those hedged items;
- hedges of net investment in a foreign operation: the amounts accumulated in other comprehensive income under the effective portion of the hedging remain in other comprehensive income as long as the net investment is held. The income is recorded once the net investment in a foreign operation exits the scope of consolidation.

#### **Embedded derivatives**

An embedded derivative is a component of a hybrid contract that meets the definition of a derivative product. This definition applies only to financial liabilities and non-financial contracts. Embedded derivatives must be accounted for separately from the host contract if the following three conditions are met:

- the hybrid contract is not measured at fair value through profit or loss;
- the embedded component taken separately from the host contract has the characteristics of a derivative;
- the characteristics of the derivative are not closely related to those of the host contract.

#### Determination of the fair value of financial instruments

When determining the fair value of financial instruments observable inputs must be prioritised. It is presented using the hierarchy defined in IFRS 13.

IFRS 13 defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an ordinary transaction between market participants, on the principal or the most advantageous market, at the measurement date.

Fair value applies individually to each financial asset or financial liability. A portfolio exemption may be used where the management and risk monitoring strategy so allow and are appropriately documented. Thus, certain fair value parameters are calculated on a net basis when a group of financial assets and financial liabilities is managed on the basis of its net exposure to market or credit risks. This is notably the case for the CVA/DVA calculation described in Chapter 5 "Risks and Pillar 3" of the Crédit Agricole S.A. Universal Registration Document.

The Group considers that the best evidence of fair value is reference to quoted prices published in an active market.

When such quoted prices are not available, fair value is determined using valuation techniques that maximise the use of relevant observable data and minimise the use of unobservable data.

When a debt is valued at fair value through profit or loss (by nature or designated), fair value takes account of the own credit risk of the issuer.

#### Fair value of structured issues

In accordance with IFRS 13, the Group values its structured issues, recognised at fair value, by taking as a reference the issuer spread that specialist participants agree to receive to acquire new Group issues.

#### Counterparty risk on derivative instruments

The Group incorporates into fair value the assessment of counterparty risk for derivative assets (Credit Valuation Adjustment or CVA) and, using a symmetrical treatment, the non-performance risk for derivative liabilities (Debit Valuation Adjustment or DVA or own credit risk).

The CVA makes it possible to determine the expected losses due to the counterparty from the perspective of Crédit Agricole group, and DVA, the expected losses due to Crédit Agricole group from the perspective of the counterparty.

The CVA/DVA is calculated on the basis of an estimate of expected losses based on the probability of default and loss given default. The methodology used maximises the use of observable market inputs. It is primarily based on market data such as registered and listed CDS (or Single Name CDS) or index CDS in the absence of registered CDS on the counterparty. In certain circumstances, historical default data may also be used.

#### Fair value hierarchy

The standard classifies fair value into three levels based on the observability of inputs used in valuation techniques

#### Level 1: fair value corresponding to quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets.

Level 1 is composed of financial instruments that are directly quoted in active markets for identical assets and liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date. These are stocks and bonds quoted in active markets (such as the Paris Stock Exchange, the London Stock Exchange or the New York Stock Exchange, etc.) and also fund securities quoted in an active market and derivatives traded on an organised market, in particular futures.

A market is regarded as being active if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, broker, dealer, pricing service or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

For financial assets and liabilities with offsetting market risks, Crédit Agricole group uses mid-prices as a basis for establishing fair values for the offsetting risk positions. The Group applies the current asking price to open short positions and the current bid price to open long positions.

#### Level 2: fair value measured using directly or indirectly observable inputs other than those in Level 1.

The inputs used are observable either directly (i.e. prices) or indirectly (derived from prices) and generally consist of data from outside the Company, which are publicly available or accessible and based on a market consensus.

Level 2 is composed of:

- stocks and bonds quoted in an inactive market or not quoted in an active market but for which the fair value is established using a valuation methodology usually used by market participants (such as discounted cash flow techniques or the Black & Scholes model) and based on observable market data;
- instruments that are traded over the counter, the fair value of which is measured with models using observable market data, i.e. derived from various independently available external sources which can be obtained on a regular basis. For example, the fair value of interest rate swaps is generally derived from the yield curves of market interest rates as observed at the reporting date.

When the models are consistent notably with standard models based on observable market data (such as interest rate yield curves or implied volatility surfaces), the day one gain or loss resulting from the initial fair value measurement of the related instruments is recognised in profit or loss at inception.

#### Level 3: fair value that is measured using significant unobservable inputs

For some complex instruments that are not traded in an active market, fair value measurement is based on valuation techniques using assumptions that cannot be observed on the market for an identical instrument. These instruments are disclosed within Level 3.

This mainly concerns complex interest rate instruments, equity derivatives, structured credit instruments for which fair value measurement includes, for instance, correlation or volatility inputs that are not directly benchmarkable with market data.

The transaction price is deemed to reflect the fair value at initial recognition, any recognition of day one gain or loss is deferred.

The margin relating to these structured financial instruments is generally recognised through profit or loss over the period during which inputs are deemed unobservable. When market data become "observable", the remaining margin to be deferred is immediately recognised in profit or loss.

Valuation methodologies and models used for financial instruments that are disclosed within Levels 2 and 3 incorporate all factors that market participants would consider in setting a price. They shall be beforehand validated by an independent control. Fair value measurement notably includes both liquidity risk and counterparty risk.

#### Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

In accordance with IAS 32, Crédit Agricole group nets a financial asset and a financial liability and reports the net amount when, and only when, it has a legally enforceable right to offset the amounts reported and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

The derivative instruments and the repurchase agreements handled with clearing houses that meet the two criteria required by IAS 32 have been offset on the balance sheet.

#### Net gains (losses) on financial instruments

#### Net gains (losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss

For financial instruments recognised at fair value through profit or loss, this item notably includes the following income statement elements:

 dividends and other revenues from equities and other variable-income securities which are classified under financial assets at fair value through profit or loss;



- changes in fair value of financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss;
- gains and losses on disposal of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss;
- changes in fair value and gains and losses on disposal or termination of derivative instruments not included in a fair value hedging relationship or cash flow hedge.

This heading also includes the ineffective portion of hedges.

#### Net gains (losses) on financial instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income

For financial assets recognised at fair value through other comprehensive income, this item notably includes the following income statements elements:

- dividends from equity instruments classified as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income that cannot be reclassified;
- gains (losses) on disposals and income associated with the termination of hedging relationships on debt instruments classified as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income that can be reclassified;
- net income on disposals or associated with the termination of fair value hedging instruments of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income when the hedged item is sold.

#### Financing commitments and guarantees given

Financing commitments that are not designated as fair value through profit or loss or not treated as derivative instruments within the meaning of IFRS 9 are not recognised on the balance sheet. They are, however, covered by provisions in accordance with the provisions of IFRS 9.

A financial guarantee contract is a contract under which the issuer must make specific payments to reimburse the holder for a loss incurred due to a specific debtor's failure to make a payment when due under the initial or amended terms of a debt instrument.

Financial guarantee contracts are recognised at fair value initially then subsequently at the higher of :

- the value adjustment amount for losses determined in accordance with the provisions of the "Impairment" section of IFRS 9; or
- the amount originally recognised less, where applicable, the sum of income recognised in accordance with the principles of IFRS 15 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers".

#### **PROVISIONS (IAS 37 AND 19)**

Crédit Agricole group has identified all obligations (legal or constructive) resulting from a past event for which it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, and for which the due date or amount of the settlement is uncertain but can be reliably estimated. These estimates are discounted where applicable whenever there is a material impact.

For obligations other than those related to credit risk, Crédit Agricole group has set aside general provisions to cover:

- operational risks;
- employee benefits;
- commitment execution risks;
- claims and liability guarantees;
- tax risks (excluding income tax);
- risks related to home purchase savings schemes.

The latter provision is designed to cover the Group's obligations in the event of unfavourable moves impacting home purchase savings schemes. These obligations are: i) to pay a fixed interest rate on the savings contract determined at inception for an undefined period of time; and ii) to grant a loan to home purchase savings plan and account savers at a rate fixed at inception of the contract. The provision is calculated for each generation of home purchase savings plan and for all home purchase savings accounts, with no netting of obligations between generations.

The amount of these obligations is calculated taking account notably of:

- subscriber behaviour models, based on assumptions regarding subscriber behaviour drawn from historical experience, which may not necessarily reflect actual trends in future behaviour;
- an estimate of the amount and term of the loans that will be granted in the future, based on historical experience over an extended period of time;
- the yield curve for market rates and reasonably foreseeable trends.



Certain estimates may be made to determine the amount of the following provisions:

- the provision for operational risks, which although subject to examination for identified risks, requires Management to make assessments with regard to incident frequency and the potential financial impact;
- the provision for legal risks, which is based on Management's best estimate in light of the information in its possession at the end of the reporting period.

Detailed information is provided in Note 6.18 "Provisions".

### **EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (IAS 19)**

In accordance with IAS 19, employee benefits are recorded in four categories:

- short-term employee benefits, including salaries, social security contributions, annual leave, profit-sharing and incentive plans and premiums, are defined as those which are expected to be settled within twelve months of the period in which the related services have been rendered;
  - post-employment benefits falling into two categories: defined-benefit schemes and defined-contribution schemes;
- long-term employee benefits (long-service awards, variable compensation and premium payable 12 months or more after the end of the period);
  - severance payments;

#### Post-employment benefits

#### Defined-benefit plans

At each reporting date, Crédit Agricole group sets aside reserves to cover its liabilities for retirement and similar benefits and all other employee benefits falling in the category of defined-benefit plans.

In keeping with IAS 19, these commitments are stated based on a set of actuarial, financial and demographic assumptions, and in accordance with the Projected Credit Units method. Under this method, for each year of service, a charge is booked in an amount corresponding to the employee's vested benefits for the period. The charge is calculated based on the discounted future benefit.

Liabilities for retirement and other future employee benefits are based on assumptions made by Management with respect to the discount rate, staff turnover rate and probable increases in salary and social security costs. If the actual figures differ from the assumptions made, the retirement liability may increase or decrease in future years (see Note 7.4 "Post-employment benefits, defined-benefit plans").

Discount rates are determined based on the average term of the commitment, that is, the arithmetical average of the terms calculated between the valuation date and the payment date weighted by employee turnover assumptions.

The anticipated return on plan assets is also estimated by Management. Returns are estimated on the basis of expected returns on fixed income securities, and notably bond yields.

The expected return on plan assets is determined using discount rates applied to measure the defined benefit obligation.

The amount of the provision is equal to:

- the present value of the obligation to provide the defined benefits at the end of the reporting period, calculated in accordance with the actuarial method recommended by IAS 19;
- if necessary, reduced by the fair value of the assets allocated to covering these commitments. These may be represented by an eligible insurance policy. In the event that 100% of the obligation is covered by a policy that meets exactly the expense amount payable over the period for all or part of a defined-benefit plan, the fair value of the policy is deemed to be the value of the corresponding obligation, (i.e. the amount of the corresponding actuarial liability). In accordance with IAS 19 revised all acturial gains or losses are recognised in other comprehensive income.

For such obligations that are not covered, a provision for retirement benefits is recognised under Provisions on the liabilities side of the balance sheet. This provision is equal to Crédit Agricole group's liabilities towards employees in service at financial year-end, governed by the Crédit Agricole group collective agreement that came into effect on 1 January 2005.

A provision to cover the cost of early retirement commitments is also listed under Provisions. This provision covers the additional discounted cost of the various early retirement agreements signed by Crédit Agricole group entities under which employees of eligible age may take early retirement.

Lastly, certain Group companies are liable to pay supplementary retirement benefits. A provision is calculated on the basis of the Company's actuarial liability for these benefits. These provisions are also shown on the liabilities side of the balance sheet under Provisions.



#### Defined contribution plans

Employers contribute to a variety of compulsory pension schemes. Pension schemes assets are managed by independent organisations and the contributing companies have no legal or implied obligation to pay additional contributions if the funds managed do not have sufficient assets to cover all benefits corresponding to services rendered by employees during the year and during prior years. Consequently, Crédit Agricole group has no liabilities in this respect other than its on-going contributions.

#### Other long-term benefits

Other long-term benefits are employee benefits other than post-employment benefits or termination benefits but not fully due to employees within twelve months after the end of the period in which the related services have been rendered.

These include, in particular, bonuses and other deferred compensation payable twelve or more months after the end of the period in which they were earned, but which are not share-based.

The measurement method is similar to the one used by the Group for post-employment benefits with defined-benefit schemes.

#### SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (IFRS 2)

IFRS 2 on "Share-based payment" requires valuation of share-based payment transactions in the Company's income statement and balance sheet. This standard applies to transactions with employees and more specifically to:

- share-based payment transactions settled in equity instruments;
- share-based payment transactions settled in cash.

Share-based payment plans initiated by Crédit Agricole group that are eligible for IFRS 2 are mainly transactions settled in equity instruments (stock options, free share allocation plans, variable compensation settled in indexed cash or in shares, etc.).

Options granted are measured at their fair value on the date of grant primarily using the Black & Scholes model. These options are recognised as a charge under Employee expenses, with a corresponding adjustment to equity, spread over the vesting period (four years for existing plans).

Employee share issues offered to employees as part of the Employee savings plans are also subject to the IFRS 2 standard. Shares may be offered to employees with a maximum discount of 20%. These plans have no vesting period but the shares are subject to a lock-up period of five years. The benefit granted to employees is measured as the difference between the fair value per share acquired taking account of the lock-up period and the purchase price paid by the employee on the subscription date multiplied by the number of shares subscribed.

A more detailed description of the method, existing plans and valuation methods is provided in Note 7.6 "Share-based payments".

The cost of share based payments settled in Crédit Agricole S.A. equity instruments and the cost of share subscriptions are recognised in the financial statements of the entities that employ the plan beneficiaries. The impact is recorded under Employee expenses, with a corresponding increase in Consolidated reserves-Group share.

## **CURRENT AND DEFERRED TAXES (IAS 12)**

In accordance with IAS 12, the income tax charge includes all income taxes, whether current or deferred.

IAS 12 defines current tax liability as "the amount of income tax payable (recoverable) in respect of the taxable profit (tax loss) for a reporting period". Taxable income is the profit (or loss) for a given accounting period measured in accordance with the rules determined by the tax authorities.

The applicable rates and rules used to measure the current tax liability are those in effect in each country where the Group's companies are established.

The current tax liability includes all taxes on income, payable or recoverable, for which payment is not subordinated to the completion of future transactions, even if payment is spread over several years.

The current tax liability must be recognised as a liability until it is paid. If the amount that has already been paid for the current year and previous years exceeds the amount due for these years, the surplus must be recognised under assets.

Moreover, certain transactions carried out by the entity may have tax consequences that are not taken into account in measuring the current tax liability. IAS 12 defines a difference between the carrying amount of an asset or liability and its tax base as a temporary difference.

This standard requires that deferred taxes be recognised in the following cases:

- a deferred tax liability should be recognised for any taxable temporary differences between the carrying amount of an asset or liability on the balance sheet and its tax base, unless the deferred tax liability arises from:
  - initial recognition of goodwill,



- the initial recognition of an asset or a liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and that does not affect either the accounting or the taxable profit (taxable loss) at the transaction date;
- a deferred tax asset should be recognised for any deductible temporary differences between the carrying amount of an asset or liability on the balance sheet and its tax base, insofar as it is deemed probable that a future taxable profit will be available against which such deductible temporary differences can be allocated;
- a deferred tax asset should also be recognised for carrying forward unused tax losses and tax credits insofar as it is probable that a future taxable profit will be available against which the unused tax losses and tax credits can be allocated.

The tax rates applicable in each country are used as appropriate.

Deferred taxes are not discounted.

Taxable unrealised gains on securities do not generate any taxable temporary differences between the carrying amount of the asset and the tax base. As a result, deferred tax is not recognised on these gains. When the relevant securities are classified financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, unrealised gains and losses are recognised directly through other comprehensive income. The tax charge or saving effectively borne by the entity arising from these unrealised gains or losses is reclassified as a deduction from these gains.

In France long-term capital gains on the sale of equity investments, as defined by the General Tax Code, are exempt to tax; with the exception of 12% of long-term capital gains that are taxed at the normally applicable rate. Accordingly, unrealised gains recognised at the end of the year generate a temporary difference requiring the recognition of deferred tax on this share.

Under IFRS 16 Leases, a deferred tax liability is recognised on the right of use and a deferred tax asset on the rental debt for leases for which the Group is a lessee.

Current and deferred tax is recognised in net income for the financial year, unless the tax arises from:

- either a transaction or event that is recognised directly through other comprehensive income, during the same year or during another year, in which case it is directly debited or credited to other comprehensive income;
- or a business combination.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset against each other if, and only if:

- the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities; and
- the deferred tax assets and liabilities apply to income taxes assessed by the same tax authority:
- a) either for the same taxable entity, or

b) for different taxable entities that intend either to settle current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis, or to settle their tax assets and liabilities at the same time during each future financial year in which it is expected that substantial deferred tax assets or liabilities will be paid or recovered.

Tax risks relating to income tax result in the recognition of a current tax receivable or liability when the probability of receiving the asset or paying the liability is considered more likely than not.

When tax credits on income from securities portfolios and amounts receivable are effectively used to pay income tax due for the year, they are recognised under the same heading as the income with which they are associated. The corresponding tax charge continues to be recognised under the Income tax charge heading in the income statement.

## TREATMENT OF FIXED ASSETS (IAS 16, 36, 38 AND 40)

Crédit Agricole Group applies component accounting for all of its property, plant and equipment. In accordance with the provisions of IAS 16, the depreciable amount takes account of the potential residual value of property, plant and equipment.

Land is measured at cost less any impairment losses.

Property used in operations, investment property and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses since the time they were placed in service.

Purchased software is measured at acquisition cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses since acquisition.

Proprietary software is measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses since completion.

Apart from software, intangible assets are mainly assets acquired during a business combination resulting from contractual rights (e.g. distribution agreement). These were valued on the basis of corresponding future economic benefits or expected service potential.

Fixed assets are depreciated over their estimated useful lives.



The following components and depreciation periods have been adopted by Crédit Agricole group following the application of the measures on component accounting for property, plant and equipment. These depreciation periods are adjusted according to the type of asset and its location:

Component	Depreciation period
Land	Not depreciable
Structural works	30 to 80 years
Non-structural works	8 to 40 years
Plant and equipment	5 to 25 years
Fixtures and fittings	5 to 15 years
Computer equipment	4 to 7 years
Special equipment	4 to 5 years

Exceptional depreciation charges corresponding to tax-related depreciation and not to any real impairment in the value of the asset are eliminated in the consolidated financial statements.

# FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSACTIONS (IAS 21)

On the reporting date, assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into euros, the Crédit Agricole Group's operating currency.

In accordance with IAS 21, a distinction is made between monetary (e.g.: debt instruments) and non-monetary items (e.g.: equity instruments).

Foreign-currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities are translated at the closing rate. The resulting translation adjustments are recorded in the income statement. There are three exceptions to this rule:

- for debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income that can be reclassified, only the translation adjustments calculated on amortised cost are taken to the income statement; the balance is recorded in other comprehensive income that can be reclassified;
- translation adjustments on elements designated as cash flow hedges or forming part of a net investment in a foreign entity are recognised in other comprehensive income that can be reclassified
- for financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss, translation adjustments related to value changes attributable to own credit risk accounted in other comprehensive income (items than cannot be reclassified).

Non-monetary items are treated differently depending on the type of items:

items at historical cost are measured at the foreign exchange rate on the transaction date (historical rate);
 items at fair value are measured at the foreign exchange rate at the end of the reporting period;

Translation adjustments on non-monetary items are recognised:

- in the income statement if the gain or loss on the non-monetary item is recorded in the income statement;
- in other comprehensive income that cannot be reclassified if the gain or loss on the non-monetary item is recorded in other comprehensive income that cannot be reclassified.

# **REVENUES FROM CONTRACTS WITH CUSTOMERS (IFRS 15)**

Fee and commission income and expenses are recognised in income based on the nature of services with which they are associated.

Fees and commissions that are an integral part of the effective yield on a financial instrument are recognised as an adjustment to the yield on the instrument and included in its effective interest rate.

The recognition of other types of fees and commissions on the income statement must reflect the rate of transfer to the customer of control of the goods or services sold:

- the net income from a transaction associated with the provision of services is recognised under "Fee and commission income" at the time of transfer of control of the service to the customer, if this can be reliably estimated. This transfer may occur as the service is provided (ongoing service) or on a specific date (one-off service).
  - Fee and commission income from ongoing services (fees and commissions on payment instruments, for example) is recognised in income according to the degree of progress of the service provided.
  - Fee and commission income paid or received as compensation for one-off services is recognised in income, in its entirety, when the service is provided.

Fee and commission income payable or receivable and contingent upon the achievement of a performance target is recognised for the amount at which it is highly probable that the income thus recognised will not later be subject to a significant downward adjustment upon resolution of the contingency. These estimates are updated at the end of each reporting period. In practice, this condition can result in the deferred recognition of certain items of performance-related fee and commission income until the expiry of the performance assessment period and until such income has been definitively acquired.

#### **INSURANCE CONTRACTS (IFRS 4)**

Liabilities remain partially valued under French GAAP, as permitted by IAS and IFRS regulations, pending further amendments to the existing standards. Financial assets held by Crédit Agricole group's insurance companies have been reclassified into the financial assets categories set out in IFRS 9.

The technical reserves of non-life insurance contracts include:

- reserves for claims, to cover the total cost of claims incurred but not yet paid; and,
- reserves relating to the acquisition of premiums (mainly provisions for unearned premiums), allowing for the recognition of premiums relating to risks hedged over the course of a financial year as earnings for said year, and therefore to carry forward the portion of premiums written over the course of the year for a risk hedging period subsequent to the current financial year.

The mathematical provisions of life insurance contracts and financial contracts containing discretionary participation features correspond to the difference between the current value of insurer commitments and policyholder commitments. Provisions are calculated using actuarial methods that include assumptions pertaining to the premiums, the performance of financial assets, contract redemption rates and changes in operating expenses.

Contracts containing discretionary participation features are collectively classified as a liability under insurance company's technical reserves. They are recognised in the same way as insurance contracts. Premiums on these contracts are recognised as income and the increase in obligations to policyholders is recognised as an expense.

Life insurance technical reserves are conservatively estimated based on the technical rates defined in the contracts. Liabilities associated with contracts with or without discretionary participation features or minimum guarantee are measured based on the fair value of the underlying assets or its equivalent at the end of the reporting period and are recorded under financial liabilities.

The financial margin on these policies is taken to profit or loss, after reversal of technical items (premiums, benefits, etc.), according to deposit accounting principles.

Property and casualty insurance policy liabilities are estimated at the end of the reporting period, without applying any discount. Claims management costs associated with technical reserves are charged to a provision in the financial statements at the reporting date.

For non-life insurance contracts, acquisition costs are recognised as and when the premium is earned. For life insurance contracts, directly identifiable acquisition costs are deferred over the profit generation period.

Total expenses related to the insurance business are presented in Note 4.5 "Net income (expenses) on other activities".

Insurance or investment contracts with discretionary participation in profits are subject to "shadow accounting" in accordance with the option offered by IFRS 4. This shadow accounting consists of recording the portion of positive or negative revaluations of the financial assets backing these contracts in a policyholders' deferred profit sharing item, and of certain consolidation adjustments (e. g. elimination of the provision for liquidity risk) that may potentially accrue to policyholders.

In addition, CRC Regulation 2000-05 provides for the recognition of deferred profit sharing, which must be recognised in the case of deferred profit sharing liabilities and for their recoverable amount in the case of deferred profit sharing assets.

This policyholders' deferred profit sharing is recognised as a liability "Insurance contract technical reserves" or as an asset, with a corresponding entry in income statement or other comprehensive income similar to the unrealised gains and losses on the assets to which it relates.

With regard to savings contracts, the policyholders' deferred profit sharing rate is assessed prospectively on the basis of scenarios studied that are consistent with the insurance company's management guidelines. It is only updated if it varies significantly.

In the event of a net unrealised loss, a deferred profit sharing asset is only recognised if it is highly probable that it will be allocated, by entity, to future profit sharings. This is especially the case if this deferred profit sharing asset can be deducted from future policyholder sharings, either directly by deducting it from the deferred profit sharing liabilities recorded for future disposal profits, or indirectly by being recoverable from future sums paid to policyholders. The recoverability tests implemented in the event of a deferred profit sharing asset are in accordance with the CNC recommendation of 19 December 2008. They are based:

- firstly, on liquidity analyses of the company, which show the company's capacity to access funding sources to meet its obligations and its ability to hold assets with unrealised losses even if new production declines. The tests were performed with and without new production;
- secondly, on a comparison between the average value of future services measured by the internal model replicating the company's management decisions and the value of the assets representing the obligations at market value. This shows the company's ability to meet its obligations.

Lastly, sensitivity tests on the ability to activate the deferred profit sharing are also carried out:

- in the event of a uniform increase in redemptions applied to redemption rates drawn from scenarios similar to those
  used by the French Regulatory and Resolution Supervisory Authority;
- or on a further decline in the equity and real estate markets.

In accordance with IFRS 4, at each reporting date, the Group also ascertains that insurance liabilities (net of deferred acquisition costs and associated intangible assets) are adequate to meet estimated future cash flows.

The liability adequacy test used to verify this must meet the following minimum requirements, as defined in the standard:

- it must consider all future contractual cash flows, including associated management costs, fees and commissions as well as options and guarantees implicit in these contracts;
- If the test shows that the liability is inadequate, it is wholly recognised in profit or loss.

## LEASE (IFRS 16)

The Group may be the lessor or lessee of a lease.

#### Leases for which the Group is the lessor

Leases are analysed in accordance with their substance and financial reality. They are classified as finance leases or operating leases.

- In the case of finance leases, they are considered equivalent to a fixed asset! sale to the lessee financed by a credit
  granted by the lessor. The analysis of the economic substance of finance leases leads the lessor to:
  - Remove the leased asset from the balance sheet;
  - Record a financial receivable for the customer under "financial assets at amortised cost" for a value equal to the present value at the contract's implicit rate of the rental payments due to the lessor under the lease, plus any non-guaranteed residual value owed to the lessor;
  - Recognise deferred taxes for temporary differences relating to the financial receivable and the net carrying
    value of the leased asset;
  - Break down the rental income into interest and amortised capital.
- In the case of operating leases, the lessor recognises the leased assets under "property, plant & equipment" on the
  assets side of its balance sheet and records the rental income on a straight-line basis under "income from other
  activities" in the income statement.

#### Leases for which the Group is the lessee

Leases are recognised in the balance sheet on the date on which the leased asset is made available. The lessee records an asset representing the right of use of the leased asset under "Property, plant & equipment" over the estimated term of the contract and a liability representing the rental payment obligation under "sundry liabilities" over the same term.

The lease period of a contract corresponds to the non-cancellable term of the lease adjusted for the contract extension options that the lessee is reasonably certain to exercise and the termination option that the lessee is reasonably certain not to exercise.

In France, the term used for the "3/6/9" commercial leases is generally nine years with an initial non-cancellable period of three years.

The lease liability is recognised for an amount equal to the present value of the rental payments over the term of the contract. Rental payments include fixed rents, variable rents based on a rate or index, and payments that the lessee

expects to pay as residual value guarantees, purchase options or early termination penalties. Variable rents that are not based on an index or a rate and the non-deductible VAT on rents are excluded when calculating the debt and are recognised under "operating expenses".

The discount rate applicable to the calculation of the right-of-use asset and the lease liability is, by default, the lessee's marginal rate of indebtedness over the term of the contract on the date of signature of the contract, when the implicit rate cannot easily be established.

The marginal indebtedness rate takes account of the rent payment structure.

The right of use of the asset is valued at the initial value of the lease liability plus the initial direct costs, advance payments and restoration costs minus any lease inducement benefits. It is amortised over the estimated term of the lease.

The lease liability and the right of use may be adjusted in the event of amendment to the lease, re-estimation of the lease period or rent review related to the application of indices or rates.

Deferred taxes are recognised as temporary differences in right-of-use and rental liabilities by the lessee.

In accordance with the exception set out in the standard, short-term leases (initial term of less than twelve months) and leases for which the new value of the leased asset is low are not recognised on the balance sheet; the corresponding leasing expenses are recorded on a straight-line basis in the income statement under "operating expenses".

In accordance with the standard, the Group does not apply IFRS 16 to leases of intangible assets.

# NON-CURRENT ASSETS HELD FOR SALE AND DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (IFRS 5)

A non-current asset (or a disposal group) is classified as held-for-sale if its carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use.

For this to be the case, the asset (or disposal group) must be available for immediate sale in its present condition and its sale must be highly probable.

The relevant assets and liabilities are shown separately on the balance sheet under "Non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations" and "Liabilities associated with non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations".

A non-current asset (or disposal group) classified as held-for-sale is measured at the lower of its carrying amount and fair value less costs of sale. In case of unrealised losses, impairment is recognised in the income statement. Non current assets are no longer amortised when they are reclassified.

If the fair value of a group held for sale less selling costs is less than its carrying amount after impairment of non-current assets, the difference is allocated to other group held for sale assets including the financial assets and is recognised under net profit after tax from discontinued operations.

A discontinued operation is a component that the Group has either disposed of, or that is classified as held-for-sale, according to the following situations:

- it represents a separate major business line or geographical area of operations;
- it is part of a single coordinated plan to dispose of a separate major business line or geographical area of operations; or

it is a subsidiary acquired exclusively with a view to resale.

The following are disclosed on a separate line of the income statement:

- the profit or loss from discontinued operations until the date of disposal, net of tax;
- the gain or loss recognised on the disposal or on measurement to fair value less costs of sale of the assets and liabilities constituting the discontinued operations, net of tax.

# 1.3 Consolidation principles and methods (IFRS 10, IFRS 11 and IAS 28)

## **SCOPE OF CONSOLIDATION**

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of Crédit Agricole group and those of all companies over which, in compliance with IFRS 10, IFRS 11 and IAS 28, Crédit Agricole group exercises control, joint control or significant influence.



# **Definitions of control**

In compliance with international accounting standards, all entities under control, under joint control or under significant influence are consolidated, provided that they are not covered by the exclusions below.

Exclusive control over an entity is deemed to exist if Crédit Agricole S.A. is exposed to or entitled to receive variable returns as a result of its involvement with the entity and if the power it holds over this entity allows it to influence these returns. Power in this context means substantive (voting or contractual) rights. Rights are considered substantive if the holder of the rights can in practice exercise them when decisions about the Company's relevant activities are made.

Crédit Agricole S.A. is deemed to control a subsidiary through voting rights when its rights give it the practical ability to direct the subsidiary's relevant activities. Crédit Agricole S.A. is generally considered to control a subsidiary when it holds more than half the existing or potential voting rights in an entity, whether directly or indirectly through subsidiaries, except when it can be clearly demonstrated that such ownership does not give it the power to direct its relevant activities. Control is also deemed to exist where Crédit Agricole S.A. holds half or less than half of the voting rights, including potential rights, in an entity but is able in practice to direct its relevant activities at its sole discretion, notably because of the existence of contractual arrangements, the size of its stake in the voting rights compared to those of other investors, or other reasons.

Control of a structured entity is not assessed on the basis of voting rights as these have no effect on the entity's returns. When assessing control, consideration is given not only to contractual arrangements in force but also to whether Crédit Agricole S.A. was involved in creating the entity and what decisions it made at that time, what agreements were made at its inception and what risks are borne by Crédit Agricole S.A., any rights under agreements that give the investor the power to direct relevant activities in specific circumstances only and any other facts or circumstances that indicate the investor can direct the entity's relevant activities. Where there is a management agreement, the extent of decision-making powers granted to the delegated manager and the remuneration accorded by such contractual arrangements are examined to establish whether the manager is in practice acting as an agent (with delegated powers) or as a principal (on their own account).

Furthermore, when decisions on the entity's relevant activities are taken, the indicators used to assess whether an entity is acting as agent or principal are as follows: the extent of the decision-making powers compared to the powers over the entity delegated to the manager, the remuneration provided for under the contractual arrangements, any substantive rights that may affect the decision-making capacity of other parties involved in the entity and the exposure to variable returns of other interests in the entity.

Joint control is deemed to exist when there is a contractual division of control over an economic activity. Decisions affecting the entity's relevant activities require unanimous agreement of the joint controllers.

In traditional entities, significant influence is defined as the power to influence but not control a company's financial and operational policies. Crédit Agricole S.A. is presumed to have significant influence if it owns 20% or more of the voting rights in an entity, whether directly or indirectly through subsidiaries.

#### Exclusions from the scope of consolidation

In accordance with IAS 28.18 minority interests held by venture capital entities are excluded from the scope of consolidation insofar as they are classified under financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (including financial assets held for trading and financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss).

#### **CONSOLIDATION METHODS**

The methods of consolidation are respectively defined by IFRS 10 and IAS 28 (revised). They depend on the type of control exercised by Crédit Agricole group over the entities that can be consolidated, regardless of activity or whether or not they have legal entity status:

- full consolidation, for controlled entities, including entities with different financial statement structures, even if their business is not an extension of that of Crédit Agricole group;
- the equity method, for the entities over which Crédit Agricole group exercises significant influence and joint control.

Full consolidation consists in substituting for the value of the shares each of the assets and liabilities carried by each subsidiary. The equity and income attributable to non-controlling interests is presented separately in the consolidated balance sheet and income statement.

Non-controlling interests are as defined by IFRS 10 and incorporate instruments representing current ownership interests and that give right to a proportional share of the net assets in the event of liquidation and the other equity instruments issued by the subsidiary and not held by the Group.

The equity method consists in substituting for the value of shares the Group's proportional share of the equity and income of the companies concerned.

The change in the carrying amount of these shares includes changes in goodwill.

In the event of incremental share purchases or partial disposals with continued joint control or significant influence, Crédit Agricole group recognises:

- In the case of an increase in the percentage of interest, additional goodwill;
- in the case of a reduction in the percentage of interest, a gain or loss on disposal/dilution in profit or loss

# **RESTATEMENTS AND ELIMINATIONS**

Where necessary, financial statements are restated to harmonise the valuation methods applied to consolidated companies.

The impact of Group internal transactions on the consolidated balance sheet and income statement is eliminated for fully consolidated entities.

Capital gains or losses arising from intra-group asset transfers are eliminated; any potential impairment measured at the time of disposal in an internal transaction is recognised.

## CONVERSION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF FOREIGN SUBSIDIARIES (IAS 21)

The financial statements of entities representing a "foreign operation" (subsidiary, branch, associate or joint venture) are converted into euros in two steps:

- if applicable, the local currency in which the financial statements are prepared is converted into the functional currency (currency of the main business environment of the entity). The conversion is made as if the information had been recognised initially in the functional currency (same conversion principles as for foreign currency transactions here alove);
- the functional currency is converted into euros, the currency in which the Group's consolidated financial statements are presented. Assets and liabilities, including goodwill, are converted at the closing rate. Equity items, such as share capital or reserves, are translated at their historical foreign exchange rates. Income and expenses included in the income statement are converted at the average exchange rate for the period. Foreign exchange impacts resulting from this conversion are recognised as a separate component of shareholders' equity. In the event of exit from the foreign operation (disposal, repayment of capital, liquidation, discontinuation of activity) or in the event of deconsolidation due to a loss of control (even without disposal), these conversion differences are recognised in the income statement when the result of exit or loss of control is recognised.

## **BUSINESS COMBINATIONS – GOODWILL**

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method in accordance with IFRS 3, except for business combinations under common control (in particular mergers of Regional Banks), which are excluded from the field of application of IFRS 3. Pursuant to IAS 8, these transactions are entered at carrying amount using the pooling of interests method, with reference to US standard ASU805-50 which seems to comply with the IFRS general principles.

On the date of acquisition, the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the acquired entity which satisfy the conditions for recognition set out in IFRS 3 are recognised at their fair value.

Notably, restructuring liabilities are only recognised as a liability of the acquired entity if, at the date of acquisition, the acquiree is under an obligation to complete the restructuring.

Price adjustment clauses are recognised at fair value even if their application is not probable. Subsequent changes in the fair value of clauses if they are financial liabilities are recognised in the income statement. Only price adjustment clauses relating to transactions where control was obtained at the latest by 31 December 2009 may still be recorded against goodwill, because these transactions were accounted for under IFRS 3 pre revision (2004).

The non-controlling interests that are shares of current interests giving rights to a share of the net assets in the event of liquidation may be measured, at acquirer's choice, in two ways:

- at fair value on the date of acquisition;
- at the share of the identifiable assets and liabilities of the acquired company revalued at fair value.

The option may be exercised at each acquisition.

The balance non-controlling interests (equity instruments issued by the subsidiary and not held by the Group) should be recognised for its fair value on the date of acquisition.

The initial assessment of assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities may be revised within a maximum period of 12 months after the date of acquisition.

Some transactions relating to the acquired entity are recognised separately from the business combination. This applies primarily to:

- transactions that end an existing relationship between the acquired company and the acquiring company;
- transactions that compensate employees or the selling shareholders of the acquired company for future services;



transactions whose aim is to have the acquired company or its former shareholders repay expenses borne by the acquirer.

These separate transactions are generally recognised in the income statement at the acquisition date.

The transferred consideration at the time of a business combination (the acquisition cost) is measured as the total of fair values transferred by the acquirer, on the date of acquisition in exchange for control of the acquired entity (for example: cash, equity instruments, etc.).

The costs directly attributable to the business combination shall be recognised as expenses, separately from the business combination. If the transaction has very strong possibilities of occurring, they are recognised under "Net gains (losses) on other assets", otherwise they are recognised under "Operating expenses".

The difference between the sum of acquisition costs and non-controlling interests and the net balance on the date of acquisition of acquired identifiable assets and liabilities assumed, valued at their fair value, is recognised, when it is positive, in the assets side of the consolidated balance sheet, under "Goodwill" when the acquired entity is fully consolidated and under "Investments in equity-accounted entities" when the acquired company is consolidated using the equity method of accounting. Any badwill is recognised immediately through profit or loss.

Goodwill is carried in the balance sheet at its initial amount in the currency of the acquired entity and converted at the closing rate at the end of the reporting period.

When control is taken by stages, the interest held before taking control is revalued at fair value through profit or loss at the date of acquisition and the goodwill is calculated once, using the fair value at the date of acquisition of acquired assets and liabilities taken over.

Goodwill is tested for impairment whenever there is objective evidence of a loss of value and at least once a year.

The choices and assumptions used in assessing non-controlling interests at the date of acquisition may influence the amount of initial goodwill and any impairment resulting from a loss of value.

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to the Group Cash Generating Units (CGUs) that are expected to benefit from the business combination. The CGUs have been defined within the Group's business lines as the smallest identifiable group of assets and liabilities functioning in a single business model. Impairment testing consists of comparing the carrying amount of each CGU, including any goodwill allocated to it, with its recoverable amount.

The recoverable amount of the CGU is defined as the higher of fair value less of selling costs and value in use. The value in use is the present value of the future cash flows of the CGU, as set out in medium-term business plans prepared by the Group for management purposes.

When the recoverable amount is lower than the carrying amount, a corresponding impairment loss is recognised for the goodwill allocated to the CGU. This impairment is irreversible.

In the case of an increase in the percentage ownership interest of the Group in an entity that is already exclusively controlled, the difference between the acquisition cost and the share of net assets acquired is recognised under "Consolidated reserves Group share"; in the event that the Group's percentage ownership interest in an entity that remains under its exclusive control declines, the difference between the selling price and the carrying amount of the share of net assets sold is also recognised directly under "Consolidated reserves Group share". Expenses arising from these transactions are recognised in equity.

The accounting treatment of sale options granted to minority shareholders is as follows:

- when a sale option is granted to the minority shareholders of a fully consolidated subsidiary, a liability is recognised in the balance sheet; on initial recognition, the liability is measured at the estimated present value of the exercise price of the options granted to the minority shareholders. Against this liability, the share of net assets belonging to the minority shareholders concerned is reduced to zero and the remainder is deducted from equity;
- subsequent changes in the estimated value of the exercise price will affect the amount of the liability, offset by an equity adjustment. Symmetrically, subsequent changes in the share of net assets due to minority shareholders are cancelled, offset in equity.

When there is a loss of control, the proceeds from the disposal are calculated on the entirety of the entity sold and any investment share kept is recognised in the balance sheet at its fair value on the date control was lost.



# NOTE 2 Major structural transactions and material events during the period

The scope of consolidation and changes to it are shown in detail at the end of the notes in Note 13 "Scope of consolidation at 31 December 2019".

## 2.1 Application of the new IFRS 16 standard

Application of the IFRS 16 standard on leases is mandatory for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019. This standard drops the distinction between finance leasing and operating leasing to account on the leaseholder's (lessee) balance sheet for the right to use the leased assets in return for a lease debt.

The regulatory provisions for the application of the IFRS 16 standard to the Group's consolidated financial statements are presented in Note 1 "Group accounting policies and principles, assessments and estimates applied".

The impact of the initial application of the new IFRS 16 accounting standard resulted in an increase of €1,859 million in the total balance sheet, there was no impact on equity.

# 2.2 Main changes in the scope of consolidation

# 2.2.1 First consolidation of CA-GIP (Crédit Agricole – Grap Infrastructure Platform)

Within the framework of its medium-term plan entitled "Strategic Ambition 2020", the Crédit Agricole Group decided to implement a new client project in order to strengthen its growth dynamics and invest in the improvement of its industrial efficiency.

In particular, the alignment of IT infrastructures and production has led to the creation of CA-GIP, owned by several entities of the Crédit Agricole Group. The initial consolidation of this structure at 30 June 2019 has a positive impact on the net income Group share of €+12 million, which represents the income from disposal associated with the loss of control of activities contributed and transferred to CA-GIP.

# 2.2.2 Acquisition of KAS Bank

On 29 July 2019, CACEIS made a friendly cash takeover offer for the entire share capital of KAS Bank, a long-standing player in the custody and asset servicing business in the Netherlands. At 31 December 2019, KAS Bank's assets under custody amounted to  $\leq 196$  billion, and assets under administration amounted to  $\leq 142$  billion.

The offer was declared unconditional on 23 September 2019, at the end of the initial offer period, with 95.3% of the shares tendered to CACEIS. After the offer reopening period, CACEIS announced on 7 October 2019 that it held 97.17% of the share capital of KAS Bank. Subsequently, in November 2019, KAS Bank and CACEIS delisted the KAS Bank securities on Euronext Amsterdam.

CACEIS initiated a mandatory squeeze-out procedure in order to obtain 100% of the share capital of KAS Bank. The procedure is expected to be completed in 2020.

As a result of this acquisition, CACEIS is strengthening its position in Europe and its ability to meet the needs of insurance companies, asset management companies and pension funds. The acquisition of KAS Bank was carried out at a price of €183.1 million. It generated badwill of €21.7 million, which was recorded in the "Variations value of Goodwill" section of the consolidated financial statements.

At 31 December 2019, CACEIS held 97.39% of the share capital of KAS Bank.

## 2.2.3 Finalisation of the merger of CACEIS and Santander Securities

Crédit Agricole S.A. and Santander completed the merger of their institutional custody and asset servicing activities on 20 December 2019.

Under the agreement signed on 27 June 2019, the Santander Group transferred 100% of the activities of its Santander Securities Services ("S3") in Spain and 49.99 % of its activities in Latin America (Brazil, Mexico and Colombia) to CACEIS, in consideration for an increase in the reserved capital of CACEIS. Following these transactions, Crédit Agricole S.A. and Santander held 69.5% and 30.5% of the share capital of CACEIS respectively.

The acquisition of "S3", which will be named CACEIS Bank Spain S.A. in the course of 2020, has generated €248 million of goodwill. The activities of S3 in Latin America are accounted for under the equity method, at cost, i.e. €350 million.

The alliance of two leading players in the field of institutional custody and asset servicing gives rise to a key player in Europe and around the world, with  $\in$ 3,900 billion of assets under custody and  $\in$ 2,000 billion of assets under administration.

The new Group will benefit from an expanded geographical presence, a full coverage of the value chain and an enhanced service offer. With the support of its two shareholders, it will be ideally placed to seize new growth opportunities, particularly in the high-potential markets of Latin America.

# 2.2.4 Partnership between Crédit Agricole Consumer Finance and Banco BPM for consumer credit in Italy

Following the memorandum signed in December 2018, Crédit Agricole Consumer Finance (CACF) and Banco BPM signed the final agreement aimed at strengthening their overall partnership in the Italian consumer finance market in June 2019, which stipulates:

- the acquisition of ProFamily SpA, a subsidiary of Banco BPM, renamed ProAgos SpA after its non-banking activities were grouped into a separate entity, by Agos for a total amount of €310 million. The transaction was approved by the European Competition Authority and the Bank of Italy;
- the extension of the agreement regarding distribution of Agos products by the network and distribution channels of Banco BPM on an exclusive basis for 15 years.

This agreement leaves the capital structure of Agos unchanged (61% owned by CACF and 39% by Banco BPM). However, the shareholders' agreement stipulates the following for Banco BPM, between now and 2021:

- Banco BPM has the option of requesting the initial public offering of Agos until 30 June 2021. In this case, Banco BPM has the option to reduce its stake in Agos, while committing to maintaining a minimum holding of 10%;
- In the event that this offering is not implemented, CACF has granted Banco BPM an option to redeem 10% of its Agos securities for an amount of €150 million.

# 2.2.5 Change in method of consolidation of Crédit Agricole Life (IFRS 5)

At the beginning of 2019, the disposal process was halted and, as a result, the classification of Crédit Agricole Life Greece under IFRS 5 was abandoned. The company is therefore consolidated using the full consolidation method in the consolidated financial statements as at 31 December 2019.

# 2.2.6 Proposed disposal of Crédit Agricole Romania (IFRS 5)

Crédit Agricole Romania is a fully-owned subsidiary of Crédit Agricole S.A.

During 2019, Crédit Agricole S.A. initiated a process to put Crédit Agricole Romania up for sale. A programme to actively search for a potential acquirer was launched, leading to the receipt at the end of December 2019 of binding offers from potential purchasers.

Therefore, pursuant to IFRS 5, the assets and liabilities of Crédit Agricole Romania are reclassified as at 31 December 2019 in the balance sheet under "Non-current assets held for sale" for the sum of  $\leq$ 475 million and under "Liabilities associated with non-current assets held for sale" for the sum of  $\leq$ 478 million, with the net income under "Net income from operations discontinued or being sold" for an amount of - $\leq$ 46 million.

The impact on the income statement incorporates the estimated loss on this transaction.

# 2.2.7 Creation of a joint venture between Amundi and Bank of China Wealth Management

On 20 December 2019, Amundi and Bank of China Wealth Management, a Bank of China subsidiary, received the consent of the China Banking and Insurance Regulatory Commission to set up a joint-venture asset management company.

This partnership complements and accelerates Amundi's development strategy in China. Therefore, Bank of China and Amundi have commenced the preparatory work for creating their joint venture and have taken the initiative of beginning the process of obtaining national regulatory approval. The aim is to launch the joint venture during the second half of 2020.

## 2.3 Bank of Saudi Fransi – Disposal of holding

During 2019, Crédit Agricole Corporate & Investment Bank completed the disposal of a 10.9% holding in the capital of the Bank of Saudi Fransi (BSF) to a consortium led by Ripplewood and to the Olayan Saudi Investment Company.

This disposal was completed in two stages:

- The disposal of a first block of 4.9% occurred on 29 April 2019 at a price of 31.50 Saudi Arabian Riyals (SAR) per share, corresponding to a total amount of SAR 1.86 billion, or €444 million. The investment vehicle, RAM Holdings I Ltd (a US-based investment holding company controlled by Ripplewood Advisors LLC) acquired 3.0% and the Saudi company Olayan Saudi Investment Company acquired 1.9%;
- The disposal of a second block of 6.0% occurred on 21 November 2019 in favour of the RAM Holdings I Ltd vehicle at a price of 30.00 Saudi Riyals (SAR) per share, corresponding to a total amount of SAR 2.17 billion, or €522 million. The disposal follows the exercise of the call option granted on the disposal of the first block, which is exercisable until December 2019.

The impacts of these disposals were recognised in shareholders' equity. At 31 December 2019, Crédit Agricole Corporate & Investment Bank still held 4.0% of the share capital of BSF.

# 2.4 Depreciation of goodwill on LCL

As part of the preparing the publication of its consolidated financial statements, Crédit Agricole S.A. conducted the annual valuation tests of the goodwill recorded in its balance sheet during the fourth quarter of 2019. In accordance with IFRS accounting standards, these tests are based on a comparison between the value recorded in the assets of the consolidated balance sheet of Crédit Agricole S.A. and the value in use. The calculation of the value in use is based on updating the future cash flows.

On 17 December 2019, when presented with the results of these tests, the Board of Directors of Crédit Agricole S.A. decided to depreciate the goodwill on LCL. This depreciation amounting to  $\in$ 664 million is recorded in the consolidated financial statements for the fourth quarter of 2019 and directly impacts the net income Group share.

This charge affects neither the solvency of Crédit Agricole S.A. or the Crédit Agricole Group, as the goodwill has already been fully deducted from the prudential capital, nor their liquidity.

## 2.5 Capital increase reserved for employees

The capital increase of Crédit Agricole S.A. reserved for employees, with the subscription period running from 21 June to 3 July 2019, was completed definitively on 31 July 2019. 20,500 Crédit Agricole Group employees, in France and 18 other countries, subscribed for a total amount of €150.9 million.

The proposed investment scheme was a standard offer with a subscription price including a 20% rebate on the share price. The new shares were issued and delivered to employees on 31 July 2019.

This capital increase created 18,251,556 new shares, thereby bringing the total number of shares comprising the share capital of Crédit Agricole S.A. to 2,884,688,712.

# 2.6 CACEIS Germany

CACEIS Germany has received from the Bavarian tax authorities a request for the reimbursement of taxes on dividends repaid to some of its customers in 2010.

The request amounts to €312 million. In addition, CACEIS is requested to pay €148 million late interest (calculated at a rate of 6% p.a.).

CACEIS Germany vigorously contests this request, which it regards as completely unfounded. CACEIS Germany has appealed on the merits of the case. It is now up to CACEIS, within the framework of the on-going appeal procedure, to file its conclusions in support of its position.

Moreover, CACEIS has requested a suspension of execution of the payment order pending a ruling in the substantive proceedings. A suspension of execution was granted for the payment of the  $\in$ 148 million late interest but was dismissed for the  $\in$ 312 million principal repayment requested. CACEIS has lodged an appeal against this ruling. As the decision dismissing the appeal was immediately enforceable, CACEIS made the  $\in$ 312 million payment and considering the appeal proceedings in progress, recorded a receivable of an equivalent amount in its 3rd quarter of 2019 financial statements.

With respect to the financial statements as of December 31. 2019, in the absence of any element or circumstance which would change its assessment regarding the risk incurred, CACEIS maintains its accounting position, i.e., CACEIS confirms the consistency of the receivable recorded during the 3rd quarter of 2019.

## 2.7 Benchmark bond issue on the Panda market

Following the authorisation obtained from People's Bank of China for its Panda bond issue program, on 5 December 2019 Crédit Agricole S.A. issued preferred senior bonds with a maturity of 3 years at a fixed rate of 3.4% for the sum of CNY 1 billion (equivalent to €128 million). This benchmark initial issue was placed with Chinese and international investors on the Chinese bond market and the Bond Connect platform in Hong Kong. This transaction is the first bond issue made in China in the Panda format by a European GSIB bank.

The Crédit Agricole S.A. Panda bond issue has been structured with a ceiling of CNY 5 billion that may be issued in part or in full over the next two years. Crédit Agricole S.A. intends to become a regular issuer on the booming Panda market in order to finance its activities in China and to further diversify its long-term financing.

The proceeds of this first Panda bond issue were used to finance its wholly-owned Chinese banking subsidiary, Crédit Agricole CIB (China) Ltd., which is extending its local presence to meet the needs of its international customers through financing and transactions on the capital markets. Based in Shanghai, the Crédit Agricole CIB Chinese franchise has become a major growth engine in the Asia-Pacific region for the Group.

The issuer Crédit Agricole S.A. and its Panda bond were awarded the AAA rating by the Chinese rating agency China Chengxin International Credit Rating.



#### 2.8 Tax litigation on Emporiki securities

Following the hearing on 15 May 2019 at the Conseil d'Etat (Council of State) on the appeal against the judgement of 17 May 2018, which found in favour of Crédit Agricole S.A, the Conseil d'Etat considered the matter in a long debate before finally asking the Accounting Standards Authority (ANC) to decide on the accounting categorisation of the securities acquired by Crédit Agricole S.A. from the capital increase of July 2012.

The ANC confirmed unambiguously in a letter dated 9 September 2019 that these securities correspond to the accounting definition of "investment securities" in accordance with banking accounting standards.

In its judgement of 8 November 2019, the Conseil d'Etat confirmed the decision of the Administrative Court of Appeal of 17 May 2018 and reiterated the opinion of the ANC. All remedies are now exhausted.

Thus, with regard the securities resulting from the capital increase of 2012, the amount of €1,038 million paid to Crédit Agricole S.A. is definitively acquired, justifying a reversal of the associated provisions in the net income, i.e.:

€955 million in provisions associated with the deductibility of the provision for depreciation of Emporiki securities recorded in 2012;

€83 million in provisions associated with the deductibility of the capital loss on Emporiki securities recorded in 2013.

Following the decision of 8 November 2019, discussions with the Tax Authorities permitted the consequences of this decision to be extended to the securities resulting from the capital increase of 2013, for which the tax treatment could only be identical.

Consequently, in the accounts for Crédit Agricole S.A. of 31 December 2019:

the receivable for €312 million that Crédit Agricole S.A had recorded in 2017 as part of the adjustment to the loss recorded on securities issued in 2013 was reimbursed to it without impact on the income statement;

default interest of €28.7 million net paid by the tax authorities resulted in income in the income statement.

All of this litigation is thus completely resolved at 31 December 2019.



# **NOTE 3** Financial management, risk exposure and hedging policy

Crédit Agricole's Financial Management department is responsible for organising financial flows within Crédit Agricole Group, defining and implementing refinancing rules, asset and liability management, and managing regulatory prudential ratios. It sets out the principles and ensures a cohesive financial management system throughout the Group.

The Group's management of banking risks is handled by the Group Risk Management and Permanent Controls department.

This department reports to the Chief Executive Officer of Crédit Agricole and its task is to control credit, financial and operational risks.

A description of these processes and commentary now appear in the chapter on "Risk factors" in the management report, as allowed by IFRS 7 standard. Nonetheless, the accounting breakdowns are still presented in the financial statements.

# 3.1 Credit risk

(see chapter "Risk factors - Credit Risk")

## 3.1.1 Change in carrying amounts and value adjustments for losses during the period

Value adjustments for losses correspond to the impairment of assets and to provisions for off-balance sheet commitments recognised in net income ("Cost of risk") relating to credit risk.

The following tables present a reconciliation of the opening and closing balances of value adjustments for losses recognised under Cost of risk and associated carrying amounts, by accounting category and type of instrument.



#### FINANCIAL ASSETS AT AMORTISED COST: LOANS AND RECEIVABLES DUE FROM CREDIT INSTITUTIONS

		Performin	g assets						
	Assets subject to 12-mo	nth ECL (Bucket 1)	Assets subject to lifetin	ne ECL (Bucket 2)	Credit-impaired as	sets (Bucket 3)		Total	
(in millions of euros)	Gross carrying amount	Loss allowance	Gross carrying amount	Loss allowance	Gross carrying amount	Loss allowance	Gross carrying amount (a)	Loss allowance (b)	Net carrying amount (a) + (b)
Balance at 31 December 2018	97,130	(26)	70	(1)	411	(391)	97,611	(417)	97,194
Transfers between buckets during the period	(88)	-	(1)		89	(8)	-	(8)	
Transfers from Bucket 1 to Bucket 2	-	-	-				-	-	
Return to Bucket 2 from Bucket 1	1	-	(1)						
Transfer to lifetime ECL impaired (Bucket 3) <sup>1</sup>	(89)	-	-	-	89	(8)	-	(8)	
Return from lifetime ECL impaired (Bucket 3) to lifetime ECL (Bucket 2) / 12-month ECL (Bucket 1)		-		-	-		-	-	
Total after transfers	97,042	(26)	69	(1)	500	(399)	97,611	(425)	97,186
Changes in carrying amounts and loss allowances	5,494	1	(43)	1	(1)	11	5,450	13	
New financial production : purchase, granting, origination <sup>2</sup>	22,380	(11)	23	(6)			22,403	(17)	
Derecognition : disposal, repayment, maturity	(18,499)	15	(67)	1	(11)	1	(18,577)	17	
Write-offs					-			-	
Changes of cash flows resulting in restructuring due to financial difficulties	<u>.</u>	(2)		<u>.</u>	-	-	-	(2)	
Changes in models' credit risk parameters during the period		(5)				17		12	
Changes in model / methodology		2		1		-	-	3	
Changes in scope	1,131	-	-	-	-	-	1,131	-	
Transfers in non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations		-		-	-		-	-	
Others	482	2	1	5	10	(7)	493	-	
Total	102,536	(25)	26	-	499	(388)	103,061	(413)	102,646
Changes in carrying amount due to specific accounting assessment methods (with no significant impact on loss allowance) <sup>3</sup>	(1,704)				6		(1,698)		
Balance at 31 december 2019	100,832	(25)	26	-	505	(388)	101,363	(413)	100,950
Contractual amount outstanding of financial assets written off during the period, that are still subject to enforcement measures			-				-		

<sup>1</sup> Transferts to Bucket 3 correspond to outstanding amounts initially classified as Bucket 1 which, during the year, were downgrated directly to Bucket 3 and later to Bucket 3.

<sup>2</sup> Originations in Bucket 2 could include some originated loans in Bucket 1 reclassified in Bucket2 during the period.

<sup>a</sup> Includes the impacts of fair value adjustments of micro-hedged instruments, the impacts relating to the use of the EIR method (notably the amortisation of premiums/discounts), the impacts of the accretion of discounts on restructured loans (recovered as revenue over the remaining term of the asset), the changes in related receivables and in the currency impact.



#### FINANCIAL ASSETS AT AMORTISED COST: LOANS AND RECEIVABLES DUE FROM CUSTOMERS

		Performin	ig assets						
	Assets subject to 12-mo	onth ECL (Bucket 1)	Assets subject to lifetin	ne ECL (Bucket 2)	Credit-impaired as	sets (Bucket 3)		Total	
(in millions of euros)	Gross carrying amount	Loss allowance	Gross carrying amount	Loss allowance	Gross carrying amount	Loss allowance	Gross carrying amount (a)	Loss allowance (b)	Net carrying amount (a) + (b)
Balance at 31 December 2018	785,415	(1,800)	65,693	(3,715)	23,048	(13,960)	874,156	(19,475)	854,681
Transfers between buckets during the period	(4,840)	(414)	969	787	3,872	(1,647)	-	(1,274)	
Transfers from Bucket 1 to Bucket 2	(24,290)	290	24,290	(689)				(399)	
Return to Bucket 2 from Bucket 1	21,601	(765)	(21,601)	1,323			-	558	
Transfer to lifetime ECL impaired (Bucket 3) 1	(2,513)	75	(2,374)	213	4,887	(2,031)	-	(1,743)	
Return from lifetime ECL impaired (Bucket 3) to lifetime ECL (Bucket 2) / 12-month ECL (Bucket 1)	362	(14)	654	(60)	(1,015)	384	-	310	
Total after transfers	780,575	(2,214)	66,662	(2,928)	26,920	(15,607)	874,157	(20,749)	853,408
Changes in carrying amounts and loss allowances	67,739	438	(1,899)	(725)	(4,781)	2,046	61,059	1,758	
New financial production : purchase, granting, origination <sup>2</sup>	271,958	(4,247)	15,722	(1,320)			287,680	(5,567)	
Derecognition : disposal, repayment, maturity	(204,743)	663	(17,715)	903	(2,711)	1,466	(225,169)	3,032	
Write-offs					(2,094)	1,968	(2,094)	1,968	
Changes of cash flows resulting in restructuring due to financial difficulties	(6)	-	(12)	1	(19)	2	(37)	3	
Changes in models' credit risk parameters during the period		4,018		(364)		(1,521)	-	2,132	
Changes in model / methodology		(4)		44			-	40	
Changes in scope	1,355	-	25	(1)	15	(14)	1,394	(15)	
Transfers in non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations	-	-	-					-	
Others	(825)	8	81	12	28	145	(717)	165	
Total	848,314	(1,776)	64,763	(3,653)	22,139	(13,561)	935,216	(18,990)	916,226
Changes in carrying amount due to specific accounting assessment methods (with no significant impact on loss allowance) <sup>a</sup>	(2,989)		(600)		860		(2,729)		
Balance at 31 december 2019	845,325	(1,776)	64,163	(3,653)	22,999	(13,561)	932,487	(18,991)	913,496
Contractual amount outstanding of financial assets written off during the period, that are still subject to enforcement measures	_	(1,70)		(0,000)		(((),(())))		(,//)	

<sup>1</sup> Transferts to Bucket 3 correspond to outstanding amounts initially classified as Bucket 1 which, during the year, were downgrated directly to Bucket 3 and later to Bucket 3.

<sup>2</sup> Originations in Bucket 2 could include some originated loans in Bucket 1 reclassified in Bucket2 during the period.

Normality in bucket 2 could include some originate route in bucket reclassing in bucket reclassing in bucket reclassing in bucket reclassing in bucket a could include some originate route reclassing in bucket a could include some originate route over the remaining term of the asset), the changes in related receivables and in the currency impact.



#### FINANCIAL ASSETS AT AMORTISED COST: DEBT SECURITIES

		Performing	g assets						
	Assets subject to 12-mont	- h ECL (Bucket 1)	Assets subject to lifetime	ECL (Bucket 2)	Credit-impaired asse	ts (Bucket 3)		Total	
(in millions of euros)	Gross carrying amount	Loss allowance	Gross carrying amount	Loss allowance	Gross carrying amount	Loss allowance	Gross carrying amount (a)	Loss allowance (b)	Net carrying amount +
alance at 31 december 2018	80,495	(24)	101	(3)	32	(20)	80,628	(47)	80,
ransfers between buckets during the period	59	-	(59)	2				2	
ansfers from Bucket 1 to Bucket 2	(13)	-	13	-	-		-	-	
eturn to Bucket 2 from Bucket 1	72	-	(72)	2	-		-	2	
ansfer to lifetime ECL impaired (Bucket 3) '	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	
eturn from lifetime ECL impaired (Bucket 3) to lifetime ECL (Bucket 2) / 2-month ECL (Bucket 1)	-	<u> </u>	-	-	-	-	-	-	
otal after transfers	80,554	(24)	42	(1)	32	(20)	80,628	(45)	80,
hanges in carrying amounts and loss allowances	13,772	(12)	354	(11)	(4)		14,122	(23)	
ew financial production : purchase, granting, origination <sup>2</sup>	27,388	(25)	365	(14)			27,753	(39)	
Perecognition : disposal, repayment, maturity	(17,026)	18	(152)	14	(5)	1	(17,183)	33	
/rite-offs					-			-	
hanges of cash flows resulting in restructuring due to financial ifficulties		(2)					-	(2)	
hanges in models' credit risk parameters during the period		(3)		(1)			-	(4)	
hanges in model / methodology		1		-			-	1	
changes in scope	(78)	-			-	-	(78)	-	
ansfers in non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations	-	-	-		-				
Others	3,488	(1)	141	(10)	1	(1)	3,630	(12)	
stal	94,326	(36)	396	(12)	28	(20)	94,750	(68)	94,
hanges in carrying amount due to specific accounting assessment nethods (with no significant impact on loss allowance) <sup>a</sup>	452						452		
alance at 31 december 2019	94,778	(36)	396	(12)	28	(20)	95,202	(68)	95,
Contractual amount outstanding of financial assets written off during the seriad, that are still subject to enforcement measures									

<sup>1</sup> Transferts to Bucket 3 correspond to outstanding amounts initially classified as Bucket 1 which, during the year, were downgrated directly to Bucket 3 and later to Bucket 3.

<sup>2</sup>Originations in Bucket 2 could include some originated loans in Bucket 1 reclassified in Bucket2 during the period.

<sup>a</sup> Includes the impacts of fair value adjustments of micro-hedged instruments, the impacts relating to the use of the EIR method (notably the amortisation of premiums/discounts), the impacts of the accretion of discounts on restructured loans (recovered as revenue over the remaining term of the asset), the changes in related receivables and in the currency impact.

ъЗ



#### FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME: DEBT SECURITIES

		Performin	g assets					
	Assets subject to 12-mo	nth ECL (Bucket 1)	Assets subject to lifetin	ne ECL (Bucket 2)	Credit-impaired as	sets (Bucket 3)	Total	
(in millions of euros)	Carrying amount	Loss allowance	Carrying amount	Loss allowance	Carrying amount	Loss allowance	Carrying amount	Loss allowance
Balance at 1 january 2019	258,069	(117)	2,182	(25)	-	(4)	260,251	(146
Transfers between buckets during the period	(621)	1	624	2	-	-	3	3
Transfers from Bucket 1 to Bucket 2	(780)	1	780	(1)			-	
Return to Bucket 2 from Bucket 1	159	-	(156)	4			3	3
Transfer to lifetime ECL impaired (Bucket 3) '	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Return from lifetime ECL impaired (Bucket 3) to lifetime ECL (Bucket 2) / 12-month ECL (Bucket 1)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total after transfers	257,448	(116)	2,806	(23)	-	(4)	260,254	(143)
Changes in carrying amounts and loss allowances	9,021	(25)	(182)	(11)	-	-	8,838	(36)
Fair value revaluation during the period	6,974		18		-		6,992	
New financial production : purchase, granting, origination <sup>2</sup>	28,560	(29)	2,023	(15)	-	-	30,584	(44)
Derecognition : disposal, repayment, maturity	(28,418)	13	(2,260)	6	-	-	(30,679)	19
Write-offs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Changes of cash flows resulting in restructuring due to financial difficulties	5	5	1	1		-	6	6
Changes in models' credit risk parameters during the period		(15)		(1)		-	-	(16)
Changes in model / methodology		(1)				-	-	(1)
Changes in scope	1,921	-	-	-	-	-	1,921	
Transfers in non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Others	(20)	3	34	(3)	-	-	14	-
Total	266,469	(141)	2,624	(34)	-	(5)	269,092	(179)
Changes in carrying amount due to specific accounting assessment methods (with no significant impact on loss allowance) $^{\rm a}$	(793)		(1)				(794)	
Balance at 31 december 2019	265,675	(141)	2,623	(34)	-	(5)	268,299	(179)
Contractual amount outstanding of financial assets written off during the period, that are still subject to enforcement measures <sup>1</sup> Transferts to Bucket 3 correspond to outstanding amounts initially classified as Bucket 1 which, during th					-		_	

<sup>1</sup> Transferts to Bucket 3 correspond to outstanding amounts initially classified as Bucket 1 which, during the year, were downgrated directly to Bucket 3 and later to Bucket 3. <sup>2</sup> Originations in Bucket 2 could include some originated loans in Bucket 1 reclassified in Bucket2 during the period.

<sup>a</sup> Includes the impacts of the use of the EIR method (notably the amortisation of premiums/discounts).



#### FINANCING COMMITMENTS

		Performing co	mmitments						
	Commitments subject (Bucket		Commitments subjec (Bucket		Provisioned commitm	nents (Bucket 3)		Total	
(in millions of euros)	Amount of commitment	Loss allowance	Amount of commitment	Loss allowance	Amount of commitment	Loss allowance	Amount of commitment (a)	Loss allowance (b)	Net amount of commitment (a) + (b)
Balance at 31 December 2018	212,528	(309)	6,860	(381)	473	(31)	219,861	(721)	219,140
Transfer between buckets during the period	(1,113)	(35)	880	44	233	(17)		(7)	
Transfers from Bucket 1 to Bucket 2	(2,542)	32	2,542	(59)			-	(26)	
Return to Bucket 2 from Bucket 1	1,614	(67)	(1,614)	104			-	37	
Transfer to lifetime ECL impaired (Bucket 3) <sup>1</sup>	(198)	1	(78)	2	276	(22)	-	(19)	
Return from lifetime ECL impaired (Bucket 3) to lifetime ECL (Bucket 2) / 12-month ECL (Bucket 1)	13	(1)	30	(3)	(43)	5	-	1	
Total after transfers	211,415	(344)	7,740	(337)	706	(48)	219,861	(728)	219,169
Changes in commitments and loss allowances	(9,593)	15	(1,056)	28	(27)	(60)	(10,675)	(20)	
New commitments given <sup>2</sup>	98,203	(183)	2,607	(193)			100,810	(376)	
End of commitments	(108,118)	178	(3,615)	234	(310)	28	(112,042)	439	
Write-offs	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	
Changes of cash flows resulting in restructuring due to financial difficulties	(2)	1	-	1	-	-	(2)	2	
Changes in models' credit risk parameters during the period		13		(30)		(83)	-	(95)	
Changes in model / methodology		6		20			-	23	
Transfers in non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations	-	<u>-</u>	-	<u>.</u>	-	_	-		
Changes in scope	36	-	-	-	-	-	36	-	
Others	288	(2)	(48)	(4)	283	(6)	522	(13)	
Balance at 31 december 2019	201,823	(328)	6,684	(309)	679	(109)	209,186	(748)	208,437

<sup>1</sup> Transferts to Bucket 3 correspond to outstanding amounts initially classified as Bucket 1 which, during the year, were downgrated directly to Bucket 3 and later to Bucket 3.

<sup>2</sup> News commitments given in Bucket 2 could include some originations in Bucket 1 during the periode.



#### **GUARANTEE COMMITMENTS**

		Performing co	mmitments						
	Commitments subject (Bucket		Commitments subjec (Bucket		Provisioned commitr	nents (Bucket 3)		Total	
(in millions of euros)	Amount of commitment	Loss allowance	Amount of commitment	Loss allowance	Amount of commitment	Loss allowance	Amount of commitment (a)	Loss allowance (b)	Net amount o commitment (a) · (b
Balance at 31 December 2018	81,677	(91)	3,575	(185)	2,943	(408)	88,194	(684)	87,510
Transfer between buckets during the period	(793)	(12)	685	15	97	(121)	(11)	(117)	
Transfers from Bucket 1 to Bucket 2	(1,262)	6	1,260	(22)			(2)	(15)	
Return to Bucket 2 from Bucket 1	505	(18)	(513)	32			(8)	14	
Transfer to lifetime ECL impaired (Bucket 3) <sup>1</sup>	(578)	-	(70)	11	648	(126)		(115)	
Return from lifetime ECL impaired (Bucket 3) to lifetime ECL (Bucket 2) / 12-month ECL (Bucket 1)	543		8	(4)	(551)	6		1	
Total after transfers	80,885	(103)	4,259	(170)	3,040	(528)	88,184	(801)	87,383
Changes in commitments and loss allowances	2,635	14	(35)	(9)	190	63	2,790	67	
New commitments given <sup>2</sup>	30,540	(42)	1,603	(74)			32,144	(117)	
End of commitments	(27,201)	41	(1,660)	61	(186)	64	(29,046)	166	
Write-offs	-	-		-	(60)	43	(60)	43	
Changes of cash flows resulting in restructuring due to financial difficulties	-	3		6	-	-	-	9	
Changes in models' credit risk parameters during the period		13		(1)		(40)	-	(27)	
Changes in model / methodology		(1)		2		-	-	2	
Transfers in non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations		-	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>.</u>	-	<u> </u>		
Changes in scope		-	-	-			-		
Others	(705)	(1)	21	(3)	436	(3)	(247)	(8)	
Balance at 31 december 2019	83,519	(90)	4,224	(179)	3,230	(466)	90,974	(733)	90,240

<sup>1</sup> Transferts to Bucket 3 correspond to outstanding amounts initially classified as Bucket 1 which, during the year, were downgrated directly to Bucket 3 and later to Bucket 3.

<sup>2</sup> News commitments given in Bucket 2 could include some originations in Bucket 1 during the periode.



( ה

#### MAXIMUM EXPOSURE TO CREDIT RISK

An entity's maximum exposure to credit risk represents the carrying amount, net of any impairment loss recognised and without taking account of any collateral held or other credit enhancements (e.g. netting agreements that do not qualify for offset in accordance with IAS 32).

The tables below show the maximum exposures as well as the amount of collateral held and other credit enhancements allowing this exposure to be reduced.

Impaired assets at the end of the reporting period constitute the impaired assets (Bucket 3).

## FINANCIAL ASSETS NOT SUBJECT TO IMPAIRMENT REQUIREMENTS (ACCOUNTED AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS)

			31/12/2019							
			Credit risk mitigation							
	Maximum	Collatera	held as security		Other credit ent	nancement				
(in millions of euros)	exposure to credit risk	Financial instruments provided as collateral	Mortgages	Pledged securities	Guarantees	Credit derivatives				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (excluding equity securities and assets backing unit- linked contracts)	297,264		3,327	1,798	79	_				
Held for trading financial assets	220,797	-		1,769	-	-				
Debt instruments that do not meet the conditions of the "SPPI" test	76,374		3,327	29	79	-				
Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss	93	-	-	-	-	-				
Hedging derivative Instruments	20,947	-	-	1,298	-	-				
TOTAL	318,211	-	3,327	3,096	79	-				

			31/12/2018							
		Credit risk mitigation								
	Maximum	Collatera	held as security		Other credit ent	ancement				
(in millions of euros)	exposure to credit risk	Financial instruments provided as collateral	Mortgages	Pledged securities	Guarantees	Credit derivatives				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (excluding equity securities and assets backing unit- linked contracts)	288,491		1,906	472	35					
Financial assets held for trading	220,451	-		383	-	-				
Debt instruments that do not meet the conditions of the "SPPI" test	67,968	-	1,906	89	35	-				
Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss	72	-	-	-	-	-				
Hedging derivative Instruments	15,829	-	-	506	-	-				
TOTAL	304,320		1,906	978	35					



#### FINANCIAL ASSETS SUBJECT TO IMPAIRMENT REQUIREMENTS

			31/12/2019			
			Credit	risk mitigation		
	Maximum	Collatero	al held as security		Other credit ent	ancement
(in millions of euros)	exposure to credit risk	Financial instruments provided as collateral	Mortgages	Pledged securities	Guarantees	Credit derivatives
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income that may be reclassified to profit or loss	268,298					
of which impaired assets at the reporting date	-		-	-	-	-
Loans and receivables due from credit institutions (excluding Credit Agricole internal transactions)	_	-		-	_	
of which impaired assets at the reporting date	-	-	-	-	-	-
Loans and receivables due from customers	-	-	-	-	-	-
of which impaired assets at the reporting date	-			-		-
Debt securities	268,298	-	-	-	-	-
of which impaired assets at the reporting date	-	-	-	-		-
Financial assets at amortised cost	1,109,562	12,088	228,887	25,601	256,700	288
of which impaired assets at the reporting date	9,560	104	1,879	229	1,817	-
Loans and receivables due from credit institutions (excluding Credit Agricole internal transactions)	100,931	4,030	-	90	5,157	-
of which impaired assets at the reporting date	115	-	-	-	77	-
Loans and receivables due from customers	913,496	8,058	228,887	25,511	251,542	288
of which impaired assets at the reporting date	9,436	104	1,879	229	1,740	-
Debt securities	95,134	-	-	-	-	-
of which impaired assets at the reporting date	9	_	_	-	-	-
Total	1,377,860	12,088	228,887	25,601	256,700	288
of which impaired assets at the reporting date	9,560	104	1,879	229	1,817	-



			31/12/2018			
			Credit r	risk mitigation		
	Maximum	Collatero	al held as security		Other credit ent	ancement
(in millions of euros)	exposure to credit risk	Financial instruments provided as collateral	Mortgages	Pledged securities	Guarantees	Credit derivatives
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income that may be reclassified to profit or loss	260,251	- -				
of which impaired assets at the reporting date	1	-	-	-	-	-
Loans and receivables due from credit institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-
of which impaired assets at the reporting date	-			-	-	-
Loans and receivables due from customers	1	-	-	-	-	-
of which impaired assets at the reporting date	1	-				-
Debt securities	260,250	-	-	-		-
of which impaired assets at the reporting date	-	-	-	-	-	-
Financial assets at amortised cost	1,032,440	8,642	215,687	23,207	223,586	387
of which impaired assets at the reporting date	9,120	129	2,567	147	3,800	-
Loans and receivables due from credit institutions	97,178	1,442	-	153	5,790	-
of which impaired assets at the reporting date	20	-	-	-	2,324	-
Loans and receivables due from customers	854,681	7,200	215,687	23,054	217,796	387
of which impaired assets at the reporting date	9,088	129	2,567	147	1,476	-
Debt securities	80,581	-	-	-	-	-
of which impaired assets at the reporting date	12			-	-	-
Total	1,292,691	8,642	215,687	23,207	223,586	387
of which impaired assets at the reporting date	9,121	129	2,567	147	3,800	-



#### **OFF-BALANCE SHEET COMMITMENTS SUBJECT TO PROVISION REQUIREMENTS**

			31/12/2019							
		Credit risk mitigation								
	Maximum	Collatera	l held as security		Other credit en	hancement				
(in millions of euros)	exposure to credit risk	Financial instruments provided as collateral	Mortgages	Pledged securities	Guarantees	Credit derivatives				
Guarantee commitments (excluding Credit Agricole internal transactions)	90,241	25	23	620	6,137	784				
of which provisioned commitments at the reporting date	2,765	1	1	27	26	-				
Financing commitments (excluding Credit Agricole internal transactions)	208,438	3	4,878	2,342	21,648	7,785				
of which provisioned commitments at the reporting date	571	-	4	22	87	-				
Total	298,679	28	4,900	2,961	27,785	8,569				
of which provisioned commitments at the reporting date	3,336	1	4	86	112	-				

			31/12/2018			
			Credit ri	sk mitigation		
	Maximum	Collatera	l held as security	·	Other credit en	nancement
(in millions of euros)	exposure to credit risk	Financial instruments provided as collateral	Mortgages	Pledged securities	Guarantees	Credit derivatives
Guarantee commitments	87,510	26	8	526	6,461	220
of which provisioned commitments at the reporting date	2,534	-	-	27	19	
Financing commitments	219,140	-	4,243	1,792	20,731	4,409
of which provisioned commitments at the reporting date	442	-	5	20	24	-
Total	306,650	26	4,251	2,318	27,192	4,629
of which provisioned commitments at the reporting date	2,977	-	6	47	43	-

A description of the assets held as collateral is provided in note 8 "Commitments given and received and other guarantees".

#### **MODIFIED FINANCIAL ASSETS**

Modified financial assets are those assets that have been restructured due to financial difficulties. Loans for which the entity changed the initial financial terms (interest rate, term) for economic or legal reasons connected with the borrower's financial difficulties, in a manner that would not have been considered under other circumstances. They thus consist of loans classified as in default and performing loans at the date they are restructured. (A more detailed definition of restructured loans and their accounting treatment can be found in Note 1.2 "Accounting policies and principles", Chapter entitled "Financial instruments - Credit risk"). Once restructured, an asset continues to be classified as a modified financial asset until derecognised.



For assets restructured during the period, the carrying amount following restructuring consists of:

	Perforn	Performing assets				
(in millions of euros)	Assets subject to 12- month ECL (Bucket 1)	Assets subject to lifetime ECL (Bucket 2)	Credit-impaired assets (Bucket 3)			
Loans and receivables due from credit institutions (excluding Credit Agricole internal transactions)	_		-			
Gross carrying amount before modification	-	-	-			
Net gains (losses) resulting from the modification	-	-	-			
Loans and receivables due from customers	15	978	944			
Gross carrying amount before modification	20	990	963			
Net gains (losses) resulting from the modification	(5)	(12)	(19)			
Debt securities	5	1	-			
Gross carrying amount before modification	_	-				
Net gains (losses) resulting from the modification	5	1	-			

In accordance with the principles set out in Note 1.2 "Accounting principles and policies", Chapter entitled "Financial instruments - Credit risk", restructured assets at a stage of impairment corresponding to that of Bucket 2 (performing assets) or Bucket 3 (impaired assets) may go back into Bucket 1 (performing assets). The carrying amount of modified assets affected by this reclassification during the period is:

	Gross carrying amount
(in millions of euros)	Assets subject to 12- month ECL (Bucket 1)
Restructured assets previously classified in bucket 2 or bucket 3 and reclassified in bucket 1 during the period	
Loans and receivables due from credit institutions (excluding Credit Agricole internal transactions)	
Loans and receivables due from customers	93
Debt securities	-
TOTAL	93



#### **CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK**

The carrying amounts and commitments are presented net of impairment and provisions.

# EXPOSURE TO CREDIT RISK BY CATEGORY OF CREDIT RISK

The credit risk categories are presented by probability of default intervals. The correspondence between internal ratings and probability of default intervals is discussed in the Chapter entitled "Risk Factors and Pillar 3 – Credit Risk Management" in the Crédit Agricole S.A. Registration Document.

#### Financial assets at amortised cost

		At 31 december 2019					
		Carrying amount					
		Performi	ng assets				
(in million of euros)	Credit risk rating grades	Assets subject to 12- month ECL (Bucket 1)	Assets subject to lifetime ECL (Bucket 2)	Credit-impaired assets (Bucket 3)	Total		
Retail customers	PD ≤ 0,5%	357,360	813	-	358,173		
	0,5% < PD ≤ 2%	107,073	1,286	-	108,359		
	2% < PD ≤ 20%	61,444	31,514	-	92,958		
	20% < PD < 100%	-	6,398	-	6,398		
	PD = 100%	-	-	11,560	11,560		
Total Retail customers		525,877	40,011	11,560	577,448		
Non-retail customers	PD ≤ 0,6%	428,727	4,927	-	433,654		
	0,6% < PD < 12%	86,336	12,280	-	98,616		
	12% ≤ PD < 100%	-	7,365	-	7,365		
	PD = 100%	-	-	11,971	11,971		
Total Non-retail customers		515,063	24,572	11,971	551,606		
Impairment		(1,840)	(3,664)	(13,971)	(19,475)		
TOTAL		1,039,100	60,919	9,560	1,109,579		



	At 31 december 2018						
		Carrying amount					
		Performi	ng assets	-			
(in million of euros)	Credit risk rating grades	Assets subject to 12- month ECL (Bucket 1)	Assets subject to lifetime ECL (Bucket 2)	Credit-impaired assets (Bucket 3)	Total		
Retail customers	PD ≤ 0,5%	321,878	1,187	-	323,065		
	0,5% < PD ≤ 2%	101,459	3,107	-	104,566		
	2% < PD ≤ 20%	71,144	30,427	-	101,571		
	20% < PD < 100%	-	6,715	-	6,715		
	PD = 100%	-	-	12,028	12,028		
Total Retail customers		494,481	41,436	12,028	547,945		
Non-retail customers	PD ≤ 0,6%	372,462	6,563	-	379,025		
	0,6% < PD < 12%	96,099	14,139	-	110,238		
	12% ≤ PD < 100%	-	3,726	-	3,726		
	PD = 100%	-	-	11,462	11,462		
Total Non-retail customers		468,561	24,428	11,462	504,451		
Impairment		(1,851)	(3,719)	(14,370)	(19,940)		
TOTAL		961,191	62,145	9,120	1,032,456		



Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income that may be reclassified to profit or loss

			At 31 december 2	019			
			Carrying amount				
		Performi	ng assets				
(in million of euros)	Credit risk rating grades	Assets subject to 12- month ECL (Bucket 1)	Assets subject to lifetime ECL (Bucket 2)	Credit-impaired assets (Bucket 3)	Total		
Retail customers	PD ≤ 0,5%	51	3	-	54		
	0,5% < PD ≤ 2%	-	-	-	-		
	2% < PD ≤ 20%	-	-	-	-		
	20% < PD < 100%	-	-	-	-		
	PD = 100%	-	-	-	-		
Total Retail customers		51	3	-	54		
Non-retail customers	PD ≤ 0,6%	265,265	1,188	-	266,453		
	0,6% < PD < 12%	359	1,426	-	1,785		
	12% ≤ PD < 100%	-	6	-	6		
	PD = 100%	-	-	-	-		
Total Non-retail customers		265,624	2,620	-	268,244		
TOTAL		265,675	2,623	-	268,298		



			At 31 december 20	018			
		Carrying amount					
	-	Performi	ng assets				
(in million of euros)	Credit risk rating grades	Assets subject to 12- month ECL (Bucket 1)	Assets subject to lifetime ECL (Bucket 2)	Credit-impaired assets (Bucket 3)	Total		
Retail customers	PD ≤ 0,5%	2	-	-	2		
	0,5% < PD ≤ 2%	-	-	-	-		
	2% < PD ≤ 20%	-	-	-	-		
	20% < PD < 100%	-	-	-	-		
	PD = 100%	-	-	-	-		
Total Retail customers		2		-	2		
Non-retail customers	PD ≤ 0,6%	255,249	1,459	-	256,708		
	0,6% < PD < 12%	2,818	716	-	3,534		
	12% ≤ PD < 100%	-	7	-	7		
	PD = 100%	-	-	-	-		
Total Non-retail customers		258,067	2,182		260,249		
TOTAL		258,069	2,182	-	260,251		



#### Financing commitments

			At 31 december 2	019		
		Amount of commitment				
		Performing c	commitments			
(in million of euros)	Credit risk rating grades	Commitments subject to 12-month ECL (Bucket 1)	Commitments subject to lifetime ECL (Bucket 2)	Provisioned commitments (Bucket 3)	Total	
Retail customers	PD ≤ 0,5%	32,807	44	-	32,851	
	0,5% < PD ≤ 2%	8,657	84	-	8,741	
	2% < PD ≤ 20%	6,672	1,372	-	8,044	
	20% < PD < 100%	-	345	-	345	
	PD = 100%	-	-	124	124	
Total Retail customers		48,136	1,845	124	50,105	
Non-retail customers	PD ≤ 0,6%	133,167	1,525	-	134,692	
	0,6% < PD < 12%	20,457	2,391	-	22,848	
	12% ≤ PD < 100%		922	-	922	
	PD = 100%		-	556	556	
Total Non-retail customers		153,624	4,838	556	159,018	
Provisions 1		(330)	(309)	(109)	(748)	
TOTAL		201,430	6,374	571	208,375	



			At 31 december 2	018		
		Amount of commitment				
		Performing c	commitments			
(in million of euros)	Credit risk rating grades	Commitments subject to 12-month ECL (Bucket 1)	Commitments subject to lifetime ECL (Bucket 2)	Provisioned commitments (Bucket 3)	Total	
Retail customers	PD ≤ 0,5%	28,381	109	-	28,490	
	0,5% < PD ≤ 2%	8,242	206	-	8,448	
	2% < PD ≤ 20%	8,191	1,329	-	9,520	
	20% < PD < 100%	-	256	-	256	
	PD = 100%	-	-	103	103	
Total Retail customers		44,814	1,900	103	46,817	
Non-retail customers	PD ≤ 0,6%	152,297	3,368	-	155,665	
	0,6% < PD < 12%	15,416	1,247	-	16,663	
	12% ≤ PD < 100%	-	345	-	345	
	PD = 100%	-	-	371	371	
Total Non-retail customers		167,713	4,960	371	173,044	
Provisions <sup>1</sup>		(309)	(381)	(31)	(721)	
TOTAL		212,218	6,479	443	219,140	



#### Garantee commitments

			At 31 december 2	2019			
			Amount of commitment				
		Performing c	ommitments				
(in million of euros)	Credit risk rating grades	Commitments subject to 12-month ECL (Bucket 1)	Commitments subject to lifetime ECL (Bucket 2)	Provisioned commitments (Bucket 3)	Total		
Retail customers	PD ≤ 0,5%	1,369	18	-	1,387		
	0,5% < PD ≤ 2%	470	1	-	471		
	2% < PD ≤ 20%	173	84	-	257		
	20% < PD < 100%	-	19	-	19		
	PD = 100%	-	-	112	112		
Total Retail customers		2,012	122	112	2,246		
Non-retail customers	PD ≤ 0,6%	72,438	1,400	-	73,838		
	0,6% < PD < 12%	9,055	1,281	-	10,336		
	12% ≤PD < 100%		1,421	-	1,421		
	PD = 100%	-	-	3,119	3,119		
Total Non-retail customers		81,493	4,102	3,119	88,714		
Provisions 1		(89)	(178)	(466)	(733)		
TOTAL		83,416	4,046	2,765	90,227		



			At 31 december 20	018			
			Amount of commitment				
		Performing c	commitments				
(in million of euros)	Credit risk rating grades	Commitments subject to 12-month ECL (Bucket 1)	Commitments subject to lifetime ECL (Bucket 2)	Provisioned commitments (Bucket 3)	Total		
Retail customers	PD ≤ 0,5%	1,162	25		1,187		
	0,5% < PD ≤ 2%	496	6	-	502		
	2% < PD ≤ 20%	392	85	-	477		
	20% < PD < 100%	-	28	-	28		
	PD = 100%	-	-	98	98		
Total Retail customers		2,050	144	98	2,292		
Non-retail customers	PD ≤ 0,6%	73,162	2,183	-	75,345		
	0,6% < PD < 12%	6,465	1,090	-	7,555		
	12% ≤PD < 100%	-	157	-	157		
	PD = 100%	-	-	2,845	2,845		
Total Non-retail customers		79,627	3,430	2,845	85,902		
Provisions <sup>1</sup>		(91)	(185)	(408)	(684)		
TOTAL		81,586	3,389	2,535	87,510		



#### 3.1.2 **CREDIT RISK CONCENTRATIONS BY CUSTOMER TYPE**

Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss by customer type

	31/12/2019
(in millions of euros)	Carrying amount
General administration	18
Central banks	-
Credit institutions	2
Large corporates	73
Retail customers	-
Total Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss	93

	31/12/2018
(in millions of euros)	Carrying amount
General administration	12
Central banks	
Credit institutions	5
Large corporates	55
Retail customers	
Total financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss	72



#### Financial assets at amortised cost by customer type

	At 31 december 2019			
	Carrying amount			
	Performir	ng assets		
(in millions of euros)	Assets subject to 12- month ECL (Bucket 1)	Assets subject to lifetime ECL (Bucket 2)	Credit-impaired assets (Bucket 3)	Total
General administration	82,587	294	126	83,007
Central banks	26,066	-	-	26,066
Credit institutions	99,959	33	509	100,501
Large corporates	306,770	24,245	11,336	342,351
Retail customers	525,557	40,012	11,560	577,129
Impairment	(1,840)	(3,664)	(13,971)	(19,475)
TOTAL	1,039,099	60,920	9,560	1,109,579

	At 31 december 2018			
	Carrying amount			
	Performin	Performing assets		
(in millions of euros)	Assets subject to 12- month ECL (Bucket 1)	Assets subject to lifetime ECL (Bucket 2)	Credit-impaired assets (Bucket 3)	Total
General administration	76,560	292	112	76,964
Central banks	30,140	-	-	30,140
Credit institutions	87,230	76	416	87,722
Large corporates	280,962	25,023	10,933	316,918
Retail customers	488,150	40,473	12,029	540,652
Impairment	(1,851)	(3,719)	(14,370)	(19,940)
TOTAL	961,191	62,145	9,120	1,032,456



#### Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income that may be reclassified to profit or loss by customer type

	At 31 december 2019			
	Carrying amount			
	Performing assets			
(in million of euros)	Assets subject to 12- month ECL (Bucket 1)	Assets subject to lifetime ECL (Bucket 2)	Credit-impaired assets (Bucket 3)	Total
General administration	121,806	701	-	122,507
Central banks	384	544	-	928
Credit institutions	69,392	4	-	69,396
Large corporates	74,043	1,371	-	75,414
Retail customers	51	3	-	54
TOTAL	265,676	2,623		268,299

		At 31 dece	mber 2018	
		Carrying amount		
	Performin	Performing assets		
(in million of euros)	Assets subject to 12- month ECL (Bucket 1)	Assets subject to lifetime ECL (Bucket 2)	Credit-impaired assets (Bucket 3)	Total
General administration	112,831	447	-	113,278
Central banks	1,025	-	-	1,025
Credit institutions	74,011	8		74,019
Large corporates	70,200	1,727	-	71,927
Retail customers	2	-	-	2
TOTAL	258,069	2,182	-	260,251

# DUE TO CUSTOMERS BY CUSTOMER TYPE

(in millions of euros)	31/12/2019	31/12/2018
General administration	27,037	17,997
Large corporates	298,638	272,161
Retail customers	530,387	499,677
	856,061	789,835



### Financing commitments by customer type

		At 31 decem	1ber 2019				
		Amount of commitment					
	Performing co	ommitments	Provisioned				
(in million of euros)	Commitments subject to 12-month ECL (Bucket 1)	Commitments subject to lifetime ECL (Bucket 2)	commitments (Bucket 3)	Total			
General administration	5,518	216	31	5,765			
Central banks	94	-	-	94			
Credit institutions	11,884	-	1	11,885			
Large corporates	136,770	4,622	524	141,916			
Retail customers	47,556	1,846	124	49,526			
Provisions 1	(330)	(309)	(109)	(748)			
TOTAL	201,492	6,375	571	208,438			

<sup>1</sup> Expected or proven losses in respect of off-balance sheet commitments are covered by provisions recognised as liabilities on the balance sheet.

		At 31 december 2018				
	Amount of commitment					
	Performing co	ommitments	Provisioned			
	Commitments subject	Commitments subject	commitments	Total		
(in million of euros)	to 12-month ECL (Bucket 1)	to lifetime ECL (Bucket 2)	(Bucket 3)			
General administration	6,824	11	1	6,836		
Central banks	641	-	-	641		
Credit institutions	23,882	-	1	23,883		
Large corporates	136,244	4,965	369	141,578		
Retail customers	44,937	1,884	102	46,923		
Provisions 1	(309)	(381)	(31)	(721)		
TOTAL	212,219	6,479	442	219,140		

' Expected or proven losses in respect of off-balance sheet commitments are covered by provisions recognised as liabilities on the balance sheet.



## Guarantee commitments by customer type

		At 31 decemb	per 2019				
		Amount of commitment					
	Performing co	ommitments	Provisioned				
(in million of euros)	Commitments subject to 12-month ECL (Bucket 1)	Commitments subject to lifetime ECL (Bucket 2)	commitments (Bucket 3)	Total			
General administration	350	6	-	356			
Central banks	511	-	-	511			
Credit institutions	7,874	28	47	7,949			
Large corporates	72,772	4,068	3,071	79,911			
Retail customers	2,012	122	112	2,246			
Provisions 1	(89)	(177)	(466)	(732)			
TOTAL	83,430	4,047	2,764	90,241			

<sup>1</sup> Expected or proven losses in respect of off-balance sheet commitments are covered by provisions recognised as liabilities on the balance sheet.

		At 31 december 2018					
		Amount of commitment					
	Performing co	ommitments	Provisioned				
(in million of euros)	Commitments subject to 12-month ECL (Bucket 1)	Commitments subject to lifetime ECL (Bucket 2)	commitments (Bucket 3)	Total			
General administration	387	9	-	396			
Central banks	568	-	-	568			
Credit institutions	7,912	28	65	8,005			
Large corporates	70,729	3,407	2,779	76,915			
Retail customers	2,081	131	98	2,310			
Provisions 1	(91)	(185)	(408)	(684)			
TOTAL	81,586	3,390	2,534	87,510			

 $\frac{1}{4}$  Expected or proven losses in respect of off-balance sheet commitments are covered by provisions recognised as liabilities on the balance sheet.



#### **CREDIT RISK CONCENTRATIONS BY GEOGRAPHICAL AREA**

# FINANCIAL ASSETS AT AMORTISED COST BY GEOGRAPHICAL AREA

		At 31 december 20	19		
	Carrying amount				
	Performi	ng assets			
(in millions of euros)	Assets subject to 12- month ECL (Bucket 1)	Assets subject to lifetime ECL (Bucket 2)	Credit-impaired assets (Bucket 3)	Total	
France (including overseas departments and territories)	765,087	48,885	14,394	828,366	
Other European Union countries	152,660	8,118	6,190	166,968	
Other European countries	21,008	934	352	22,294	
North America	35,190	973	398	36,561	
Central and South America	9,495	1,221	692	11,408	
Africa and Middle East	17,546	2,241	1,247	21,034	
Asia-Pacific (ex. Japan)	31,333	1,724	258	33,316	
Japan	5,950	487	-	6,437	
Supranational organisations	2,670	-	-	2,670	
Impairment	(1,840)	(3,664)	(13,971)	(19,475)	
TOTAL	1,039,099	60,920	9,560	1,109,579	



		At 31 december 20	18			
	Carrying amount					
	Performing assets					
(in millions of euros)	Assets subject to 12- month ECL (Bucket 1)	Assets subject to lifetime ECL (Bucket 2)	Credit-impaired assets (Bucket 3)	Total		
France (including overseas departments and territories)	705,835	48,520	14,255	768,610		
Other European Union countries	151,018	8,616	6,421	166,055		
Other European countries	18,029	1,218	376	19,623		
North America	31,939	879	129	32,947		
Central and South America	8,814	1,583	709	11,106		
Africa and Middle East	14,878	2,006	1,285	18,169		
Asia-Pacific (ex. Japan)	24,986	2,752	315	28,053		
Japan	5,223	290	-	5,513		
Supranational organisations	2,320	-	-	2,320		
Impairment	(1,851)	(3,719)	(14,370)	(19,940)		
TOTAL	961,191	62,145	9,120	1,032,456		



# FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME THAT MAY BE RECLASSIFIED TO PROFIT OR LOSS BY GEOGRAPHICAL AREA

		At 31 december 201	19		
	Carrying amount				
	Performi	ng assets			
	Assets subject to 12-	Assets subject to lifetime	Credit-impaired		
(in million of euros)	month ECL (Bucket 1)	ECL (Bucket 2)	assets (Bucket 3)	Total	
France (including overseas departments and territories)	131,478	895	-	132,373	
Other European Union countries	101,245	921	-	102,166	
Other European countries	4,209		_	4,209	
North America	19,003	3	_	19,006	
Central and South America	333	-	-	333	
Africa and Middle East	566	804	_	1,370	
Asia-Pacific (ex. Japan)	5,569	-	_	5,569	
Japan	639	-	_	639	
Supranational organisations	2,634	-	-	2,634	
TOTAL	265,676	2,623		268,299	

		At 31 december 201	8		
	Carrying amount				
	Performir	ng assets			
(in million of euros)	Assets subject to 12- month ECL (Bucket 1)	Assets subject to lifetime ECL (Bucket 2)	Credit-impaired assets (Bucket 3)	Tota	
France (including overseas departments and territories)	127,771	1,095	-	128,866	
Other European Union countries	92,497	1,087	-	93,584	
Other European countries	4,354	-	-	4,354	
North America	21,075	-	-	21,07	
Central and South America	238	-	-	23	
Africa and Middle East	1,346	-	-	1,34	
Asia-Pacific (ex. Japan)	6,027	-	-	6,02	
Japan	426	-	-	42	
Supranational organisations	4,335	-	-	4,33	
TOTAL	258,069	2,182	-	260,25	



# DUE TO CUSTOMERS BY GEOGRAPHICAL AREA

(in millions of euros)	31/12/2019	31/12/2018
France (including overseas departments and territories)	644,848	599,850
Other European Union countries	131,694	115,126
Other European countries	15,881	16,610
North America	14,658	14,364
Central and South America	4,471	4,202
Africa and Middle East	18,186	12,946
Asia-Pacific (ex. Japan)	13,030	12,915
Japan	13,284	13,733
Supranational organisations	9	89
TOTAL AMOUNT DUE TO CUSTOMERS	856,061	789,835



#### FINANCING COMMITMENTS BY GEOGRAPHICAL AREA

		At 31 december 2019	,			
		Amount of commitment				
	Performing o	commitments	-			
		Commitments subject to	Provisioned			
	12-month ECL	lifetime ECL	commitments	Tatal		
(in million of euros)	(Bucket 1)	(Bucket 2)	(Bucket 3)	Total		
France (including overseas departments and territories)	111,021	3,491	347	114,859		
Other European Union countries	41,941	1,498	165	43,604		
Other European countries	6,558	175	71	6,804		
North America <sup>1</sup>	26,043	1,102	80	27,225		
Central and South America	3,395	63	17	3,475		
Africa and Middle East	5,332	240	-	5,572		
Asia-Pacific (ex. Japan)	6,574	85	-	6,659		
Japan	959	29	-	988		
Supranational organisations	-	-	-	-		
Provisions <sup>1</sup>	(330)	(309)	(109)	(748)		
TOTAL	201,493	6,374	571	208,438		

<sup>1</sup> Expected or proven losses in respect of off-balance sheet commitments are covered by provisions recognised as liabilities on the balance sheet.



		At 31 december 2018					
		Amount of commitme	nt				
	Performing c	commitments					
(in million of euros)	Commitments subject to 12-month ECL (Bucket 1)	Commitments subject to lifetime ECL (Bucket 2)	Provisioned commitments (Bucket 3)	Total			
France (including overseas departments			(BUCKETS)	Total			
and territories)	113,134	3,431	311	116,876			
Other European Union countries	45,789	1,537	133	47,459			
Other European countries	6,651	226	13	6,890			
North America <sup>1</sup>	26,979	1,160	13	28,152			
Central and South America	3,185	149	-	3,334			
Africa and Middle East	5,774	155	3	5,932			
Asia-Pacific (ex. Japan)	7,424	202	-	7,626			
Japan	3,592	-	-	3,592			
Supranational organisations	-	-	-	-			
Provisions 1	(309)	(381)	(31)	(721)			
TOTAL	212,219	6,479	442	219,140			

<sup>1</sup> Expected or proven losses in respect of off-balance sheet commitments are covered by provisions recognised as liabilities on the balance sheet.



#### **GUARANTEE COMMITMENTS BY GEOGRAPHICAL AREA**

		Amount of commitment				
	Performing o	commitments				
		Commitments subject to	Provisioned			
(in million of euros)	12-month ECL (Bucket 1)	lifetime ECL (Bucket 2)	commitments (Bucket 3)	Total		
France (including overseas departments and territories)	38,641	772	594	40,007		
Other European Union countries	16,317	1,632	2,134	20,083		
Other European countries	4,350	698	-	5,048		
North America	10,244	635	397	11,276		
Central and South America	1,059	1	29	1,089		
Africa and Middle East	3,329	66	76	3,471		
Asia-Pacific (ex. Japan)	6,732	236	-	6,968		
Japan	2,846	185	-	3,031		
Supranational organisations	-	-	-	-		
Provisions <sup>1</sup>	(89)	(178)	(465)	(732)		
TOTAL	83,429	4,047	2,765	90,241		

'Expected or proven losses in respect of off-balance sheet commitments are covered by provisions recognised as liabilities on the balance sheet.



		Amount of commitme	ent	
	Performing c	commitments		
	Commitments subject to 12-month ECL	Commitments subject to lifetime ECL	Provisioned commitments	
(in million of euros)	(Bucket 1)	(Bucket 2)	(Bucket 3)	Total
France (including overseas departments and territories)	37,645	781	454	38,880
Other European Union countries	16,659	1,221	2,352	20,232
Other European countries	4,201	607	-	4,808
North America	9,829	312	24	10,165
Central and South America	1,485	18	69	1,572
Africa and Middle East	3,266	105	43	3,414
Asia-Pacific (ex. Japan)	5,397	298	-	5,695
Japan	3,195	233	-	3,428
Supranational organisations	-	-	-	-
Provisions <sup>1</sup>	(91)	(185)	(408)	(684)
TOTAL	81,586	3,390	2,534	87,510

'Expected or proven losses in respect of off-balance sheet commitments are covered by provisions recognised as liabilities on the balance sheet.



#### 3.1.3 INFORMATION ON WATCH LIST OR INDIVIDUALLY IMPAIRED FINANCIAL ASSETS

# Analysis of watch list or individually impaired financial assets by customer type

					31/12/2019					
	increase	s without sign e in credit risk recognition (I	since	increas initial	ssets with sigr e in credit risl recognition l impaired (Bud	c since but not	e Credit-impaire ot (E		ed assets Bucket 3)	
	< 0.0	> 30 days	. 00	< 0.0	> 30 days		< 00	> 30 days	. 00	
(in millions of euros)	≤ 30 days	up to ≤ 90 days	> 90 days	≤ 30 days	up to ≤ 90 days	> 90 days	≤ 30 days	up to ≤ 90 days	> 90 days	
Debt securities	914	-	-	-	357	-	-	-	-	
General administration	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Central banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Credit institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Large corporates	914	-	-	-	357	-	-	-	-	
Retail customers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total financial assets	5,615	1,298	-	3,133	1,597	17	287	311	5,992	
General administration	346	86	-	5	3	-	-	-	46	
Central banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Credit institutions	37	101	-	-	-	-	-	-	59	
Large corporates	2,746	832	-	759	552	11	64	58	2,864	
Retail customers	2,487	279	-	2,369	1,041	7	223	253	3,023	
TOTAL	6,530	1,298	-	3,133	1,954	17	287	311	5,992	

		31/12/2018	
ထ္လ (in millions of euros)	Assets without significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition (Bucket 1)	Assets with significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition but not impaired (Bucket 2)	Credit-impaired assets (Bucket 3)



	≤ 30 days	> 30 days up to ≤ 90 days	> 90 days	≤ 30 days	> 30 days up to ≤ 90 days	> 90 days	≤ 30 days	> 30 days up to ≤ 90 days	> 90 days
Debt securities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
General administration	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Central banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Credit institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Large corporates	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Retail customers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Loans and receivables	7,247	1,274	-	2,798	1,649	45	210	647	6,622
General administration	413	167	-	3	1	-	-	-	67
Central banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Credit institutions	108	24	-	2	1	-	-	-	-
Large corporates	3,918	692	-	482	791	10	31	313	3,519
Retail customers	2,808	391	-	2,311	856	35	179	334	3,036
TOTAL	7,247	1,274	-	2,798	1,649	45	210	647	6,622



#### 3.2 Market risk

(See chapter on « Risk factors – Market risk »)

# DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS : ANALYSIS BY REMAINING MATURITY

The breakdown of market values of derivative instruments is shown by remaining contractual maturity.

#### **HEDGING DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS - FAIR VALUE OF ASSETS**

			:	31/12/2019			
		hange-trad ransactions			er-the-coun ransactions		
(in millions of euros)	≤ l year	> 1 year up to ≤ 5 years	> 5 years	≤ 1 year	> 1 year up to ≤ 5 years	> 5 years	Total market value
Interest rate instruments	-	-	-	2,638	4,677	12,868	20,183
Futures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
FRAs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest rate swaps	-	-	-	2,610	4,669	12,859	20,138
Interest rate options	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Caps - floors - collars	-	-	-	28	8	9	45
Other options	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Currency instruments	-	-	-	150	55	14	219
Currency futures	-	-	-	150	55	14	219
Currency options	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other instruments	-	-	-	36	-	-	36
Others	-	-	-	36	-	-	36
Subtotal		-	-	2,824	4,732	12,882	20,438
Forward currency transactions	-	-	-	499	3	7	509
TOTAL FAIR VALUE OF HEDGING DERIVATIVES - ASSETS	-	-	-	3,323	4,735	12,889	20,947



			;	31/12/2018			
		hange-trac ransactions			er-the-cour ransactions		
(in millions of euros)	≤ 1 year	> 1 year up to ≤ 5 years	> 5 years	≤ 1 year	> 1 year up to ≤ 5 years	> 5 years	Total market value
Interest rate instruments	-	-	-	1,636	5,979	7,814	15,430
Futures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
FRAs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest rate swaps	-	-	-	1,546	5,971	7,810	15,328
Interest rate options	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Caps - floors - collars	-	-	-	90	8	4	102
Other options	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Currency	-	-	-	100	49	19	168
Currency futures	-	-	-	100	49	19	168
Currency options	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other instruments	-	-	-	46	-	-	46
Other	-	-	-	46	-	-	46
Subtotal	-	-	-	1,782	6,028	7,834	15,644
Forward currency transactions	-	-	-	170	4	11	185
TOTAL FAIR VALUE OF HEDGING DERIVATIVES - ASSETS	-	-	-	1,952	6,032	7,845	15,829



## HEDGING DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS – FAIR VALUE OF LIABILITIES

			:	31/12/2019			
		hange-trac			er-the-cour transaction		
(in millions of euros)	≤ 1 year	> 1 year up to ≤ 5 years	> 5 years	≤1 year	> 1 year up to ≤ 5 years	> 5 years	Total market value
Interest rate instruments	-	-	-	1,754	5,267	13,001	20,022
Futures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
FRAs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest rate swaps	-	-	-	1,754	5,259	13,001	20,014
Interest rate options	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Caps - floors - collars	-	-	-	-	8	-	8
Other options	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Currency instruments	-	-	-	154	3	16	173
Currency futures	-	-	-	154	3	16	173
Currency options	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other instruments	-	-	-	24	-	-	24
Others	-	-	-	24	-	-	24
Subtotal		-	-	1,932	5,270	13,017	20,219
Forward currency transactions	-	-	-	275	2	2	279
TOTAL FAIR VALUE OF HEDGING DERIVATIVES - LIABILITIES		-	-	2,207	5,272	13,019	20,498



			;	31/12/2018			
		hange-trad ransactions			er-the-coun ransactions		
(in millions of euros)	≤ 1 year	> 1 year up to ≤ 5 years	> 5 years	≤1 year	> 1 year up to ≤ 5 years	> 5 years	Total market value
Interest rate instruments	-	-	-	1,255	5,553	8,936	15,744
Futures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
FRAs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest rate swaps	-	-	-	1,246	5,548	8,936	15,729
Interest rate options	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Caps - floors - collars	-	-	-	9	6	-	15
Other options	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Currency instruments	-	-	-	111	3	5	119
Currency futures	-	-	-	111	3	5	119
Currency options	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other instruments	-	-	-	65	-	-	65
Others	-	-	-	65	-	-	65
Subtotal	-	-	-	1,431	5,557	8,941	15,928
Forward currency transactions	-	-	-	238	2	2	242
TOTAL FAIR VALUE OF HEDGING DERIVATIVES - LIABILITIES	-	-	-	1,669	5,559	8,943	16,170



# DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS HELD FOR TRADING - FAIR VALUE OF ASSETS

			;	31/12/2019			
		hange-trac			er-the-cour transaction		
(in millions of euros)	≤ 1 year	> 1 year up to ≤ 5 years	> 5 years	≤1 year	> 1 year up to ≤ 5 years	> 5 years	Total market value
Interest rate instruments	9	2	-	2,207	17,554	50,949	70,721
Futures	2	-	-	-	-	-	2
FRAs	-	-	-	3	44	-	47
Interest rate swaps	-	-	-	1,622	13,633	37,803	53,058
Interest rate options	-	-	-	121	2,455	11,869	14,445
Caps - floors - collars	-	-	-	461	1,422	1,277	3,160
Other options	7	2	-	-	-	-	9
Currency instruments	-	-	-	4,217	3,052	2,932	10,201
Currency futures	-	-	-	3,367	2,047	2,381	7,796
Currency options	-	-	-	850	1,005	550	2,405
Other instruments	352	451	71	1,599	4,944	1,484	8,901
Equity and index derivatives	352	451	71	1,323	4,815	1,113	8,125
Precious metal derivatives	-	-	-	43	-	-	43
Commodities derivatives	-	-	-	1	-	-	1
Credit derivatives	-	-	-	35	99	54	188
Others	-	-	-	197	30	317	544
Subtotal	361	453	71	8,023	25,551	55,365	89,823
Forward currency transactions	-	-	-	8,610	1,111	51	9,773
TOTAL FAIR VALUE OF TRANSACTION DERIVATIVES - ASSETS	361	453	71	16,633	26,662	55,416	99,596



				31/12/2018			
		hange-trac ransactions			er-the-cour transactions		
(in millions of euros)	≤ 1 year	> 1 year up to ≤ 5 years	> 5 years	≤ 1 year	> 1 year up to ≤ 5 years	> 5 years	Total market value
Interest rate instruments	687	1,460	2,207	2,319	16,018	41,579	64,272
Futures	674	1,458	2,207	-	-	-	4,340
FRAs	-	-	-	3	-	-	3
Interest rate swaps	-	-	-	1,551	12,129	29,454	43,135
Interest rate options	-	-	-	309	2,082	10,730	13,121
Caps - floors - collars	-	-	-	456	1,807	1,395	3,658
Other options	13	2	-	-	-	-	15
Currency	29	-	-	3,988	2,480	2,691	9,188
Currency futures	29	-	-	2,929	1,596	2,218	6,772
Currency options	-	-	-	1,059	884	473	2,416
Other instruments	563	245	51	1,705	3,659	1,278	7,503
Equity and index derivatives	563	245	51	1,046	3,658	1,240	6,804
Precious metal derivatives	-	-	-	30	1	-	31
Commodities derivatives	-	-	-	1	-	-	1
Credit derivatives	-	-	-	528	-	35	563
Other	-	-	-	100	-	3	104
Subtotal	1,279	1,705	2,258	8,012	22,157	45,548	80,963
Forward currency transactions	-	-	-	10,932	1,155	48	12,136
TOTAL FAIR VALUE OF TRANSACTION DERIVATIVES - ASSETS	1,279	1,705	2,258	18,944	23,312	45,596	93,099



# DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS HELD FOR TRADING – FAIR VALUE OF LIABILITIES

			;	31/12/2019			
		hange-trac ransactions			er-the-cour transactions		
(in millions of euros)	≤ 1 year	> 1 year up to ≤ 5 years	> 5 years	≤ 1 year	> 1 year up to ≤ 5 years	> 5 years	Total market value
Interest rate instruments	143	-	-	2,185	17,253	51,780	71,361
Futures	140	-	-	-	-	-	140
FRAs	-	-	-	24	-	-	24
Interest rate swaps	-	-	-	1,820	13,277	37,216	52,313
Interest rate options	-	-	-	230	2,358	12,697	15,285
Caps - floors - collars	-	-	-	112	1,505	1,867	3,484
Other options	3	-	-	-	113	-	115
Currency instruments	-	-	-	4,432	2,668	2,602	9,702
Currency futures	-	-	-	3,502	2,144	2,313	7,959
Currency options	-	-	-	930	524	289	1,743
Other instruments	230	422	102	832	3,130	926	5,642
Equity and index derivatives	230	422	102	355	2,663	802	4,574
Precious metal derivatives	-	-	-	30	1	-	31
Commodities derivatives	-	-	-	1	-	-	1
Credit derivatives	-	-	-	226	407	37	670
Others	-	-	-	220	59	87	366
Subtotal	373	422	102	7,449	23,051	55,308	86,705
Forward currency transactions	-	-	-	8,487	1,700	220	10,407
TOTAL FAIR VALUE OF TRANSACTION DERIVATIVES - LIABILITIES	373	422	102	15,936	24,751	55,528	97,112



			:	31/12/2018			
		hange-trac ransactions			er-the-cour transactions		
(in millions of euros)	≤ 1 year	> 1 year up to ≤ 5 years	> 5 years	≤ 1 year	> 1 year up to ≤ 5 years	> 5 years	Total market value
Interest rate instruments	739	1,113	2,077	2,114	15,586	41,941	63,569
Futures	732	1,112	2,077	-	-	-	3,920
FRAs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest rate swaps	-	-	-	1,828	11,929	29,220	42,976
Interest rate options	-	-	-	132	1,608	10,795	12,535
Caps - floors - collars	-	-	-	153	1,888	1,926	3,968
Other options	7	1	-	1	161	-	170
Currency	103	-	-	3,477	2,173	2,266	8,018
Currency futures	103	-	-	2,441	1,862	1,889	6,293
Currency options	-	-	-	1,036	311	377	1,725
Other instruments	251	518	190	1,636	1,778	1,540	5,914
Equity and index derivatives	251	518	190	720	1,693	1,493	4,865
Precious metal derivatives	-	-	-	40	-	-	41
Commodities derivatives	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Credit derivatives	-	-	-	760	82	41	883
Other	-	-	-	116	3	6	125
Subtotal	1,093	1,631	2,267	7,227	19,537	45,747	77,501
Forward currency transactions	-	-	-	11,502	1,909	13	13,426
TOTAL FAIR VALUE OF TRANSACTION DERIVATIVES - LIABILITIES	1,093	1,631	2,267	18,729	21,446	45,760	90,927



#### **DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS: TOTAL COMMITMENTS**

	31/12/2019	31/12/2018
(in millions of euros)	Total notional amount outstanding	Total notional amount outstanding
Interest rate instruments	11,546,983	9,793,671
Futures	155,916	2,630,799
FRAs	2,671,646	2,180
Interest rate swaps	7,153,325	5,771,983
Interest rate options	838,944	719,832
Caps - floors - collars	517,624	471,924
Other options	209,528	196,953
Currency instruments	498,301	580,125
Currency futures	285,748	288,760
Currency options	212,553	291,365
Other instruments	160,084	127,194
Equity and index derivatives	104,196	90,317
Precious metal derivatives	3,848	4,433
Commodities derivatives	22	8
Credit derivatives	25,089	29,196
Others	26,929	3,240
Subtotal	12,205,368	10,500,990
Forward currency transactions	2,055,084	1,879,898
TOTAL NOTIONAL AMOUNT	14,260,452	12,380,888



#### Liquidity and financing risk 3.3

(See chapter on "Risk factors - Asset/Liability Management")

#### LOANS AND RECEIVABLES DUE FROM CREDIT INSTITUTIONS AND DUE FROM CUSTOMERS BY RESIDUAL MATURITY

			31/12/201	9		
(in millions of euros)	≤ 3 months	> 3 months to ≤ 1 year	> 1 year to ≤ 5 years	> 5 years	Indefinite	Total
Loans and receivables due from credit institutions	52,214	4,564	43,561	1,026	-	101,365
Loans and receivables due from customers (including finance leases)	124,186	92,627	313,377	396,655	5,641	932,486
Total	176,400	97,191	356,938	397,681	5,641	1,033,851
Impairment						(19,406)
TOTAL LOANS AND RECEIVABLES DUE FROM CREDIT INSTITUTIONS AND FROM CUSTOMERS						1,014,445

	31/12/2018							
(in millions of euros)	≤ 3 months	> 3 months to ≤ 1 year	> 1 year to ≤ 5 years	> 5 years	Indefinite	Total		
Loans and receivables due from credit institutions	50,789	6,630	37,593	2,600		97,612		
Loans and receivables due from customers (including finance leases)	113,648	85,027	299,730	371,559	4,192	874,156		
Total	164,437	91,657	337,323	374,159	4,192	971,768		
Impairment						(19,893)		



#### DUE TO CREDIT INSTITUTIONS AND TO CUSTOMERS BY RESIDUAL MATURITY

(in millions of euros)	≤ 3 months	> 3 months to ≤ 1 year	> 1 year to ≤ 5 years	> 5 years	Indefinite	Total
Due to credit institutions	59,753	13,940	21,540	7,027	-	102,260
Due to customers	763,225	46,608	38,059	8,169	-	856,061
TOTAL AMOUNT DUE TO CREDIT INSTITUTIONS AND TO CUSTOMERS	822,978	60,548	59,599	15,196	-	958,321

			31/12/20	18		
(in millions of euros)	≤ 3 months	> 3 months to ≤ 1 year	> 1 year to ≤ 5 years	> 5 years	Indefinite	Total
Due to credit institutions	52,397	11,271	24,781	7,521	-	95,970
Due to customers	679,787	50,415	51,741	7,892	-	789,835
TOTAL AMOUNT DUE TO CREDIT INSTITUTIONS AND TO CUSTOMERS	732,184	61,686	76,522	15,413	-	885,805

#### **DEBT SECURITIES AND SUBORDINATED DEBT**

			31/12/2019	9		
(in millions of euros)	≤ 3 months	> 3 months to ≤ 1 year	> 1 year to ≤ 5 years	> 5 years	Indefinite	Tota
Debt securities						
Interest bearing notes	2	3	8	-	-	1;
Interbank securities	706	835	6,195	1,553		9,28
Negotiable debt securities	55,080	36,510	5,623	104		97,312
Bonds	3,454	4,891	51,157	43,537		103,039
Other debt securities	592	794	2,322	-		3,708
TOTAL DEBT SECURITIES	59,834	43,033	65,305	45,194	-	213,360
Subordinated debt						
Dated subordinated debt	237	1,230	1,986	17,334	-	20,787
Undated subordinated debt	12	-		-	633	645
Mutual security deposits	1			-	167	168
Participating securities and loans	62	-	-	-	-	62
TOTAL SUBORDINATED DEBT	312	1,230	1,986	17,334	800	21,662



			31/12/2018	В		
(in millions of euros)	≤ 3 months	> 3 months to ≤ 1 year	> 1 year to ≤ 5 years	> 5 years	Indefinite	Total
Debt securities						
Interest bearing notes	56	58	26	-	-	140
Interbank securities	329	1,576	6,273	2,128	-	10,306
Negotiable debt securities	51,823	31,940	6,773	231	-	90,768
Bonds	4,947	5,023	41,677	42,285	-	93,931
Other debt securities	887	937	1,258	-	-	3,081
TOTAL DEBT SECURITIES	58,042	39,534	56,007	44,644	<u> </u>	198,227
Subordinated debt						
Dated subordinated debt	231	2,232	2,639	15,470		20,572
Undated subordinated debt	-	-		-	1,959	1,959
Mutual security deposits	1		-		161	162
Participating securities and loans	62		-		-	62
TOTAL SUBORDINATED DEBT	294	2,232	2,639	15,470	2,120	22,755

# FINANCIAL GUARANTEES AT RISK GIVEN BY EXPECTED MATURITY

The amounts presented correspond to the expected amount of the call of financial guarantees at risk, i.e. guarantees that have been impaired or are on a watch-list.

			31/12/2	2019		
(in millions of euros)	≤ 3 months	> 3 months to ≤1 year	> 1 year to ≤ 5 years	> 5 years	Indefinite	Total
Financial guarantees given	111	635	-	-	-	746
			31/12/2	2018		
(in millions of euros)	≤ 3 months	> 3 months to ≤ 1 year	31/12/2 > 1 year to ≤ 5 years	2018 > 5 years	Indefinite	Total

Contractual maturities of derivative instruments are given in Note 3.2 "Market risk".



# 3.4 Cash flow and fair value interest rate and foreign exchange hedging

(See note 3.2 "Market Risk" and chapter on « Risk factors – Asset/Liability Management »)

#### FAIR VALUE HEDGES

A fair value hedge modifies the risk caused by changes in the fair value of a fixed-rate financial instrument as a result of changes in interest rates. Fair value hedges transform fixed-rate assets or liabilities into floating-rate assets or liabilities.

Items hedged are principally fixed-rate loans, securities, deposits and subordinated debt.

#### FUTURE CASH FLOW HEDGES

A cash flow hedge modifies the risk related to variability in cash flows arising from floating-rate financial instruments.

Items hedged are principally floating-rate loans and deposits.

#### HEDGE OF NET INVESTMENT IN FOREIGN CURRENCY

A hedge of a net investment in foreign currency modifies the risk inherent in exchange rate fluctuations connected with foreign currency investments in subsidiaries.

#### **HEDGING DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS**

		31/12/2019				
	Market	Market value				
(in millions of euros)	positive	negative	Notional amount			
Fair value hedges	18,888	20,147	988,903			
Interest rate	18,442	19,914	947,732			
Foreign exchange	446	233	41,171			
Others	-	-	-			
Cash flow hedges	2,048	318	65,313			
Interest rate	1,741	107	27,557			
Foreign exchange	271	187	37,632			
Others	36	24	124			
Hedges of net investments in foreign operations	11	33	2,879			
TOTAL HEDGING DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS	20,947	20,498	1,057,095			



		31/12/2018		
	Market value			
(in millions of euros)	positive	negative	Notional amount	
Fair value hedges	14,132	15,742	948,264	
Interest rate	13,881	15,514	910,644	
Foreign exchange	251	228	37,620	
Other	-	-	-	
Cash flow hedges	1,687	381	62,618	
Interest rate	1,548	231	28,325	
Foreign exchange	93	85	34,153	
Other	46	65	140	
Hedges of net investments in foreign operations	9	48	4,543	
TOTAL HEDGING DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS	15,828	16,171	1,015,425	



# DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS : ANALYSIS BY REMAINING MATURITY (NOTIONALS)

The breakdown of notionals values of derivative instruments is shown by remaining contractual maturity.

		31/12/2019					
	Exc	change-traded		c	Over-the-counter		
(in millions of euros)	> ≤1year	1 year up to ≤ 5 years	> 5 years	≤1 year	> 1 year up to ≤ 5 years	> 5 years	Total notional
Interest rate instruments	-	-	- 0 years	375,298	286,535	313,456	975,289
Futures		-	-	-	-	-	-
FRAs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interest rate swaps	-	-	-	375,197	284,651	310,157	970,005
Interest rate options		-	-	-			-
Caps - floors - collars			-	101	1,884	3,299	5,284
Other options			-	-		-	<u> </u>
Currency instruments	-		-	9,658	1,051	-	10,709
Currency futures			-	9,658	1,051	-	10,709
Currency options		-	_	-			-
Other instruments	-	-	-	124	-	-	124
Others		-	-	124	-	-	124
Subtotal	-	-	-	385,080	287,586	313,456	986,122
Forward currency transactions		-	-	68,264	785	1,924	70,973
TOTAL NOTIONAL OF HEDGING DERIVATIVES	-	-	-	453,344	288,371	315,380	1,057,095

Note 3.2 "Market risk - Derivative instruments: analysis by remaining maturity" breaks down the market value of hedging derivative instruments by remaining contractual maturity.



	31/12/2018						
	Exchange-traded			(	Over-the-counter		
(in millions of euros)	> i ≤1 year	year up to ≤ 5 years	> 5 years	≤1 year	> 1 year up to ≤5 years	> 5 years	Total notional
Interest rate instruments	-	_	_	295,698	315,834	327,437	938,969
Futures	-		-	-		-	-
FRAs		-	-	-		-	-
Interest rate swaps	-	-	-	294,786	314,433	324,029	933,248
Interest rate options		-	-	-	-	-	-
Caps - floors - collars	-	-	-	912	1,401	3,408	5,721
Other options		-	-	-	-	-	-
Currency instruments	-	-	-	12,350	1,984	-	14,334
Currency futures		-	-	12,350	1,984	-	14,334
Currency options			-	-		-	-
Other instruments	-	-	-	140	-	-	140
Other		-	-	140	-		140
Subtotal	-	-	-	308,188	317,818	327,437	953,443
Forward currency transactions		-	-	57,192	2,082	2,707	61,981
TOTAL NOTIONAL OF HEDGING DERIVATIVES	_	-	-	365,380	319,900	330,144	1,015,424



### FAIR VALUE HEDGE

# Hedging derivative instruments

	31/12/2019				
	Carrying a	mount	Changes in fair value during the		
(in millions of euros)	Assets	Liabilities	period (of which end of hedges during the period)	Notional Amount	
Fair value hedges					
Exchange-traded	-	-	-	-	
Interest rate	-	-	-	-	
Futures	-	-	-	-	
Options	-	-		-	
Foreign exchange	-	-	-	-	
Futures	-	-	-	-	
Options	-	-	-	-	
Others	-	-	-	-	
Over-the-counter markets	6,145	7,256	1,395	301,295	
Interest rate	5,699	7,023	1,251	260,124	
Futures	5,698	7,023	1,288	259,338	
Options	1	-	(37)	786	
Foreign exchange	446	233	144	41,171	
Futures	446	233	144	41,171	
Options	-	-		-	
Others	-	-	-	-	
Total Fair value micro-hedging	6,145	7,256	1,395	301,295	
Fair value hedges of the interest rate exposure of a portfolio of financial instruments	12.743	12.891	(651)	687,608	
TOTAL FAIR VALUE HEDGES	12,743	<b>20,147</b>	(831) 744	988,903	

\_Changes in the fair value of hedging derivatives are recognised under "Net gains (losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss" in the income statement.



			Changes in fair value during the	
(in millions of euros)	Assets	Liabilities	period (of which end of hedges during the period)	Notional Amount
Fair value hedges				
Exchange-traded	-	-	-	-
Interest rate	-	-	-	-
Futures	-	-	-	-
Options	-	-	-	-
Foreign exchange	-	-	-	-
Futures	-	-	-	-
Options	-	-	_	-
Other	-	-	-	-
Over-the-counter markets	3,278	6,268	788	242,171
Interest rate	3,027	6,040	753	204,551
Futures	2,942	6,040	735	203,619
Options	85	-	18	932
Foreign exchange	251	228	35	37,620
Futures	251	228	35	37,620
Options	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-
Total Fair value microhedging	3,278	6,268	788	242,171
Fair value hedges of the interest rate exposure of a portfolio of				
financial instruments	10,854	9,474	(1,420)	706,093
TOTAL FAIR VALUE HEDGES	14,132	15,742	(632)	948,264



# **Hedged items**

Micro-hedging	31/12/2019				
	Present	hedges	Ended hedges		
(in millions of euros)	Carrying amount	of which accumulated fair value hedge adjustments	Accumulated fair value hedge adjustments to be adjusted for hedging remaining to be amortised	Fair value hedge adjustments during the period (including termination of hedges during the period)	
Debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income that may be reclassified to profit or loss	31,776	68	-	200	
Interest rate	31,776	68	-	203	
Foreign exchange	-	-	-	(3)	
Others	-	-	-	-	
Debt instruments at amortised cost	101,828	3,284	2	906	
Interest rate	89,219	3,284	2	1,012	
Foreign exchange	12,609	-	-	(106)	
Others	-	-	-	-	
Total fair value hedges on assets items	133,604	3,352	2	1,106	
Debt instruments at amortised cost	158,028	4,555	4	2,504	
Interest rate	136,002	4,497	4	2,463	
Foreign exchange	22,026	58	-	41	
Others	-	-	-	-	
TOTAL FAIR VALUE HEDGES ON LIABILITIES ITEMS	158,028	4,555	4	2,504	

The fair value of the hedged portions of macro-hedged financial instruments at fair value is recognised under "Revaluation adjustment on interest rate hedged portfolios" on the balance sheet. Changes in the fair value of the hedged portions of macro-hedged financial instruments at fair value are recognised under "Net gains (losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss" in the income statement.



Micro-hedging	31/12/2018				
	Present	hedges	Ended hedges		
(in millions of euros)	Carrying amount	of which accumulated fair value hedge adjustments	Accumulated fair value hedge adjustments to be adjusted for hedging remaining to be amortised	Fair value hedge adjustments during the period (including termination of hedges during the period)	
Debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income that may be reclassified to profit or loss	36,789	449	-	(254)	
Interest rate	36,739	449	-	(254)	
Foreign exchange	50	-	-	-	
Other	-	-	-	-	
Debt instruments at amortised cost	78,381	2,399	2	(3)	
Interest rate	62,541	2,397	2	(60)	
Foreign exchange	15,840	2	-	57	
Other	-	-	-	-	
Total fair value hedges on assets items	115,170	2,848	2	(257)	
Debt instruments at amortised cost	108,604	2,034	18	531	
Interest rate	100,648	1,887	18	422	
Foreign exchange	7,956	147	-	109	
Other	-	-	-	-	
TOTAL FAIR VALUE HEDGES ON LIABILITIES ITEMS	108,604	2,034	18	531	



Macro-hedging	31/12/2019		
(in millions of euros)	Carrying amount	Accumulated fair value hedge adjustments to be adjusted for hedging remaining to be adjusted, on ended hedges	
Debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income that may be reclassified to profit or loss	6,424	-	
Debt instruments at amortised cost	423,580	396	
Total - Assets	430,004	396	
Debt instruments at amortised cost	264,911	195	
Total - Liabilities	264,911	195	

Macro-hedging	31/12/2018		
_(in millions of euros)	Accumulated fair value hedge adjusted fair value hedge adjusted for hedging remaini adjusted, on ended		
Debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income that may be reclassified to profit or loss	159	-	
Debt instruments at amortised cost	358,886	436	
Total - Assets	359,045	436	
Debt instruments at amortised cost	382,353	557	
Total - Liabilities	382,353	557	

The fair value of the hedged portions of macro-hedged financial instruments at fair value is recognised under "Revaluation adjustment on interest rate hedged portfolios" on the balance sheet. Changes in the fair value of the hedged portions of macro-hedged financial instruments at fair value are recognised under "Net gains (losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss" in the income statement.



# Gains (losses) from hedge accounting

		31/12/2019					
	Net Income (Total	Net Income (Total Gains (losses) from hedge accounting)					
(in millions of euros)	Change in fair value of hedging derivatives (including termination of hedges)	Change in fair value of hedged items (including termination of hedges)	Hedge ineffectiveness portion				
Interest rate	600	(623)	(23)				
Foreign exchange	144	(149)	(5)				
Others	-	-	-				
TOTAL	744	(772)	(28)				

		31/12/2018				
	Net Income (Total	Net Income (Total Gains (losses) from hedge accounting)				
(in millions of euros)	Change in fair value of hedging derivatives (including termination of hedges)Change in fair value of hedged items (including termination of hedges)He ineffective po					
Interest rate	(667)	674	7			
Foreign exchange	35	(52)	(16)			
Other	-	-	-			
TOTAL	(632)	622	(9)			



# CASH FLOW HEDGES AND HEDGES OF NET INVESTMENTS IN FOREIGN OPERATION (NIH)

# Hedging derivative instruments

			31/12/2019	
	Carrying a	mount	Changes in fair value during the period	Notional
(in millions of euros)	Assets	Liabilities	(including termination of hedges during the period)	amount
Cash flow hedges	7.00010			
Exchange-traded	-	-	-	-
Interest rate	-	-	-	-
Futures	-	-	-	-
Options	-	-	-	-
Foreign exchange	-	-	-	-
Futures	-	-	-	-
Options	-	-	-	-
Others	-	-	-	-
Over-the-counter markets	1,250	259	105	38,055
Interest rate	955	82	122	7,441
Futures	955	82	122	7,426
Options	-	-	-	15
Foreign exchange	258	154	(17)	30,489
Futures	258	154	(17)	30,489
Options	-	-	-	-
Others	37	23	-	125
Total Cash flow micro-hedging	1,250	259	105	38,055
Cash flow hedges of the interest rate exposure of a portfolio of financial instruments	785	25	163	20,116
Cash flow hedges of the foreign exchange exposure of a portfolio of financial instruments	13	33	(2)	7,142
Total Cash flow macro-hedging	798	58	161	27,258
Total Cash flow hedges	2,048	318	266	65,313
HEDGES OF NET INVESTMENTS IN FOREIGN OPERATIONS	11	33	(13)	2,879



Changes in the fair value of hedging derivatives are recognised under "Other comprehensive income" save for the ineffective portion of the hedging relationship which is recognised under "Net gains (losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss" in the income statement.

			31/12/2018	
	Carrying amount		Changes in fair value during the period	Notional
(in millions of euros)	Assets	Liabilities	(including termination of hedges during the period)	amount
Cash flow hedges				
Exchange-traded	-	-	-	-
Interest rate	-	-	-	-
Futures	-	-	-	-
Options	-	-	-	-
Foreign exchange	-	-	-	-
Futures	-	-	-	-
Options	-	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	-
Over-the-counter markets	1,188	182	(21)	32,696
Interest rate	1,080	88	(19)	7,639
Futures	1,080	88	(19)	7,624
Options	-	-	-	15
Foreign exchange	62	29	(2)	24,917
Futures	62	29	(2)	24,917
Options	-	-	-	-
Other	46	65	-	140
Total Cash flow micro-hedging	1,188	182	(21)	32,696
Cash flow hedges of the interest rate exposure of a portfolio of financial instruments	468	142	(76)	20,686
Cash flow hedges of the foreign exchange exposure of a portfolio of financial instruments	31	57	(1)	9,236
Total Cash flow macro-hedging	499	199	(77)	29,922
Total Cash flow hedges	1,687	381	(98)	62,618
HEDGES OF NET INVESTMENTS IN FOREIGN OPERATIONS	9	48	(5)	4,543



#### Gains (losses) from hedge accounting

		31/12/2019	
	Other comprehensive income on items that may be reclassified to profit and loss		Net income (Hedge accounting income or loss)
(in millions of euros)	Effective portion of the hedge recognised during the period	Amount reclassified from other comprehensive income into profit or loss during the period	Hedge ineffectiveness portion
Cash flow hedges	-	-	-
Interest rate	263	-	-
Foreign exchange	(12)	-	-
Commodities	-	-	-
Others	-	-	-
Total Cash flow hedges	251	-	-
Hedges of net investments in foreign operations	(10)	-	-
TOTAL CASH FLOW HEDGES AND HEDGES OF NET INVESTMENTS IN FOREIGN OPERATIONS	241	-	-



		31/12/2018	
	Other comprehensive income on items that may be reclassified to profit and loss		Net income (Hedge accounting income or loss)
(in millions of euros)	Effective portion of the hedge recognised during the period	Amount reclassified from other comprehensive income into profit or loss during the period	Hedge ineffectiveness portion
Cash flow hedges	-	-	-
Interest rate	(95)	-	1
Foreign exchange	(3)	-	-
Commodities	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Total Cash flow hedges	(98)	-	1
Hedges of net investments in foreign operations	5	7	-
TOTAL CASH FLOW HEDGES AND HEDGES OF NET INVESTMENTS IN FOREIGN OPERATIONS	(93)	7	1



#### **3.5** Operational risks

(See chapter on "Risk factors – Operational risks")

#### 3.6 Capital management and regulatory ratios

The Crédit Agricole S.A. Finance department is tasked with ensuring the adequacy of liquidity and capital between the requirements generated by the Group's global operations and its liquidity and capital financial resources. It is responsible for monitoring the prudential and regulatory ratios (solvency, liquidity, leverage, resolution) of Crédit Agricole Group and of Crédit Agricole S.A. To this end, it sets out the principles and ensures a cohesive financial management system throughout the Group.

#### Information on capital management and compliance with regulatory ratios as required by IAS 1 is presented in the Chapter "Risk factors and pillar 3".

The Group's management of banking risks is handled by the Group Risk Management and Permanent Controls department. This department reports to the Chief Executive Officer of Crédit Agricole S.A. and its task is to control credit, financial and operational risks.

A description of these processes and commentary appear in the chapter on "Risk factors" in the management report, as allowed by IFRS 7 standard. Nonetheless, the accounting breakdowns are still presented in the financial statements.



# NOTE 4 Notes on net income and other comprehensive income

# 4.1 Interest income and expenses

(in millions of euros)	31/12/2019	31/12/2018
On financial assets at amortised cost	25,537	24,637
Interbank transactions	1,725	1,684
Crédit Agricole internal transactions	2	3
Customer transactions	21,867	21,097
Finance leases	844	959
Debt securities	1,099	894
On financial assets recognised at fair value through other comprehensive income	5,403	5,683
Interbank transactions	-	-
Customer transactions	-	-
Debt securities	5,403	5,683
Accrued interest receivable on hedging instruments	2,532	2,750
Other interest income	37	39
INTEREST AND SIMILAR INCOME 1	33,509	33,110
On financial liabilities at amortised cost	(13,108)	(12,452)
Interbank transactions	(1,367)	(1,284)
Crédit Agricole internal transactions	(2)	(1)
Customer transactions	(7,182)	(6,550)
Finance leases	(144)	(271)
Debt securities	(3,762)	(3,483)
Subordinated debt	(651)	(863)
Accrued interest receivable on hedging instruments	(2,313)	(2,119)
Other interest expenses <sup>2</sup>	(91)	(22)
INTEREST AND SIMILAR EXPENSES	(15,512)	(14,594)

<sup>1</sup> Including €339 million in impaired receivables (Bucket 3) at 31 December 2019.

<sup>2</sup> Including expenses relating to IFRS 16 lease liabilities

		31/12/2019			31/12/2018	
(in millions of euros)	Income	Expense	Net	Income	Expense	Net
Interbank transactions	266	(53)	213	225	(53)	172
Customer transactions	3,662	(259)	3,403	3,892	(281)	3,611
Securities transactions	49	(100)	(51)	38	(80)	(42)
Foreign exchange transactions	52	(44)	8	44	(44)	-
Derivative instruments and other off-balance sheet items	340	(242)	98	212	(193)	19
Payment instruments and other banking and financial services	4,468	(1,928)	2,540	4,457	(1,834)	2,623
Mutual funds management, fiduciary and similar operations	4,884	(1,536)	3,348	4,973	(1,668)	3,305
TOTAL FEES AND COMMISSIONS INCOME AND EXPENSE	13,721	(4,162)	9,559	13,841	(4,153)	9,688

# 4.2 Fees and commissions income and expense

Large customers and Retail banking (French and International) are the main contributors of the commission income from the Savings Management and Insurance and Specialized Financial Services businesses. Commission income from managing Mutual funds, trusts and similar activities are mainly related to savings and insurance management activities.

### 4.3 Net gains (losses) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss

(in millions of euros)	31/12/2019	31/12/2018
Dividends received	1,535	1,103
Unrealised or realised gains (losses) on assets/liabilities held for trading	3,890	93
Unrealised or realised gains (losses) on equity instruments at fair value through profit or	3,519	(1,380)
Unrealised or realised gains (losses) on debt instruments at fair value through profit or	3,088	(1,003)
Net gains (losses) on assets backing unit-linked contracts	6,440	(3,351)
Unrealised or realised gains (losses) on assets/liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss <sup>1</sup>	(1,767)	(139)
Net gains (losses) on Foreign exchange transactions and similar financial instruments (excluding gains or losses on hedges of net investments in foreign operations)	767	1,753
Gains (losses) from hedge accounting	(28)	(9)
NET GAINS (LOSSES) ON FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS	17,446	(2,934)

<sup>1</sup> Except spread of issuer loan for liabilities at fair value through equity non-recyclable



Analysis of net gains (losses) from hedge accounting:

	3	31/12/2019	
(in millions of euros)	Gains	Losses	Net
Fair value hedges	10,252	(10,255)	(3)
Changes in fair value of hedged items attributable to hedged risks	4,380	(5,778)	(1,398)
Changes in fair value of hedging derivatives (including termination of hedges)	5,872	(4,477)	1,395
Cash flow hedges	-	-	-
Changes in fair value of hedging derivatives - ineffective portion	-	-	-
Hedges of net investments in foreign operations	-	-	-
Changes in fair value of hedging derivatives - ineffective portion	-	-	-
Fair value hedges of the interest rate exposure of a portfolio of financial instruments	19,665	(19,690)	(25)
Changes in fair value of hedged items	10,109	(9,483)	626
Changes in fair value of hedging derivatives	9,556	(10,207)	(651)
Cash flow hedges of the interest rate exposure of a portfolio of financial instruments	-		-
Changes in fair value of hedging instrument - ineffective portion	-	-	-
TOTAL GAINS (LOSSES) FROM HEDGE ACCOUNTING	29,917	(29,945)	(28)

	3	81/12/2018	
(in millions of euros)	Gains	Losses	Net
Fair value hedges	7,806	(7,803)	3
Changes in fair value of hedged items attributable to hedged risks	3,395	(4,180)	(785)
Changes in fair value of hedging derivatives (including termination of hedges)	4,411	(3,623)	788
Cash flow hedges	-	-	-
Changes in fair value of hedging derivatives - ineffective portion	-	-	-
Hedges of net investments in foreign operations	-	-	-
Changes in fair value of hedging derivatives - ineffective portion	-	-	-
Fair value hedges of the interest rate exposure of a portfolio of financial instruments <sup>1</sup>	13,558	(13,571)	(13)
Changes in fair value of hedged items	7,374	(5,967)	1,407
Changes in fair value of hedging derivatives	6,184	(7,604)	(1,420)
Cash flow hedges of the interest rate exposure of a portfolio of financial instruments	1	-	1
Changes in fair value of hedging instrument - ineffective portion	1	-	1
TOTAL GAINS (LOSSES) FROM HEDGE ACCOUNTING	21,365	(21,374)	(9)

Details of gains (losses) from hedge accounting by type of relationship (fair value hedges, cash flow hedges, etc.) are presented in Note 3.4 "Hedge accounting".

# 4.4 Net gains (losses) on financial instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income

(in millions of euros)	31/12/2019	31/12/2018
Net gains (losses) on debt instruments at fair value through other		
comprehensive income that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or		
loss 1	167	/1
Remuneration of equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit		
or loss (dividends) <sup>2</sup>	169	160
NET GAINS (LOSSES) ON FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH		
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	336	231
<sup>1</sup> Excluding realised gains or losses from impaired debt instruments (Bucket 3	3) mentioned i	n Note 4.9
"Cost of risk"		

<sup>2</sup> Of which dividends on equity instruments at fair value through non-recyclable equity derecognised during the period for  $\in$  76 million

# 4.5 Net gains (losses) from the derecognition of financial assets at amortised cost

(in millions of euros)	31/12/2019	31/12/2018
Debt securities	8	5
Loans and receivables due from credit institutions (excluding Credit Agricole	-	-
Loans and receivables due from customers	1	-
Gains arising from the derecognition of financial assets at amortised cost	9	5
Debt securities	(2)	(1)
Loans and receivables due from credit institutions (excluding Credit Agricole	-	-
Loans and receivables due from customers	(17)	(5)
Losses arising from the derecognition of financial assets at amortised cost	(19)	(6)
NET GAINS (LOSSES) ARISING FROM THE DERECOGNITION OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AT AMORTISED COST 1	(10)	(1)

<sup>1</sup> Excluding realised gains or losses from the derecognition of impaired debt instruments (Bucket 3) mentioned in Note 4.9 "Cost of risk"

# 4.6 Net income (expenses) on other activities

(in millions of euros)	31/12/2019	31/12/2018
Gains (losses) on fixed assets not used in operations	(22)	(2)
Other net income from insurance activities <sup>1</sup>	14,252	11,578
Change in insurance technical reserves <sup>2</sup>	(26,373)	(5,235)
Net income from investment property	172	302
Other net income (expense)	386	405
INCOME (EXPENSE) RELATED TO OTHER ACTIVITIES	(11,585)	7,048

<sup>1</sup> The  $\leq 2,673$  million increase in Other net income from insurance activities was mainly due to an increase in net inflows in the amount of  $\leq 3,500$  million of which  $\leq 2,800$  million on the Retirement Savings activity.

<sup>2</sup> The  $\leq 21,137$  million increase in insurance company technical reserves is due in the main to the net positive inflows and the adjustments evolution of the value on the unit-linked policies.

# 4.7 Operating expenses

(in millions of euros)	31/12/2019	31/12/2018
Employee expenses	(12,656)	(12,198)
Taxes other than on income or payroll-related and regulatory	(1,216)	(1,171)
External services and other operating expenses	(6,217)	(6,897)
OPERATING EXPENSES	(20,088)	(20,266)

 $^{\circ}$  Of which -€424 million recognised in relation to the Single Resolution Fund at 31 december 2019

#### FEES PAID TO STATUTORY AUDITORS

The breakdown of fees paid to Statutory Auditors by firm and type of engagement by fully consolidated Crédit Agricole S.A. Group companies was as follows in 2019 :

#### BOARD OF AUDITORS OF CRÉDIT AGRICOLE S.A group

	Ernst &	Ernst & Young Pricewa		PricewaterhouseCoopers	
(in millions of euros excluding taxes)	2019	2018	2019	2018	Total 2019
Independant audit, certification, review of parent company and consolidated financial statements	19.71	20.45	15.70	15.45	35.41
lssuer	1.90	2.08	1.92	2.12	3.82
Fully consolidated subsidiaries	17.81	18.37	13.78	13.33	31.59
Non audit services	6.57	5.86	6.34	5.35	12.91
Issuer	0.46	0.70	0.96	1.08	1.42
Fully consolidated subsidiaries	6.11	5.16	5.38	4.27	11.49
TOTAL	26.28	26.31	22.04	20.80	48.32

The total sum of fees paid to PricewaterhouseCoopers Audit, statutory auditor of Crédit Agricole S.A., appearing in the consolidated income statement for the year, amounts to  $\leq 12.2$  million, of which  $\leq 9.8$  million relates to the certification of the accounts of Crédit Agricole S.A. and its subsidiaries, and  $\leq 2.4$  million relates to non-audit services (comfort letters, agreed-upon procedures, responsibility statements, services relating to social and environmental information, consultations, etc.).

The total sum of fees paid to Ernst & Young & Autres, statutory auditor of Crédit Agricole S.A., appearing in the consolidated income statement for the year, amounts to €12,6 million, of which €10.5 million relates to the certification



of the accounts of Crédit Agricole S.A. and its subsidiaries, and €2,1 million relates to non-audit services (comfort letters, agreed-upon procedures, responsibility statements, review of tax returns, consultations, etc.).

#### OTHER STATUTORY AUDITORS ENGAGED IN THE AUDIT OF FULLY CONSOLIDATED CRÉDIT AGRICOLE S.A. group

#### **SUBSIDIARIES**

	Mazars 2019 2018		KPN	٨G	Delo	itte	Autr		
(in millions of euros excluding taxes)			2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	Total 2019
Independant audit, certification, review of parent company and consolidated financial statements	2.39	2.55	2.01	1.77	0.19	0.21	1.65	1.73	6.24
Non audit services <sup>1</sup>	0.16	0.27	0.15	0.18	-	0.03	0.10	0.12	0.41
TOTAL	2.55	2.82	2.16	1.95	0.19	0.24	1.75	1.85	6.65

<sup>1</sup> Services other than the certification of the accounts listed correspond to the assignments carried out by these firms in the companies where they are Statutory Auditors.

# 4.8 Depreciation, amortisation and impairment of property, plant & equipment and intangible assets

(in millions of euros)	31/12/2019	31/12/2018
Depreciation and amortisation	(1,723)	(1,193)
Property, plant and equipment	(1,289)	(817)
Intangible assets	(434)	(376)
Impairment losses (reversals)	(1)	5
Property, plant and equipment	1	1
Intangible assets	(2)	4
DEPRECIATION, AMORTISATION AND IMPAIRMENT OF PROPERTY, PLANT & EQUIPMENT AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS	(1,724)	(1,188)

<sup>(1)</sup> of which -€420 million recognised for depreciation on the right-of-use asset at 31 December 2019



# 4.9 Cost of risk

(in millions of euros)	31/12/2019	31/12/2018
Charges net of reversals to impairments on performing assets (Bucket 1 or Bucket 2)	116	(25)
Bucket 1 : Loss allowance measured at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit loss	(19)	(44)
Debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income that may be reclassified to profit or loss	(2)	2
Debt instruments at amortised cost	-	(18)
Commitments by signature	(17)	(28)
Bucket 2 : Loss allowance measured at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit loss	135	19
Debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income that may be reclassified to profit or loss	1	-
Debt instruments at amortised cost	48	(46)
Commitments by signature	86	65
Charges net of reversals to impairments on credit-impaired assets (Bucket 3)	(1,768)	(1,513)
Debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income that may be reclassified to profit or loss	-	
Debt instruments at amortised cost	(1,599)	(1,602)
Commitments by signature	(170)	89
Others	(170)	-
Risks and expenses	45	(65)
Charges net of reversals to impairment losses and provisions Realised gains (losses) on disposal of impaired debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income that may be reclassified to profit or loss	(1,777) -	(1,603) -
Realised gains (losses) on impaired debt instruments at amortised cost	-	-
Losses on non-impaired loans and bad debt	(270)	(280)
Recoveries on loans and receivables written off	396	238
recognised at amorfised cost	396	238
recognised in other comprehensive income that may be reclassified to profit or loss		-
Discounts on restructured loans	(37)	(40)
Losses on commitments by signature	(1)	(4)
Other losses	(82)	(44)
Other gains	14	14
COST OF RISK	(1,757)	(1,719)

# 4.10 Net gains (losses) on other assets

(in millions of euros)	31/12/2019	31/12/2018
Property, plant & equipment and intangible assets used in operations	42	74
Gains on disposals	72	106
Losses on disposals	(30)	(32)
Consolidated equity investments	13	15
Gains on disposals	16	15
Losses on disposals	(3)	-
Net income (expense) on combinations	(19)	(3)
NET GAINS (LOSSES) ON OTHER ASSETS	36	87



### 4.11 Tax

#### **INCOME TAX CHARGE**

(in millions of euros)	31/12/2019	31/12/2018
Current tax	(1,881)	(2,552)
Deferred tax charge	93	(34)
Reclassification of current tax charge (income) related to overlay approach	51	(147)
TOTAL TAX CHARGE	(1,737)	(2,733)

#### **RECONCILIATION OF THEORETICAL TAX RATE AND EFFECTIVE TAX RATE**

#### AT 31 DECEMBER 2019

(in millions of euros)	Base	Tax rate	Tax
Pre-tax income, goodwill impairment, discontinued operations and share of net income of equity-accounted entities	9,764	34.43%	(3,362)
Impact of permanent differences		(12.37)%	1,207
Impact of different tax rates on foreign subsidiaries		(2.11)%	206
Impact of losses for the year, utilisation of tax loss carryforwards and temporary differences		0.46%	(45)
Impact of reduced tax rate		(1.05)%	102
Impact of other items		(1.58)%	155
EFFECTIVE TAX RATE AND TAX CHARGE 1		17.79%	(1,737)

<sup>1</sup> Excluding Emporiki tax product (see note 2.8), the effective tax rate was 28.70% as of December 31, 2019 compared to 28.02% as of December 31, 2018

The theoretical tax rate is the standard tax rate (including the additional social contribution) on taxable profits in France at 31 December 2019.

#### AT 31 DECEMBER 2018

(in millions of euros)	Base	Tax rate	Tax
Pre-tax income, goodwill impairment, discontinued operations and share of net income of equity-accounted entities	9,753	34.43%	(3,358)
Impact of permanent differences		(0.74)%	72
Impact of different tax rates on foreign subsidiaries		(2.97)%	290
Impact of losses for the year, utilisation of tax loss carryforwards and temporary differences		0.18%	(18)
Impact of reduced tax rate		(1.17)%	115
Impact of other items		(1.70)%	166
EFFECTIVE TAX RATE AND TAX CHARGE		28.02%	(2,733)

The theoretical tax rate is the standard tax rate (including the additional social contribution) on taxable profits in France at 31 December 2018.



# 4.12 Changes in other comprehensive income

The breakdown of income and expenses recognised for the period is presented below:

#### **BREAKDOWN OF TOTAL OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**

(in millions of euros)	31/12/2019	31/12/2018
Other comprehensive income on items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss of income tax		
Gains and losses on translation adjustments	313	259
Revaluation adjustment of the period	313	252
Reclassified to profit or loss		7
Other changes	-	,
Other comprehensive income on debt instruments that may be reclassified to profit or loss		
	1,185	(1,340)
Revaluation adjustment of the period	1,296	(1,259)
Reclassified to profit or loss	(157)	(65)
Other changes	46	(16)
Gains and losses on hedging derivative instruments	360	(153)
Revaluation adjustment of the period	363	(122)
Reclassified to profit or loss	-	
Other changes	(3)	(31)
Reclassification of net gains (losses) of designated financial assets applying the	(0)	(01)
overlay approach	435	(356)
Revaluation adjustment of the period	445	(291)
Reclassified to profit or loss		
Other changes	(10)	(65)
Pre-tax other comprehensive income on items that may be reclassified to profit	(10)	(00)
or loss on equity-accounted entities	7	(11)
Income tax related to items that may be reclassified to profit or loss excluding equity-accounted entities		
	(493)	570



Income tax related to items that may be reclassified to profit or loss on equity- accounted entities	1	1
Other comprehensive income on items that may be reclassified to profit or loss from discontinued operations		
	(11)	(2)
Other comprehensive income on items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss of income tax	1,797	(1,032)
Other comprehensive income on items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss net of income tax		
Actuarial gains and losses on post-employment benefits	(212)	50
Other comprehensive income on financial liabilities attributable to changes in own credit risk	(77)	387
Revaluation adjustment of the period	(88)	369
Reclassified to reserves	11	18
Other changes	_	_
Other comprehensive income on equity instruments that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	309	251
Revaluation adjustment of the period	323	172
Reclassified to reserves	20	68
Other changes	(34)	11
Other comprehensive income on items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss on equity-accounted entities		
	(24)	1
Income tax related to items that will not be reclassified excluding equity- accounted entities	45	(271)
Income tax related to items that will not be reclassified on equity-accounted entities		
<u> </u>	6	(3)
Other comprehensive income on items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss from discontinued operations		_
<u> </u>	3	5
Other comprehensive income on items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss net of income tax	50	420
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME NET OF INCOME TAX	1,847	(612)
Of which Group share	1,808	(585)
Of which non-controlling interests	39	(27)



#### BREAKDOWN OF TAX IMPACTS RELATED TO OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

		31/	/12/2018			Cł	anges		31/12/2019			
(in millions of euros)	Gross	Income tax charges	Net of income tax	Net of income tax of which Group Share	Gross	Income tax charges	Net of income tax	Net of income tax of which Group Share	Gross	Income tax charges	Net of income tax	Net of income tax of which Group Share
Other comprehensive income on items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss												
Gains and losses on translation adjustments	(202)	(4)	(206)	(105)	313	-	313	289	111	(4)	107	184
Gains and losses on debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income that may be reclassified to profit or loss	2,465	(657)	1,808	1,825	1,185	(312)	873	847	3,650	(969)	2,681	2,672
Gains and losses on hedging derivative instruments	446	(126)	320	319	360	(116)	244	245	806	(242)	564	564
Reclassification of net gains (losses) of designated financial assets applying the overlay approach	153	151	304	302	435	(65)	370	369	588	86	674	671
Other comprehensive income on items that may be reclassified to profit or loss excluding equity-accounted entities	2,862	(636)	2,226	2,341	2,293	(493)	1,800	1,750	5,155	(1,129)	4,026	4,091
Other comprehensive income on items that may be reclassified to profit or loss on equity-accounted entities	(27)	1	(26)	(21)	7	1	8	8	(20)	2	(18)	(13
Other comprehensive income on items that may be reclassified to profit or loss on equity-accounted entities on discontinued operations	13	(1)	12	12	(11)	-	(11)	(11)	2	(1)	1	1
Other comprehensive income on items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss	2,848	(636)	2,212	2,332	2,289	(492)	1,797	1,747	5,137	(1,128)	4,009	4,079
Other comprehensive income on items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss												
Actuarial gains and losses on post-employment benefits	(988)	241	(747)	(729)	(212)	39	(173)	(162)	(1,200)	280	(920)	(891)
Other comprehensive income on financial liabilities attributable to changes in own credit risk	(137)	36	(101)	(101)	(77)	22	(55)	(56)	(214)	58	(156)	(157)
Other comprehensive income on equity instruments that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	(33)	(110)	(143)	(155)	309	(16)	293	293	276	(126)	150	138
Other comprehensive income on items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss excluding equity-accounted entities	(1,158)	167	(991)	(985)	20	45	65	75	(1,138)	212	(926)	(910)
Other comprehensive income on items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss on equity-accounted entities	(23)	(15)	(38)	(38)	(24)	6	(18)	(17)	(47)	(9)	(56)	(55)
Other comprehensive income on items that may be reclassified to profit or loss from discontinued operations	(2)	-	(2)	(2)	3	-	3	3	1	-	1	1
Other comprehensive income on items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss	(1,183)	152	(1,031)	(1,025)	(1)	51	50	61	(1,184)	203	(981)	(964)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	1,665	(484)	1,181	1,307	2,288	(441)	1,847	1,808	3,953	(925)	3,028	3,115



	31/12/2017					01/	01/2018			Cł	nanges			31/	12/2018	
(in millions of euros) Other comprehensive income on items that may be reclassified	Gross	Income tax charges	Net of income tax	Net of income tax of which Group Share	Gross	Income tax charges	Net of income tax	Net of income tax of which Group Share	Gross	Income tax charges	Net of income tax	Net of income tax of which Group Share	Gross	Income tax charges	Net of income tax	Net of income tax of which Group Share
subsequently to profit or loss																
Gains and losses on translation adjustments	(465)	(4)	(469)	(350)	(461)	(5)	(466)	(348)	259	1	260	243	(202)	(4)	(206)	(105)
Gains and losses on available-for-sale financial assets	5,613	(1,121)	4,492	4,475												
Gains and losses on debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income that may be reclassified to profit or loss	-	-	-	-	3,805	(1,011)	2,793	2,785	(1,340)	354	(986)	(960)	2,465	(657)	1,808	1,825
Gains and losses on hedging derivative instruments	597	(172)	425	422	599	(175)	424	422	(153)	49	(104)	(103)	446	(126)	320	319
Reclassification of net gains (losses) of designated financial assets applying the overlay approach					509	(15)	494	492	(356)	166	(190)	(190)	153	151	304	302
Other comprehensive income on items that may be reclassified to profit or loss excluding equity-accounted entities	5,745	(1,297)	4,448	4,547	4,452	(1,206)	3,245	3,351	(1,590)	570	(1,020)	(1,010)	2,862	(636)	2,226	2,341
Other comprehensive income on items that may be reclassified to profit or loss on equity-accounted entities	(30)	(9)	(39)	(38)	(16)	-	(15)	(13)	(11)	1	(10)	(8)	(27)	1	(26)	(21)
Other comprehensive income on items that may be reclassified to profit or loss on equity-accounted entities on discontinued operations	14	(1)	13	14	15	(1)	14	14	(2)		(2)	(2)	13	(1)	12	12
Other comprehensive income on items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss	5,729	(1,307)	4,422	4,523	4,451	(1,207)	3,244	3,352	(1,603)	571	(1,032)	(1,020)	2,848	(636)	2,212	2,332
Other comprehensive income on items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss				-												
Actuarial gains and losses on post-employment benefits	(1,037)	252	(785)	(774)	(1,038)	252	(785)	(773)	50	(12)	38	45	(988)	241	(747)	(729)
Other comprehensive income on financial liabilities attributable to changes in own credit risk	-	-	-	-	(524)	175	(349)	(349)	387	(139)	248	248	(137)	36	(101)	(101)
Other comprehensive income on equity instruments that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	-	-	-	-	(284)	10	(274)	(294)	251	(120)	131	139	(33)	(110)	(143)	(155)
Other comprehensive income on items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss excluding equity-accounted entities	(1,037)	252	(785)	(774)	(1,846)	437	(1,408)	(1,416)	688	(271)	417	432	(1,158)	167	(991)	(985)
Other comprehensive income on items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss on equity-accounted entities	(11)	2	(9)	(9)	(24)	(12)	(36)	(36)	1	(3)	(2)	(2)	(23)	(15)	(38)	(38)
Other comprehensive income on items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss from discontinued operations	(7)	-	(7)	(7)	(7)	-	(7)	(7)	5	-	5	5	(2)	-	(2)	(2)
Other comprehensive income on items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss	(1,055)	254	(801)	(790)	(1,877)	425	(1,451)	(1,460)	694	(274)	420	435	(1,183)	152	(1,031)	(1,025)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	4,674	(1,053)	3,621	3,733	2,574	(782)	1,793	1,892	(909)	297	(612)	(585)	1,665	(484)	1,181	1,307



### NOTE 5 Segment reporting

#### **DEFINITION OF OPERATING SEGMENTS**

According to IFRS 8, information disclosed is based on the internal reporting that is used by the Executive Committee to manage Crédit Agricole Group, to assess performance and to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the identified operating segments.

Operating segments according to the internal reporting consist of the business lines of the Group.

At 31 December 2019, Crédit Agricole Group's business activities were organised into seven operating segments:

- the following six business lines:
  - French Retail Banking Regional Banks
  - French Retail Banking LCL,
  - International Retail Banking,
  - Asset Gathering,
  - Specialised Financial Services,
  - Large Customers,
- as well as the "Corporate Centre".

#### PRESENTATION OF BUSINESS LINE

#### French Retail Banking – Regional Bank

This business line comprises the Regional Banks and their subsidiaries.

The Regional Banks have a strong local presence, providing banking services for individual customers, farmers, small businesses, corporates and local authorities.

Crédit Agricole Regional Banks provide a full range of banking and financial products and services: savings products (money market, bonds, securities), life insurance products, lending (notably mortgages and consumer credit) to corporates, small businesses and farmers, payment instruments, personal services, banking-related services and wealth management.

#### French Retail Banking – LCL

LCL is a french retail banking network with a strong presence in urban areas. It is organised into four business lines: retail banking for individual customers, retail banking for small businesses, private banking and corporate banking.

LCL offers a full range of banking products and services, together with asset management, insurance and wealth management products.

#### International Retail Banking

This business line encompasses foreign subsidiaries and investments that are mainly involved in Retail banking.

These subsidiaries and equity investments are primarily located in Europe: with Gruppo Bancario, CA Italia, Crédit Agricole Polska in Poland and others in Ukraine and Serbia.

Other subsidiaries operate around the Mediterranean, e.g. Crédit du Maroc and Crédit Agricole Egypt.

Finally, this division also includes banks that are not significant in size.

Foreign consumer credit, leasing and factoring subsidiaries (subsidiaries of Crédit Agricole Consumer Finance, Crédit Agricole Leasing & Factoring and EFL in Poland, etc.) are not included in this segment, but in "Specialised financial services", except Calit in Italy, which is part of Retail Banking abroad.

#### Asset Gathering

This business line brings together :

- insurance activities (savings solutions and property and casualty insurance):
  - life insurance and personal insurance, conducted mainly by Predica in France and CA Vita in Italy,

- property & casualty insurance, conducted primarily by Pacifica,
- creditor insurance, conducted by Crédit Agricole Creditor Insurance and group insurance conducted mainly by Predica in France,
- asset management activities of the Amundi Group, offering savings solutions for retail clients and investment solutions for institutionals;
- as well as wealth management activities conducted mainly by Crédit Agricole Indosuez Wealth Management subsidiaries (CA Indosuez Switzerland S.A. CA Indosuez Wealth Europe, CFM Indosuez Wealth, CA Indosuez Wealth France).

#### **Specialised financial services**

Specialised financial services comprises the Group subsidiaries that provide financial products and services to individual customers, small businesses, corporates and local authorities in France and abroad. These include:

- consumer finance companies around Crédit Agricole Consumer Finance in France and through its subsidiaries or partnerships outside France (Agos, CreditPlus Bank, Ribank, Credibom, Interbank Group and FCA Bank).
- Specialised financial services for companies such as factoring and lease finance (Crédit Agricole Leasing & Factoring Group, EFL).

#### Large Customers

The Large customers division includes the Corporate and Investment bank, which itself consists of two main lines of business most of which are carried out by Crédit Agricole CIB, and Asset servicing for institutions realised by CACEIS :

• financing activities, which include corporate banking in France and internationally and structured finance. Structured Finance consists of originating, structuring and real assets and projets, often collateralised by physical assets (planes, boats, office buildings, commodities, etc.) and complex and structured credit instruments;

• capital markets and investment banking activities bring together capital market activities (treasury, foreign exchange,interest rate derivatives, debt markets), and investment banking activities (mergers and acquisitions consulting and primary equity advisory);

• asset servicing: CACEIS Bank for custody and CACEIS Fund Administration for fund administration. Following its acquisition by CACEIS during the third quarter of 2019, Kas Bank was integrated into this division in September 2019. And as part of the merger of the activities of CACEIS and Santander Securities Services ("S3") finalized in December 2019, S3's activities in Spain and 49.99% of its activities in Latin America were integrated into this division in December 2019.

#### Corporate Centre

This segment encompasses:

• Crédit Agricole S.A.'s central body function, asset and liability management and management of debt connected with acquisitions of subsidiaries or equity investments and the net impact of tax consolidation for Crédit Agricole S.A.;

• the results of the private equity business and results of various other Crédit Agricole S.A. companies (including CA Immobilier, Uni-médias, Foncaris, etc.);

• the results from management companies including computing and payment companies and real-estate companies.

The division also includes other elements, notably the technical and volatile impacts related to intragroup transactions.



### 5.1 Operating segment information

Transactions between operating segments are effected at arm's length.

Segment assets are determined based on balance sheet elements for each operating segment.

				31/12/	/2019			
	French Retai	l Banking	International		Specialised			
(in millions of euros)	Regional banks	LCL	retail banking	Asset gathering	financial services	Large customers	Corporate center	Tota
Revenues	13,117	3,457	2,898	6,061	2,716	5,601	(553)	33,297
Operating expenses	(8,922)	(2,371)	(1,835)	(2,904)	(1,362)	(3,499)	(919)	(21,812)
Gross operating income	4,195	1,086	1,063	3,157	1,354	2,102	<b>(1,472)</b>	11,485
Cost of risk	(498)	(218)	(338)	(19)	(497)	(159)	(28)	(1,757)
Operating income	3,697	868	725	3,138	857	1,943	(1,500)	9,728
Share of net income of equity-accounted entities	11	-	-	46	295	4	-	356
Net gains (losses) on other assets	(5)	2	2	32	_	6	(1)	36
Change in value of goodwill <sup>1</sup>	_	-	-	-	-	22	(664)	(642)
Pre-tax income	3,703	870	727	3,216	1,152	1,975	<b>(2</b> ,165)	9,478
Income tax charge	(1,307)	(274)	(201)	(879)	(233)	(406)	1,564	(1,736)
Net income from discontinued operations	-	-	(46)	8	-		-	(38)
Net income	2,396	596	480	2,345	919	1,569	(601)	7,704
Non-controlling interests	-	-	105	310	104	-	(13)	506
NET INCOME GROUP SHARE	2,396	596	375	2,035	815	1,569	(588)	7,198

' Goodwill LCL impairment for -€664 million

		31/12/2019								
	French Retai	l Banking	International		Specialised					
(in millions of euros)	Regional banks	LCL	retail banking	Asset gathering	financial services	Large customers	Corporate center	Total		
Segment assets	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
of which investments in equity-accounted entities	131	-	-	4,278	2,344	350	-	7,103		
of which goodwill	27	4,354	1,800	7,041	1,129	1,396	72	15,819		
TOTAL ASSETS	717,137	163,690	86,863	503,939	77,558	824,515	(362,736)	2,010,966		

Under IFRS 9, the Crédit Agricole CIB issuer spread is classified with effect from 1 January 2018 as equity under Other comprehensive income on items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss.

				31/12/	2018			
	French Retail	Banking	International		Specialised			
(in millions of euros)	Regional banks	LCL	retail banking	Asset gathering	financial services	Large customers	Corporate center	Total
Revenues	13,040	3,433	2,835	5,770	2,769	5,370	(378)	32,839
Operating expenses	(8,744)	(2,391)	(1,812)	(2,836)	(1,380)	(3,339)	(952)	(21,454)
Gross operating income	4,296	1,042	1,023	2,934	1,389	2,031	(1,330)	11,385
Cost of risk	(634)	(220)	(359)	(17)	(467)	64	(86)	(1,719)
Operating income	3,662	822	664	2,917	922	2,095	(1,416)	9,666
Share of net income of equity-accounted entities	12	-	-	47	188		19	266
Net gains (losses) on other assets	(1)	50	14	(3)	1	14	12	87
Change in value of goodwill	-	-	-	-	-	-	86	86
Pre-tax income	3,673	872	678	2,961	1,111	2,109	(1,299)	10,105
Income tax charge	(1,280)	(288)	(191)	(773)	(244)	(551)	594	(2,733)
Net income from discontinued operations	-	(1)	-	(1)	(1)	-	-	(3)
Net income	2,393	583	487	2,187	866	1,558	(705)	7,369
Non-controlling interests	_	-	101	271	128	(2)	27	525
NET INCOME GROUP SHARE	2,393	583	386	1,916	738	1,560	(732)	6,844

	31/12/2018								
	French Retai	l Banking	International		Specialised				
(in millions of euros)	Regional banks	LCL	retail banking	Asset gathering	financial services	Large customers	Corporate center	Total	
Segment assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
of which investments in equity-accounted entities	125	-	-	4,048	2,135	-	-	6,308	
of which goodwill	8	5,018	1,795	6,997	1,026	1,148	72	16,064	
TOTAL ASSETS	658,690	147,428	85,426	447,976	71,318	770,529	(326,604)	1,854,763	



# 5.2 Segment information: geographical analysis

The geographical analysis of segment assets and results is based on the place where operations are booked for accounting purposes.

		31/12/20	)19		31/12/2018			
(in millions of euros)	Net income Group Share	Of which Revenues	Segment assets	Of which goodwill	Net income Group Share	Of which Revenues	Segment assets	Of which goodwill
France (including overseas departments and territories)	4,706	23,740	1,649,252	9,885	4,242	23,444	1,530,120	10,393
Italy	731	3,158	97,112	2,184	630	3167	88 308	2,075
Other European Union countries	811	3,065	90,347	2,464	822	3,032	79,569	2,352
Other European countries	162	775	22,877	726	148	793	20,946	704
North America	215	1,146	61,570	472	500	1,093	56,023	461
Central and South America	16	50	641	-	20	46	988	-
Africa and Middle East	160	491	9,348	38	150	450	9,861	33
Asia-Pacific (ex. Japan)	290	561	26,693	27	212	502	22,440	24
Japan	107	311	53,125	23	120	312	46,508	22
TOTAL	7,198	33,297	2,010,966	15,819	6,844	32,839	1,854,763	16,064

#### 5.3 Insurance specificities

**GROSS INCOME FROM INSURANCE ACTIVITIES** 



	31/12/2019 31/12/2018					
(in millions of euros)	Income statement prior to reclassification of overlay approach	Reclassification related to overlay approach	Income statement post reclassification of overlay approach	Recognition in accordance with IFRS 9 excluding effect of overlay approach	Effect of overlay approach	Recognition after effect of overlay approach
Written premium	37,562	-	37,562	34,078	-	34,078
Change in unearned premiums	(225)	-	(225)	(210)	-	(210)
Earned premiums	37,337	-	37,337	33,868	-	33,868
Other operating income	(118)	-	(118)	257	-	257
Investment income	7,780	(4)	7,776	7,553	(3)	7,550
Investment expenses	(457)	1	(456)	(370)	1	(369)
Gains (losses) on disposals of investments net of impairment and amortisation reversals Change in fair value of investments at fair value through profit or	72	103	175 8,364	41 (6,704)	379	420 (4,876)
loss Change in impairment on investments	(39)	(112)	(151)	(8,704)	(49)	(4,878)
Investment income net of expenses	19,761	(4,053)	15,708	513	2,157	2,670
Claims expenses '	(49,494)	3,608	(45,886)	(28,004)	(1,866)	(29,870)
Revenue from reinsurance operations	699		699	520		520
Expenses from reinsurance operations	(752)	-	(752)	(625)	-	(625)
Net reinsurance income (expense)	(53)	-	(53)	(105)	-	(105)
Contract acquisition costs	(2,185)	-	(2,185)	(2,196)	-	(2,196)
Amortisation of investment securities and similar	-	-	-	-	-	-
Administration costs	(2,197)	-	(2,197)	(2,000)	-	(2,000)
Other current operating income (expense)	(416)	-	(416)	(353)	-	(353)
Other operating income (expense)	6	-	6	(6)	-	(6)
Operating income	2,641	(445)	2,196	1,974	291	2,265
Financing expenses	(239)	-	(239)	(429)	-	(429)
Share of net income of associates	-	-	-		-	-
Income tax charge	(618)	51	(567)	(342)	(147)	(489)
Net income from discontinued or held-for-sale operations	8		8	(1)		(1)
Consolidated net income	1,792	(394)	1,399	1,201	144	1,345
Non-controlling interests	3	-	3	12	-	12
NET INCOME GROUP SHARE	1,789	(394)	1,396	1,189	144	1,333

<sup>1</sup> Including - $\epsilon$ 23 billion of cost of claims at 31 December 2019 (- $\epsilon$ 22 billion at 31 December 2018),  $\epsilon$ 1 billion of changes in policyholder profit-sharing at 31 December 2019 (- $\epsilon$ 1 billion at 31 December 2018) and - $\epsilon$ 21 billion of changes in technical reserves at 31 December 2019 (- $\epsilon$ 6 billion at 31 December 2018).



#### BREAKDOWN OF INSURANCE COMPANY INVESTMENTS

(in millions of euros)	31/12/2019	31/12/2018
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	173,454	143,152
Held for trading financial assets	776	460
Treasury bills and similar securities	-	-
Bonds and other fixed income securities	-	-
Equities and other variable income securities	-	-
Derivative instruments	776	460
Other financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	172,678	142,692
Equity instruments	33,087	25,336
Equities and other variable income securities	9,682	8,652
Non-consolidated equity investments	4,502	(328)
Designated financial assets applying the overlay approach	18,903	17,012
Debt instruments that do not meet the conditions of the "SPPI" test	70,456	57,713
Loans and receivables	718	296
Debt securities	69,738	57,417
Treasury bills and similar securities	171	153
Bonds and other fixed income securities	4,810	5,004
Mutual funds	44,243	34,522
Designated financial assets applying the overlay approach	20,514	17,738
Assets backing unit-linked contracts	69,135	59,643
Treasury bills and similar securities	457	988
Bonds and other fixed income securities	13,819	12,213
Equities and other variable income securities	6,822	5,161
Mutual funds	48,037	41,281
Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss	-	
Loans and receivables	_	_
Debt securities	_	_
Treasury bills and similar securities	-	-
Bonds and other fixed income securities	_	_
Hedging derivative Instruments	929	1,072
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	230,238	216,900
Debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income that may be reclassified to profit or loss	230,044	216,708
Debt securities	230,044	216,708
Treasury bills and similar securities	69,197	62,396
		154,312
Bonds and other fixed income securities	160,847	
Bonds and other fixed income securities Equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income that will not	160,847 <b>194</b>	192
Bonds and other fixed income securities		
Bonds and other fixed income securities Equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss Equities and other variable income securities	194	2
Bonds and other fixed income securities Equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss Equities and other variable income securities	<b>194</b> 2 192	2 190
Bonds and other fixed income securities         Equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss         Equities and other variable income securities         Non-consolidated equity investments         Financial assets at amortised cost	<b>194</b> 2 192 <b>4,773</b>	2 190 <b>5,853</b>
Bonds and other fixed income securities       Image: Comparison of the securities         Equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss       Image: Comparison of the securities         Equities and other variable income securities       Image: Comparison of the securities       Image: Comparison of the securities         Non-consolidated equity investments       Image: Comparison of the securities       Image: Comparison of the securities         Financial assets at amortised cost       Image: Comparison of the securities       Image: Comparison of the securities         Loans and receivables       Image: Comparison of the securities       Image: Comparison of the securities	<b>194</b> 2 192 <b>4,773</b> 3,816	2 190 <b>5,853</b> 5,516
Bonds and other fixed income securities       Image: Comparison of the securities         Equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss       Image: Comparison of the securities         Equities and other variable income securities       Image: Comparison of the securities       Image: Comparison of the securities         Non-consolidated equity investments       Image: Comparison of the securities       Image: Comparison of the securities         Financial assets at amortised cost       Image: Comparison of the securities       Image: Comparison of the securities         Debt securities       Image: Comparison of the securities       Image: Comparison of the securities	<b>194</b> 2 192 <b>4,773</b> 3,816 957	2 190 <b>5,853</b> 5,516
Bonds and other fixed income securities       Image: Comparison of the securities         Equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss       Image: Comparison of the securities         Equities and other variable income securities       Image: Comparison of the securities       Image: Comparison of the securities         Non-consolidated equity investments       Image: Comparison of the securities       Image: Comparison of the securities         Loans and receivables       Image: Comparison of the securities       Image: Comparison of the securities         Debt securities       Image: Comparison of the securities       Image: Comparison of the securities	<b>194</b> 2 192 <b>4,773</b> 3,816 957 76	2 190 <b>5,853</b> 5,516 337 -
Bonds and other fixed income securities       Image: Comparison of the securities         Equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss       Image: Comparison of the securities         Equities and other variable income securities       Image: Comparison of the securities       Image: Comparison of the securities         Non-consolidated equity investments       Image: Comparison of the securities       Image: Comparison of the securities         Financial assets at amortised cost       Image: Comparison of the securities       Image: Comparison of the securities         Debt securities       Image: Comparison of the securities       Image: Comparison of the securities         Bonds and other fixed income securities       Image: Comparison of the securities       Image: Comparison of the securities	<b>194</b> 2 192 <b>4,773</b> 3,816 957	2 190 <b>5,853</b> 5,516 337 -
Bonds and other fixed income securities       Image: Comparison of the securities         Equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss       Image: Comparison of the securities         Equities and other variable income securities       Image: Comparison of the securities       Image: Comparison of the securities         Non-consolidated equity investments       Image: Comparison of the securities       Image: Comparison of the securities         Ioans and receivables       Image: Comparison of the securities       Image: Comparison of the securities         Bonds and other fixed income securities       Image: Comparison of the securities       Image: Comparison of the securities         Impairment       Image: Comparison of the securities       Image: Comparison of the securities       Image: Comparison of the securities	<b>194</b> 2 192 <b>4,773</b> 3,816 957 76 881	2 190 <b>5,853</b> 5,516 337 - 337 -
Bonds and other fixed income securities       Image: Comparison of the securities         Equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss       Image: Comparison of the securities         Equities and other variable income securities       Image: Comparison of the securities       Image: Comparison of the securities         Non-consolidated equity investments       Image: Comparison of the securities       Image: Comparison of the securities         Financial assets at amortised cost       Image: Comparison of the securities       Image: Comparison of the securities         Debt securities       Image: Comparison of the securities       Image: Comparison of the securities         Bonds and other fixed income securities       Image: Comparison of the securities       Image: Comparison of the securities	<b>194</b> 2 192 <b>4,773</b> 3,816 957 76	192 2 190 5,853 5,516 337 - 337 - 6,296 3,785

As of 31 December 2019, investments in Insurance entities on equity accounting method amount to  $\leq$ 4,002 million compared with  $\leq$ 3,785 million at 31 December 2018.



# OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME ON FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALEUR THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (NET OF INCOME TAX)

	3	31/12/2019			31/12/2018	
(in millions of euros)	Carrying amount	Unrealised gains	Unrealised losses	Carrying amount	Unrealised gains	Unrealised losses
Debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income that may be reclassified to profit or loss	230,044	20,632	(128)	216,708	14,694	(743)
Debt securities	230,044	20,632	(128)	216,708	14,694	(743)
Treasury bills and similar securities	69,197	7,604	(69)	62,396	4,437	(171)
Bonds and other fixed income securities	160,847	13,028	(59)	154,312	10,257	(572)
Equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	194	5	(23)	192	8	(21)
Equities and other variable income securities	2	-	-	2	_	_
Non-consolidated equity investments	192	5	(23)	190	8	(21)
Total of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	230,238	20,637	(151)	216,900	14,702	(764)
Income tax charge		(5,398)	39		(3,863)	204
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME ON FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (NET OF INCOME TAX)		15,239	(112)		10,839	(560)



# RECLASSIFICATION BETWEEN NET INCOME AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR FINANCIAL ASSETS DESIGNATED UNDER THE OVERLAY APPROACH

		31/12/2019			12/31/2018	
(in millions of euros)	Amount reported for the designated financial assets applying IFRS9	Amount that would have been reported for the designated financial assets applying IAS39	Amount reclassified in other comprehensive income applying the overlay approach	Amount reported for the designated financial assets applying IFRS9	Amount that would have been reported for the designated financial assets applying IAS39	Amount reclassified in other comprehensive income applying the overlay approach
Investment income	1,029	1,025	(4)	929	926	(3)
Investment expenses	(7)	(6)	1	(10)	(9)	1
Gains (losses) on disposals of investments net of impairment and amortisation reversals	71	174	103	25	405	379
Change in fair value of investments at fair value through profit or loss	4,041	-	(4,041)	(1,828)	-	1,828
Change in impairment on investments	-	(112)	(112)		(49)	(49)
Investment income net of expenses	5,134	1,081	(4,053)	(884)	1,272	2,157
Claims paid			3,608			(1,866)
Operating income			(445)			291
Income tax charge			51			(147)
NET INCOME GROUP SHARE			(394)			144



# NOTE 6 Notes to the balance sheet

#### 6.1 Cash, central banks

	31/12/2	019	31/12/2018		
(in millions of euros)	Assets	Liabilities	Assets	Liabilities	
Cash	4,039	-	3,750	-	
Central banks	93,096	2,183	66,834	1,140	
CARRYING AMOUNT	97,135	2,183	70,584	1,140	

### 6.2 Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

#### FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

(in millions of euros)	31/12/2019	31/12/2018
Held for trading financial assets	227,698	223,229
Other financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	176,638	148,913
Equity instruments	37,131	29,259
Debt instruments that do not meet the conditions of the "SPPI" test	79,894	68,197
Assets backing unit-linked contracts	59,520	51,385
Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss	93	72
CARRYING AMOUNT	404,336	372,142
Of which lent securities	615	2,823

#### HELD-FOR-TRADING FINANCIAL ASSETS

(in millions of euros)	31/12/2019	31/12/2018
Equity instruments	6,901	2,777
Equities and other variable income securities	6,901	2,777
Debt securities	18,379	19,294
Treasury bills and similar securities	13,665	14,219
Bonds and other fixed income securities	4,606	5,042
Mutual funds	108	33
Loans and receivables	102,822	108,061
Loans and receivables due from credit institutions	61	191
Loans and receivables due from customers	894	1,374
Securities bought under repurchase agreements	101,867	106,496
Pledged securities	-	-
Derivative instruments	99,596	93,097
CARRYING AMOUNT	227,698	223,229

Securities acquired under repurchase agreements include those that the entity is authorised to use as collateral.



#### EQUITY INSTRUMENTS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

(in millions of euros)	31/12/2019	31/12/2018
Equities and other variable income securities	25,170	19,823
Non-consolidated equity investments	11,961	9,436
TOTAL EQUITY INSTRUMENTS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS	37,131	29,259

#### **DEBT INSTRUMENTS NOT MEETING THE SPPI CRITERIA**

(in millions of euros)	31/12/2019	31/12/2018
Debt securities	75,627	65,138
Treasury bills and similar securities	252	156
Bonds and other fixed income securities	12,773	10,977
Mutual funds	62,602	54,005
Loans and receivables	4,267	3,059
Loans and receivables due from credit institutions	-	-
Loans and receivables due from customers	4,267	3,059
Securities bought under repurchase agreements	-	-
Pledged securities	-	-
TOTAL DEBT INSTRUMENTS THAT DO NOT MEET THE CONDITIONS OF THE "SPPI" TEST AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS	79,894	68,197

#### FINANCIAL ASSETS DESIGNATED AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

(in millions of euros)	31/12/2019	31/12/2018
Loans and receivables	-	-
Loans and receivables due from credit institutions	-	-
Loans and receivables due from customers	-	-
Debt securities	93	72
Treasury bills and similar securities	19	12
Bonds and other fixed income securities	74	60
TOTAL FINANCIAL ASSETS DESIGNATED AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS	93	72

#### FINANCIAL LIABILITIES AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

(in millions of euros)	31/12/2019	31/12/2018
Held for trading financial liabilities	205,061	191,684
Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss	36,809	34,218
CARRYING AMOUNT	241,870	225,902

#### HELD-FOR-TRADING FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

(in millions of euros)	31/12/2019	31/12/2018
Securities sold short	33,472	25,433
Securities sold under repurchase agreements	74,423	75,323
Debt securities	54	-
Derivative instruments	97,112	90,928
CARRYING AMOUNT	205,061	191,684

#### FINANCIAL LIABILITIES DESIGNATED AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

Financial liabilities for which changes in issuer spread are recognised in other comprehensive income and will not be reclassified

	31/12/2019				
(in millions of euros)	Carrying amount	Difference between carrying amount and amount contractually required to pay at maturity	Accumulated amount of change in fair value attributable to changes in own credit risk	Amount of change in fair value during the period attributable to changes in own credit risk	Amount realised at derecognition 1
Deposits and subordinated liabilities	-	-	-	-	<u>.</u>
Deposits	-	-	-	-	-
Subordinated liabilities	-	-	-	-	-
Debt securities	26,030	22	214	88	(11)
Other financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	26,030	22	214	88	(11)

<sup>1</sup> The amount realised upon derecognition is transferred to consolidated reserves.

	31/12/2018					
(in millions of euros)	Carrying amount	Difference between carrying amount and amount contractually required to pay at maturity	Accumulated amount of change in fair value attributable to changes in own credit risk	Amount of change in fair value during the period attributable to changes in own credit risk	Amount realised at derecognition (1)	
Deposits and subordinated liabilities			- -	-	-	
Deposits	-	-	-	-		
Subordinated liabilities	-	-	-	-		
Debt securities	27,659	607	137	(369)	(18)	
Other financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	_	
TOTAL	27,659	607	137	(369)	(18)	

<sup>1</sup> The amount realised upon derecognition is transferred to consolidated reserves.

Pursuant to IFRS 9, Crédit Agricole's Group calculates changes in fair value attributable to changes in own credit risk using a methodology that allows for them to be separated from changes in value attributable to changes in market conditions.

Basis for calculating own credit risk

The source taken into account for the calculation of own credit risk may vary from one issuer to another. Within Crédit Agricole's Group, the source used is the change in its cost of market refinancing.

Calculation of unrealised gains/losses on own credit adjustment (recognised in other comprehensive income)

The Crédit Agricole's Group preferred approach is based on the liquidity component of issues. All issues are replicated by a group of vanilla loans/borrowings. Changes in fair value attributable to changes in own credit risk of all issues therefore correspond to those of said loans. These are equal to the changes in fair value of the loan book caused by changes in the cost of refinancing.

Calculation of realised gains/losses on own credit risk (recognised in consolidated reserves)

The Group has elected to transfer fair value changes attributable to changes in own credit risk upon unwinding to consolidated reserves. Accordingly, when there is a total or partial early redemption, a sensitivity-based calculation is done. This consists of measuring the change in fair value attributable to the changes in own credit risk of a given issuance as being the sum of the credit spread sensitivities multiplied by the change in this spread between the issuance date and the redemption date.

### 6.3 Hedging derivative instruments

Detailed information is provided in Note 3.4 on "Hedging accounting".

### 6.4 Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

(in millions of euros)	Carrying amount	Unrealised gains	Unrealised losses
Debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income that may be reclassified to profit or loss	268,299	20,560	(418)
Equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	4,013	1,369	(1,105)
TOTAL	272,312	21,929	(1,523)

	31/12/2018		
(in millions of euros)	Carrying amount	Unrealised gains	Unrealised losses
Debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income that may be reclassified to profit or loss	260,251	14,645	(1,135)
Equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	4,730	1,134	(1,168)
TOTAL	264,981	15,779	(2,303)



# DEBT INSTRUMENTS RECOGNISED AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME THAT CAN BE RECLASSIFIED

	31/12/2019		
(in millions of euros)	Carrying amount	Unrealised gains	Unrealised losses
Treasury bills and similar securities	84,250	7,880	(168)
Bonds and other fixed income securities	184,049	12,680	(250)
Total Debt securities	268,299	20,560	(418)
Loans and receivables due from credit institutions	-	-	-
Loans and receivables due from customers	-	-	-
Total Loans and receivables	-	-	-
Total debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income that may be reclassified to profit	0/0.000	00.540	(410)
and loss	268,299	20,560	(418)
Income tax charge		(5,391)	90
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME ON DEBT INSTRUMENTS THAT WILL NOT BE RECLASSIFIED TO PROFIT OR LOSS (NET			
OF INCOME TAX)		15,169	(328)

	31/12/2018			
(in millions of euros)	Carrying amount	Unrealised gains	Unrealised losses	
Treasury bills and similar securities	77,613	4,710	(375)	
Bonds and other fixed income securities	182,638	9,935	(760)	
Total Debt securities	260,251	14,645	(1,135)	
Loans and receivables due from credit institutions	-	-	-	
Loans and receivables due from customers	-	-	-	
Total Loans and receivables	-	-	-	
Total debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income that may be reclassified to profit				
and loss	260,251	14,645	(1,135)	
Income tax charge		(3,867)	296	
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME ON DEBT INSTRUMENTS THAT WILL NOT BE RECLASSIFIED TO PROFIT OR LOSS (NET OF INCOME TAX)		10.778	(839)	



# EQUITY INSTRUMENTS RECOGNISED AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME THAT CANNOT BE RECLASSIFIED

#### Other comprehensive income on equity instruments that cannot be reclassified

	31/12/2019		
(in millions of euros)	Carrying amount	Unrealised gains	Unrealised losses
Equities and other variable income securities	997	38	(39)
Non-consolidated equity investments	3,016	1,331	(1,066)
Total equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	4,013	1,369	(1,105)
Income tax charge		(144)	18
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME ON EQUITY INSTRUMENTS THAT WILL NOT BE RECLASSIFIED TO PROFIT OR LOSS (NET OF INCOME TAX)		1,225	(1,087)

_	31/12/2018			
(in millions of euros)	Carrying amount	Unrealised gains	Unrealised losses	
Equities and other variable income securities	439	30	(48)	
Non-consolidated equity investments	4,291	1,104	(1,120)	
Total equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	4,730	1,134	(1,168)	
Income tax charge		(129)	14	
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME ON EQUITY INSTRUMENTS THAT WILL NOT BE RECLASSIFIED TO PROFIT OR LOSS (NET OF INCOME TAX)		1,005	(1,154)	



#### Equity instruments derecognised during the period

		31/12/2019								
(in millions of euros)	Fair value at the date of derecognition	Cumulative gains realised 1	Cumulative losses realised 1							
Equities and other variable income securities	(1)		(5)							
Non-consolidated equity investments	1,098	52	(66)							
Total investments in equity instruments	1,097	52	(71)							
Income tax charge		-	-							
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME ON EQUITY INSTRUMENTS THAT WILL NOT BE RECLASSIFIED TO PROFIT OR LOSS (NET OF INCOME TAX) '		52	(71)							

<sup>1</sup> The amount realised upon derecognition is transferred to consolidated reserves

	31/12/2018									
(in millions of euros)	Fair value at the date of derecognition	Cumulative gains realised 1	Cumulative losses realised 1							
Equity and other variable income securities	32	5	(5)							
Non-consolidated equity investments	345	22	(90)							
Total Investments in equity instruments	377	27	(95)							
Income tax charge		-	12							
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME ON EQUITY										
INSTRUMENTS THAT WILL NOT BE RECLASSIFIED										
TO PROFIT OR LOSS (NET OF INCOME TAX) 1		27	(83)							

' The amount realised upon derecognition is transferred to consolidated reserves

### 6.5 Financial assets at amortised cost

(in millions of euros)	31/12/2019	31/12/2018
Loans and receivables due from credit institutions	100,949	97,194
Loans and receivables due from customers	913,497	854,681
Debt securities	95,134	80,581
CARRYING AMOUNT	1,109,580	1,032,456



#### LOANS AND RECEIVABLES DUE FROM CREDIT INSTITUTIONS

(in millions of euros)	31/12/2019	31/12/2018
Credit institutions		
Loans and receivables	95,147	91,353
of which non doubtful current accounts in debit '	6,669	6,366
of which non doubtful overnight accounts and advances '	22,497	25,375
Pledged securities	1	1
Securities bought under repurchase agreements	5,538	5,617
Subordinated loans	621	614
Other loans and receivables	59	27
Gross amount	101,365	97,612
Impairment	(416)	(418)
Net value of loans and receivables due from credit institutions	100,949	97,194

<sup>1</sup> These transactions are partly comprised of the item "Net demand loans and deposits with credit institutions" on the "Cash Flow Statement".

#### LOANS AND RECEIVABLES DUE FROM CUSTOMERS

(in millions of euros)	31/12/2019	31/12/2018
Loans and receivables due from customers		
Trade receivables	28,299	32,039
Other customer loans	862,914	803,707
Pledged securities	232	131
Securities bought under repurchase agreements	4,071	2,976
Subordinated loans	121	116
Insurance receivables	309	642
Reinsurance receivables	770	634
Advances in associates' current accounts	1,015	1,003
Current accounts in debit	17,577	16,257
Gross amount	915,308	857,505
Impairment	(18,492)	(18,992)
Net value of loans and receivables due from customers	896,816	838,513
Finance leases		
Property leasing	5,518	5,550
Equipment leases, operating leases and similar transactions	11,661	11,100
Gross amount	17,179	16,650
Impairment	(499)	(482)
Net value of lease financing operations	16,680	16,168
CARRYING AMOUNT	913,496	854,681

#### **DEBT SECURITIES**

(in millions of euros)	31/12/2019	31/12/2018



Treasury bills and similar securities	33,361	33,400
Bonds and other fixed income securities	61,842	47,228
Total	95,203	80,628
Impairment	(69)	(47)
CARRYING AMOUNT	95,134	80,581



### 6.6 Transferred assets not derecognised or derecognised with on-going involvement

#### TRANSFERRED ASSETS NOT DERECOGNISED IN FULL AT 31ST DECEMBER 2019

	-	Transferred assets but still fully recognised											Transferred assets recognised to the extent of on the entity's continuing involvement			
		Transferred assets					A	ssociated liabilities			Assets and associated liabilities	_				
(in millions of euros)	Carrying amount	Of which securitisation (non- deconsolidating)	Of which securities sold/bought under repurchase agreements	Of which other 1	Fair value <sup>2</sup>	Carrying amount	Of which securitisation (non- deconsolidati ng)	Of which securities sold/bought under repurchase agreements	Of which other 1	Fair value <sup>2</sup>	Net fair value 2	Initial total carrying amount of assets prior to transfer	Carrying amount of assets still recognised (continuing involvement)	Carrying amount of associated liabilities		
Held for trading financial assets	14,139	-	14,139	-	14,139	13,331		13,331	-	13,331	808		-	-		
Equity instruments	3,911	-	3,911	-	3,911	3,688	-	3,688	-	3,688	223	-	-	-		
Debt securities	10,228	-	10,228	-	10,228	9,643	-	9,643	-	9,643	585	-	-	-		
Loans and receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-		
Other financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Equity instruments		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			-			
Debt securities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-		
Loans and receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	24,393	-	24,092	300	24,027	24,049	-	24,048	-	24,048	(21)	-	-	-		
Equity instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Debt securities	24,393	-	24,092	300	24,027	24,049	-	24,048	-	24,048	(21)		-	-		
Loans and receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-		
Financial assets at amortised cost	16,312	15,121	1,186	5	16,358	14,139	12,997	1,142	-	14,149	2,209		-	-		
Debt securifies	1,191	-	1,186	5	1,197	1,142	-	1,142	-	1,146	51		-	-		
Loans and receivables	15,121	15,121	÷	-	15,161	12,997	12,997	-	-	13,003	2,158	-	-	-		
Total financial assets	54,844	15,121	39,417	305	54,524	51,519	12,997	38,521	-	51,528	2,996	1.1	-	-		
Finance leases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
TOTAL TRANSFERRED ASSETS	54,844	15,121	39,417	305	54,524	51,519	12,997	38,521	-	51,528	2,996	-	-	-		

<sup>1</sup> Including securities lending without cash collateral.

<sup>2</sup> When the "counterparty" (counterparties) to the associated liabilities has (have) recourse only to the transferred assets".



#### TRANSFERRED ASSETS NOT DERECOGNISED IN FULL AT 31ST DECEMBER 2018

	Transferred assets but still fully recognised											Transferred assets recognised to the extent of on the entity's continuing involvement		
		Τια	Associated liabilities							Assets and associated liabilities	Initial total carrying amount of assets prior to transfer	assets still recognised (continuing	Carrying amount of associate	
(in millions of euros)	Carrying amount	Of which securitisation (non- deconsolidati ng)	Of which securities sold/bought under repurchase agreements	Of which other (1)	Fair value	Carrying amount	Of which securitisati on (non- deconsoli dating)	Of which securities sold/boug ht under repurchas e agreemen	Of which other (1)	Fair value	Net fair value <sup>(2)</sup>			
Held for trading financial assets	10,488	-	10,488	-	10,488	10,137	-	10,137	-	10,137	351	-	-	-
Equity instruments	1,665	-	1,665	-	1,665	1,609	-	1,609	-	1,609	56	-	-	-
Debt securities	8,823	-	8,823	-	8,823	8,528	-	8,528	-	8,528	295	-	-	-
Loans and receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Equity instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt securities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Loans and receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	20,702	6	19,625	1,071	20,399	19,702	-	19,702	-	19,601	798	-	-	-
Equity instruments	-		-	-	-	-	-			-	-	-		-
Debt securities	20,702	6	19,625	1,071	20,399	19,702	-	19,702	-	19,601	798	-	-	-
Loans and receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Financial assets at amortised cost	15,477	13,765	1,160	552	15,494	12,185	11,053	1,132	-	12,207	3,287	-	-	-
Debt securities	1,712	-	1,160	552	1,710	1,132	-	1,132	-	1,132	578	-	-	-
Loans and receivables	13,765	13,765	-	-	13,784	11,053	11,053	-	-	11,074	2,709	-	-	-
Total financial assets	46,667	13,771	31,273	1,623	46,381	42,024	11,053	30,972	-	41,945	4,436	-	-	-
Finance leases	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL TRANSFERRED ASSETS	46,667	13,771	31,273	1,623	46,381	42,024	11,053	30,972	-	41,945	4,436	-	-	-



' Including securities lending without cash collateral.

<sup>2</sup> When the "counterparty" (counterparties) to the associated liabilities has (have) recourse only to the transferred assets".

#### Securitisations

Consolidated securitisations with external investors are a transfer of assets within the meaning of the amendment to IFRS 7. The Group effectively has an indirect contractual obligation to deliver to external investors the cash flows from assets sold to the securitisation fund (although these assets are recorded in the Group balance sheet through the consolidation of the fund). Receivables assigned to the securitisation fund are used as collateral for investors.

Fully self-subscribed consolidated securitisations do not constitute a transfer of assets within the meaning of IFRS 7.

#### **Crédit Agricole Consumer Finance Securitisations**

At 31 December 2019, Crédit Agricole Consumer Finance managed 17 consolidated vehicles for securitisation of retail consumer loans and car dealer financing in Europe. Securitisation transactions carried out within Crédit Agricole Consumer Finance Group are not considered to form part of a deconsolidation transaction under IFRS and have therefore been reintegrated into Crédit Agricole Group's consolidated financial statements.

The carrying amounts of the relevant assets (net of related liabilities) amounted to  $\leq$ 3,150 million at 31 December 2019. They include, in particular, outstanding customer loans with a net carrying amount of  $\leq$ 5,960 million. The amount of securities mobilised on the market stood at  $\leq$ 6 171, million. The value of securities still available to be mobilised stood at  $\leq$ 6,262 million.

#### Credit Agricole Italia Securitisations

At 31 December 2019, Crédit Agricole Italia managed two home loan securitisation vehicles. These securitisation transactions are not considered to form part of a deconsolidation transaction under IFRS and have therefore been reintegrated into Crédit Agricole Group's consolidated financial statements.

The carrying amounts of the relevant assets amounted to €12,072 million at 31 December 2019.

#### FCT Securitisation, Crédit Agricole home loans 2015, 2017, 2018 and 2019

At 31 December 2019 the Regional Banks handled four vehicles for securitising home loans. These securitisation transactions are not considered to form part of a deconsolidation transaction under IFRS and have therefore been reintegrated into Crédit Agricole Group's consolidated financial statements.

The carrying amounts of the relevant assets amounted to  $\leq 27,072$  million at 31 December 2019.



# 6.7 Exposure to sovereign risk

The scope of sovereign exposures recorded covers exposures to Governments, but does not include local authorities. Tax receivables is excluded from these amounts.

Exposure to sovereign debt corresponds to an exposure net of impairment (carrying amount) presented both gross and net of hedging.

Crédit Agricole Group's exposure to sovereign risk is as follows:

### **BANKING ACTIVITY**

31/12/2019			Exposures Banking ac	tivity net of impo	airment		
(in millions of euros)		ot fair value through or loss Other financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income that may be reclassified to profit or loss	Financial assets at amortised cost	Total banking activity before hedging	Hedging	Total banking activity after hedging
Saudi Arabia	_			899	899		899
Argentina	-	_	_				
Austria	68	50	5	154	277	(7)	270
Belgium	-	17	2,479	1,129	3,625	(209)	3,416
Brazil	57	-	77	191	325	-	325
China	12	-	36	-	48		48
Egypt	2	8	804	-	814		814
Spain	-	44	1,421	772	2,237	(4)	2,233
United States	4,083	-	205	2,858	7,146	(21)	7,125
France	41	4,474	5,129	18,888	28,532	(1,301)	27,231
Greece	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hong Kong	46	-	-	890	936	(1)	935
Iran	-	2	-	-	2		2
Ireland	1	14	-	-	15	-	15
Italy	24	111	2,827	5,083	8,045	(454)	7,591
Japan	-	-	-	889	889	8	897
Lithuania	-	4	-	-	4	-	4
Morocco	68	7	258	-	333		333
Poland	14	-	722	242	978	-	978
United Kingdom	-	-	-				-
Russia	1	-	-	-	1		1
Syria	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Turkey	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ukraine	-	-	55	148	203	-	203
Venezuela	-	-	-	42	42	-	42
Yemen	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other sovereign countries	993	262	929	5,302	7,486	(553)	6,933
Total	5,410	4,993	14,947	37,487	62,837	(2,542)	60,295



TOTAL

3,532

1,106

#### Exposures net of impairment 31/12/2018 Financial assets at Financial assets at fair value through fair value through profit or loss Financial other Total banking Total banking assets at comprehensive activity before Hedging activity after amortised income that may hedging hedging cost Other financial be reclassified to instruments at fair profit or loss Held-for-trading value through (in millions of euros) financial assets profit or loss 880 888 888 8 Saudi Arabia 35 15 (5) Austria 155 205 200 50 56 2,493 1,412 4,011 (136) 3,875 Belgium 381 211 592 592 Brazil -China 6 19 25 25 \_ . 5 539 264 808 (2) 806 Spain 1,578 152 1,610 3,340 1 United States 3,341 621 France 3 6,212 20,013 26,849 (732) 26,117 -\_\_\_ Greece -71 978 1,049 1,049 Hong-Kong Iran -2 2 2 Ireland -519 3,019 5 5,175 8,718 (184) 8,534 Italy 23 1,948 1,971 1,971 Japan Lituania -737 740 740 Poland 3 United Kingdom 7 1 8 8 Russia Syria Turkey 31 34 65 65 Ukraine Venezuela 59 59 59 Yemen 6,086 889 384 2,006 3,051 6,330 (244) Other coutnries

15,211

35,811

55,660

(1,302)

54,358



### **INSURANCE ACTIVITY**

For the insurance activity, exposure to sovereign debt is presented as net of impairment, before hedging, and corresponds to an exposure before application of sharing mechanisms between insurer and policyholder specific to life insurance.

Gross exposures		
(in millions of euros)	31/12/2019	31/12/2018
Saudi Arabia	6	-
Argentina	1	-
Austria	3,040	3,672
Belgium	3,299	2,859
Brazil	-	-
China	-	-
Egypt		
Spain	1,318	1,148
United States	131	39
France	52,971	48,417
Greece	4	-
Hong Kong	-	-
Iran	-	-
Ireland	725	759
Italy	7,602	6,042
Japan	97	39
Lithuania	-	-
Могоссо		
Poland	363	349
United Kingdom	15	4
Russia	-	-
Syria	-	-
Turkey	2	-
Ukraine	-	-
Venezuela	1	-
Yemen		-
Other sovereign countries	2,352	2,118
TOTAL EXPOSURES	71,927	65,446

# 6.8 Financial liabilities at amortised cost

(in millions of euros)	31/12/2019	31/12/2018
Due to credit institutions	102,260	95,970
Due to customers	856,061	789,835
Debt securities	213,365	198,227
CARRYING AMOUNT	1,171,686	1,084,032



### DUE TO CREDIT INSTITUTIONS

(in millions of euros)	31/12/2019	31/12/2018
Credit institutions		
Accounts and borrowings	74,560	73,414
of which current accounts in credit '	7,933	10,582
of which overnight accounts and deposits '	2,359	1,671
Pledged securities	-	-
Securities sold under repurchase agreements	27,700	22,556
	102,260	95,970

<sup>1</sup> These transactions are partly comprised of the item "Net demand loans and deposits with credit institutions" on the "Cash Flow Statement".

### **DUE TO CUSTOMERS**

(in millions of euros)	31/12/2019	31/12/2018
Current accounts in credit	391,429	350,525
Special savings accounts	307,589	292,923
Other amounts due to customers	152,848	142,795
Securities sold under repurchase agreements	1,593	900
Insurance liabilities	981	1,306
Reinsurance liabilities	467	334
Cash deposits received from ceding and retroceding companies against technical		
insurance commitments	1,154	1,052
	856,061	789,835

# **DEBT INSTRUMENTS**

(in millions of euros)	31/12/2019	31/12/2018
Interest bearing notes	13	140
Interbank securities	9,289	10,306
Negotiable debt securities	97,317	90,768
Bonds 1	103,038	93,932
Other debt securities	3,708	3,081
	213,365	198,227

<sup>1</sup> Includes issues of Covered Bonds and issues of senior non-preferred bonds.

The debt instruments issued by Crédit Agricole S.A. and subscribed for by Crédit Agricole S.A. Group insurance companies were eliminated for euro contracts. They were eliminated for the portion backing unit-linked contracts with financial risk borne by the policyholder.

# 6.9 Information on the offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

# **OFFSETTING – FINANCIAL ASSETS**

				31/12/2019		
	Offs	etting effects on finan	cial assets covere	d by master netting agr	eements and similar agreemer	nts
	Gross amounts	Gross amounts of recognised	Net amounts of financial –		can be offset under given nditions	
(in millions of euros)	of recognised financial assets before offsetting	financial liabilities set off in the financial statements 4	assets presented in the financial statements	Gross amounts of financial liabilities covered by master netting agreements	Amounts of other financial instruments received as collateral, including security deposits	Net amount after all offsetting effects
Derivatives <sup>1</sup>	120,914	21	120,893	109,720	10,376	797
Reverse repurchase agreements <sup>2</sup>	174,609	62,900	111,709	9,615	101,324	771
Securities lent	2,740	-	2,740	-	-	2,740
Other financial instruments		-		-	-	-
TOTAL FINANCIAL ASSETS SUBJECT TO OFFSETTING	298,263	62,921	235,342	119,335	111,700	4,308

' Including margin calls but before any XVA impact

<sup>2</sup> The net amount of financial assets shown in the summary statements is equal to the amount shown on the balance sheet as assets

At 31 December 2019, derivative instruments were not subject to accounting clearing within the meaning of IAS 32R, but daily settlement (application of the so-called "settlement to market" mechanism.

				31/12/2018		
	Offs	etting effects on finan	cial assets covere	d by master netting ag	eements and similar agreemer	nts
	Gross amounts	Gross amounts of recognised	Net amounts of financial –		can be offset under given nditions	
(in millions of euros)	of recognised financial assets before offsetting	financial liabilities set off in the financial statements 4	assets presented in the financial statements	Gross amounts of financial liabilities covered by master netting agreements	Amounts of other financial instruments received as collateral, including security deposits	Net amount after all offsetting effects
Derivatives '	167,668	57,578	110,090	80,480	14,564	15,047
Reverse repurchase agreements <sup>2</sup>	167,454	52,233	115,221	6,771	103,888	4,561
Securities lent	5,593	-	5,593		-	5,593
Other financial instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL FINANCIAL ASSETS SUBJECT TO OFFSETTING	340,715	109,811	230,904	87,251	118,452	25,201

<sup>1</sup> Including margin calls but before any XVA impact

<sup>2</sup> The net amount of financial assets shown in the summary statements is equal to the amount shown on the balance sheet as assets

### **OFFSETTING – FINANCIAL LIABILITIES**

				31/12/2019		
	Offs	etting effects on finan	cial assets covere	d by master netting ag	reements and similar agreemer	nts
	Gross amounts	Gross amounts of recognised	Net amounts of financial –		can be offset under given nditions	
(in millions of euros)	of recognised financial assets before offsetting	financial liabilities set off in the financial statements <sup>3</sup>	assets presented in the financial statements	Gross amounts of financial liabilities covered by master netting agreements	Amounts of other financial instruments received as collateral, including security deposits	Net amount after all offsetting effects
Derivatives <sup>1</sup>	117,610	-	117,610	108,043	7,020	2,547
Repurchase agreements <sup>2</sup>	166,699	62,900	103,799	9,615	87,732	6,452
Securities borrowed	6,060	-	6,060	-	-	6,060
Other financial instruments		-		-	-	-
TOTAL FINANCIAL LIABILITIES SUBJECT TO OFFSETTING	290,369	62,900	227,469	117,658	94,752	15,059

<sup>1</sup> Including margin calls but before any XVA impact

<sup>2</sup> The net amount of financial assets shown in the summary statements is equal to the amount shown on the balance sheet as assets

At 31 December 2019, derivative instruments were not subject to accounting clearing within the meaning of IAS 32R, but daily settlement (application of the so-called "settlement to market" mechanism.

				31/12/2018		
	Offse	etting effects on financ	ial liabilities cover	ed by master netting ag	greements and similar agreeme	ents
	Gross amounts of recognised	Gross amounts of	Net amounts of financial –		can be offset under given nditions	
(in millions of euros)	financial liabilities before offsetting	recognised financial assets set off in the financial statements <sup>3</sup>	liabilities presented in the financial statements	Gross amounts of financial assets covered by master netting agreements	Amounts of other financial instruments received as collateral, including security deposits	Net amount after all offsetting effects
Derivatives 1	165,577	57,544	108,033	80,516	24,374	3,142
Repurchase agreements <sup>2</sup>	151,038	52,233	98,805	6,771	85,221	6,812
Securities borrowed	5,977	-	5,977	-	-	5,977
Other financial instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL FINANCIAL LIABILITIES SUBJECT TO OFFSETTING	322,592	109,778	212,814	87,288	109,595	15,932

<sup>1</sup> Including margin calls but before any XVA impact

<sup>2</sup> The net amount of financial assets shown in the summary statements is equal to the amount shown on the balance sheet as assets



# 6.10 Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities

(in millions of euros)	31/12/2019	31/12/2018
Current tax <sup>2</sup>	1,526	1,629
Deferred tax	4,767	4,594
TOTAL CURRENT AND DEFERRED TAX ASSETS	6,293	6,223
Current tax 1	1,760	764
Deferred tax	2,236	1,678
TOTAL CURRENT AND DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES	3,996	2,442

<sup>1</sup> Variation of this item includes reclassification of uncertain tax positions following IFRIC 23 application

<sup>2</sup> At the 31 of December 2019, this financial statement item includes a receivable for  $\leq$ 312 million recognized by CACEIS Germany considering the appeal proceedings in progress (see note 2.6). The receivable for  $\leq$ 312 million (see note 2.8) that Crédit Agricole S.A had recorded in 2017, as part of the Emporiki tax litigation, was reimbursed without impact on the income statement

### TAX AUDITS

### Crédit Agricole S.A. TAX AUDIT

After an audit of accounts for the 2014 and 2015 financial years, Crédit Agricole S.A. was the subject of adjustments as part of a proposed correction received at the end of December 2018. Crédit Agricole S.A. has challenged most of the proposed adjustments with stated arguments. A provision has been recognised to cover the estimated risk. Crédit Agricole S.A. earlier underwent a tax audit covering the 2013 financial year. On conclusion of the audit, the tax authorities had issued a tax adjustment rejecting a tax deduction that was made, following the loss on the disposal of Emporiki Bank securities issued in connection with a capital increase carried out on 28 January 2013, four days prior to the sale of Emporiki Bank to Alpha Bank. The tax authorities disputed the fact that the securities of this subsidiary were treated as investment securities.

The assessment notice dated 15 March 2017 relating to this adjustment, for the amount of €312 million, was paid, and concurrently, a receivable of the same amount is was recognised on 31 December 2017.

In its judgement of 8 November 2019, the Conseil d'Etat confirmed the decision of the Administrative Court of Appeal of 17 May 2018 and reiterated the opinion of the ANC. All remedies are now exhausted.

Thus, with regard the securities resulting from the capital increase of 2012, the amount of €1,038 million paid to Crédit Agricole S.A. is definitively acquired, justifying a reversal of the associated provisions in the net income, i.e.:

- €955 million in provisions associated with the deductibility of the provision for depreciation of Emporiki securities recorded in 2012;
- €83 million in provisions associated with the deductibility of the capital loss on Emporiki securities recorded in 2013.

With regard the securities resulting from the capital increase of 2013, the amount of €312 million has been reimbursed to Crédit Agricole S.A. No receivable, in this respect, is presented in the 31 December 2019' accounts.

### Crédit Agricole CIB Paris tax audit

After an audit of accounts for the 2013, 2014 and 2015 financial years, Crédit Agricole CIB was the subject of adjustments as part of a proposed correction received at the end of December 2018. Crédit Agricole CIB has challenged the proposed adjustments with stated arguments. A provision has been recognised to cover the estimated risk.

### Crédit Agricole CIB Milan tax audit regarding transfer pricing

Following audits, Crédit Agricole CIB Milan received adjustment notices from the Italian tax authorities regarding transfer pricing for the 2005 to 2014 financial years. Crédit Agricole CIB has challenged the proposed adjustments with stated arguments. At the same time, the case has been referred to the competent French-Italian authorities for all financial years. A provision has been recognised to cover the estimated risk.

CLSA liability guarantee In 2013, Crédit Agricole Group sold the CLSA entities to the Chinese group CITICS.

Following tax adjustments made on some CLSA entities in India and the Philippines, CITICS invoked the liability guarantee against Crédit Agricole Group. The adjustments have been challenged with stated arguments. A provision has been recognised to cover the estimated risk.

### Crédit Agricole Consumer Finance tax audit



Crédit Agricole Consumer Finance was the subject of an audit of accounts for the 2016 and 2017 financial years. It received an adjustment notice in late 2019. Crédit Agricole Consumer Finance has recorded a provision in its accounts for the adjustments that are disputed.

Earlier, Crédit Agricole Consumer Finance had been the subject of a different audit of accounts for the 2014 and 2015 financial years. It received an adjustment notice in late 2017. Crédit Agricole Consumer Finance has challenged the adjustments with stated arguments. A provision for adjustments that are disputed has been recognised. A provision of €90m was recognised in the accounts of Crédit Agricole Consumer Finance Nederland B.V.

#### PREDICA tax audit

PREDICA was the subject of an audit of accounts for the 2015 and 2016 financial years. It received an adjustment notice in early 2019. PREDICA has recorded a provision in its accounts for the adjustments that are disputed. **CACEIS tax audit** 

CACEIS was the subject of an audit of accounts for the 2016 and 2017 financial years. It received an adjustment notice in late 2019. CACEIS has recorded a provision in its accounts for the adjustments that are disputed.

Net deferred tax assets and liabilities break down as follows:

_(in millions of euros)	31/12/2019
Temporary timing differences - tax	4,347
Non-deductible accrued expenses	405
Non-deductible provisions for liabilities and charges	3,628
Other temporary differences <sup>1</sup>	314
Deferred tax on reserves for unrealised gains or losses	(692)
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	(648)
Cash flow hedges	(372)
Gains and losses/Actuarial differences	165
Other comprehensive income attributable to changes in own credit risk	72
Reclassification of net gains (losses) of designated financial assets applying the overlay	91
Deferred tax on income and reserves	(1,124)
of which Reclassification of net gains (losses) of designated financial assets applying the overlay approach	(91)
TOTAL DEFERRED TAX	2,531

<sup>1</sup> The portion of deferred tax related to tax loss carryforwards is  $\in$  392 million for 2019.

(in millions of euros)	31/12/2018
Temporary timing differences - tax	4,194
Non-deductible accrued expenses	384
Non-deductible for liabilities and charges	3,433
Other temporary differences 1	377
Deferred tax on reserves for unrealised gains or losses	(297)
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	(362)
Cash flow hedges	(269)
Gains and losses/Actuarial differences	143
Other comprehensive income attributable to changes in own credit risk	57
Reclassification of net gains (losses) of designated financial assets applying the overlay	135
Deferred tax on income and reserves	(981)
of which Reclassification of net gains (losses) of designated financial assets applying the overlay approach	(135)
TOTAL DEFERRED TAX	2,916

<sup>1</sup> The portion of deferred tax related to tax loss carryforwards is  $\in$ 444 million for 2018.

Deferred tax assets are netted on the balance sheet by taxable entity.

In order to assess the level of deferred tax assets to be recognised, Crédit Agricole takes into account for each company or tax group concerned the dedicated tax status and the earnings projections established during the budgetary process.

# 6.11 Accrued income and expenses and other assets and liabilities

### ACCRUALS, PREPAYMENTS AND SUNDRY ASSETS

(in millions of euros)	31/12/2019	31/12/2018
Others	37,027	36,259
Inventory accounts and miscellaneous	284	212
Sundry debtors <sup>1</sup>	32,755	31,729
Settlements accounts	1,553	2,150
Other insurance assets	329	344
Reinsurer's share of technical reserves	2,106	1,824
Accruals and deferred income	7,413	8,084
Items in course of transmission	3,438	3,477
Adjustment and suspense accounts	259	703
Accrued income	1,871	2,092
Prepaid expenses	637	555
Other accruals prepayments and sundry assets	1,209	1,256
CARRYING AMOUNT	44,440	44,343

<sup>1</sup> including  $\in$ 67 million in respect of the contribution to the Single Resolution Fund in the form of a security deposit. The Single Resolution Fund may use the security deposit to provide funding unconditionally and at any time.



# ACCRUALS, DEFERRED INCOME AND SUNDRY LIABILITIES

(in millions of euros)	31/12/2019	31/12/2018
Other liabilities '	33,860	30,623
Settlements accounts	2,505	2,657
Sundry creditors	28,655	27,239
Liabilities related to trading securities	840	705
Other insurance liabilities	31	22
Lease liabilities <sup>3</sup>	1,829	-
Accruals and deferred income	17,506	17,386
Items in course of transmission <sup>2</sup>	3,587	3,942
Adjustment and suspense accounts	1,632	868
Unearned income	4,076	4,023
Accrued expenses	7,321	7,712
Other accruals prepayments and sundry assets	890	841
Carrying amount	51,366	48,009
<sup>1</sup> The amounts shown include related debts.		
<sup>2</sup> Net amounts are shown		

<sup>2</sup> Net amounts are shown.

<sup>3</sup> See note 1.1 Applicable standards and comparability – IFRS 16 Leases

# 6.12 Assets, liabilities and income from discontinued or held for sale operations

### BALANCE SHEET OF DISCONTINUED OR HELD FOR SALE OPERATIONS

(in millions of euros)	31/12/2019
Cash, central banks	55
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-
Hedging derivative Instruments	-
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	(45)
Financial assets at amortised cost	370
Revaluation adjustment on interest rate hedged portfolios	-
Current and deferred tax assets	-
Accruals, prepayments and sundry assets	2
Investments in equity-accounted entities	-
Investment property	-
Property, plant and equipment	5
Intangible assets	4
Goodwill	-
Total assets	390
Central banks	-
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	-
Hedging derivative Instruments	-
Financial liabilities at amortised cost	420
Revaluation adjustment on interest rate hedged portfolios	-



Current and deferred tax liabilities	-
Accruals, prepayments and sundry liabilities	4
Provisions	1
Subordinated debt	9
Adjustment to fair value of assets held for sale and discontinued operations (excluding taxes)	43
Total liabilities and equity	478
NET ASSET FROM DISCONTINUED OR HELD-FOR-SALE OPERATIONS	(88)

In 2019, Crédit Agricole S.A. is engaged in a sale process of Crédit Agricole Bank Romania. An active program to find a potential buyer was launched, which led to the receipt at the end of December 2019 of binding offers from potential buyers.

### INCOME STATEMENT FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

(in millions of euros)	31/12/2019
Revenues	12
Operating expenses	(12)
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment of property, plant & equipment and intangible assets	(2)
Cost of risk	(1)
Pre-tax income	(3)
Share of net income of equity-accounted entities	-
Net gains (losses) on other assets	-
Change in value of goodwill	-
Income tax charge	-
Net income	(3)
Income associated with fair value adjustments of discontinued operations	(43)
Net income from discontinued operations	(46)
Non-controlling interests	
NET INCOME FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS - GROUP SHARE	(46)

### DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS CASH FLOW STATEMENT

(in millions of euros)	31/12/2019
Net cash flows from (used by) operating activities	(23)
Net cash flows from (used by) investment activities	-
Net cash flows from (used by) financing activities	7
TOTAL	(16)

# 6.13 Joint ventures and associates

### FINANCIAL INFORMATION OF JOINT VENTURES AND ASSOCIATES

At 31 December 2019,

- the equity-accounted value of joint ventures totalled €2,584 million (€2,019 million at 31 December 2018),
- the equity-accounted value of associates totalled €4.519 million (€4,289 million at 31 Decembre 2018),

FCA Bank is a joint venture created with the Fiat Chrysler Automobiles Group. In July 2013, Crédit Agricole S.A., Crédit Agricole Consumer Finance and Fiat Chrysler Automobiles (formerly Fiat Group Automobiles) signed an agreement to extend their 50/50 joint venture until 31 December 2021. Active in 16 European countries, the company manages all financing transactions for car dealers and private customers for the following brands: Fiat, Lancia, Alfa Romeo, Maserati, Chrysler, Jeep, Fiat Professional, Abarth, Ferrari in Europe as well as Jaguar Land Rover in continental Europe. It is key to the development of the Group's automotive joint venture business.

Material associates and joint ventures are presented in the table below. These are the main joint ventures and associates that make up the "Equity-accounted value on the balance sheet".

	31/12/2019					
(in millions of euros)	% of interest	Equity- accounted	Share of market	Dividends paid to	Share of net income 1	Share of shareholder
Joint ventures						-
Fca Bank	50.0%	1,818	-	90	232	1,572
Others		532	-		56	719
Net carrying amount of investments in equity- accounted entities (Joint ventures)		2,584			288	2,648
Associates						
Icade	19.0%	929	1,372	63	32	539
Ramsay Generale De Sante	39.6%	663	735	-	3	395
Korian	24.4%	650	838	11	29	610
Altarea	24.7%	596	835	51	65	497
Gac Sofinco Auto Finance Co (Ex Gac Cacf)	50.0%	358	-	6	51	358
Sci Heart Of La Defense <sup>3</sup>	33.3%	269	266	14	11	269
Frey	19.3%	146	156	4	7	113
Wafasalaf	49.0%	139	-	13	15	81
Abc-Ca Fund Management Co	23.3%	131	-	-	9	131
Sbi Funds Management Private Limited	25.9%	103	-	5	24	76
Others		535			78	290
Net carrying amount of investments in equity- accounted entities (Associates)		4,519			324	3,359
NET CARRYING AMOUNT OF INVESTMENTS IN EQUITY-ACCOUNTED ENTITIES		7,103			612	6,007

<sup>1</sup> The share of income of insurance activities and associates as well as the related share of benefits are classified as Net Banking Income in the income statement.

<sup>2</sup> Shareholders' equity Group share in the financial statements of the joint venture or associate when the joint venture or associate is a sub-group.

<sup>3</sup> SCI Heart of La Défense entered the scope of consolidation under the equity method in 2018.

	31/12/2019					
(in millions of euros)	% of interest	Equity- accounted value	Share of market value	Dividends paid to Group's entities	Share of net income <sup>1</sup>	Share of shareholder s' equity <sup>2</sup>
Joint ventures						
Fca Bank	50.0%	1,818	-	90	232	1,572
\$3 Latam Holdco 1	34.8%	234	-	-	-	357
Others		532	-		56	719
Net carrying amount of investments in equity- accounted entities (Joint ventures)		2,584			288	2,648
Associates						
Icade	19.0%	929	1,372	63	32	539
Ramsay Generale De Sante	39.6%	663	735	-	3	395
Korian	24.4%	650	838	11	29	610
Altarea	24.7%	596	835	51	65	497
Gac Sofinco Auto Finance Co (Ex Gac Cacf)	50.0%	358	-	6	51	358
Sci Heart Of La Defense <sup>3</sup>	33.3%	269	266	14	11	269
Frey	19.3%	146	156	4	7	113
Wafasalaf	49.0%	139	-	13	15	81
Abc-Ca Fund Management Co	23.3%	131	-	-	9	131
Sbi Funds Management Private Limited	25.9%	103	-	5	24	76
Others		535			78	290
Net carrying amount of investments in equity- accounted entities (Associates)		4,519			324	3,359
NET CARRYING AMOUNT OF INVESTMENTS IN EQUITY-ACCOUNTED ENTITIES		7,103			612	6,007

<sup>1</sup> The share of income of insurance activities and associates as well as the related share of benefits are classified as Net Banking Income in the income statement.

<sup>2</sup> Shareholders' equity Group share in the financial statements of the joint venture or associate when the joint venture or associate is a sub-group.

<sup>3</sup> SCI Heart of La Défense entered the scope of consolidation under the equity method in 2018.

	31/12/2018					
(in millions of euros)	% of interest	Equity- accounted value	Share of market value	Dividends paid to Group's entities	Share of net income 1	Share of shareholder s' equity <sup>2</sup>
Joint ventures						
Fca Bank S.P.A	50.0%	1,672	-	-	133	1,427
Others		347	-	-	61	454
Net carrying amount of investments in equity- accounted entities (Joint ventures)		2,019			194	1,881
Associates						
Icade	18.4%	935	911	59	22	566
Korian	23.2%	615	591	5	42	578
Altarea	24.7%	559	657	50	54	462
Ramsay – Generale De Sante	38.4%	439	624	-	3	181
Gac - Sofinco Auto Finance Co. Ltd.	50.0%	311	-	-	38	311
Sci Heart Of La Defense <sup>3</sup>	33.3%	271	271	-	(5)	271

Sci Cargo Property Holding	28.0%	182	207	10	3	182
Wafasalaf	49.0%	135	-	13	12	79
Abc-Ca Fund Management Co	23.3%	121	-	-	20	121
Frey	19.2%	114	100	2	14	112
Others	0.0%	607			94	273
Net carrying amount of investments in equity- accounted entities (Associates)		4,289			297	3,136
NET CARRYING AMOUNT OF INVESTMENTS IN EQUITY-ACCOUNTED ENTITIES		6,308			491	5,017

<sup>1</sup> The share of income of insurance activities and associates as well as the related share of benefits are classified as Net Banking Income in the income statement.

<sup>2</sup> Shareholders' equity Group share in the financial statements of the joint venture or associate when the joint venture or associate is a sub-group.

<sup>3</sup> SCI Heart of La Défense entered the scope of consolidation under the equity method in 2018.

The market value shown in the table above is the quoted price of the shares on the market at 2019. This value may not be representative of the selling value since the value in use of equity-accounted entities may be different from the equity-accounted value determined pursuant to IAS 28. Investments in equity-accounted entities were subject to impairment tests, in case of an indication of impairment, using the same methodology as for goodwill.



Condensed financial information for the material associates and joint ventures of Crédit Agricole S.A. Group is shown below:

	31/12/2019				
(in millions of euros)	Revenues	Net income	Total assets	Total Equity	
Joint ventures					
FCA BANK	1,018	467	31,582	3,143	
S3 Latam Holdco 1	-	-	715	714	
Associates					
Icade	175	175	11,828	3,596	
Ramsay Generale De Sante	8	8	4,361	1,039	
Korian	119	119	10,720	2,478	
Altarea	263	263	8,563	3,187	
Gac Sofinco Auto Finance Co (Ex Gac Cacf)	217	101	5,214	1,471	
Sci Heart Of La Defense	33	33	1,881	816	
Frey	35	35	1,056	583	
Wafasalaf	103	30	1,244	332	
Abc-Ca Fund Management Co	80	28	461	785	
Sbi Funds Management Private Limited	150	66	254	413	

<sup>1</sup> SCI Heart of La Défense entered the scope of consolidation under the equity method in 2018.

		31/12/2	2018	
(in millions of euros)	Revenues	Net income	Total assets	Total Equity
Joint ventures				
FCA BANK S.P.A	954	387	30,396	2,854
Associates				
Icade	120	120	11,388	3,812
Korian	180	180	7,279	2,480
Altarea	220	220	8,247	3,060
Ramsay – Generale De Sante	7	7	2,502	511
Gac - Sofinco Auto Finance Co. Ltd.	172	76	5,520	1,267
Sci Heart Of La Defense 1	(15)	(15)	1,876	825
Sci Cargo Property Holding	10	10	595	576
Wafasalaf	-	25	-	161
Abc-Ca Fund Management Co	108	59	420	724
Frey	71	71	1,048	581

<sup>1</sup> SCI Heart of La Défense entered the scope of consolidation under the equity method in 2018.

### SIGNIFICANT RESTRICTIONS ON JOINT VENTURES AND ASSOCIATES

Crédit Agricole Group has the following restrictions:

### **Regulatory constraints**

The subsidiaries of Crédit Agricole Group are subject to prudential regulation and regulatory capital requirements in their host countries. The minimum equity capital (solvency ratio), leverage ratio and liquidity ratio requirements limit the capacity of these entities to pay dividends or to transfer assets to Crédit Agricole Group.



### Legal constraints

The subsidiaries of Crédit Agricole Group are subject to legal provisions concerning the distribution of capital and distributable earnings. These requirements limit the ability of the subsidiaries to distribute dividends. In the majority of cases, these are less restrictive than the regulatory limitations mentioned above.

#### Restriction on assets backing unit-linked contracts for the Insurance business

Assets backing unit-linked contracts of Crédit Agricole Group are held for the benefit of policyholders. Assets of the insurance subsidiaries of Crédit Agricole Group are mainly held for satisfying their obligation towards their policyholders. Assets transfers to other entities are possible following the legal conditions. However, in case of a transfer, a part of the profit due to the transfer must be intended for the policyholders.

# 6.14 Investment properties

(in millions of euros)	31/12/2018	Changes in scope	Increases (acquisitions)	Decreases (disposals)	Translation adjustments	Other movements	31/12/2019
Gross amount	7,439	97	654	(403)	-		7,787
Depreciation and impairment	(472)	(15)	(37)	26		(13)	(511)
CARRYING AMOUNT '	6,967	82	617	(377)	-	(13)	7,276

<sup>1</sup> Including investment property let to third parties.

(in millions of euros)	31/12/2017	Changes in scope	Increases (acquisitions)	Decreases (disposals)	Translation adjustments	Other movements	31/12/2018
Gross amount	7,203	154	568	(576)	-	90	7,439
Depreciation and impairment	(459)	-	(31)	28	-	(10)	(472)
CARRYING AMOUNT '	6,744	154	537	(548)	-	80	6,967

' Including investment property let to third parties.

### FAIR VALUE OF INVESTMENTS PROPERTIES

The market value of investment property recorded at amortised cost, as valued by "expert appraisers", was  $\in$  11,023 million at 31 December 2019 compared to  $\in$  10,346 million at 31 December 2018.

(in millions of euros)		31/12/2019	31/12/2018
Quoted prices in active markets for identical instruments	Level 1	2	2
Valuation based on observable data	Level 2	10,777	10,137
Valuation based on unobservable data	Level 3	244	207
MARKET VALUE OF INVESTLENT PROPERTIES		11,023	10,346

All investment property are recognised at amortised cost in the balance sheet.

# 6.15 Property, plant & equipment and intangible assets (excluding goodwill)

Operating property, plant and equipment includes the rights to use fixed assets leased as lessee as from 1 January 2019 (see Note 1.1 "Applicable standards and comparability" – IFRS 16 Leases). Depreciation and impairment of property, plant and equipment are presented including depreciation on property, plant and equipment leased under operating leases.

(in millions of euros)	31/12/2018	01/01/2019'	Changes in scope	Increases (acquisitions)	Decreases (disposals and redemptions)	Translation adjustments	Other movements	31/12/2019
Property, plant & equipment used in operations								
Gross amount	17,861	19,894	288	1,837	(1,118)	57	229	21,187
Depreciation and impairment	(10,083)	(10,181)	(211)	(1,319)	769	(25)	(67)	(11,034)
CARRYING AMOUNT	7,778	9,713	77	518	(349)	32	162	10,153
Intangible assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Gross amount	7,466	7,292	1,238	674	(414)	11	15	8,816
Depreciation and impairment	(5,024)	(4,926)	(347)	(509)	386	(6)	(31)	(5,433)
CARRYING AMOUNT	2,442	2,366	891	165	(28)	5	(16)	3,383

<sup>1</sup> Right of use impact recognised in First Time Application of the IFRS 16 standard (Cf note 1.1 Applicable standards and comparability)

(in millions of euros)	31/12/2017	01/01/2018	Changes in scope	Increases (acquisitions)	Decreases (disposals and redemptions)	Translation adjustments	Other movements	31/12/2018
Property, plant & equipm operations	nent used in							
Gross amount	17,371	17,371	18	1,240	(771)	29	(26)	17,861
Depreciation and impairment	(9,746)	(9,746)	(7)	(820)	482	(14)	22	(10,083)
CARRYING AMOUNT	7,625	7,625	11	420	(289)	15	(4)	7,778
Intangible assets								
Gross amount	6,991	6,991	19	599	(204)	3	58	7,466
Depreciation and impairment	(4,677)	(4,677)	(2)	(458)	142	(1)	(28)	(5,024)
CARRYING AMOUNT	2,314	2,314	17	141	(62)	2	30	2,442

# 6.16 Goodwill

	31/12/2018	31/12/2018	Increases	Decreases	Impairment losses during the	Translation		31/12/2019	
(in millions of euros)	GROSS	NET	(acquisitions)	(Divestments)	period	adjustments	Other movements	GROSS	31/12/2019 NET
French retail banking - LCL	5,579	5,026	17	_	(663)	_	,	5,596	4,381
of which LCL Group	5,558	5,018			(664)			5,558	4,35
of which CR	21	8	17		(004)		1	38	4,334
or miler or	21	0							
International retail banking	3,387	1,795	-	-	-	5		3,409	1,80
of which Italy	3,042	1,762						3,042	1,76
of which Poland	218	-	-	-	-	-		221	-
of which Ukraine	39							49	-
of which other countries	88	33	-	-		5		97	38
	( <b>a a</b> -	1.005	_						
Asset gathering	6,997	6,997	7	-	-	37		7,039	7,041
of which asset management	4,914	4,914	2	-	-	15		4,929	4,93
of which insurance	1,262	1,262	-	-	-	-		1,262	1,262
of which international wealth management	821	821	5		-	22		848	848
Specialised financial services	2,729	1,026	103	-	-			2,832	1,129
of which Consumer finance (excl.Agos)	1,695	956	-	-	-	-		1,695	956
of which Consumer finance-Agos 1	569	-	103	-	-	-		672	103
of which Factoring	465	70	-	-	-	-		465	70
Large customers	2,468	1,148	248	<u>.</u>	<u>.</u>			2,716	1,396
	2,400	1,140	240					2,710	
of which Corporate and investment banking	1,817	497		-	-	-		1,817	497
of which Asset servicing <sup>2</sup>	651	651	248		-	-		899	899
Corporate Centre	72	72		-	-	-		72	72
TOTAL	21,232	16,064	375	-	(663)	42	1	21,664	15,819
Group Share <sup>3</sup>	19,890	14,819	334	-	(664)	38	(286)	19,973	14,242

 Non-controlling interests \*
 1.342
 1.245
 42
 4
 286
 1.405

 <sup>1</sup>Goodwill of €103 million following the acquisition of Profamily SpA by the CACF Group on 30 June 2019

<sup>2</sup>Goodwill of €248 million following the merger between the CACEIS group and Santander Securities Services, S.A. in Q4 2019.

<sup>s</sup>The reclassification of -€286 million from Group share to non-controlling interests for +€286 million is due to changes in the percentage ownership of the entity CA Italy following the equity transactions on the entities Friluadria and Carispezia for €12 million and to the merger between CACEIS and Santander Securities Services in Q4 2019 for €274 million.

### DETERMINING THE VALUE IN USE OF THE CGUS

The economic scenario on which the projected financial trajectories are based is that of a slight downturn in economic growth in the main areas, accompanied by inflation that remains measured and a financial environment that is not without volatility, given the elements of uncertainty prevailing at the time the scenario was prepared, but without a systemic shock. Central banks are gradually moving towards a less accommodating monetary policy, aware that the United States is ahead of schedule in this respect. Therefore:

In the Euro area, the scenario includes a slight decline in growth, below its potential level, with manufacturing activities stabilising and household consumption holding up well. Nevertheless, there are differences in performance between countries in the euro area, depending on their degree of exposure to world trade and the manufacturing sector. This configuration has a weaker impact on France than on the most exportoriented countries such as Germany. As regards inflation, the zone remains at a moderate level, close to that of 2019.

- the European Central Bank should continue to conduct a monetary policy that is still very accommodating, precisely in order to try to stimulate inflation: no key interest rate increase is anticipated between now and the end of 2022, while Quantitative Easing is expected to be maintained over this period. Thus, short-term rates are expected to remain in negative territory until after 2022; core long-term rates are expected to follow an identical path at a very low level. The failure to "normalise" German rates in the short term will create a favourable environment for the search for yields, the flattening of yield curves and the compression of spreads in the so-called peripheral countries.
- the year 2019 was marked by a preventive easing of the Fed's monetary policy. Three Fed rate cuts between July and October helped to stimulate underlying inflation in the United States. The Fed is not expected to tighten its rates before 2022, with a very incremental increase in long-term rates amidst a very gradual resumption of growth.
- Economic developments in the emerging countries are likely to remain rather positive despite a fairly widespread slowdown in growth. The area is highly vulnerable to external events, such as developments in the Fed's monetary policy and geopolitical and trade tensions around the world. Of particular note is the gradual slowdown in Chinese growth, a less sustained trend in India, but also a moderate recovery in trends in Russia and Brazil. Lastly, localised but numerous social movements are likely to create pockets of instability.

As of 31 December 2019, perpetual growth rates, discount rates and capital allocated rates as a proportion of risk-weighted assets were distributed by business lines as shown in the table below:

In 2019	Perpetual growth rates	Discount rate	Capital allocated
French retail banking - LCL	2.0%	7.8%	10.00%
International retail banking - Italy	2.0%	9.2%	9.8%
International retail banking - Others	5.0%	17.0%	9.5%
Specialised financial services	2.0%	7,3 % à 9,7 %	9,7% à 9,9 %
Asset gathering	2.0%	7,3 % à 8,3 %	9,8% 80% of solvability margin (Insurance)
Large customers	2.0%	7,8 % à 9,2 %	9,8% à 9,9%

The increase by the European Central Bank (ECB) of regulatory prudential requirements under Pillar 1 and Pillar 2 with effect from 2016 led Crédit Agricole S.A. progressively to raise the level of capital allocated to CGUs as a percentage of risk-weighted assets for certain entities. Last year, this allocation was of between 9.50% and 9.75% of weighted assets.

In 2018, the French High Committee for Financial Stability (HCSF) had decided to implement a counter-cyclical cushion of 0.25% of risk-weighted assets corresponding to French exposures. On 3 April 2019, the HCSF published its decision to raise the rate of the capital cushion to 0.5% of risk-weighted assets, effective 2 April 2020. In addition to this increase in the counter-cyclical cushion in France, since 2018 we integrate the very marginal impact of cushions in place in some foreign countries for the allocation of equity capital to the CGUs. This ultimately results in the adoption, for the various banking CGUs, of a CET1 equity allocation of between 9.5% and 10.0% of of weighted assets.

The discount rates determined at 31 December 2019 for all business lines reflect the continued decline in long-term interest rates in the eurozone and more particularly in France. Equity risk premiums, on the other hand, only changed very slightly. These changes are reflected in a significant decrease of between -40 and -50 basis points in the discount rates used compared with end-2018, depending on the CGUs. Given the continued strong competitive pressure on mortgage lending in France in a context of zero or negative interest rates, the discount rate remained unchanged at 7.8% for the Retail banking in France – LCL CGU.

The perpetual growth rates at 31 December 2019 were unchanged from those used at 31 December 2018, with the exception of the rate applied to activities in Egypt, which has been reduced to take into account the decline in inflation in the country.

### SENSITIVITY OF THE VALUATION OF CGUS TO THE MAIN VALUATION PARAMETERS

The sensitivity of the value in use of the CGUs comprising each of the major business segments to the variation of certain valuation parameters is presented in the following table:

	Sensitivity to capital allocated	Sensitivity to c	liscount rates	Sensitivity to co	ost of risk in the final year		nsitivity to the ne ratio in the final year
In 2019	+100 bp	+(50) bp	+50 bp	(10)%	+10%	+(100) bp	+100 bp
French retail banking - LCL	(1,9)%	+8,8%	(7,4)%	+3,1%	(3,1%)	+3,3%	(3,3)%
International retail banking - Italy	(4,5 %)	+ 7,1 %	(6,2 %)	+ 2,3 %	(2,3 %)	+2,4%	(2,4)%
International retail banking - Others	(1,5)%	+3,9%	(3,6)%	+1%	(1)%	+1,3%	(1,3)%
Specialised financial services	(4,9)%	+9,1%	(7,7%)	+9,1%	(9,1)%	+4,2%	(4,2)%
Asset gathering	(0,7)%	+9,1%	(7,6)%	NS	NS	+1,4%	(1,4)%
Large customers	(8)%	+8%	(6,9)%	+1,3%	(1,3)%	+2,5%	(2,5)%

Concerning the Retail banking in France – LCL CGU, the goodwill attached to it having been impaired this year, the value in use is equal to the consolidated value, so that any deterioration of a parameter determines a negative difference between the value in use and the consolidated value.

- With regard to financial parameters, Retail banking in France LCL CGU aside for reasons explained above, the sensitivity scenarios tested would lead to the identification of an impairment charge only for the International retail banking Italy CGU. In fact:
  - a +50 basis point change in discount rates would result in an impairment charge of approximately €50 million on the International retail banking – Italy CGU and an additional impairment charge of approximately €790 million for the Retail banking in France – LCL CGU.
  - a +100 basis point change in the level of equity allocated to the banking CGUs would not result in an impairment charge for the International Retail Banking – Italy CGU, and would result in an additional impairment charge of approximately €200 million on the Retail banking in France – LCL CGU. Note that a +100 basis point change in discount rates would not result in an impairment charge for any CGU other than Retail banking – LCL and Italy
- With regard to operational parameters:
  - the simulated deterioration assumptions, namely a scenario of a +10% increase in the cost of risk in the last year of the projection and that of a +100 basis point change in the cost-to-income ratio for the same year, would not result in a negative difference between value in use and the carrying amount for any CGUs other than Retail banking in France – LCL: the scenario of a +100 basis point change of the cost-to-income ratio in the final year of projection would result in a negative difference of about €350 million between value in use and consolidated value, whereas in the case of a +10% change in the cost of risk in the final year, this difference would be around €330 million.

# 6.17 Insurance company technical reserves

# **BREAKDOWN OF INSURANCE TECHNICAL RESERVES**

	31/12/2019				
(in millions of euros)	Life	Non-Life	International	Creditor	Total
Insurance contracts	208,188	8,263	24,167	2,005	242,623
Investment contracts with discretionary profit-sharing	70,161	-	15,284	-	85,445
Investment contracts without discretionary profit-sharing	2,420	-	1,693	-	4,113
Deferred participation benefits (liability)	25,823	99	764	-	26,686
Total Technical reserves	306,592	8,362	41,908	2,005	358,867
Deferred participation benefits (asset)	-	-	-	-	-
Reinsurer's share of technical reserves	1,151	588	87	280	2,106
NET TECHNICAL RESERVES	307,743	8,950	41,995	2,285	360,973

			31/12/2018		
(in millions of euros)	Life	Non-Life	International	Creditor	Total
Insurance contracts	190,622	7,432	19,475	1,860	219,389
Investment contracts with discretionary profit-sharing	73,316	-	13,819	-	87,135
Investment contracts without discretionary profit-sharing	2,366	-	1,484	-	3,850
Deferred participation benefits (liability)	16,244	42	-	-	16,286
Total Technical reserves	282,548	7,474	34,778	1,860	326,660
Deferred participation benefits (asset)	-	-	52	-	52
Reinsurer's share of technical reserves	(1,015)	(462)	(71)	(275)	(1,823)
NET TECHNICAL RESERVES	281,533	7,012	34,759	1,585	324,889

Reinsurers' share in technical reserves and other insurance liabilities is recognised under "Accruals, prepayments and sundry liabilities". The breakdown of insurance company technical reserves is presented before elimination of issues in euro and in units of account subscribed by insurance companies.



Deferred policyholders' profit sharing, before tax, at 31 December 2019 and 31 December 2018 breaks down as follows:

Deferred participation benefits	31/12/2019	31/12/2018
(in millions of euros)	Deferred participation benefits liabilities (in assets when appropriate)	Deferred participation benefits in liabilities (in assets when appropriate)
Deferred participation on revaluation of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income and hedging derivatives	(22,649)	(14,669)
of which deferred participation on revaluation of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income '	(23,421)	(15,561)
of which deferred participation hedging derivatives	772	892
Deferred participation on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss adjustement	(1,783)	479
Other deferred participation	(2,254)	(2,043)
TOTAL PRE-TAX OTHER DEFERRED PARTICIPATION BENEFITS	(26,686)	(16,233)

' See Note 6.4 "Assets at fair value through other comprehensive income"

# 6.18 Provisions

(in millions of euros)	31/12/2018	01/01/2019 <sup>1</sup>	Changes in scope	Depreciation charges	Reversals, amounts used	Reversals, amounts not used	Translation adjustments	Other movements	31/12/2019
Home purchase schemes risks	766	766		429	-	-	-		1,195
Execution risks of commitments by signature	1,406	1,406	-	2,384	(43)	(2,285)	8	11	1,481
Operational risks	385	385	-	77	(21)	(59)	1	20	403
Employee retirement and similar benefits	1,973	1,973	17	207	(253)	(134)	8	164	1,982
Litigation	2,445	875	3	93	(50)	(167)	2	96	852
Equity investments	6	6	-	4	(1)	(3)	-	-	6
Restructuring	25	25	16	13	(2)	(3)	-	(16)	33
Other risks	1,101	1,101	29	246	(172)	(188)	-	(31)	985
TOTAL	8,107	6,537	65	3,453	(542)	(2,839)	19	244	6,937

<sup>1</sup>Reclassification of provisions for tax risks relating to income tax from "Provisions" to "Current and deferred tax liabilities" at 1 January 2019 for €1 570 million

At 31 December 2019, employee retirement and similar benefits included €103 million (€176 million at 31 December 2018) of provisions arising from social costs of the adaptation plans. The provision for restructuring includes the non-social costs of those plans.

(in millions of euros)	31/12/2017	01/01/2018	Changes in scope	Depreciation charges	Reversals, amounts used	Reversals, amounts not used	Translation adjustments	Other movements	31/12/2018
Home purchase schemes risks	747	747	-	30	-	(11)	-	-	766
Execution risks of commitments by signature	627	1,142	-	1,210	(55)	(1,336)	3	442	1,406
Operational risks	428	427	-	62	(19)	(86)	-	1	385
Employee retirement and similar benefits	2,116	2,116	(1)	176	(223)	(65)	11	(41)	1,973
Litigation	1,477	1,477	5	1,380	(101)	(230)	6	(92)	2,445
Equity investments	21	21	(1)	3	(13)	(3)	-	(1)	6
Restructuring	37	37	-	-	(4)	(8)	-	-	25
Other risks	912	912	3	384	(175)	(153)	(1)	131	1,101
TOTAL	6,365	6,879	6	3,245	(590)	(1,892)	19	440	8,107

### INQUIRIES AND REQUESTS FOR REGULATORY INFORMATION

The main files linked to inquiries and requests for regulatory information are:

#### Strauss/Wolf/Faudem

US citizens and members of their families who were victims of terrorist attacks attributed to Hamas and committed in Israel between 2001 and 2004 have brought proceedings against Crédit Lyonnais and another bank before a New York court.

They claim that these banks gave support to terrorists as they each kept an account opened (in 1990 in the case of Crédit Lyonnais) by a charity providing aid to Palestinians. The plaintiffs allege that the account was used to transfer funds to Palestinian entities accused of financing Hamas. The plaintiffs, who have not put a figure on the damages they have suffered, are claiming compensation for « injury, anguish and emotional pain ».

As the matter and the proceedings currently stand, the plaintiffs have not provided proof that the charity was actually linked to terrorists, nor that Crédit Lyonnais was aware that its client could have been involved (if it were to be proven) in financing terrorism. The Court nonetheless demanded that this be demonstrated by the plaintiffs if they are to win their case. Crédit Lyonnais vigorously denies the plaintiffs' allegations.

Under a ruling made on 28 February 2013, the judge issued a Summary Judgement referring Crédit Lyonnais and the plaintiffs to a jury trial on the merits.

In February 2018, Crédit Lyonnais filed a new motion for a summary judgement based on a recent case-law so that the plaintiffs' claims can be dismissed without such a jury trial.

On January 2019 the plaintiffs tried to modify their briefs in order to add new plaintiffs before their action be timebarred. The judge refused this request and two new actions (Fisher and Miller) have been filed before the same court as the one in charge of the procedures Strauss /Wolf. They are similar to the pending actions, their legal analysis are identical and their result will depend on the outcome of the motion for a summary judgement filed by Crédit Lyonnais in February 2018.

From a procedural standpoint they will remain outstanding until then.

On 31 March 2019 the court upheld in its entirety the "motion for summary judgment" filed by Crédit Lyonnais in February 2018. It considered that no reasonable jury could find in favour of the plaintiffs and dismissed all their claims. The plaintiffs appealed against this decision.

#### CIE case (Cheque Image Exchange)

In March 2008, LCL and Crédit Agricole S.A. and ten other banks were served notice of grievances on behalf of the Conseil de la concurrence i.e. the French Competition Council (now the Autorité de la concurrence).

They are accused of colluding to implement and apply interchange fees for cashing cheques, since the passage of the Cheque Image Exchange system, i.e. between 2002 and 2007. In the opinion of the Autorité de la concurrence, these fees constitute anti-competitive price agreements in the meaning of Articles 81 paragraph 1 of the treaty establishing the European Community and Article L. 420-1 of the French Commercial Code, and allegedly caused damage to the economy.

In their defense, the banks categorically refuted the anticompetitiveness of the fees and contested the legality of the proceedings.

In a decision published on 20 September 2010, the Autorité de la concurrence stated that the Cheque Image Exchange fee (CEIC) was anti-competitive by its very aim and that it artificially increased the costs borne by remitting banks, which resulted in an unfavourable impact on the prices of banking services. Concerning one of the fees for related services, the fee for cancellation of wrongly cleared transactions (AOCT), the Autorité de la concurrence called on the banks to revise their amount within six months of the notification of the decision.

The accused banks were sanctioned for an overall amount of €384.92 million.

LCL and Crédit Agricole were respectively sentenced to pay  $\leq 20.7$  million and  $\leq 82.1$  million for the CEIC and  $\leq 0.2$  million and  $\leq 0.8$  million for the AOCT.

All of the banks appealed the decision to the Paris Court of Appeal. By a decree of 23 February 2012, the Court overruled the decision, stating that the Autorité de la concurrence had not proven the existence of competition restrictions establishing the agreement as having an anti-competitive purpose.

The Autorité de la concurrence filed an appeal with the Supreme Court on 23 March 2012.

On 14 April 2015, the French Supreme Court (Cour de cassation) overruled the Paris Court of Appeal's decision dated 23 February 2012 and remanded the case to the Paris Court of Appeal with a change in the composition of the Court on the sole ground that the Paris Court of Appeal declared the UFC-Que Choisir and ADUMPE's interventions in the proceedings devoid of purpose without having considered their arguments.

The Supreme Court did not rule on the merits of the case and Crédit Agricole has brought the case before the Paris Court of Appeal.

The Paris Court of Appeal issued a decree on 21 December 2017. It confirmed the decision of the Autorité de la concurrence dated 20 September 2010 but reduced from euros 82 940 000 to euros 76 560 000 the sanction on Crédit Agricole. LCL's sanction remains unchanged, at an amount of 20,930,000 euros.

As well as the other banks parties to this procedure, LCL and Crédit Agricole filed an appeal with the Supreme Court.

On 29 January 2020, the French Supreme Court (Cour de cassation) overruled the Paris Court of Appeal's decision dated 21 December 2017 and referred the case to the same Court with a different composition on the ground that the Paris Court of Appeal had not characterized the existence of restrictions of competition by object.

### Office of Foreign Assets Control (OFAC)

In October 2015, Crédit Agricole S.A. and its subsidiary Crédit Agricole Corporate and Investment Bank (Crédit Agricole CIB) reached agreements with the US and New York authorities that had been conducting investigations regarding US dollar transactions with countries subject to US economic sanctions. The events covered by this agreement took place between 2003 and 2008.

Crédit Agricole CIB and Crédit Agricole S.A., which cooperated with the US and New York authorities in connection with their investigations, have agreed to pay a total penalty amount of \$787.3 million (i.e. €692.7 million). The payment of this penalty has been allocated to the pre-existing reserve that had already been taken and, therefore, has not affected the accounts for the second half of 2015.

The agreements with the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System (Fed) and the New-York State Department of Financial Services (NYDFS) are with CASA and Crédit Agricole CIB. The agreement with the Office of Foreign Assets Control (OFAC) of the US Department of the Treasury is with Crédit Agricole CIB. Crédit Agricole CIB also entered into separate deferred prosecution agreements (DPAs) with the United States Attorney's Office for the District of Columbia (USAO) and the District Attorney of the County of New York (DANY), the terms of which are three years. On October 19, 2018 the two deferred prosecution agreements with USAO and DANY ended at the end of the three year period, Crédit Agricole CIB having complied with all its obligations under the DPAs.

Crédit Agricole continues to strengthen its internal procedures and its compliance programs regarding laws on international sanctions and will continue to cooperate fully with the US and New York authorities with its home regulators, the European Central Bank and the French Regulatory and Resolution Supervisory Authority (ACPR), and with the other regulators across its worldwide network.

Pursuant to the agreements with NYDFS and the US Federal Reserve, Crédit Agricole's compliance program is subject to regular reviews to evaluate its effectiveness, including a review by an independent consultant appointed by NYDFS for a term of one year and annual reviews by an independent consultant approved by the Federal Reserve.

### Euribor/Libor and other indexes

Crédit Agricole S.A. and its subsidiary Crédit Agricole CIB, in their capacity as contributors to a number of interbank rates, have received requests for information from a number of authorities as part of investigations into: (i) the calculation of the Libor (London Interbank Offered Rates) in a number of currencies, the Euribor (Euro Interbank Offered Rate) and certain other market indices; and (ii) transactions connected with these rates and indices. These demands covered several periods from 2005 to 2012.



As part of its cooperation with the authorities, Crédit Agricole S.A. and its subsidiary Crédit Agricole CIB carried out investigations in order to gather the information requested by the various authorities and in particular the American authorities – the DOJ (Department of Justice) and CFTC (Commodity Future Trading Commission) – with which they are in discussions. It is currently not possible to know the outcome of these discussions, nor the date when they will be concluded.

Furthermore, Crédit Agricole CIB is currently under investigation opened by the Attorney General of the State of Florida on both the Libor and the Euribor.

Following its investigation and an unsuccessful settlement procedure, on 21 May 2014, the European Commission sent a notification of grievances to Crédit Agricole S.A. and to Crédit Agricole CIB pertaining to agreements or concerted practices for the purpose and/or effect of preventing, restricting or distorting competition in derivatives related to the Europe.

In a decision dated 7 December 2016, the European Commission jointly fined Crédit Agricole S.A. and Crédit Agricole CIB €114,654,000 for participating in a cartel in euro interest rate derivatives. Crédit Agricole S.A. and Crédit Agricole CIB are challenging this decision and have asked the European Court of Justice to overturn it.

Additionally, the Swiss competition authority, COMCO, is conducting an investigation into the market for interest rate derivatives, including the Euribor, with regard to Crédit Agricole S.A. and several Swiss and international banks. Moreover, in June 2016 the South Korean competition authority (KFTC) decided to close the investigation launched in September 2015 into Crédit Agricole CIB and the Libor index on various currencies, Euribor and Tibor indices. The investigation into certain foreign exchange derivatives (ABS-NDF) has been closed by the KFTC according to a decision notified to Crédit Agricole CIB on 20 December 2018.

Concerning the two class actions in the United States of America in which Crédit Agricole S.A. and Crédit Agricole CIB have been named since 2012 and 2013 along with other financial institutions, both as defendants in one ("Sullivan" for the Euribor) and only Crédit Agricole S.A. as defendant for the other ("Lieberman" for Libor), the "Lieberman" class action is at the preliminary stage that consists in the examination of its admissibility; proceedings are still suspended before the US District Court of New York State. Concerning the "Sullivan" class action, Crédit Agricole S.A. and Crédit Agricole CIB introduced a motion to dismiss the applicants' claim. The US District Court of New York State upheld the motion to dismiss regarding Crédit Agricole S.A. and Crédit Agricole CIB in first instance. On 14 June 2019, the plaintiffs appealed this decision

Since 1 July 2016, Crédit Agricole S.A. and Crédit Agricole CIB, together with other banks, are also party to a new class action suit in the United States ("Frontpoint") relating to the SIBOR (Singapore Interbank Offered Rate) and SOR (Singapore Swap Offer Rate) indices. After having granted a first motion to dismiss filed by Crédit Agricole SA and Crédit Agricole CIB, the New York Federal District Court, ruling on a new request by the plaintiffs, excluded Crédit Agricole SA from the Frontpoint case on the grounds that it had not contributed to the relevant indexes. The Court considered, however, taking into account recent developments in case law, that its jurisdiction could apply to Crédit Agricole CIB, as well as to all the banks that are members of the SIBOR index panel. The allegations contained in the complaint regarding the SIBOR/USD index and the SOR index were also rejected by the court, therefore the index SIBOR/Singapore dollar alone is still taken into account. On 26 December, the plaintiffs filed a new complaint aimed at reintroducing into the scope of the Frontpoint case the alleged manipulations of the SIBOR and SOR indexes that affected the transactions in US dollars. Crédit Agricole CIB, alongside the other defendants, objected to this new complaint at the hearing held on 2 May 2019 before the New York Federal District Court. On July 26, 2019, the Federal Court granted the defendants' motion to dismiss. The plaintiffs filed a notice of appeal on August 26, 2019.

These class actions are civil actions in which the plaintiffs claim that they are victims of the methods used to set the Euribor, Libor, SIBOR and SOR rates, and seek repayment of the sums they allege were unlawfully received, as well as damages and reimbursement of costs and fees paid.

### Banque Saudi Fransi

Crédit Agricole Corporate Investment Bank (Crédit Agricole CIB) has received a Request for Arbitration submitted by Banque Saudi Fransi (BSF) before the International Chamber of Commerce (ICC). The dispute relates to the performance of a Technical Services Agreement between BSF and Crédit Agricole CIB that is no longer in force. On 7 August 2018, BSF quantified its claim at SAR 1,011,670,654.00, the equivalent of about €232 million and reserved the right to submit additional claims. BSF submitted its "Claimant's Memorial" on 21 June 2019 and reevaluated its claim at 1 023 523 357, 00 SAR in principal, the equivalent of about 242 million euros. Crédit Agricole CIB totally denies BSF's allegations and claim.

### Bonds SSA

Several regulators requested information to Crédit Agricole S.A. and to Crédit Agricole CIB for investigations relating to activities of different banks involved in the secondary trading of Bonds SSA (Supranational, Sub-Sovereign and Agencies) denominated in American dollars. Through the cooperation with these regulators, Crédit Agricole CIB proceeded to internal inquiries to gather the required information available. On 20 December 2018, the European Commission issued a Statement of Objections to a number of banks including Crédit Agricole S.A. and Crédit Agricole CIB within its inquiry on a possible infringement of rules of European Competition Iaw in the secondary trading of Bonds

SSA denominated in American dollars. Crédit Agricole S.A. and Crédit Agricole CIB became aware of these objections and issued a response on 29 March 2019, followed by an oral hearing on 10-11 July 2019.

Crédit Agricole CIB is included with other banks in a putative consolidated class action before the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York. That action was dismissed on 29 August 2018 on the basis that the plaintiffs failed to allege an injury sufficient to give them standing. However the plaintiffs have been given an opportunity to attempt to remedy that defect. The plaintiffs filed an amended complaint on 7 November 2018. Crédit Agricole CIB as well as the other defendants have filed motions to dismiss the amended complaint. A judgment issued on 30 September 2019 dismissed the class action for lack of jurisdiction of Southern District Court of the New York.

On 7 February 2019, another class action was filed against CACIB and the other defendants named in the class action already pending before the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York.

On 11 July 2018, Crédit Agricole S.A. and Crédit Agricole CIB were notified with other banks of a class action filed in Canada, before the Ontario Superior Court of Justice. Another class action, not notified to date, would have been filed before the Federal Court of Canada. It is not possible at this stage to predict the outcome of these investigations, proceedings or class actions or the date on which they will end..

#### O'Sullivan and Tavera

On November 9, 2017, a group of individuals, (or their families or estates), who claimed to have been injured or killed in attacks in Iraq filed a complaint ("O'Sullivan I") against several banks including Crédit Agricole S.A., and its subsidiary Crédit Agricole Corporate Investment Bank (Crédit Agricole CIB), in US Federal District Court in New York.

On December 29, 2018, the same group of individuals, together with 57 new plaintiffs, filed a separate action ("O'Sullivan II") against the same defendants.

On December 21, 2018, a different group of individuals filed a complaint ("Tavera") against the same defendants.

All three complaints allege that Crédit Agricole S.A., Crédit Agricole CIB, and other defendants conspired with Iran and its agents to violate US sanctions and engage in transactions with Iranian entities in violation of the US Anti-Terrorism Act and the Justice Against Sponsors of Terrorism Act. Specifically, the complaints allege that Crédit Agricole S.A., Crédit Agricole CIB, and other defendants processed US dollar transactions on behalf of Iran and Iranian entities in violation of sanctions administered by the US Treasury Department's Office of Foreign Assets Control, which allegedly enabled Iran to fund terrorist organizations that, as is alleged, attacked plaintiffs. The plaintiffs are seeking an unspecified amount of compensatory damages.

On 2 March 2018, Crédit Agricole CIB and other defendants filed a motion to dismiss the O' Sullivan I Complaint. On 28 March 2019, the Court granted defendants' motion to dismiss. On 22 April 2019, the plaintiffs filed a motion to amend their complaint. Defendants submitted an opposition to that motion on 20 May 2019 and plaintiffs filed a reply on 10 June 2019.

#### Italian Competition Authority

On January 15, 2019 a class action ("Putnam Bank") was filed before a federal court in New-York (US District Court Southern District of New-York) against the Intercontinental Exchange, Inc. ("ICE") and a number of banks including Crédit Agricole S.A., Crédit Agricole CIB and Crédit Agricole Securities-USA. This action has been filed by plaintiffs who allege that they have invested in financial instruments indexed to the USD ICE LIBOR. They accuse the banks of having collusively set the index USD ICE LIBOR at artificially low levels since February 2014 and made thus illegal profits.

On January 31, 2019 a similar action ("Livonia") has been filed before the US District Court Southern District of New-York, against a number of banks including Crédit Agricole S.A., Crédit Agricole CIB and Crédit Agricole Securities-USA. On February 1, 2019, these two class actions were consolidated for pre-trial purposes.

On March 4, 2019, a third class action ("Hawai Sheet Metal Workers retirement funds") was filed against the same banks in the same courtand consolidated with the two previous actions on April 26, 2019.

On July 1st, 2019, the plaintiffs filed a "Consolidated Class Action Complaint". On August 30, 2019, the Defendants filed a motion to dismiss against this consolidated complaint..

#### Intercontinental Exchange, Inc. ("ICE")

On January 15, 2019 a class action was filed before a federal court in New-York (US District Court Southern District of New-York) against the Intercontinental Exchange, Inc. ("ICE") and a number of banks including Crédit Agricole S.A., Crédit Agricole CIB and Crédit Agricole Securities-USA. This action has been filed by plaintiffs who allege that they have invested in financial instruments indexed to the USD ICE LIBOR. They accuse the banks of having collusively set the index USD ICE LIBOR at artificially low levels since February 2014 and made thus illegal profits.

On January 31, 2019 a similar action has been filed before the US District Court Southern District of New-York, against a number of banks including Crédit Agricole S.A., Crédit Agricole CIB and Crédit Agricole Securities-USA. On February 1, 2019, these two class actions were consolidated for pre-trial purposes.

### Crédit Agricole Consumer Finance Nederland B.V.

The conditions for the review of the interest rates of revolving loans marketed by Crédit Agricole Consumer Finance Nederland BV, a fully owned subsidiary of Crédit Agricole Consumer Finance SA, and its subsidiaries are the subject of borrowers' claims relating to the criteria for revising these rates and possible overpayments of interests.

On 21 January 2019, in 2 individual cases concerning two subsidiaries of Crédit Agricole Consumer Finance Nederland BV, the Appeals Committee of KIFID (the Financial Services Complaints Authority) in the Netherlands decided that in case the consumers had no or insufficient information on the specific factors that determine the interest rate, the individual interest rate needed to follow the movement of market interest rates on consumer loans.

Crédit Agricole Consumer Finance Nederland BV is considering the implementation of a compensation plan for the benefit of the borrowers during the year 2020 which will take into account the aforementioned decisions of KIFID.

#### HOME PURCHASE SAVINGS PLAN PROVISION

### DEPOSITS COLLECTED IN HOME PURCHASE SAVINGS ACCOUNTS AND PLANS DURING THE SAVINGS PHASE

(in millions of euros)	31/12/2019	31/12/2018
Home purchase savings plans		
Under 4 years old	6,417	12,429
Between 4 and 10 years old	48,311	38,159
Over 10 years old	49,439	50,082
Total home purchase savings plans	104,167	100,670
Total home purchase savings accounts	11,946	11,682
TOTAL DEPOSITS COLLECTED UNDER HOME PURCHASE SAVINGS CONTRACTS	116,113	112,352

Customer deposits outstanding, excluding government subsidies, are based on the carrying amount at the end of November 2019 for the financial statements at 31 December 2019 and at the end of November 2018 for the financial statements at 31 December 2018.

### OUTSTANDING LOANS GRANTED TO HOLDERS OF HOME PURCHASE SAVINGS ACCOUNTS AND PLANS

(in millions of euros)	31/12/2019	31/12/2018
Home purchase savings plans	63	87
Home purchase savings accounts	321	465
TOTAL OUTSTANDING LOANS GRANTED UNDER HOME PURCHASE SAVINGS CONTRACTS	384	552

### OUTSTANDING LOANS GRANTED TO HOLDERS OF HOME PURCHASE SAVINGS ACCOUNTS AND PLANS

(in millions of euros)	31/12/2019	31/12/2018
Home purchase savings plans		
Under 4 years old	3	27
Between 4 and 10 years old	545	292
Over 10 years old	647	447
Total home purchase savings plans	1,195	766
Total home purchase savings accounts	-	1
TOTAL PROVISIONS FOR HOME PURCHASE SAVINGS CONTRACTS	1,195	767

		Depreciation		Other	
(in millions of euros)	31/12/2018	charges	Reversals	movements	31/12/2019
Home purchase savings plans	766	429	-	-	1,195
Home purchase savings accounts	1	-	(1)	-	-
TOTAL PROVISIONS FOR HOME					
PURCHASE SAVINGS CONTRACTS	767	429	(1)	-	1,195



Age plan is determined based on the date of the midway point in the generation of plans to which they belong.

Half of the amount of outstanding loans related to home purchase savings plans and accounts is recognised by Crédit Agricole S.A. Group and the other half by the Regional Banks in the tables above.

The amounts recognised under provisions represent the portion of risk borne by Crédit Agricole S.A. and LCL and Regional Banks.

Consequently, the ratio between the provision booked and the outstanding amounts shown on Crédit Agricole balance sheet is not representative of the level of provisioning for home purchase savings risk.

# 6.19 Subordinated debt

(in millions of euros)	31/12/2019	31/12/2018
Dated subordinated debt 1	20,786	20,572
Undated subordinated debt <sup>2</sup>	645	1,959
Mutual security deposits	168	162
Participating securities and loans	62	62
	21,661	22,755

' Includes issues of dated subordinated notes "TSR"

<sup>2</sup> Includes issues of deeply subordinated notes "TSS" and undated subordinated notes "TSDI"

At 31 décembre 2019, deeply subordinated notes issued totalled €345 million, against €1,763 million at as at 31 December 2018.

The debt instruments issued by Crédit Agricole S.A. and subscribed for by Crédit Agricole Group insurance companies were eliminated for euro contracts. They were eliminated for the portion backing unit-linked contracts with financial risk borne by the policyholder.

#### SUBORDINATED DEBT

The issue of subordinated debt plays a part in regulatory capital management while contributing to refinancing all of Crédit Agricole S.A.'s operation

The Capital Requirements Regulation and Directive CRD 4/CRR (as last amended by Directive (EU) 2019/878 and Regulation (EU) 2019/876 of 20 May 2019, respectively) define, among other things, the conditions under which subordinated instruments qualify as regulatory capital and set out the terms and conditions for the phase-out of old instruments that do not meet these requirements, between 1 January 2014 (first effective date of the CRD 4 Directive and the CRR Regulation) and 1 January 2022, and, for instruments issued before 27 June 2019 (date of entry into force of Directive (EU) 2019/878 and Regulation (EU) 2019/876 of 20 May 2019 amending CDR 4 and CRR), until 28 June 2025 and subject to certain criteria.

All subordinated debt issuance, whether new or old, is likely to be subject to Bail-in in certain circumstances, particularly in the event of resolution of the issuing bank, in accordance with the Order of 20 August 2015 containing various provisions adapting French legislation to EU law on financial matters, transposing EU Directive of 15 May 2014 as last amended by Directive (EU) 2019/879 of 20 May 2019 on the loss-absorption capacity and recapitalisation of credit institutions and investment firms (the "**BRRD Directive**") (whereby it is specified that this last European directive must be transposed into French law no later than by 28 December 2020).

The different types of subordinated debt issued by Crédit Agricole S.A. and still in circulation are detailed below: deeply subordinated notes issued before the effective date of CRD 4/CRR and deeply subordinated notes issued after 1 January 2014 (effective date of CRD 4/CRR), undated subordinated notes (issued before the effective date of CRD 4/CRR) and redeemable subordinated notes.

### Deeply subordinated notes (TSS)

#### TSS – Volumes issued before CRD 4/CRR

TSS – Volumes issued before CRD 4/CRR came into force Deeply subordinated notes (TSS) issued by Crédit Agricole S.A. are either fixed or floating-rate and undated (unless they contain a contractually defined early redemption clause and subject to certain conditions). They are senior to Common Equity Tier 1 Capital (CET1), including Crédit Agricole S.A. shares, but subordinated (lower-ranking) to all other more senior subordinated debt (including dated subordinated notes). Deeply subordinated notes are generally fixed-rate then floating-rate beyond a certain duration and include early repayment options at the discretion of Crédit Agricole S.A. (with certain reserves) beyond this same duration. The coupons are non-cumulative and payment of a dividend by Crédit Agricole S.A. entails the obligation to pay the coupon on the TSS for a period of one year. However, the coupons may not be paid if Crédit Agricole S.A. experiences a regulatory event, i.e., falls below the legal minimum equity ratio as defined by Pillar 1 or Pillar 2, or if the competent regulator anticipates such an event in the near future. The notional amount



and accrued interest are impaired, up to a maximum of 0.01 of the security's monetary unit if the issuer's total capital ratio falls below a minimum threshold, either contractual or regulatory, or by decision of the competent regulator.

### Additional Tier 1 (AT1) TSS issued after CRD 4/CRR

came into force The Additional Tier 1 deeply subordinated notes (AT1 TSS) issued by Crédit Agricole S.A. are consistent with the new CRD 4/CRR rules. The AT1 TSS issued by Crédit Agricole S.A. are either fixed and/or floating-rate and undated (unless they contain a contractually defined early redemption clause and subject to certain conditions). They are senior to Common Equity Tier 1 Capital (CET1), including Crédit Agricole S.A. shares, but subordinated to all other more senior subordinated debt and rank pari passu with TSS issued before CRD 4/CRR came into force. AT1 TSS are generally fixed-rate but resettable beyond a certain duration and can include early repayment options subject to certain conditions beyond this same duration. AT1 TSS issued by Crédit Agricole S.A. contain a clause providing for temporary partial impairment of the securities in the event the phased-in Basel 3 Common Equity Tier 1 regulatory ratio of Crédit Agricole Group falls below 7% or the phased-in Basel 3 Common Equity Tier 1 regulatory ratio of Crédit Agricole S.A. falls below 5.125%. They may be impaired up to a maximum of 0.01 of the issue's monetary unit of the securities issued. Coupons are optional at the discretion of Crédit Agricole S.A. (which may decide on the suspension of interest payments) or at the competent regulator's request, and subject to regulatory limits if distributable amounts are insufficient or the Crédit Agricole Group or Crédit Agricole S.A. Group fails to meet regulatory requirements for total capital (including capital buffers). Instruments classified as Tier 1 equity instruments (AT1 issued after the entry into force of CRD 4/CRR), recorded in Group equity, are detailed in Note 6.19.

### Dated subordinated notes (TSR) and contingent capital securities

Dated subordinated notes (TSR) issued by Crédit Agricole S.A. are usually fixed-rate and pay interest on a quarterly or annual basis with a fixed maturity. They may be redeemed prior to maturity under contractually defined conditions and subject to certain conditions. TSR are issued either on the French market under French law or on the international markets under UK, State of New York (United States) or Japanese law. TSR differ from preferred and non-preferred senior bonds in terms of their ranking (principal and interest) as contractually defined by the subordination clause with reference to Article L. 228-97 of the French Commercial Code. In the case of notes issued by Crédit Agricole S.A., in the event of liquidation (judicial or otherwise), dated subordinated notes (TSR) will be repaid after all other secured and unsecured creditors (including creditors of preferred and non-preferred senior bonds), but before either participating loans provided to Crédit Agricole S.A., or any participating notes issued by the Bank, as well as any deeply subordinated notes (TSS)").

### Early redemption as part of the conditions for all subordinated note issues (TSR or TSS)

Depending on the conditions determined at the time of their issue, the aforementioned TSR or TSS may be the subject of:

- on-market or off-market buy-back transactions or through public takeover bids or exchange offers subject to approval by the competent regulator and/or supervisory authority, and/or at the initiative of Crédit Agricole S.A., in accordance with the contractual clauses applicable to each issuance
- the exercise of an early redemption option at the initiative of Crédit Agricole S.A. ("call option"), under the
  conditions and subject to approval by the competent regulator, where appropriate, at the times defined by
  the contractual terms of the issue, in the event that the issuance agreement for the securities contains such
  a clause.

#### **SENIOR NON-PREFERRED DEBT ISSUES**

The law on transparency, the fight against corruption and the modernisation of the economy (also referred to as the "Sapin 2 Law") was published in the Official Journal on 10 December 2016 and became effective on 11 December, 2016. As part of this law, France created a new category of senior debt – senior "non-preferred" debt – meeting the eligibility criteria of the TLAC and MREL ratios (as they are presently defined) (codified in Articles L613-30-3-I-4° and R613-28 of the French Monetary and Financial Code).

This category of debt is also taken by the BRRD Directive referred to above.

In the course of a resolution process (likely to occur prior to liquidation), it will be possible to impair senior non-preferred securities in full or in part, or to convert them into equity as part of the bail-in procedure, ahead of other senior debt securities (senior "preferred" debt securities) codified in Articles L613-30-3-I-3° of the French Monetary and Financial Code), but only after the full depreciation or the conversion into equity of subordinated instruments. The latter include own funds-related instruments of first category (CET1 and Additional Tier 1) and second category instruments (Tier 2). Only if the impairment or conversion of these instruments is insufficient will senior-non preferred debt securities be used in the bail-in of a particular institution. In a liquidation event, senior non-preferred securities will be redeemed if there still are funds available, after the repayment of all senior preferred instruments, but ahead of subordinated securities (in particular of dated subordinated notes TSR known as "Tier 2" own funds).

The outstanding amount of senior non-preferred securities of Crédit Agricole S.A. and Crédit Agricole Group thus stood at €18.5 billion at 31 December 2019, compared to €13.5 billion at 31 December 2018.

#### COVERED BOND-TYPE ISSUES

In order to increase the amount of medium and long-term financing, the Group issues covered bonds through two subsidiaries in France and one subsidiary in Italy:

Crédit Agricole Home Loan SFH, whose initial issue was launched in January 2009. The total amount outstanding, in euro equivalent, was €32.45 billion at 31 December 2019;

Crédit Agricole Public Sector SCF, whose initial issue was launched in October 2012. The total amount issued and outstanding was €4 billion at 31 December 2019;

Credit Agricole Italia: the total amount issued and outstanding at 31 December 2019 was  $\in$  8.950 billion in OBG (covered bonds), including  $\in$  1.950 billion held at 31 December 2019.

# 6.20 Undated financial instruments

The main issues of undated subordinated and deeply subordinated debt classified in shareholders' equity Group share are:

					At 31 december 2019				
Issue date	Currency	Amount in currency at 31 december 2018 (in millions of units)	Partial repurchases and redemptions (in millions of units)	Amount in currency at 31 december 2019 (in millions of units)	Amount in euros at inception rate (in millions of euros)	Interests paid Group share (in millions of euros)	Issuance costs net of taxes (in millions of euros)	Shareholders' equity Group share (in millions of euros)	
1/23/2014	USD	1,750	-	1,750	1,283	(707)	(8)	568	
4/8/2014	GBP	500		500	607	(259)	(4)	344	
4/8/2014	EUR	1,000	-	1,000	1,000	(371)	(6)	623	
9/18/2014	USD	1,250	(1,250)	-	-	-	-	-	
1/19/2016	USD	1,250	( ) )	1,250	1,150	(351)	(8)	791	
2/26/2019	USD	.,		1,250	1,098	(44)	(7)	1,047	
Crédit Agricole S.A. Issues					5,138	(1,732)	(33)	3,373	
10/14/2014	EUR				-	(169)	(3)	(172)	
1/13/2015	EUR				-	(169)	(3)	(172)	
Insurance Issues						(338)	(6)	(344)	
Issues subscribed	in-house :					(000)	(0)	(0++)	
Group share / Non controlling interests effect					-	17		17	
Issues subscribed by Crédit Agricole CIB for currency regulation					(4)		-	(4)	
TOTAL					5,134	(2,053)	(39)	3,042	

The main issues of undated subordinated and deeply subordinated debt classified in shareholder's equity – Non controlling interests share (insurance) are:

		Amount in currency at 31 december 2018	Partial repurchases and redemptions	Amount in currency at 31 december 2019	Amount in euros at inception rate
Issue date	Currency	(in millions of units)	(in millions of units)	(in millions of units)	(in millions of euros)
14/10/2014	EUR	745	-	745	745
13/01/2015	EUR	987	-	1,000	1,000
TOTAL					1,745

Changes relating to undated subordinated and deeply subordinated debt affecting shareholders' equity Group share are as follows:

(in millions of euros)	31/12/2019	31/12/2018
Undated deeply subordinated notes		
Interests paid accounted as reserves	(410)	(377)
Income tax savings related to interest paid to security holders recognised in net income	145	131
Issuance costs (net of tax) accounted as reserves	(7)	-
Undated subordinated notes		
Interests paid accounted as reserves	(76)	(76)
Income tax savings related to interest paid to security holders recognised in net income	26	26
Issuance costs (net of tax) accounted as reserves	_	-

# 6.21 Non-controlling interests

### INFORMATION ON SIGNIFICANT NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS

The table below presents information on the consolidated subsidiaries and structured entities with significant noncontrolling interests in relation to the total equity of the Group or of the sub-group level or where the total balance sheet of the entities held by the non-controlling interests is significant.

		31/12/2019						
(in millions of euros)	% of voting rights held by non-controlling interests	% of ownership interests held by non-controlling interests	Net income allocated to non-controlling interests during the reporting period	Accumulated noncontrolling interests at the end of the reporting period	Dividends paid to non- controlling interests			
Amundi Group	30%	30%	279	2,093	171			
Credit Agricole Italia Group	15%	15%	55	896	28			
Caceis Group	30%	30%	-	1,010	2			
AGOS S.p.A.	39%	39%	104	363	106			
Crédit Agricole Egypt S.A.E.	40%	40%	43	155	25			
Other entities (1)			25	2,045	15			
TOTAL		-	506	6,562	347			

<sup>1</sup> Of which €1,726 million related to the issuance of Additional Tier 1 undated subordinated bonds realised on 14 October 2014 and 13 January 2015 by Crédit Agricole Assurances, accounted for in equity of non-controlling interests.

	31/12/2018						
(in millions of euros)	% of voting rights held by non-controlling interests	% of ownership interests held by non-controlling interests	Net income allocated to non-controlling interests during the reporting period	Accumulated noncontrolling interests at the end of the reporting period	Dividends paid to non- controlling interests		
Amundi Group	30%	30%	265	1,990	151		
Crédit Agricole Italia Group	14%	14%	66	833	28		
AGOS S.p.A.	39%	39%	126	493	87		
Crédit Agricole Egypt S.A.E.	40%	40%	38	117	23		
Other entities <sup>1</sup>			31	2,038	18		
TOTAL	-	-	525	5,471	307		

1 Of which €1,726 million related to the issuance of Additional Tier 1 undated subordinated bonds realised on 14 October 2014 and 13 January 2015 by Crédit Agricole Assurances, accounted for in equity of non-controlling interests.

### INDIVIDUAL SUMMARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION ON SIGNIFICANT NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS

The table below presents summary information on subsidiaries with significant non-controlling interests for group Crédit Agricole on the basis of the IFRS financial statements.

	31/12/2019					
(in millions of euros)	Total assets	Revenues	Net income	Net income and other comprehensive income		
Amundi Group	24,261	2,636	959	966		
Crédit Agricole Italia Group	64,231	1,950	326	401		
Caceis Group	88,015	939	158	205		
AGOS SPA	18,180	868	267	266		
CA Egypte	2,850	216	108	122		
TOTAL	197,538	6,609	1,818	1,960		

(in millions of euros)	31/12/2018					
	Total assets	Revenues	Net income	Net income and other comprehensive income		
Amundi Group	20,937	2,510	855	832		
Crédit Agricole Italia Group	63,189	1,941	376	262		
AGOS SPA	16,873	888	323	324		
CA Egypte	2,636	183	95	85		
TOTAL	103,635	5,523	1,649	1,502		

# 6.22 Breakdown of financial assets and financial liabilities by contractual maturity

The breakdown of balance sheet financial assets and liabilities is made according to contractual maturity date.

The maturities of derivative instruments held for trading and for hedging correspond to their date of contractual maturity.

Equities and other variable-income securities are by nature without maturity; they are classified "Indefinite".



	31/12/2019					
(in millions of euros)	≤ 3 months	> 3 months up to ≤ 1 year	> 1 year up to ≤ 5 years	> 5 years	Indefinite	Total
Cash, central banks	97,135	-	-	-	-	97,135
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	97,267	23,956	43,177	79,766	160,170	404,336
Hedging derivative Instruments	2,839	485	4,735	12,888	-	20,947
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	8,671	16,804	99,058	143,650	4,129	272,312
Financial assets at amortised cost	180,330	112,565	390,827	421,694	4,163	1,109,579
Revaluation adjustment on interest rate hedged portfolios	11,714					11,714
TOTAL FINANCIAL ASSETS BY MATURITY	397,943	153,811	537,798	657,999	168,471	1,916,022
Central banks	2,183	-	-	-	-	2,183
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	97,944	11,475	42,673	89,778	-	241,870
Hedging derivative Instruments	1,577	630	5,272	13,019	-	20,498
Financial liabilities at amortised cost	882,812	103,581	124,905	60,389	-	1,171,687
Subordinated debt	312	1,230	1,986	17,334	799	21,661
Revaluation adjustment on interest rate hedged portfolios	10,508					10,508
TOTAL FINANCIAL LIABILITIES BY MATURITY	995,336	116,916	174,836	180,522	797	1,468,408



	31/12/2018					
(in millions of euros)	≤ 3 months	> 3 months up to ≤ 1 year	> 1 year up to ≤ 5 years	> 5 years	Indefinite	Total
Cash, central banks	70,584	-	-	-	-	70,584
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	105,279	28,597	37,176	66,664	134,426	372,142
Hedging derivative Instruments	1,209	743	6,032	7,845	-	15,829
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	8,939	18,921	94,490	137,490	5,141	264,981
Financial assets at amortised cost	171,256	103,518	358,002	396,990	2,690	1,032,456
Revaluation adjustment on interest rate hedged portfolios	8,337					8,337
TOTAL FINANCIAL ASSETS BY MATURITY	365,604	151,779	495,700	608,989	142,257	1,764,329
Central banks	1,140	-	-	-	-	1,140
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	99,899	13,558	41,975	70,470	_	225,902
Hedging derivative Instruments	1,061	608	5,559	8,942	-	16,170
Financial liabilities at amortised cost	790,226	101,219	132,529	60,058	-	1,084,032
Subordinated debt	294	2,232	2,639	15,470	2,120	22,755
Revaluation adjustment on interest rate hedged portfolios	7,879					7,879
TOTAL FINANCIAL LIABILITIES BY MATURITY	900,499	117,617	182,702	154,940	2,120	1,357,878



# Consolidated financial statements of Crédit Agricole Group –

# **NOTE 7** Employee benefits and other compensation

## 7.1 Analysis of employee expenses

(in millions of euros)	31/12/2019	31/12/2018
Salaries 1	(7,912)	(7,689)
Contributions to defined-contribution plans	(737)	(684)
Contributions to defined-benefit plans	(197)	(130)
Other social security expenses	(2,272)	(2,190)
Profit-sharing and incentive plans	(743)	(714)
Payroll-related tax	(794)	(792)
TOTAL EMPLOYEE EXPENSES	(12,656)	(12,198)

<sup>1</sup> Regarding deferred variable compensation paid to market professionals, the Crédit Agricole Group

## 7.2 Average headcount

Average number of employees	31/12/2019	31/12/2018
France	104,605	103,898
International	38,070	36,985
TOTAL	142,675	140,882

## 7.3 Post-employment benefits, defined-contribution plans

"Employers" contribute to a variety of compulsory pension schemes. Plan assets are managed by independent organisations and the contributing companies have no legal or implied obligation to pay additional contributions if the funds do not have sufficient assets to cover all benefits corresponding to services rendered by employees during the year and during prior years. Consequently, the group Crédit Agricole companies have no liability in this respect other than the contributions payable.

Within the Group, there are several compulsory defined-contribution plans, the main ones being Agirc/Arrco, which are French supplementary retirement plans, and some supplementary plans in place notably within UES Crédit Agricole S.A.



## ANALYSIS OF SUPPLEMENTARY PENSION PLANS IN FRANCE

Business Line	Entity	Compulsory supplementary pension plans	Number of employees covered Estimate at 31/12/2019	Number of employees covered Estimate at 31/12/2018
Central Support functions	UES Crédit Agricole S.A.	Agriculture industry plan 1.24%	1,745	2,343
Central Support functions	UES Crédit Agricole S.A.	"Article 83" Group Executive managers plan	192	204
French retail banking	LCL	"Article 83" Group Executive managers plan	303	314
Large customers	Crédit Agricole CIB	"Article 83" type plan	4,925	5,010
Asset gathering and Insurance	CAAS/Pacifica/SIRCA/LA MDF	Agriculture industry plan 1.24%	4,189	4,107
Asset gathering and Insurance	CAAS/Pacifica/CACI/LA MDF	"Article 83" Group Executive managers plan	65	63
Asset gathering and Insurance	CACI/CA Indosuez Wealth (France)/CA Indosuez Wealth (Group)/Amundi	"Article 83" type plan	3,456	3,188

# 7.4 Post-employment benefits, defined-benefit plans

## CHANGE IN ACTUARIAL LIABILITY

		31/12/2019		31/12/2018
(in millions of euros)	Eurozone	Outside Eurozone	All Zones	All Zones
Actuarial liability at 31/12/N-1	2,954	1,529	4,483	4,441
Translation adjustments	-	68	68	31
Cost of service rended during the period	153	39	192	189
Financial cost	39	31	70	64
Employee contributions	1	17	18	18
Benefit plan changes, withdrawals and settlement	(204)	2	(202)	(6)
Changes in scope	37	-	37	-
Benefits paid (mandatory)	(106)	(70)	(176)	(188)
Taxes, administrative costs and bonuses	-	-	-	-
Actuarial gains/(losses) arising from changes in demographic assumptions <sup>1</sup>	(27)	(29)	(56)	(5)
Actuarial gains/(losses) arising from changes in financial assumptions <sup>1</sup>	183	186	369	(61)
ACTUARIAL LIABILITY AT 31/12/N	3,030	1,773	4,803	4,483

<sup>1</sup> Of which actuarial gains/losses related to experience adjustment.

## BREAKDOWN OF NET CHARGE RECOGNISED IN THE INCOME STATEMENT

		31/12/2018		
(in millions of euros)	Eurozone	Outside Eurozone	All Zones	All Zones
Service cost	51	(41)	10	(184)
Income/expenses on net interests	(13)	(3)	(16)	(13)
IMPACT ON PROFIT OR LOSS AT 31/12/N	38	(44)	(6)	(196)

## BREAKDOWN OF INCOME RECOGNISED IN OCI THAT WILL NOT BE RECLASSIFIED TO PROFIT AND LOSS

		31/12/2019		31/12/2018
(in millions of euros)	Eurozone	Outside Eurozone	All Zones	All Zones
Revaluation from net liabilities (from net assets)		-		
Total amount of actuarial gains or losses recognised in other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit and loss at 31/12/N-1	705	258	963	1,020
Translation adjustments	-	7	7	7
Actuarial gains/(losses) on assets	(23)	(89)	(112)	5
Actuarial gains/(losses) arising from changes in demographic assumptions <sup>1</sup>	(27)	(29)	(56)	(5)
Actuarial gains/(losses) arising from changes in financial assumptions <sup>1</sup>	183	186	369	(61)
Adjustment of assets restriction's impact	-	-	-	5
IMPACT IN OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME AT 31/12/N	133	74	207	(53)

<sup>1</sup> Of which actuarial gains/losses related to experience adjustment.

## **CHANGE IN FAIR VALUE OF ASSETS**

		31/12/2019		31/12/2018	
(in millions of euros)	Eurozone	Outside Eurozone	All Zones	All Zones	
Fair value of assets at 31/12/N-1	1,670	1,350	3,020	2,881	
Translation adjustments	-	61	61	22	
Interests on asset (income)	23	29	52	49	
Actuarial gains/(losses)	22	89	111	(5)	
Employer contributions	122	35	157	173	
Employee contributions	1	17	18	17	
Benefit plan changes, withdrawals and settlement	-	-	-	-	
Changes in scope	16	-	16	(1)	
Taxes, administrative costs and bonuses	-	(1)	(1)	-	
Benefits paid out under the benefit plan	(55)	(68)	(123)	(116)	
FAIR VALUE OF ASSETS AT 31/12/N	1,799	1,512	3,311	3,020	

## CHANGE IN FAIR VALUE OF REIMBURSEMENT RIGHTS

		31/12/2019		31/12/2018
(in millions of euros)	Eurozone	Outside Eurozone	All Zones	All Zones
Fair value of reimbursement rights at 31/12/N-1	337	-	337	341
Translation adjustments	-	-	-	-
Interests on reimbursement rights (income)	4	_	4	3
Actuarial gains/(losses)	1	-	1	-
Employer contributions	-	_	-	8
Employee contributions	-	-	-	-
Benefit plan changes, withdrawals and settlement	-	-	-	-
Changes in scope	5	-	5	3
Taxes, administrative costs and bonuses	-	-	-	-
Benefits paid out under the benefit plan	(9)	-	(9)	(18)
FAIR VALUE OF REIMBURSEMENT RIGHTS AT 31/12/N	338	-	338	337



## **NET POSITION**

		31/12/2018		
(in millions of euros)	Eurozone	Outside Eurozone	All Zones	All Zones
Closing actuarial liability	(3,030)	(1,773)	(4,803)	(4,483)
Impact of asset restriction	-	(9)	(9)	(6)
Fair value of assets at end of period	1,799	1,512	3,311	3,020
NET POSITION OF ASSETS/(LIABILITIES) AT END OF PERIOD	(1,231)	(270)	(1,495)	(1,469)

## **DEFINED-BENEFIT PLANS: MAIN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS**

	31/	12/2019	9 31/12/2018		
(in millions of euros)	Eurozone	Outside Eurozone	Eurozone	Outide Eurozone	
Discount rate 1	0.84%	1.27%	1.26%	1.97%	
Actual return on plan assets and on reimbursement rights	3.83%	8.56%	0.33%	1.66%	
Expected salary increase rates <sup>2</sup>	1.36%	1.80%	1.37%	1.88%	
Rate of change in medical costs	0.00%	0.00%	4.59%	10.00%	

<sup>1</sup> Discount rates are determined as a function of the average duration of the commitment, that is, the arithmetic mean of durations calculated between the assessment date and the payment date weighted by assumptions of staff turnover. The underlying used is the discount rate by reference to the iBoxx AA.

<sup>2</sup> Depending on the employees concerned (managers or non-managers).

#### **INFORMATION OF PLAN ASSETS: ALLOCATION OF ASSETS**<sup>1</sup>

		Eurozone Outside Eurozone			ide Eurozone All Zones			к. 	
(in millions of euros)	%	Amount	of which listed	%	Amount	of which listed	%	Amount	of which listed
Equities	9.4%	201	68	23.9%	362	362	15.4%	562	429
Bonds	65.2%	1,390	372	49.6%	750	750	58.7%	2,140	1,121
Property/Real estate	5%	106		11.7%	177		7.8%	283	
Others	20.5%	437		14.9%	225		18.2%	662	

<sup>1</sup> Of which fair value of reimbursement rights.

At 2019, the sensitivity analysis showed that::

- a 50 basis point increase in discount rates would reduce the commitment by 5.99%;
- a 50 basis point decrease in discount rates would increase the commitment by 6.62%.

Crédit Agricole's policy on covering employee benefit obligations reflects local rules on funding post-employment benefits in countries with minimum funding requirements. Overall, commitments arising from the Group's post-employment obligations were 76% covered at 31 December 2019 (including reimbursement rights).

# 7.5 Other employee benefits

In France, the Group's main entities pay long-service awards. The amounts vary according to practices and collective bargaining agreements in place.

The provisions funded by Crédit Agricole Group for these other employee benefit obligations amounted to €480 million at 31 December 2019.

# 7.6 Share-based payments

## 7.6.1 STOCK OPTION PLAN

No new plan was implemented in 2019.

# 7.6.2 DEFERRED VARIABLE COMPENSATION SETTLED EITHER IN SHARES OR IN CASH INDEXED TO THE SHARE PRICE

The deferred variable compensation plans implemented by the Group take two forms:

- equity-settled plans;
- cash-settled plans indexed to the Crédit Agricole S.A. share price.

Since 1 January 2016, all existing and future deferred variable compensation plans are now cash-settled plans indexed to the Crédit Agricole S.A. share price. The impact of the revaluation of the commitment on the basis of the Crédit Agricole S.A. share price, which is not material, was recognised in equity.

This deferred variable compensation is subject to continued employment and a performance condition. It is broken down into thirds that are payable in March 2020, March 2021 and March 2022.

The expense related to these plans is recognised in compensation expenses on a straight-line basis over the vesting period to factor in continued employment, and a liability is recorded in employee expenses, the amount of which is subject to periodical revaluation through profit or loss until the settlement date, depending on the evolution of the share price of Crédit Agricole S.A. and on vesting conditions (continued employment and performance).



## NOTE 8 Leases

## 8.1 Leases under which the Group is a lessee

The item "Property, plant and equipment" in the balance sheet consists of own and leased assets that do not meet the definition of investment properties.

(in millions of euros)	31/12/2019
Owned property, plant & equipment	8,255
Right-of-use on lease contracts	1,898
Total Property, plant & equipment used in operations	10,153

Crédit Agricole S.A. is also a lessee under lease agreements for IT equipment (photocopiers, computers, etc.) with terms of 1 to 3 years. These are low-value and/or short-term leases. Crédit Agricole Group has opted to apply the exemptions provided for in IFRS 16 and not to recognise the right-of-use asset and the lease liability for these leases in the balance sheet.

## **CHANGE IN RIGHT OF USE ASSETS**

Crédit Agricole Group is the taker of many assets including [offices, agencies and computer equipment].

Information relating to the contracts of which Crédit Agricole Group is a taker is presented below:

(in millions of euros)	31/12/2018	01/01/2019	Changes in scope	Increases (acquisitions)	Decreases (disposals)	Translation adjustments	Other movements	31/12/2019
Property/Real estate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Gross amount	66	2,003	18	351	(99)	11	24	2,308
Depreciation and impairment	(24)	(84)	(2)	(379)	7	(1)	(38)	(497)
Total Property/Real estate	42	1,919	16	(28)	(92)	10	(14)	1,811
Equipment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Gross amount	4	62	-	33	(4)	-	71	162
Depreciation and impairment	(2)	(2)	-	(44)	1	-	(30)	(75)
Total Equipment	2	60	-	(11)	(3)	-	41	87
Total Right-of-use	44	1,979	16	(39)	(95)	10	27	1,898



## MATURITY SCHEDULE OF RENTAL DEBTS

	31/12/2019							
(in millions of euros)	≤ 1 year	> 1 year up to ≤ 5 years	> 5 years	Total Lease liabilities				
Lease liabilities	438	912	480	1,830				

#### DETAILS OF RENTAL CONTRACT INCOME AND EXPENSES

(in millions of euros)	31/12/2019
Interest expense on lease liabilities	(31)
Total Interest and similar expenses (Revenues)	(31)
Expense relating to short-term leases	(130)
Expense relating to leases of low-value assets	(55)
Expense relating to variable lease payments not included in the measurement of lease liabilities	(11)
Income from subleasing right-of-use assets	1
Gains or losses arising from leaseback transactions	-
Gains or losses arising from lease modifications	-
Total Operating expenses	(195)
Depreciation for right-of-use	(420)
Total Depreciation and amortisation of property, plant & equipment	(420)
Total Expense and income on lease contracts	(646)

## CASH FLOW AMOUNTS FOR THE PERIOD

(in millions of euros)	31/12/2019
Total Cash outflow for leases	(524)

## 8.2 Leases for which the Group is the lessor

Crédit Agricole S.A. offers its customers leasing activities that take the form of leasing agreements, lease financing with purchase options, finance leasing and long-term leasing arrangements. Lease agreements are classified as finance leases when the terms of the lease transfer substantially all of the risks and benefits inherent in ownership to the lessee.

Other lease agreements are classified as operating leases.

## **INCOME FROM RENTAL CONTRACTS**

(in millions of euros)	31/12/2019
Finance leases	763
Selling profit or loss	17
Finance income on the net investment in the lease	746
Income relating to variable lease payments	-
Operating leases	338
Lease income	338



## SCHEDULE OF RENT PAYMENTS TO BE RECEIVED

		31/12/2019							
(in millions of euros)	≤ 1 year	> 1 year up to ≤ 5 years	> 5 years	Total Lease liabilities	Unearned finance income	Discounte d residual value	Finance lease receivable		
Finance leases	5,701	8,136	2,945	16,782	1,723	1,662	16,720		

Lease agreements expire on their residual maturity date.

The amount by expiry corresponds to the undiscounted contractual amount.



# NOTE 9 Commitments given and received and other guarantees

Financing and guarantee commitments and other guarantees include discontinued operations.

## COMMITMENTS GIVEN AND RECEIVED

(in millions of euros)	31/12/2019	31/12/2018
Commitments given		
Financing commitments	209,187	219,861
Commitments given to credit institutions	11,979	24,524
Commitments given to customers	197,208	195,337
Confirmed credit lines	142,239	136,655
Documentary credits	4,527	5,645
Other confirmed credit lines	137,713	131,010
Other commitments given to customers	54,969	58,682
Guarantee commitments	91,002	88,271
Credit institutions	8,488	8,650
Confirmed documentary credit lines	3,400	4,368
Others	5,089	4,282
Customers	82,513	79,621
Property guarantees	5,264	5,431
Other customer guarantees	77,249	74,190
Securities commitments	4,765	7,045
Securities to be delivered	4,765	7,045
Commitments received		
Financing commitments	83,987	94,582
Commitments received from credit institutions	81,041	85,958
Commitments received from customers	2,946	8,624
Guarantee commitments	373,349	337,185
Commitments received from credit institutions	104,636	96,996
Commitments received from customers	268,711	240,189
Guarantees received from government bodies or similar institutions	47,618	45,140
Other guarantees received	221,093	195,049
Securities commitments	4,570	10,369
Securities to be received	4,570	10,369



#### FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS GIVEN AND RECEIVED AS COLLATERAL

(in millions of euros)	31/12/2019	31/12/2018
Carrying amount of financial assets provided as collateral (including transferred assets)		
Securities and receivables provided as collateral for the refinancing structures (Banque de France, CRH, etc.)	189,452	184,651
Securities lent	8,797	11,569
Security deposits on market transactions	18,229	16,261
Other security deposits	-	-
Securities sold under repurchase agreements	103,774	98,805
TOTAL CARRYING AMOUNT OF FINANCIAL ASSETS PROVIDED AS COLLATERAL	320,253	311,286
Carrying amount of financial assets received in garantee		
Other security deposits	-	-
Fair value of instruments received as reusable and reused collateral		
Securities borrowed	4	3
Secutities bought under repurchase agreements	133,967	132,659
Securities sold short	33,468	29,368
TOTAL FAIR VALUE OF INSTRUMENTS RECEIVED AS REUSABLE AND REUSED COLLATERAL	167,439	162,030

#### **RECEIVABLES PLEDGED AS COLLATERAL**

At 31 December 2019, Crédit Agricole S.A. deposited  $\in$ 81.9 billion of receivables (mainly on behalf of the Regional Banks) for refinancing transactions to the Banque de France, compared to  $\in$ 83.9 billion at 31 December 2018, and  $\in$ 16.9 billion of receivables were deposited directly by others subsidiaries.

At 31 December 2019, Crédit Agricole S.A. deposited €12.3 billion of receivables for refinancing transactions to the Caisse de Refinancement de l'Habitat on behalf of the Regional Banks, compared to €12.9 billion at 31 December 2018, and €1.2 billion of receivables were deposited directly by LCL.

On 31 December 2019, €4.1 billion receivables of the Regional Banks had been pledged as collateral for the covered bonds issued by European Secured Notes Issuer (ESNI), a French securitisation company formed by five banks including Crédit Agricole Group, and €0.7 billion of Crédit Agricole CIB's receivables were fully transferred as collateral.

At 31 December 2019, €46.9 billion of Regional Banks and LCL receivables had been pledged as collateral for the covered bond issues of Crédit Agricole Home Loan SFH, a financial company wholly owned by Crédit Agricole S.A.

As at 31 December 2019, in the context of transactions with EIB/CEB supranationals, Crédit Agricole S.A. deposited €2.9 billion in receivables on behalf of the Regional Banks.

As at 31 December 2019, in the context of refinancing transactions with CDC, Crédit Agricole S.A. deposited €2.6 billion in receivables on behalf of the Regional Banks.

These processes, for which there is no transfer of contractual cash flows, do not form part of the asset transfers.

#### **GUARANTEES HELD**

Guarantees held and assets received as collateral by Crédit Agricole S.A. Group which it is allowed to sell or to use as collateral are mostly held within Crédit Agricole S.A. for €105.9 billion and within Crédit Agricole CIB for €155 billion. The majority of these are receivables pledged as collateral by the Regional Banks to Crédit Agricole S.A., the latter acting as the central body with regard to the external refinancing organisations, in order to obtain refinancing. These receivables (property-related, or loans to businesses or local authorities) are selected and rated for their quality and retained on the balance sheet of the Regional Banks.

The majority of these guarantees consist of mortgage liens, collateral or guarantees received, regardless of the quality of the assets guaranteed. They are mainly related to repurchase agreements and securities pledged to guarantee brokerage transactions.

Crédit Agricole Group policy is to sell seized collateral as soon as possible. Crédit Agricole CIB and Crédit Agricole S.A. had no such assets at 31 December 2019



# NOTE 10 Reclassifications of financial instruments

## PRINCIPLES APPLIED BY CREDIT AGRICOLE GROUP

Reclassifications are performed only under exceptional circumstances and following a decision by the Executive Management of the entity as a result of internal or external changes: significant changes in the entity's activity.

## **RECLASSIFICATIONS PERFORMED BY CREDIT AGRICOLE GROUP**

#### Reclassification of financial assets in 2019

In 2019, Crédit Agricole Group did not carry out any reclassification pursuant to paragraph 4.4.1 of IFRS 9.





# NOTE 11 Fair value of financial instruments

Fair value is the price that would be received at the sale of an asset or paid to transfer a liability in a standard transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

Fair value is defined on the basis of the exit price.

The fair values shown below are estimates made on the reporting date using observable market data wherever possible. These are subject to change in subsequent periods due to developments in market conditions or other factors. The calculations represent best estimates. They are based on a number of assumptions. It is assumed that market participants act in their best economic interest.

To the extent that these models contain uncertainties, the fair values shown may not be achieved upon actual sale or immediate settlement of the financial instruments concerned.

The fair value hierarchy of financial assets and liabilities is broken down according to the general observability criteria of the valuation inputs, pursuant to the principles defined under IFRS 13.

Level 1 of the hierarchy applies to the fair value of financial assets and liabilities quoted in active markets.

Level 2 of the hierarchy applies to the fair value of financial assets and liabilities with observable inputs. This agreement includes market data relating to interest rate risk or credit risk when the latter can be revalued based on Credit Default Swap (CDS) spreads. Securities bought or sold under repurchase agreements with underlyings quoted in an active market are also included in Level 2 of the hierarchy, as are financial assets and liabilities with a demand component for which fair value is measured at unadjusted amortised cost.

Level 3 of the hierarchy is used for financial instruments at fair value for which the valuation draws upon, exclusively or for a significant part, unobservable market parameters. Parameters for which no market information is available, or for which the available market information is considered insufficient, are regarded as unobservable. This qualification may call upon expert opinion. The information examined may include transactions actually concluded, firm or indicative quotations and information resulting from market consensus.

In some cases, market values are close to carrying amounts. This concerns the following reserves in particular:

- assets or liabilities at variable rates for which interest rate changes do not have a significant influence on the fair value, since the rates on these instruments frequently adjust themselves to the market rates;
- short-term assets or liabilities where the redemption value is considered to be close to the market value;
- instruments executed on a regulated market for which the prices are set by the public authorities;
- demand assets and liabilities.



# 11.1 Fair value of financial assets and liabilities recognised at amortised cost

Amounts presented below include accruals and prepayments and are net of impairment.

### FINANCIAL ASSETS RECOGNISED AT COST AND MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE ON THE BALANCE SHEET

(in millions of euros)	Value at 31/12/2019	Estimated fair value at 31/12/2019	Quoted prices in active markets for identical instruments: Level 1	Valuation based on observable data: Level 2	Valuation based on unobservable data: Level 3
Financial assets not measured at fair value on balance sheet					
Total financial assets	1,014,445	1,044,734	-	366,508	678,226
Loans and receivables due from credit institutions	100,949	105,834		104,955	879
Current accounts and overnight loans	29,166	29,192	-	29,158	34
Accounts and long-term loans	65,592	70,410	-	69,794	616
Pledged securities	1	1	-	-	1
Securities bought under repurchase agreements	5,538	5,550	-	5,550	-
Subordinated loans	621	630	-	402	228
Other loans and receivables	31	51	-	51	-
Loans and receivables due from customers	913,496	938,900	-	261,553	677,347
Trade receivables	44,814	44,108	-	21,036	23,072
Other customer loans	846,565	871,568	-	220,560	651,008
Pledged securities	232	232	-	232	-
Securities bought under repurchase agreements	4,071	4,073	-	4,073	-
Subordinated loans	119	119	-	63	56
Insurance receivables	309	309	-	92	217
Reinsurance receivables	770	770	-	1	769
Advances in associates' current accounts	940	1,000	_	567	433
Current accounts in debit	15,676	16,721	-	14,929	1,792
Debt securities	95,134	96,391	71,413	19,215	5,763
Treasury bills and similar securities	33,346	34,080	32,250	1,589	241
Bonds and other fixed income securities	61,788	62,311	39,163	17,626	5,522
TOTAL FINANCIAL ASSETS OF WHICH FAIR VALUE IS DISCLOSED	1,109,579	1,141,125	71,413	385,723	683,989



(in millions of euros)	Value at 31/12/2018	Estimated fair value at 31/12/2018	Quoted prices in active markets for identical instruments: Level 1	based on	Valuation based on unobservable data: Level 3
Financial assets not measured at fair value on balance sheet					
Total financial assets	951,875	976,407	-	329,875	646,532
Loans and receivables due from credit institutions	97,194	100,528	-	99,810	718
Current accounts and overnight loans	31,741	32,408	-	32,382	26
Accounts and long-term loans	59,221	61,827	-	61,321	506
Pledged securities	1	1	-	-	1
Securities bought under repurchase agreements	5,617	5,650	-	5,650	-
Subordinated loans	614	620	-	435	185
Other loans and receivables	-	22	-	22	-
Loans and receivables due from customers	854,681	875,879	-	230,065	645,814
Trade receivables	48,049	47,350	-	20,291	27,059
Other customer loans	786,930	807,454	-	194,440	613,014
Pledged securities	131	131	-	131	-
Securities bought under repurchase agreements	2,976	2,976	-	2,976	-
Subordinated loans	113	114	-	11	103
Insurance receivables	642	642	-	88	554
Reinsurance receivables	634	634	-	53	581
Advances in associates' current accounts	930	974	-	512	462
Current accounts in debit	14,276	15,604	-	11,563	4,041
Debt securities	80,581	81,903	64,106	13,672	4,125
Treasury bills and similar securities	33,389	33,946	31,025	2,871	50
Bonds and other fixed income securities	47,192	47,957	33,081	10,801	4,075
TOTAL FINANCIAL ASSETS OF WHICH FAIR VALUE IS DISCLOSED	1,032,456	1,058,310	64,106	343,547	650,657



# FINANCIAL LIABILITIES RECOGNISED AT AMORTISED COST AND MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE ON THE BALANCE SHEET

(in millions of euros)	Value at 31/12/2019	Estimated fair value at 31/12/2019	Quoted prices in active markets for identical instruments: Level 1	Valuation based on observable data: Level 2	Valuation based on unobservable data: Level 3
Financial liabilities not measured at fair value on balance sheet					
Due to credit institutions	102,260	110,950	-	110,901	49
Current accounts and overnight loans	10,292	10,292	-	10,292	-
Accounts and term deposits	64,269	72,928	-	72,879	49
Pledged securities	-	-	-	-	-
Securities sold under repurchase agreements	27,699	27,730	-	27,730	-
Due to customers	856,061	856,206	-	545,509	310,697
Current accounts in credit	391,427	391,503	-	391,466	37
Special savings accounts	307,589	307,589	-	386	307,203
Other amounts due to customers	152,848	152,917	-	151,951	966
Securities sold under repurchase agreements	1,593	1,593	-	1,593	-
Insurance liabilities	981	981	-	102	879
Reinsurance liabilities	467	467	-	11	456
Cash deposits received from ceding and retroceding companies against technical insurance commitments	1,156	1,156	-	-	1,156
Debt securities	213,366	216,518	72,771	143,044	703
Subordinated debt	21,661	21,310	5,837	15,396	77
TOTAL FINANCIAL LIABILITIES OF WHICH FAIR VALUE IS DISCLOSED	1,193,348	1,204,984	78,608	814,850	311,526



(in millions of euros)	Value at 31/12/2018	Estimated fair value at 31/12/2018	Quoted prices in active markets for identical instruments: Level 1	Valuation based on observable data: Level 2	Valuation based on unobservable data: Level 3
Financial liabilities not measured at fair value on balance sheet					
Due to credit institutions	95,970	109,052	-	109,052	-
Current accounts and overnight loans	12,253	12,308		12,308	-
Accounts and term deposits	61,162	74,198	-	74,198	-
Pledged securities	-	-	-	-	-
Securities sold under repurchase agreements	22,555	22,546	-	22,546	-
Due to customers	789,836	790,519	-	494,481	296,038
Current accounts in credit	350,526	350,872	-	350,872	-
Special savings accounts	292,923	292,923	-	-	292,923
Other amounts due to customers	142,795	143,133	-	142,541	592
Securities sold under repurchase agreements	900	900	-	900	-
Insurance liabilities	1,306	1,306	-	105	1,201
Reinsurance liabilities	334	333	-	63	270
Cash deposits received from ceding and retroceding companies against technical insurance commitments	1,052	1,052	-	-	1,052
Debt securities	198,227	200,371	67,997	132,191	183

Subordinated debt	22,755	22,876	7,389	15,487	-
TOTAL FINANCIAL LIABILITIES OF					
WHICH FAIR VALUE IS DISCLOSED	1,106,788	1,122,818	75,386	751,211	296,221

# 11.2 Information about financial instruments measured at fair value

## **VALUATION METHODS**

Financial instruments are valued by management information systems and checked by a team that reports to the Risk Management department and is independent from the market operators.

Valuations are based on the following:

- prices or inputs obtained from independent sources and/or validated by the Market Risk department using a series of available sources such as pricing service vendors, market consensus data and brokers;
- models approved by the quantitative teams in the Market Risk department.

The valuation produced for each instrument is a mid-market valuation, which does not take account of the direction of the trade, the bank's aggregate exposure, market liquidity or counterparty quality. Adjustments are then made to the market valuations to incorporate those factors, as well as the potential uncertainties inherent in the models or inputs used.

The main types of valuation adjustments are the following:

**Mark-to-Market adjustments:** these adjustments correct any potential variance between the mid-market valuation of an instrument obtained using internal valuation models and the associated inputs and the valuation obtained from external sources or market consensus data. These adjustments can be positive or negative.

**Bid/ask reserves:** these adjustments incorporate the bid/ask spread for a given instrument in order to reflect the price at which the position could be reversed. These adjustments are always negative.

**Uncertainty reserves:** these adjustments constitute a risk premium taken into account by all market participants. These adjustments are always negative.

input uncertainty reserves seek to incorporate in the valuation of an instrument any uncertainty that might exist as regards one or more of the inputs used;

model uncertainty reserves seek to incorporate in the valuation of an instrument any uncertainty that might exist due to the choice of model used.

In addition, in accordance with IFRS 13 "Fair value measurement", Crédit Agricole S.A. prices in to the fair value calculated for its OTC derivatives (i.e. those traded over the counter) various adjustments linked to the default risk and credit quality (Credit Valuation Adjustment, Debit Valuation Adjustment) and also to future funding costs and benefits (Funding Valuation Adjustment).

#### Credit Valuation Adjustment (CVA)

The CVA (Credit Valuation Adjustment) is a mark-to-market adjustment to incorporate the market value of the default risk (risk of non-payment of amounts due in the event of default or deterioration in credit quality) in the value of OTC derivatives of our counterparties. This adjustment is calculated per counterparty based on the positive future exposure of the trading portfolio (taking into account any netting or collateral agreements, where such exist) weighted by the probabilities of default and losses given default. The methodology used maximises the use of observable market inputs (probabilities of default are derived in priority directly from listed CDS, proxies of listed CDS and other credit instruments where these are deemed sufficiently liquid). This adjustment is always negative and reduces the fair value of the OTC derivative assets held in the portfolio.

#### Debit Valuation Adjustment (DVA)

The Debit Valuation Adjustment (DVA) is a mark-to-market adjustment that aims to incorporate the market value of the default risk (potential losses to which Crédit Agricole may expose its counterparties in the event of default or a deterioration in its creditworthiness) in the value of perfectly collateralised OTC derivatives. This adjustment is calculated by collateral contract type on the basis of negative future exposure profiles of the trading portfolio weighted by default probabilities (Crédit Agricole) and losses incurred in the event of default. The calculation is intended to take into account the Margin Period of Risk (MPR, the time period between the occurrence Crédit Agricole's default and the effective liquidation of all positions). The methodology used maximises the use of observable market inputs (use of Crédit Agricole CDS to determine default probabilities). This adjustment is always positive and reduces the fair value of the OTC derivative liabilities held in the portfolio.



#### Funding Valuation Adjustment (FVA)

The Funding Valuation Adjustment (FVA) is a mark-to-market adjustment that aims to incorporate the additional future funding costs and benefits based on ALM (Asset & Liability Management) funding costs in the value of not collateralised or imperfectly collateralised OTC derivatives. This adjustment is calculated per counterparty based on the positive future exposure of the trading portfolio (taking into account any netting or collateral agreements, where such exist). As regards the scope of "clear" derivatives, an FVA adjustment called IMVA (Initial Margin Value Adjustment) is calculated to take into account the future financing costs and gains of the initial margins to be posted with the main derivatives clearing houses until the portfolio matures.

#### Liquidity Valuation Adjustment

The LVA (Liquidity Valuation Adjustment) is the positive or negative valuation adjustment intended to reflect both the potential absence of collateral payments for counterparties with a CSA (Credit Support Annex), as well as the non-standard remuneration of CSAs.

Therefore, the LVA reflects the profit or loss resulting from additional liquidity costs. It is calculated on the scope of OTC derivatives with CSAs.

#### BREAKDOWN OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AT FAIR VALUE BY VALUATION MODEL

Amounts presented below include accruals and prepayments and are net of impairment.

The transfer of -  $\in$  1.8 billion from Level 3 to Level 2 liabilities is the result of a review of the observability mapping of derivatives and liabilities at fair value.

The remainder of the transfers to and from Level 3 on the assets and liabilities sides of the balance sheet represent a more accurate identification of the fair value level of transactions as at 31/12/2018 of the following balance sheet instruments: securities delivered or received under repurchase agreements, over-the-counter derivatives, treasury bills and issues at fair value. These amount to - $\leq 2.2$  billion.

#### Financial assets measured at fair value

(in millions of euros)	31/12/2019	Quoted prices in active markets for identical instruments: Level 1	Valuation based on observable data: Level 2	Valuation based on unobservable data: Level 3
Held for trading financial assets	227,698	23,644	198,620	5,434
Loans and receivables due from credit institutions (excluding Credit Agricole internal transactions)	61	-	61	-
Loans and receivables due from customers	894	-	-	894
Securities bought under repurchase agreements	101,867	-	99,948	1,919
Pledged securities	-	-	-	-
Held for trading securities	25,280	22,760	1,740	780
Treasury bills and similar securities	13,665	12,494	1,170	1
Bonds and other fixed income securities	4,606	3,877	568	161
Mutual funds	108	84	-	24
Equities and other variable income securities	6,901	6,305	2	594
Derivative instruments	99,596	884	96,871	1,841
Other financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	176,638	115,053	52,252	9,333
Equity instruments at fair value through profit or loss	37,131	25,097	7,663	4,371
Equities and other variable income securities	25,170	21,743	2,426	1,001
Non-consolidated equity investments	11,961	3,354	5,237	3,370
Debt instruments that do not meet the conditions of the "SPPI" test	79,894	47,580	27,548	4,766
Loans and receivables due from credit institutions			-	-
Loans and receivables due from customers	4,267	-	3,900	367



Debt securities	75,627	47,580	23,648	4,399
Treasury bills and similar securities	252	111	139	2
Bonds and other fixed income securities	12,774	2,134	10,048	592
Mutual funds	62,601	45,335	13,461	3,805
Assets backing unit-linked contracts	59,520	42,352	16,972	196
Treasury bills and similar securities	457	444	13	-
Bonds and other fixed income securities	4,204	1,218	2,986	-
Equities and other variable income securities	6,822	1,287	5,351	184
Mutual funds	48,037	39,403	8,622	12
Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss	93	24	69	-
Loans and receivables due from credit institutions	-			-
Loans and receivables due from customers	-	-	-	-
Debt securities	93	24	69	-
Treasury bills and similar securities	18	18	-	-
Bonds and other fixed income securities	75	6	69	-
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	272,312	247,344	24,668	300
Equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	4,013	997	2,736	280
Equities and other variable income securities	997	460	502	35
Non-consolidated equity investments	3,016	537	2,234	245
Debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income that may be reclassified to profit and loss	268,299	246,347	21,932	20
Loans and receivables due from credit institutions	-	-	-	-
Loans and receivables due from customers	-	-	-	-
Debt securities	268,299	246,347	21,932	20
Treasury bills and similar securities	84,250	83,549	701	-
Bonds and other fixed income securities	184,049	162,798	21,231	20
Hedging derivative Instruments	20,947	35	20,912	-
TOTAL FINANCIAL ASSETS MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE	697,595	386,076	296,452	15,067
Transfers from Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical instruments			51	106
Transfers from Level 2: Valuation based on observable data		362		2,140
Transfers from Level 3: Valuation based on unobservable data		72	1,805	
TOTAL TRANSFERS TO EACH LEVEL		434	1,856	2,246

The transfers from level 1 to level 2 concern the reclassification of derivatives instruments from organized markets to over the counter.

Level 1 to Level 3 transfers involve bonds and other fixed-income securities.

Level 2 to Level 3 transfers mainly involve securities received under repurchase agreements from credit institutions and interest rate swaps.

Level 3 to Level 1 transfers mainly involve treasury bills.

Level 3 to Level 2 transfers mainly involve securities received under repurchase agreements from clients and trading derivatives including -€0,3 billion related to the review of the derivatives observability analysis.



(in millions of euros)	31/12/2018	Quoted prices in active markets for identical instruments: Level 1	Valuation based on observable data: Level 2	Valuation based on unobservable data: Level 3
Held for trading financial assets	223,229	24,635	194,308	4,286
		21,000		.,
Loans and receivables due from credit institutions	191	-	191	- 1,374
Loans and receivables due from customers	1,374			
Securities bought under repurchase agreements	106,496	-	105,529	967
Pledged securities	-	-	-	-
Held for trading securities	22,071	19,393	2,154	524
Treasury bills and similar securities	14,219	12,134	1,640	445
Bonds and other fixed income securities	5,042	4,482	506	54
Mutual funds	33	3	5	25
Equities and other variable income securities	2,777	2,774	3	
Derivative instruments	93,097	5,242	86,434	1,421
Other financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	148,913	98,812	42,883	7,218
Equity instruments at fair value through profit or loss	29,259	19,167	7,090	3,002
Equities and other variable income securities	19,823	16,835	1,980	1,008
Non-consolidated equity investments	9,436	2,332	5,110	1,994
Debt instruments that do not meet the conditions of the "SPPI" test	68,197	42,399	21,586	4,212
Loans and receivables due from credit institutions	-	-	-	-
Loans and receivables due from customers	3,059	-	2,939	120
Debt securities	65,138	42,399	18,647	4,092
Treasury bills and similar securities	156	73	83	
Bonds and other fixed income securities	10,977	1,894	8,329	754
Mutual funds	54,005	40,432	10,235	3,338
Assets backing unit-linked contracts	51,385	37,221	14,160	4
Treasury bills and similar securities	988	975	13	
Bonds and other fixed income securities	3,956	1,150	2,806	
Equities and other variable income securities	5,161	1,167	3,994	
Mutual funds	41,280	33,929	7,347	4
Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss	72	25	47	_
	72		47	-
Loans and receivables due from credit institutions	•	-	-	-
Loans and receivables due from customers	-	-	-	-
Debt securities	72	25	47	-
Treasury bills and similar securities	12	12	-	
Bonds and other fixed income securities Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive	60	13	47	-
income	264,981	239,383	24,932	666
Equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	4,730	1,606	2,530	594
Equities and other variable income securities	438	18	386	34
Non-consolidated equity investments	4,292	1,588	2,144	560
Debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income that may be reclassified to profit and loss	260,251	237,777	22,402	72

Loans and receivables due from credit institutions	-	-	-	
Loans and receivables due from customers	1		1	
Debt securities	260,250	237,777	22,401	72
Treasury bills and similar securities	77,612	76,767	773	72
Bonds and other fixed income securities	182,638	161,010	21,628	-
Hedging derivative Instruments	15,829	7	15,822	-
TOTAL FINANCIAL ASSETS MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE	652,952	362,837	277,945	12,170
Transfers from Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical instruments			-	75
Transfers from Level 2: Valuation based on observable data		291		769
Transfers from Level 3: Valuation based on unobservable data		8	101	
TOTAL TRANSFERS TO EACH LEVEL		299	101	844

## Financial liabilities measured at fair value

(in millions of euros)	31/12/2019	Quoted prices in active markets for identical instruments: Level 1	Valuation based on observable data: Level 2	Valuation based on unobservable data: Level 3
Held for trading financial liabilities	205,061	34,020	169,522	1,519
Securities sold short	33,472	33,259	213	-
Securities sold under repurchase agreements	74,423	-	73,553	870
Debt securities	54	-	54	-
Due to credit institutions	-	-	-	-
Due to customers	-	-	-	-
Derivative instruments	97,112	761	95,702	649
Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss	36,809	8,763	20,894	7,152
Hedging derivative Instruments	20,498	-	20,185	313
TOTAL FINANCIAL LIABILITIES MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE	262,368	42,783	210,601	8,984
Transfers from Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical instruments			-	-
Transfers from Level 2: Valuation based on observable data		_		605
Transfers from Level 3: Valuation based on unobservable data		241	4,665	
TOTAL TRANSFERS TO EACH LEVEL		241	4,665	605

The transfers from level 1 to level 2 concern the reclassification of derivatives instruments from organized markets to over the counter.

Level 2 to Level 3 transfers mainly involve securities delivered under repurchase agreements to credit institutions.

Level 3 to Level 1 transfers mainly involve short sales of treasury bills.

Level 3 to Level 2 transfers mainly involve securities delivered under repurchase agreements to clients, negotiable debt securities accounted at fair value through profit or loss and trading derivatives,

Level 3 to Level 2 transfers mainly involve securities received under repurchase agreements from clients and trading derivatives including -€2,1 billion related to the review of the derivatives observability analysis.

(in millions of euros)	31/12/2018	Quoted prices in active markets for identical instruments: Level 1	Valuation based on observable data: Level 2	Valuation based on unobservable data: Level 3
Held for trading financial liabilities	191,684	29,803	157,638	4,243
Securities sold short	25,433	24,810	403	220
Securities sold under repurchase agreements	75,323	-	72,999	2,324
Debt securities	-	-	-	-
Due to credit institutions	-	-	-	-
Due to customers	-	-	-	-
Derivative instruments	90,928	4,993	84,236	1,699
Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss	34,218	7,499	18,340	8,379
Hedging derivative Instruments	16,170	-	15,819	351
TOTAL FINANCIAL LIABILITIES MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE	242,072	37,302	191,797	12,973
Transfers from Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical instruments			-	-
Transfers from Level 2: Valuation based on observable data		-		811
Transfers from Level 3: Valuation based on unobservable data		10	380	
TOTAL TRANSFERS TO EACH LEVEL		10	380	811

#### Financial instruments classified in Level 1

Level 1 comprises all derivatives quoted in an active market (options, futures, etc.), regardless of their underlying (interest rate, exchange rate, precious metals, major stock indexes), as well as equities and bonds quoted in an active market. A market is considered as being active if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from exchange, brokers, dealers, pricing services or regulatory agencies, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

Corporate, government and agency bonds that are valued on the basis of prices obtained from independent sources, deemed to be enforceable and updated regularly, are classified in Level 1. This covers the bulk of sovereign and agency bonds and corporate securities held. Issuers whose bonds are not quoted are classified in Level 3.

#### Financial instruments classified in Level 2

The main financial instruments classified in Level 2 are:

#### LIABILITIES DESIGNATED AT FAIR VALUE

Financial liabilities designated at fair value are classified in Level 2 when their embedded derivative is deemed to be classified in Level 2;

#### **OVER-THE-COUNTER DERIVATIVES**

The main OTC derivatives classified in Level 2 are those valued using inputs considered to be observable and where the valuation technique does not generate any significant exposure to a model risk. Level 2 therefore mainly includes:

- - linear derivative products such as interest rate swaps, currency swaps and forward FX. They are valued using
    simple models widely used in the market, based either on directly observable inputs (foreign exchange rates,
    interest rates), or inputs derived from observable market prices (currency swaps);
  - non-linear vanilla instruments such as caps, floors, swaptions, currency options, equity options and credit default swaps, including digital options. They are valued using simple models widely used in the market, based either on directly observable inputs (foreign exchange rates, interest rates, share prices) or inputs that can be derived from observable market prices (volatilities);
    - simple exotic single-underlying instruments such as cancellable swaps, currency baskets of major currencies.

They are valued using models that are sometimes slightly more complex but still widely used in the market. Significant valuation parameters are observable. Observable market prices, obtained notably from brokers' prices and market consensus where necessary, can be used to corroborate internal valuations;

• securities listed on a market deemed inactive and for which independent valuation data are available.

#### Financial instruments classified in Level 3

Financial instruments classified in Level 3 are those which do not meet the conditions for classification in Level 1 or 2. They are therefore mainly financial instruments with a high model risk whose valuation requires substantial use of unobservable inputs.

The initial margin on all new transactions classified in Level 3 is reserved at the date of initial recognition. It is reintegrated in the profit or loss account either spread over the period during which the inputs are considered to be unobservable or in full on the date when the inputs become observable.

Level 3 therefore mainly comprises:

#### SECURITIES

Securities classified in Level 3 mainly include:

- unlisted shares or bonds for which no independent valuation is available;
- ABSs and CLOs for which there are indicative independent quotes but which are not necessarily executable;
- ABSs, CLOs and super senior and mezzanine CDO tranches where it cannot be demonstrated that the market is active.

#### LIABILITIES DESIGNATED AT FAIR VALUE

Financial liabilities designated at fair value are classified in Level 3 when their embedded derivative is deemed to be classified in Level 3.

#### OVER-THE-COUNTER DERIVATIVES

Unobservable income includes complex financial instruments that are significantly exposed to model risk or that involve parameters that are considered unobservable. The aggregate of these principles is mapped for observability according to the three levels indicating for each product, currency and maturity the classification used.

Level 3 mainly comprises:

- interest rate exposures or very long-dated currency swaps or covering emerging currencies;
- equity exposures, mainly through products traded on shallow option markets or indexed to volatility and longdated;
- exposures to non-linear long-dated products (interest rate or currency) on major currencies/indexes;
- non-linear exposures to emerging market currencies;
- complex derivatives: complex derivatives are classified in Level 3 as their valuation requires the use of unobservable inputs.

The main exposures involved are:

- products whose underlying is the difference between two interest rates, such as options, binary options or exotic products. These products are based on a correlation between the two rates, which is considered to be unobservable due to reduced liquidity. The valuation of these exposures is nonetheless adjusted at the monthend on the basis of correlation levels derived from market consensus data;
- products whose underlying is the forward volatility of an index (Euribor, CMS spread). These products are deemed unobservable as there is significant model risk and their thin liquidity prevents regular accurate estimates of inputs;
- securitisation swaps generating an exposure to the prepayment rate. The prepayment rate is determined on the basis of historical data on similar portfolios. The assumptions and inputs used are checked regularly on the basis of actual prepayments;
- hybrid long-term interest rate/FX products, such as Power Reverse Dual Currency notes, or products whose
  underlying is a basket of currencies. The correlation parameters between interest rates and currencies as well as



between the two interest rates are determined using an internal methodology based on historical data. Results are cross-checked against market consensus data to ensure that the overall method is coherent;

- multiple-underlying products generating an exposure to correlations, regardless of the underlyings concerned (interest rates, credit, FX, inflation);
- CDOs based on corporate credit baskets. These are no longer significant;
- certain portfolios of complex equity derivatives.



#### NET CHANGE IN FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE ACCORDING TO LEVEL 3

## Financial assets measured at fair value according to Level 3

				Held-for-tro	ading financial a	ssets				Ot	ner financial instrur	ments at fair value	through pro	fit or loss			Financial assets a	t fair value throug	h other comprehe	ensive income
			-	Held-for- trading securities			_		Equity instruments through prof				Pledged s	ecurities					Financial assets fair value throug	is designated at ugh profit or loss
					Held-fi	or-trading sec	urities					Equities and	other variabl securities	e income		-	Equity instrumer through other c income that will no to profit c	omprehensive of be reclassified	Debt se	ecurities
(in millions of euros)	Total	Loans and receivables due from customers	Securities bought under repurchase agreements	Treasury bills and similar securities	Bonds and other fixed income securities	Mutual funds	Held-for- trading securities	Derivative	Equity and other variable income securities	Non- consolidated equity investments	Loans and receivables due from customers	Bonds and other fixed income securities	Mutual funds	Debt securities	Bonds and other fixed income securities	Mutual funds	Equities and other variable income securities	Non- consolidated equity investments	Treasury bills and similar securities	Debt securities
Opening balance (01/01/2019)	12,172	1,374	967	445	54	25	524	1,421	1,009	1,994	120	754	3,340	4,093	-	4	34	560	72	72
Gains or losses during the period '	(109)	15	(5)	-	(6)	1	(5)	(311)	1	224	(18)	5	(3)	6	184	-	2	(222)	-	20
Recognised in profit or loss	91		(3)	-	(6)	1	(5)	(311)	1	224	(25)	5	(3)	6	184	-	-	-	-	20
Recognised in other comprehensive income	(200)	15	(2)	-	-	-		-		-	7	-	-	-	-		2	(222)		
Purchases	5,448	820	986		15		609	442	126	692	288	70	1,096	1,167		8	-	310		-
Sales	(2,534)	(1,113)		-	(6)	(2)	(8)		(136)	(17)	(24)	(243)	(665)	(908)			-	(328)	-	
Issues	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Settlements	(307)	(202)	-	-	(1)	-	(1)	(86)	-	-	(1)	-	-	-			-	(17)	-	-
Reclassifications	46		-	-			-	-	-	-	18	-	-	2		-	-	26	-	-
Changes associated with scope during the period	(19)			-	-	-	-	-	-	49	(16)	5	-	1		-	-	(53)	-	-
Transfers	370		(29)	(445)	105	-	(339)	375	-	389	-	-	46	46	-	-	-	-	(72)	(72)
Transfers to Level 3	2,247		938	-	105	-	106	768	-	389		-	46	46	-		-			
Transfers from Level 3	(1,877)		(967)	(445)	-	-	(445)	(393)		-		-	-	-	-		-	-	(72)	(72)
CLOSING BALANCE (31/12/2019)	15,067	894	1,919		161	24	780	1,841	1,000	3,331	367	591	3,814	4,407	184	12	36	276	-	20



<sup>1</sup> this balance includes the gains and losses of the period made on assets reported on the balance sheet at the closing date, for the following amounts:

Gains/ losses for the period from level 3 assets held at the end of the period	167
Recognised in profit or loss	411
Recognised in other comprehensive income	(244)

#### Financial liabilities measured at fair value according to Level 3

			Finai	ncial liabilitie	es held for tra	ding		Financial	
(in millions of euros)	Total	Securities sold short	Securities sold under repurchase agreements	Debt securities	Due to credit institutions	Due to customers	Derivative Instruments	liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss	Hedging derivative instruments
Opening balance (01/01/2019)	12,973	220	2,324	-	-	- -	1,699	8,379	351
Gains or losses during the period <sup>1</sup>	(486)	(1)	-	-	-	-	(269)	(228)	12
Recognised in profit or loss	(486)	(1)	-	-	-	-	(269)	(228)	12
Recognised in other comprehensive income	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Purchases	532	22	438	-	-	-	71	1	-
Sales	(50)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(50)
Issues	3,083	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,083	-
Reclassifications	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Changes associated with scope during the period	(14)		-		-	-	-	(14)	-
Settlements	(2,753)	-	-	-	-	-	(60)	(2,693)	-
Transfers <sup>2</sup>	(4,301)	(241)	(1,891)	-	-	-	(792)	(1,377)	-
Transfers to Level 3	605	-	432	-	-	-	71	102	-
Transfers from Level 3	(4,906)	(241)	(2,323)	-	-	-	(863)	(1,479)	-
CLOSING BALANCE (31/12/2019)	8,984	-	871	-	-	-	649	7,151	313

<sup>1</sup> this balance includes the gains and losses of the period made on liabilities reported on the balance sheet at the closing date, for the following amounts:

Gains/ losses for the period from level 3 assets held at the end of the period	(486)
Recognised in profit or loss	(486)
Recognised in other comprehensive income	-

<sup>1</sup> The transfer from level 3 to level 2 in liabilities for €2.1 million follows the review of the observability criteria on the derivatives instruments and liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss.

 $_2$  The transfers towards or outside level 3 in liabilities for  $- \in 2.1$  million results from a better identification of the level of fair value of transactions presented in the financial statements of December 2018 for the following instruments: over-the-counter derivatives instruments and issues designated at fair value through profit or loss.

The fair value (and change in fair value) on these products alone is not, however, representative. These products are essentially hedged by other, simpler products that are individually measured based on inputs considered to be observable. The valuations (and their changes) of these hedging instruments, mostly symmetrical to valuations of products measured based on unobservable inputs, do not themselves appear in the table above.

## SENSITIVITY ANALYSIS FOR FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS MEASURED USING THE LEVEL 3 VALUATION MODEL

The use of unobservable inputs introduces uncertainty, which we have assessed below using a sensitivity calculation on instruments valued using these inputs.

## SCOPE OF INTEREST RATE DERIVATIVES



As regards interest rate derivatives, two key inputs are considered to be unobservable and of such a type that they result in the classification of the associated products in level 3: correlation and prepayment rates (i.e. early redemption).

#### Correlation

Many products are sensitive to a correlation parameter. However, this parameter is not unique and there are many different types of correlation, including:

- forward correlation between two successive indices in the same currency, e.g. 2-year CMS/10-year CMS;
- interestrate/interest rate correlation (different indices), e.g. Libor 3M USD/Libor 3M EUR;
- interest rate/FX correlation (or Quanto), e.g. USD/JPY USD;
- equity/equity correlation;
- equity/FX correlation;
- equity/interest rate correlation;
- FX/FX correlation.

#### Prepayment rate

The prepayment rate is the rate of early repayment on securitisation portfolios, whether voluntary or involuntary (default). Exposure to this risk factor may stem from two types of source: direct exposure to these asset classes, or certain "securitisation" swaps, i.e. where the variations in their nominal amounts are adjusted automatically to the nominal amount of the underlying portfolio, with no mark-to-market payment. The prepayment rate plays a significant part in their valuation.

## CALCULATION OF IMPACT

#### With respect to correlation

The results presented below have been obtained by applying the following distinct risk shocks:

- correlations between successive indices in the same currency (i.e. CMS correlations):
- cross assets correlations (e.g.: Equity/FX or IR/ Equity) and between two interest-rate curves in different currencies.

The result of the stress test is the sum of the absolute values obtained.

For each type of correlation we considered absolute values by currency, maturity and portfolio, thus making a conservative assumption. For the CMS correlations, we considered the various underlyings independently (e.g. 1y10y, 2y10y).

As at 31 December 2019, the sensitivity to the parameters used in interest rate derivative models was therefore

+/-€12million.

The quantity expressed is a sensitivity for a normalised market variation assumption that is not intended to measure the impact of extreme variations.

#### With respect to the prepayment rate

Direct exposure to assets comprising a pre-payment risk concerns securitisations such as RMBS and CLO and mezzanine CDO tranches. These exposures are marginal. They can be taken into account through sensitivity to a 1 bp change in credit spreads. This sensitivity being very low (< 50 k/bp), exposure to pre-payment rate is thus considered to be negligible.

The pre-payment rate is not an observable market parameter and the valuation model used for the securitisation swaps is particularly conservative. The valuation used is defined as the lower of the valuation obtained using a very fast pre-payment rate and using a very slow pre-payment rate. A "normal" variation in the pre-payment rate will therefore have no material impact on M-to-M, no Day One thus being used for these products.



# 11.3 Estimated impact of inclusion of the margin at inception

(in millions of euros)	31/12/2019	31/12/2018
Deferred margin at 1st January	61	67
Margin generated by new transactions during the period	36	26
Recognised in net income during the period	-	-
Amortisation and cancelled / reimbursed / matured transactions	(24)	(32)
Profit-sharing and incentive plans	-	-
Effects of inputs or products reclassified as observable during the period	(7)	-
DEFERRED MARGIN AT THE END OF THE PERIOD	66	61

The 1st day margin on market transactions falling within Level 3 of fair value is reserved for the balance sheet and recognised in profit or loss as time passes or when unobservable parameters become observable again.



# NOTE 12 Impacts of accounting changes and other events

# 12.1 Impacts of IFRS 16 at 1 January 2019

## 12.1.1 BALANCE SHEET – ASSETS

	01/01/2019	Impact of	01/01/2019
(in millions of euros)	Restated	IFRS 16	Stated
Cash, central banks	70,584		70,584
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	372,142		372,142
Held for trading financial assets	223,229		223,229
Other financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	148,913		148,913
Hedging derivative Instruments	15,829		15,829
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	264,981		264,981
Debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income that may be reclassified to profit or loss	260,251		260,251
Equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	4,730		4,730
Financial assets at amortised cost	1,032,456		1,032,456
Loans and receivables due from credit institutions (excluding Credit Agricole internal transactions)	97,194		97,194
Loans and receivables due from customers	854,681		854,681
Debt securities	80,581		80,581
Revaluation adjustment on interest rate hedged portfolios	8,337		8,337
Current and deferred tax assets	6,223	-	6,223
Accruals, prepayments and sundry assets	44,343	-	44,343
Non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations	257		257
Deferred participation benefits	52		52
Investments in equity-accounted entities	6,308		6,308
Investment property	6,967	-	6,967
Property, plant and equipment	9,713	1,935	7,778
Intangible assets	2,366	(76)	2,442
Goodwill	16,064		16,064
TOTAL ASSETS	1,856,622	1,859	1,854,763



## 12.1.2 BALANCE SHEET – LIABILITIES

	01/01/2019	Impact of	01/01/2019
(in millions of euros)	Restated	IFRS 16	Stated
Central banks	1,140	-	1,140
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	225,902	-	225,902
Held for trading financial liabilities	191,684	-	191,684
Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss	34,218	-	34,218
Hedging derivative Instruments	16,170	-	16,170
Financial liabilities at amortised cost	1,084,032	-	1,084,032
Due to credit institutions	95,970	-	95,970
Due to customers	789,835	-	789,835
Debt securities	198,227	-	198,227
Revaluation adjustment on interest rate hedged portfolios	7,879	-	7,879
Current and deferred tax liabilities	2,442	-	2,442
Accruals, prepayments and sundry liabilities	49,872	1,863	48,009
Liabilities associated with non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations	229	-	229
Insurance compagny technical reserves	325,910	-	325,910
Provisions	8,103	(4)	8,107
Subordinated debt	22,755	-	22,755
Total Liabilities	1,744,434	1,859	1,742,575
Equity	112,188	-	112,188
Equity - Group share	106,717	-	106,717
Share capital and reserves	27,611	-	27,611
Consolidated reserves	70,955	-	70,955
Other comprehensive income	1,298	-	1,298
Other comprehensive income on discontinued operations	9	-	9
Net income (loss) for the year	6,844	-	6,844
Non-controlling interests	5,471	-	5,471
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	1,856,622	1,859	1,854,763



# NOTE 13 Scope of consolidation at 31st December 2019

## **13.1** Information on subsidiaries

## 13.1.1 **RESTRICTIONS ON ENTITIES**

Crédit Agricole S.A. Group is subject to the following restrictions:

#### **Regulatory constraints**

The subsidiaries of Crédit Agricole S.A. Group are subject to prudential regulation and regulatory capital requirements in their host countries. The minimum equity capital (solvency ratio), leverage ratio and liquidity ratio requirements limit the capacity of these entities to pay dividends or to transfer assets to Crédit Agricole S.A. Group.

#### Legal constraints

The subsidiaries of Crédit Agricole S.A. Group are subject to legal provisions concerning the distribution of capital and distributable earnings. These requirements limit the ability of the subsidiaries to distribute dividends. In the majority of cases, these are less restrictive than the regulatory limitations mentioned above.

#### Restriction on assets backing unit-linked contracts for the insurance business

Assets backing unit-linked contracts of Crédit Agricole S.A. Group are held for the benefit of policyholders. Assets of the insurance subsidiaries of Crédit Agricole S.A. Group are mainly held for satisfying their obligation towards their policyholders. Assets transfers to other entities are possible following the legal conditions. However, in case of a transfer, a part of the profit due to the transfer must be intended for the policyholders.

#### Other constraints

Crédit Agricole CIB Algérie must subject its dividend distribution to the prior approval of its regulatory authority (Bank of Algeria).

The dividend payment of CA Egypte is subject to the prior approval of the local regulator.

## 13.1.2 SUPPORT FOR STRUCTURED ENTITIES UNDER GROUP CONTROL

Crédit Agricole CIB has contractual arrangements with some consolidated structured entities that equate to commitments to provide financial support.

To meet its funding needs, Crédit Agricole CIB uses structured debt issuance vehicles to raise cash on financial markets. Securities issued by these entities are fully underwritten by Crédit Agricole CIB. At 31 December 2019, the outstanding volume of these issues was €25 billion.

As part of its third-party securitisation business, Crédit Agricole CIB provides liquidity lines to its ABCP conduits. At 31 December 2019, these liquidity lines totalled €37 billion compared to €35 billion at 31 December 2018.

Crédit Agricole S.A. provided no other financial support for any structured entities consolidated at 31 December 2019 and 31 December 2018.

## 13.1.3 SECURITISATION TRANSACTIONS AND DEDICATED FUNDS

Various Group entities conduct securitisation operations on their own account as part of collateralised refinancing transactions. Depending on the circumstances, these transactions can be wholly or partially placed with investors, sold under repurchase agreements or kept on the issuer's balance sheet as liquid securities reserves that can be used to manage refinancing. Following the IFRS 9 decision tree, these transactions are considered to form part of deconsolidating or non-deconsolidating transactions: for non-deconsolidating transactions, the assets are retained on the consolidated balance sheet of Crédit Agricole Group.

# 13.2 Scope of consolidation

				Country of incorporation if different from	incorporation if different from		% control		% interest		
Crédit Agricole Group Scope of consolidation	Consolidation method	Scope changes (a)	Principal place of business	the principal place of business	Nature of control (b)	12/31/2019	12/31/2018	12/31/2019	12/31/2018		
FRENCH RETAIL BANKING											
Banking and financial institutions											
2,417 Caisses locales	Parent		France		Parent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		
38 Caisses régionales	Parent		France		Parent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		
Banque Chalus	Full		France		Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		
Bforbank S.A.	Full		France		Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		
Caisse Régionale Provence - Côte D'Azur, Agence de Monaco	Full		Мопасо	France	Branch	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		
Cofam	Full		France		Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		
CRCAM SUD MED. SUC	Full		Spain	France	Branch	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		
FIMO Courtage	Full	El	France		Subsidiary	100.0		99.0			
Interfimo	Full		France		Subsidiary	99.0	99.0	99.0	99.0		
	Full				Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0			
			France						100.0		
LCL succursale de Monaco	Full		Monaco	France	Branch	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		
Sircam	Full		France		Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		
Lease financing companies											
Locam	Full		France		Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		
Investment companies	Equity										
Audaxis France	Accounted	\$2	France		Associate		6.1		5.8		
Bercy Participations	Full		France		Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		
BMDR Editions	Equity Accounted		France		Associate	2.6	2.6	2.3	2.3		
CA Centre France Développement	Full		France		Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		
CA INVESTISSEMENTS STRATEGIQUES CENTRE-EST	Full	E2	France		Subsidiary	100.0		100.0			
CACF Immobilier	Full		France		Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		
CADINVEST	Full	El	France		Subsidiary	100.0		100.0			
CADS Capital	Full		France		Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		
CADS Développement	Full		France		Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		
Calixte Investissement	Full		France		Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		
CAP REGIES	Equity Accounted		France		Associate	25.2	25.2	22.9	23.0		
CD COM (ChampagneFM)	Equity Accounted		France		Associate	25.2	25.2	24.2	24.2		
CD COM (Champagnerm)	Accounted		rrancé		ASSOCIDIÓ	25.2	25.2	24.2	24.2		



Centre Loire Expansion	Full	El	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
Cercle Bleu	Equity Accounted		France	Associate	25.0	25.0	23.9	23.9
Charente Périgord Expansion	Full	E1	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
Contact FM	Equity Accounted		France	Associate	25.2	25.2	24.2	24.2
Courrier Picard	Equity Accounted		France	Associate	24.9	24.9	23.9	23.9
Crédit Agricole F.C. Investissement	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Crédit Agricole Languedoc Energies Nouvelles	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Foncière du Maine	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
GROUPE ROSSEL LA VOIX	Equity Accounted		France	Associate	25.2	25.2	25.2	25.2
HEBDO PRESSE DEVELOPPEMENT	Equity Accounted		France	Associate	8.4	8.4	7.7	7.7
Images en Nord	Equity Accounted		France	Associate	13.3	13.3	39.0	12.7
Imprimerie du Messager	Equity Accounted		France	Associate	25.2	25.2	24.1	24.1
Internep	Equity Accounted		France	Associate	25.2	25.2	24.2	24.2
L' ARDENNAIS	Equity Accounted		France	Associate	25.2	25.2	23.0	23.0
L' EST ECLAIR	Equity Accounted		France	Associate	25.2	25.2	23.0	23.0
La Voix du Nord	Equity Accounted		France	Associate	24.2	24.2	24.2	24.2
La Voix FM	Equity Accounted		France	Associate	25.2	25.2	24.2	24.2
LA VOIX MEDIAS	Equity Accounted		France	Associate	25.2	25.2	24.2	24.2
L'Aisne Nouvelle	Equity Accounted		France	Associate	24.5	24.5	23.2	23.2
L'Immobilière d'A Côté	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
L'Indépendant du P. de Calais	Equity Accounted		France	Associate	12.4	12.4	11.9	11.9
My Video Place	Equity Accounted	\$2	France	Associate		3.8		3.3
NECI	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Nep TV	Equity Accounted		France	Associate	25.2	25.2	24.2	24.2
NEW POLE CAP	Equity Accounted		France	Associate	23.9	23.9	23.0	23.0
Newsmaster France	Equity Accounted		France	Associate	12.6	12.6	12.1	12.1
NMP Développement	Full	E1	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
Nord Capital Investissement	Full		France	Subsidiary	99.3	99.3	99.3	99.3
Nord Eclair	Equity Accounted		France	Associate	25.2	25.2	24.2	24.2
Nord Est Expansion	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Nord Littoral	Equity Accounted		France	Associate	25.2	25.2	24.2	24.2
NORDISPRESS	Equity Accounted		France	Associate	25.2	25.2	24.2	24.2
Normandie Conseil Medias	Equity Accounted		France	Associate	25.2	25.2	24.2	24.2
Picardie Matin	Equity Accounted		France	Associate	25.2	25.2	23.8	23.8
Presse Flamande	Equity		France	Associate	24.9	24.9	23.9	23.9
				,	2/	2/	20.7	20.7



Pépandances	Equity		Franco	Arragiata	25.2	25.2	24.2	24.2
Répondances	Accounted		France	Associate	25.2	25.2	24.2	24.2
Sequana SOC D'EDITION & PUBLICATION	Full		France	structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
LIBERATION (LIBERATION CHAMPAGNE)	Equity Accounted		France	Associate	25.1	25.1	22.9	22.9
Socadif	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Societe du Journal l'Union	Equity Accounted		France	Associate	25.2	25.2	22.9	23.0
	Accounted		manee	Consolidated	20.2	20.2		20.0
Société Financière de Ty Nay Société Financière du	Full	El	France	structured entity	100.0		100.0	<u> </u>
Languedoc Roussillon (SOFILARO)	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Societe Normande D'information et Medias	Equity Accounted		France	Associate	25.2	25.2	24.2	24.2
STM	Equity Accounted		France	Associate	15.8	15.8	24.8	8.5
TELE SAINT QUENTIN	Equity Accounted		France	Associate	5.7	5.7	5.4	5.4
	Equity				0.7		0.1	
Voix du Nord Etudiant	Accounted	\$2	France	Associate		12.6		12.1
Insurance								
Camca Assurance	Full		Luxembourg	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	87.8	100.0
Camca Courtage	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	81.0	100.0
Camca Lux Finance Management Company	Full		Luxembourg	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	84.3	100.0
			-					
Camca Réassurance	Full		Luxembourg	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	82.0	100.0
Fcp Camca Lux Finance	Full		Luxembourg	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Groupe CAMCA	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Sci 32 Liberté	Full		Luxembourg	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	82.0	100.0
Sci Haussmann 122	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	81.0	100.0
Sci La Boétie 65	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	81.0	100.0
Tourism - property development								
57 COURS DE LA LIBERTE (SCI)	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
Angle Neuf	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Aquitaine Immobilier Investissement	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Charente Périgord Immobilier	Full	El	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
CREDIT AGRICOLE ATLANTIQUE VENDEE IMMOBILIER PARTICIPATION	Full	El	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
Franche Comté						100.0		100.0
Développement Foncier Franche Comté	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Développement Immobilier	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Immeuble Franche Comté	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Midi Toulousain Immobilier	Full	E1	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
Nacarat	Equity Accounted		France	Associate	30.8	30.8	30.8	30.8
	Equity	50	Franco	Arrosista				
Native Immobilier Nord Est Aménagement	Accounted	\$2	France	Associate		40.0		40.0
Promotion	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Nord Est Immo	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0



Nord Est Optimmo S.A.S.	Full	\$5	France	Subsidiary		100.0		100.0
Nord Est Patrimoine Immobilier	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Normandie Seine Foncière	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
S.A. Foncière de l'Erable	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
S.A.S. Chalons Mont Bernard	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
S.A.S. Charleville Forest	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
S.A.S. Laon Brosselette	Full	\$5	France	Subsidiary		100.0		100.0
SAS CENTRE D'AFFAIRES DU PARC LUMIERE	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SAS Crédit Agricole Centre Loire Investissement	Full	El	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
sci i place francisque Regaud	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
SCI 22 QUAI SARRAIL	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
SCI 25-27 RUE DES TUILERIES	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
SCI 27 QUAI ROMAIN ROLLAND	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
SCI 3 QUAI J. MOULIN	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
SCI 5 RUE DU BŒUF	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
SCI 50-52 MONTEE DU GOURGUILLON	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
SCI CAP ARROW	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
SCI CONFIDENCE	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
SCI Crystal Europe	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI DE LA CROIX ROCHERAN	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI DE LA MAISON DU GRIFFON	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
SCI DES JARDINS D'ORSAY	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
SCI DU 113 RUE DES CHARMETTES	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
SCI DU 36	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
SCI DU 7 RUE PASSET	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
SCI DU JARDIN LAENNEC	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
SCI DU JARDIN SAINT JOSEPH	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
SCI Euralliance Europe	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI GAMBETTA	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
SCI GREEN CROZET	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
SCI JDL BAITMENT 5	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
SCI LA RUCHE 18-20	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
SCI LE BRETAGNE	Full		France	Subsidiary	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
SCI MONTAGNY 71	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
SCI Quartz Europe	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0



SCI SILK OFFICE	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0	_	100.0	
SCI VILLA BELLA	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
SQUARE HABITAT ATLANTIQUE VENDEE	Full	E1	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
Square Habitat Nord de France	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Square Habitat Toulouse 31	Full	El	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
Other								
955	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
SNC 120 RUE SAINT GEORGES	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0	_	100.0	
1 BD MONGE	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
11 GABRIEL PERI	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0	_	100.0	
15 RUE DE ST CYR	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0	_	100.0	
2 PL. DUMAS DE LOIRE & 7 R 2 PLACES	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0	_	100.0	
21 ALSACE LORRAINE	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0	_	100.0	
24 RUE D'ALSACE	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0	_	100.0	
24 RUE DES TUILLIERS	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0	_	100.0	
29 LANTERNE	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0	_	100.0	
3 CUVIER	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0	_	100.0	
37 ROUTE DES BLANCHES (GEX FERNEY)	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0	_	100.0	
42 RUE MERCIERE	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0	_	100.0	
57 RUE MARCHANDE	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0	_	100.0	
6 RUE VAUBECOUR	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
78 DENFERT	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0	_	100.0	
7-9-11 RUE DU MILIEU	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
91 CREQUI	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0	_	100.0	
93 GRANDE RUE D'OULLINS	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0	_	100.0	
ADMINISTRATION GESTION IMMOBILIERE	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
Adret Gestion	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
ALGERIE 10	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
Alsace Elite	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	97.0	97.0	97.0	97.0
Anjou Maine Gestion	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Aquitaux Rendement	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Armor Fonds Dédié	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
AZUR	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
Bercy Champ de Mars	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
BOUTIN 56	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0	_	100.0	



Brie Picardie Croissance	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
C.L. Verwaltungs und _Beteiligungsgesellschaft GmbH	Full		Germany	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
CA Aquitaine Agences Immobilières	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
CA Aquitaine Immobilier	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
CA Centre-Est Développement Immobilier	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
CAAP CREATION	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
				Consolidated				
CAAP Immo	Full		France	structured entity Consolidated	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
CAAP IMMO GESTION	Full		France	structured entity Consolidated	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
CAAP Immo Invest	Full	El	France	structured entity	100.0	_	100.0	<u> </u>
CAM HYDRO	Full		France	Subsidiary Consolidated	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
CAP ACTIONS 3	Full		France	structured entity Consolidated	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
CAP Régulier 1	Full		France	structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
CAP Régulier 2	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
CAPG ENERGIES NOUVELLES	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
CAPG INVESTISSEMENTS ENERGETIQUES	Full		France	Subsidiary	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0
CAPI Centre-Est	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
CASRA CAPITAL	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Centre France Location Immobilière	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Chabrillac	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	93.5	88.9
CHALOPIN GUILLOTIERE	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
Compagnie Foncière Lyonnaise	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
CONSTANTINE 12	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
Crédit Agricole Centre Est Immobilier	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Crédit Agricole Languedoc Immobilier	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Crédit Lyonnais Développement Économique (CLDE)	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
DAPAR	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
	Full	D3			100.0		100.0	
DE L'ARTOIS			France	Subsidiary		_		<u> </u>
DES CYGNES	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0	_	100.0	
DES ECHEVINS	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0	-	100.0	<u> </u>
DES PAYS BAS	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
DU 34 RUE EDOUARD HERRIOT	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0	_	100.0	
DU 46	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0	_	100.0	
DU BOIS DU PORT	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0	_	100.0	
DU CARILLON	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	



DU CORBILLON	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0	_	100.0	
DU CORVETTE	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
DU ROZIER	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
DU TOURNE-FEUILLE	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
Edokial	Full		France	Subsidiary	66.0	66.0	95.7	58.7
Emeraude Croissance	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
EPV6	Full	\$3	France	Subsidiary		100.0		65.0
EUROHABITAT	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
EUROTERTIAIRE 2	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
Everbreizh	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Full			Consolidated	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
FCP Centre Loire FCT Crédit Agricole Habitat 2015			France	structured entity Consolidated				
(sauf compartiment Corse) FCT Crédit Agricole Habitat 2017	Full		France	structured entity Consolidated	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
(sauf compartiment Corse) FCT Crédit Agricole Habitat 2018	Full		France	structured entity Consolidated	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
(sauf compartiment Corse) FCT Crédit Agricole Habitat 2019	Full		France	structured entity Consolidated	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
(sauf compartiment Corse) FCT True Sale (Compartiment	Full	E2	France	structured entity Consolidated	100.0	-	100.0	
LCL)	Full	E2	France	structured entity	100.0	_	100.0	
Fief Nouveau	Full	E1	France	Subsidiary	100.0	-	100.0	
Financière PCA	Full	\$1	France	Consolidated structured entity		100.0		100.0
Finarmor Gestion	Full	\$1	France	Subsidiary		100.0		100.0
FINIST-LCR	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Foncière Crédit Agricole Sud Rhone Alpes	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Foncière TP	Full	El	France	Subsidiary	100.0	_	100.0	
Fonds dédié Elstar	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	99.0	100.0
Force 29	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Force Alsace	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Force Charente Maritime Deux Sèvres	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Force Iroise	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Force Languedoc	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
				Consolidated				
Force Lorraine Duo	Full		France	structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Force Profile 20	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.9
Force Run	Full		France	Subsidiary Consolidated	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Force Toulouse Diversifié	Full		France	structured entity Consolidated	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Force 4	Full		France	structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
GRANGE HAUTE	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0	-	100.0	
HAPPY FM	Equity Accounted		France	Associate	25.2	25.2	24.2	24.2



Immocam	Full	El	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
Inforsud Diffusion	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	93.5	88.9
Inforsud Gestion	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	93.5	93.5	93.5	93.5
INTERIMOB	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
JOLIOT CURIE	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
L'EGLANTINE	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
les ovalistes	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
LEYNAUD 41	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
LOCA-CORB	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
LOCAFLEX	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
LOCAGUET	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
LYONNAISE DE PREFABRICATION	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
MACE MONGE	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
MAISON DE LA DANSE	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
MAZARIK 24	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
Merico Delta Print	Full	\$2	France	Subsidiary	10010	100.0	10010	88.9
MGC	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	00.7
MOULIN DE PRESSENSE	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
	Full	03		Consolidated	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
		50	France	structured entity		100.0		100.0
NS ALTERNATIVE PERFORMANCE	Full	E2	France	Subsidiary Consolidated	100.0		100.0	
Ozenne Institutionnel	Full		France	structured entity	100.0	99.8	100.0	99.8
<u>P.N.S.</u>	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0	_	100.0	
PCA IMMO	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
PG Développement	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
PG IMMO	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
PG Invest	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
POLYLOC	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0	-	100.0	
Prestimmo	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Pyrénées Gascogne Altitude	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Pyrénées Gascogne Gestion	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
RENE 35	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
Réunion Télécom	Full	El	France	Subsidiary	86.0	_	86.0	
Run Cartes	Full	El	France	Subsidiary	60.0		51.6	
SAINT CLAR (SNC)	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	65.0	65.0
SARL PAUL VERLAINE	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0	_	100.0	



SAS Brie Picardie Expansion	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SAS CATP EXPANSION	Full	El	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
SCI Campayrol	Full	El	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
SCI SRA BELLEDONNE	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI SRA CHARTREUSE	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI SRA VERCORS	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI Turenne Wilson	Full	El	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
						100.0		100.0
Scica HL	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SILOS DE JONAGE Société de Transactions	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
Immobilières de Bourbon SOCIETE D'ETUDES DE	Full	El	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
SOCIETE D'EXPLOITATION DES TELEPHERIQUES TARENTAISE- MAURIENNE	Equity Accounted		France	Associate	38.1	38.1	38.1	38.1
SOLYMO	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
Square Habitat Gestion Sud Rhône Alpes	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Square Habitat Pays Basque	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Full				100.0	100.0		
Square Habitat Sud Rhône Alpes			France	Subsidiary		100.0	100.0	100.0
STEPHANE	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
Sud Rhône Alpes Placement	Full		France	Subsidiary Consolidated	100.0	100.0	99.9	99.9
Toulouse 31 Court Terme	Full		France	structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
UNI-INVEST ANJOU MAINE	Full	El	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
Val de France Rendement	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Valeurs Monétiques	Full	El	France	Subsidiary	100.0		86.0	
VIVIER TOULON	Full	D3	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
INTERNATIONAL RETAIL BANKING								
Banking and financial institutions								
Arc Broker	Full		Poland	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Bankoa	Full		Spain	Subsidiary	99.8	99.8	99.8	99.8
			·					
BANKOA KARTERA SA	Full		Spain	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	99.8	99.8
CREDIT AGRICOLE BANK	Full		Ukraine	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Crédit Agricole Bank Polska S.A.	Full		Poland	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Crédit Agricole Banka Srbija a.d. Novi Sad	Full		Serbia	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
CREDIT AGRICOLE BANKOA GESTION	Full		Spain	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	99.8	99.8
Crédit Agricole Carispezia S.p.A.	Full	S4	Italy	Subsidiary		80.0		69.1
Crédit Agricole Egypt S.A.E.	Full		Egypt	Subsidiary	60.5	60.5	60.5	60.5
Crédit Agricole Friuladria S.p.A.	Full		Italy	Subsidiary	81.8	81.3	69.5	70.3



Critici Agrices Base         M         D         Bay         Suscessor         B49         B49         B44         B44           Critici Agrices Bases Ba         M         Bay         Suscessor         100         120         872         881           Critici Agrices Bases Ba         M         Subsector         Suscessor         100         120         100         100           Critici Agrices Farenze         M         Pa         Reverse         Suscessor         100	Crédit Agricole Group Solutions	Full	Italy	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	83.4	84.4
Child Agiole mol Cont.         Full         Subscript         1000 <t< td=""><td>Crédit Agricole Italia</td><td>Full</td><td>D1 Italy</td><td>Subsidiary</td><td>84.9</td><td>86.4</td><td>84.9</td><td>86.4</td></t<>	Crédit Agricole Italia	Full	D1 Italy	Subsidiary	84.9	86.4	84.9	86.4
Batter JOA         Hal         Satter Verd         Batter Verd         Ba	Crédit Agricole Leasing Italia	Full	Italy	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	87.2	88.4
Cost Agrees Senaries         Full         D4         Remarka         Subsidiary         1000 <t< td=""><td></td><td>Full</td><td>Switzerland</td><td>Subsidiary</td><td>100.0</td><td>100.0</td><td>100.0</td><td>100.0</td></t<>		Full	Switzerland	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Credit Agricele Service to 2 a.o.         Ful         Pedard         Sobidity         1000         1000         1000         1000           Credit Agricele Service to 2 a.o.         Ful         Merracco         Subditiy         742         787         787           Laka Finanus SA         Ful         S4         Peland         Subditiy         1000         1000         1000           SIMA         Ful         S4         Peland         Subditiy         1000         787           SIMA         Ful         SetZentrad         Subditiy         1000         787           SIMS HOVE LOAN         Ful         SetZentrad         Subditiy         1000         1000         1000           SWISS HOVE LOAN         Ful         Force         Subditiy         1000         10	Crédit Agricole Polska S.A.	Full	Poland	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Coleil du Naroo         Full         Morrocco         Subidiary         787         787         787         787           Lukas frames SA         Full         S4         Poland         Subidiary         1000         1000         1000           SIMA         Full         S4         Poland         Subidiary         1000         787         787           SIMS HOVE LONI         Full         Switzerland         Consolitation         945	Credit Agricole Romania	Full	D4 Romania	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Luces finanze S.A.         Full         S4         Peland         Subsidiary         1000         1000           SMIA         Full         Full         El         Merrocco         Subsidiary         1000         78.7           SWISS HOVE LOAN         Full         Full         Switsenand         Consolidanty         94.5         94.5         94.5         94.5           Other           Consolidanty         100.0 <td>Credit Agricole Service sp z o.o.</td> <td>Full</td> <td>Poland</td> <td>Subsidiary</td> <td>100.0</td> <td>100.0</td> <td>100.0</td> <td>100.0</td>	Credit Agricole Service sp z o.o.	Full	Poland	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SIRM         Full         Full         El         Monoccio         Subsidiory         100.0         78/7           SWSS HOXE LOAN         Full         Switzentond         Stuctured entity         94.5         94.5         94.5           Oher           Switzentond         Stuctured entity         94.5         94.5         94.5           Other            Switzentond         Stuctured entity         94.5         94.5         94.5           SWINGS MARAGEMENT            Switzentond         700.0         100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0         70.	Crédit du Maroc	Full	Могоссо	Subsidiary	78.7	78.7	78.7	78.7
SWESTHOWE LOAM         Full         Switzerland         Canadidated thockare entity         94.5         94.5         94.5         94.5           Oher	Lukas Finanse S.A.	Full	S4 Poland	Subsidiary		100.0		100.0
SMISS HOME (LOAN         Full         Switzerland         structured entity         94.5         94.5         94.5         94.5           Other	SIFIM	Full	El Morocco	Subsidiary	100.0		78.7	
IUB Holding         Full         France         Subsidiary         100.0         70.0	SWISS HOME LOAN	Full	Switzerland		94.5	94.5	94.5	94.5
SAVINGS MANAGEMENT           Jarving and financial institutions           Jarving and financial institutions           ABC-CA fund Managament CO         Equily Accounted         Chino         Associate         33.3         33.3         22.3         23.3           AMUNDI (UK) Ltd.         Full         France         Subaidary         70.0	Other							
Banking and financial institutions           ABC-CA Fund Monagement CO         Accounted         China         Associate         33.3         33.3         22.3         22.3           AMUNDI         Full         France         Subidiary         70.0         70.0         70.0         70.0           AMUNDI LIXI, Ltd.         Full         United Kingdom         Subidiary         100.0         100.0         70.0         70.0           AMUNDI Asset Management         Full         France         Subidiary         100.0         100.0         70.0         70.0           AMUNDI Asset Management         Full         E2         Chile         Branch         100.0         66.9         70.0           AMUNDI Asset Management         Full         E2         Chile         Branch         100.0         66.9         70.0           AMUNDI Asset Management         Full         E2         Chile         Branch         100.0         66.9         70.0           AMUNDI Asset Management         Full         Early         Beigum         Branch         100.0         66.9         70.0           AMUNDI Asset Management         Full         Hong Kong         Branch         100.0         70.0         70.0           AMUND	IUB Holding	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
ABC-CA Fund Management CO         Equily Accounted         China         Associate         33.3         33.3         23.3         23.3           AMUNDI         Full         France         Subsidiary         70.0         <	SAVINGS MANAGEMENT							
ABC-CA Fund Management CO         Accounted         China         Associate         33.3         33.3         23.3         23.3           AMUNDI MANAGEMENT         Full         France         Subsidiary         70.0	Banking and financial institutions							
AMUNDI (UK) Ltd.         Full         United Kingdom         Subsidiary         100.0         100.0         70.0           AMUNDI Asset Management         Full         France         Subsidiary         100.0         100.0         70.0         70.0           AMUNDI Asset Management         Full         E2         Chile         Branch         100.0         69.9           AMUNDI Asset MANAGEMENT         Full         E2         Chile         Branch         100.0         69.9           AMUNDI Asset MANAGEMENT         Full         Belgium         Branch         100.0         69.9         70.0           AMUNDI Asset MANAGEMENT         Full         Belgium         Branch         100.0         100.0         69.9         70.0           AMUNDI Asset MANAGEMENT         Full         Hong Kong         Branch         100.0         100.0         70.0         70.0           AMUNDI Asset MANAGEMENT         Full         Hong Kong         Branch         100.0         100.0         70.0         70.0           AMUNDI Asset MANAGEMENT         Full         Hong Kong         Branch         100.0         70.0         70.0           AMUNDI Asset MANAGEMENT         Full         Hong Kong         Branch         100.0         70.0 </td <td>ABC-CA Fund Management CO</td> <td></td> <td>China</td> <td>Associate</td> <td>33.3</td> <td>33.3</td> <td>23.3</td> <td>23.3</td>	ABC-CA Fund Management CO		China	Associate	33.3	33.3	23.3	23.3
AMUNDI Asset Management         Full         France         Subsidiary         100.0         100.0         70.0           AMUNDI ASSET MANAGEMENT ACENCIA EN CHIE         Full         E2         Chile         Branch         100.0         69.9           AMUNDI ASSET MANAGEMENT BELGIUM         Full         E2         Chile         Branch         100.0         69.9           AMUNDI ASSET MANAGEMENT BELGIUM         Full         Belgium         Branch         100.0         69.9         70.0           AMUNDI ASSET MANAGEMENT DUBA (JCF SHORE) BRANCH         Full         Belgium         Branch         100.0         69.9         70.0           AMUNDI ASSET MANAGEMENT HONG KONG BRANCH         Full         Hong Kong         Branch         100.0         100.0         70.0         70.0           AMUNDI ASSET MANAGEMENT HONG KONG BRANCH         Full         United Kingdom         Branch         100.0         70.0         70.0           AMUNDI ASSET MANAGEMENT HONG KONG BRANCH         Full         United Kingdom         Branch         100.0         70.0         70.0           AMUNDI ASSET MANAGEMENT HONG KONG BRANCH         Full         Netico         Branch         100.0         70.0         70.0           AMUNDI ASSET MANAGEMENT MEXCO BRANCH         Full         Netico<	AMUNDI	Full	France	Subsidiary	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0
AMUNDI ASSET MANAGEMENT AGENCIA EN CHILE         Full         E2         Chile         Branch         100.0         69.9           AMUNDI ASSET MANAGEMENT BELGIUM         Full         Belgium         Branch         100.0         100.0         69.9         70.0           AMUNDI ASSET MANAGEMENT DUBAI (OFF SHORE) BRANCH         Full         Belgium         Branch         100.0         100.0         69.9         70.0           AMUNDI ASSET MANAGEMENT DUBAI (OFF SHORE) BRANCH         Full         United Arab Emirates         Branch         100.0         100.0         69.9         70.0           AMUNDI ASSET MANAGEMENT HONG KONG BRANCH         Full         Hong Kong         Branch         100.0         100.0         70.0         70.0           AMUNDI ASSET MANAGEMENT HONG KONG BRANCH         Full         United kingdom         Branch         100.0         100.0         70.0         70.0           AMUNDI ASSET MANAGEMENT HONG KONG BRANCH         Full         United kingdom         Branch         100.0         100.0         70.0         70.0           AMUNDI ASSET MANAGEMENT MERCO BRANCH         Full         Revico         Branch         100.0         70.0         70.0           AMUNDI ASSET MANAGEMENT MEDERLAND         Full         Netherlonds         Branch         100.0	AMUNDI (UK) Ltd.	Full	United Kingdom	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	70.0	70.0
AGENCIA EN CHILE       Full       E2       Chile       Branch       100.0       69.9         AMUNDI ASSET MANAGEMENT       Full       Belgium       Branch       100.0       100.0       69.9       70.0         AMUNDI ASSET MANAGEMENT       Full       Belgium       Branch       100.0       100.0       69.9       70.0         AMUNDI ASSET MANAGEMENT       Full       United Arab       Branch       100.0       100.0       69.9       70.0         AMUNDI ASSET MANAGEMENT       Full       Hong Kong       Branch       100.0       100.0       69.9       70.0         AMUNDI ASSET MANAGEMENT       Full       Hong Kong       Branch       100.0       100.0       70.0       70.0         AMUNDI ASSET MANAGEMENT       Full       United Kingdom       Branch       100.0       100.0       70.0       70.0         AMUNDI ASSET MANAGEMENT       Full       United Kingdom       Branch       100.0       100.0       70.0       70.0         AMUNDI ASSET MANAGEMENT       Full       Netherlands       Branch       100.0       100.0       70.0       70.0         AMUNDI ASSET MANAGEMENT       Full       Netherlands       Branch       100.0       100.0       70.0       70.0 </td <td>AMUNDI Asset Management</td> <td>Full</td> <td>France</td> <td>Subsidiary</td> <td>100.0</td> <td>100.0</td> <td>70.0</td> <td>70.0</td>	AMUNDI Asset Management	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	70.0	70.0
BELGIUM       Full       Belgium       Branch       100.0       100.0       69.9       70.0         AMUNDI ASSET MANAGEMENT DUBAI (OFF SHORE) BRANCH       Full       United Arab Emirates       Branch       100.0       100.0       69.9       70.0         AMUNDI ASSET MANAGEMENT HONG KONG BRANCH       Full       Hong Kong       Branch       100.0       100.0       70.0       70.0         AMUNDI ASSET MANAGEMENT LONDON BRANCH       Full       Hong Kong       Branch       100.0       100.0       70.0       70.0         AMUNDI ASSET MANAGEMENT LONDON BRANCH       Full       United Kingdom       Branch       100.0       100.0       70.0       70.0         AMUNDI ASSET MANAGEMENT LONDON BRANCH       Full       Discover       Branch       100.0       100.0       70.0       70.0         AMUNDI ASSET MANAGEMENT MEXICO BRANCH       Full       Revico       Branch       100.0       100.0       70.0       70.0         AMUNDI ASSET MANAGEMENT MEXICO BRANCH       Full       Netherlands       Branch       100.0       100.0       70.0       70.0         AMUNDI ASSET MANAGEMENT MEXICO BRANCH       Full       Netherlands       Branch       100.0       100.0       70.0       70.0         Amundi Asset Management S.AL		Full	E2 Chile	Branch	100.0		69.9	
DUBAI (OFF SHORE) BRANCHFullEmiratesBranch100.0100.069.970.0AMUNDI ASSET MANAGEMENT HONG KONG BRANCHFullHong KongBranch100.0100.070.070.0AMUNDI ASSET MANAGEMENT LONDON BRANCHFullUnited KingdomBranch100.0100.070.070.0AMUNDI ASSET MANAGEMENT LONDON BRANCHFullUnited KingdomBranch100.069.970.0AMUNDI ASSET MANAGEMENT MEXICO BRANCHFullE2MexicoBranch100.069.9AMUNDI ASSET MANAGEMENT NEDERLANDFullE2MexicoBranch100.070.070.0Amundi Asset Management S.A.I S.AFullRamaniaSubsidiary100.0100.070.070.0Amundi Austria GmbHFullAustriaSubsidiary100.0100.070.070.0Amundi Czech Republic Asset Management Safia BranchFullSlovakiaBranch100.069.970.0Amundi Czech Republic Asset Management Sofia BranchFullBulgariaBranch100.069.970.0Amundi Czech Republic Asset Management Sofia BranchFullBulgariaBranch100.069.970.0Amundi Czech Republic Asset Management Sofia BranchFullBulgariaBranch100.069.970.0Amundi Czech Republic Asset Management AsiFullCzech RepublicSubsidiary100.0100.069.970.0		Full	Belgium	Branch	100.0	100.0	69.9	70.0
HONG KONG BRANCHFullHong KongBranch100.0100.070.070.0AMUNDI ASSET MANAGEMENT LONDON BRANCHFullUnited KingdomBranch100.0100.070.070.0AMUNDI ASSET MANAGEMENT MEXICO BRANCHFullE2MexicoBranch100.069.9AMUNDI ASSET MANAGEMENT MEXICO BRANCHFullE2MexicoBranch100.0100.070.0AMUNDI ASSET MANAGEMENT NEERLANDFullNetherlandsBranch100.0100.070.070.0Amundi Asset Management S.A.I S.AFullRomaniaSubsidiary100.0100.070.070.0Amundi Asset Management S.A.I S.AFullRomaniaSubsidiary100.0100.070.070.0Amundi Zech Republic Asset Management Bratislava BranchFullSlovakiaBranch100.0100.069.970.0Amundi Czech Republic Asset Management Sofia BranchFullBlugariaBranch100.0100.069.970.0Amundi Czech Republic Asset Management Sofia BranchFullBlugariaBranch100.0100.069.970.0Amundi Czech Republic Asset Management Sofia BranchFullCzech RepublicSubsidiary100.0100.069.970.0Amundi Czech Republic Asset Management, A.S.FullCzech RepublicSubsidiary100.0100.070.070.0		Full		Branch	100.0	100.0	69.9	70.0
LONDON BRANCHFullUnited KingdomBranch100.0100.070.070.0AMUNDI ASSET MANAGEMENT MEXICO BRANCHFullE2MexicoBranch100.069.9AMUNDI ASSET MANAGEMENT NEDERLANDFullNetherlandsBranch100.0100.070.070.0Amundi Asset Management S.A.I SAFullRomaniaSubsidiary100.0100.070.070.0Amundi Austria GmbHFullAustriaSubsidiary100.0100.070.070.0Amundi Czech Republic Asset Management Sofia BranchFullSlovakiaBranch100.0100.069.970.0Amundi Czech Republic Asset Management Sofia BranchFullBulgariaBranch100.0100.069.970.0Amundi Czech Republic Asset Management Sofia BranchFullBulgariaBranch100.0100.069.970.0Amundi Czech Republic Asset Management A.S.FullCzech RepublicSubsidiary100.0100.069.970.0		Full	Hong Kong	Branch	100.0	100.0	70.0	70.0
MEXICO BRANCH         Full         E2         Mexico         Branch         100.0         69.9           AMUNDI ASSET MANAGEMENT NEDERLAND         Full         Netherlands         Branch         100.0         70.0         70.0           Amundi Asset Management S.A.I SA         Full         Romania         Subsidiary         100.0         100.0         70.0         70.0           Amundi Austria GmbH         Full         Austria         Subsidiary         100.0         100.0         70.0         70.0           Amundi Czech Republic Asset Management Brafislava Branch         Full         Slovakia         Branch         100.0         100.0         69.9         70.0           Amundi Czech Republic Asset Management Sofia Branch         Full         Bulgaria         Branch         100.0         100.0         69.9         70.0           Amundi Czech Republic Asset Management Sofia Branch         Full         Bulgaria         Branch         100.0         100.0         69.9         70.0           Amundi Czech Republic Asset Management A.S.         Full         Czech Republic         Subsidiary         100.0         100.0         69.9         70.0		Full	United Kingdom	Branch	100.0	100.0	70.0	70.0
NEDERLANDFullNetherlandsBranch100.0100.070.070.0Amundi Asset Management S.A.I SAFullRomaniaSubsidiary100.0100.070.070.0Amundi Austria GmbHFullAustriaSubsidiary100.0100.070.070.0Amundi Czech Republic Asset Management Sofia BranchFullSlovakiaBranch100.0100.069.970.0Amundi Czech Republic Asset Management Sofia BranchFullBulgariaBranch100.0100.069.970.0Amundi Czech Republic Asset Management Sofia BranchFullBulgariaBranch100.0100.069.970.0Amundi Czech Republic Asset Management, A.S.FullCzech RepublicSubsidiary100.0100.069.970.0		Full	E2 Mexico	Branch	100.0		69.9	
SAFullRomaniaSubsidiary100.0100.070.070.0Amundi Austria GmbHFullAustriaSubsidiary100.0100.070.070.0Amundi Czech Republic Asset Management Brafislava BranchFullSlovakiaBranch100.0100.069.970.0Amundi Czech Republic Asset Management Sofia BranchFullBulgariaBranch100.0100.069.970.0Amundi Czech Republic Asset Management, Sofia BranchFullBulgariaBranch100.0100.069.970.0Amundi Czech Republic Asset Management, A.S.FullCzech RepublicSubsidiary100.0100.070.070.0		Full	Netherlands	Branch	100.0	100.0	70.0	70.0
Amundi Czech Republic Asset Management Bratislava BranchFullSlovakiaBranch100.0100.069.970.0Amundi Czech Republic Asset Management Sofia BranchFullBulgariaBranch100.0100.069.970.0Amundi Czech Republic Asset Management, A.S.FullCzech RepublicSubsidiary100.0100.070.070.0		Full	Romania	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	70.0	70.0
Management Brafislava BranchFullSlovakiaBranch100.0100.069.970.0Amundi Czech Republic Asset Management Sofia BranchFullBulgariaBranch100.0100.069.970.0Amundi Czech Republic Asset Management, A.S.FullCzech RepublicSubsidiary100.0100.070.070.0	Amundi Austria GmbH	Full	Austria	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	70.0	70.0
Management Sofia BranchFullBulgariaBranch100.0100.069.970.0Amundi Czech Republic Asset Management, A.S.FullCzech RepublicSubsidiary100.0100.070.070.0		Full	Slovakia	Branch	100.0	100.0	69.9	70.0
Management, A.S. Full Czech Republic Subsidiary 100.0 100.0 70.0 70.0		Full	Bulgaria	Branch	100.0	100.0	69.9	70.0
		Full	Czech Republic	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	70.0	70.0
Amundi Czech Republic, Investicni Spolecnost, A.S. Full Czech Republic Subsidiary 100,0 100,0 70,0 70,0 70,0	Amundi Czech Republic, Investicni Spolecnost, A.S.	Full	Czech Republic	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	70.0	70.0
Amundi Deutschland GmbH Full Germany Subsidiary 100.0 100.0 70.0 70.0	Amundi Deutschland GmbH	Full	Germany	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	70.0	70.0
AMUNDI Finance Full France Subsidiary 100.0 100.0 70.0 70.0	AMUNDI Finance	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	70.0	70.0
AMUNDI Finance Emissions Full France Subsidiary 100.0 100.0 70.0 70.0	AMUNDI Finance Emissions	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	70.0	70.0



AMUNDI GLOBAL SERVICING	Full	Luxembourg	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	70.0	70.0
AMUNDI Hellas MFMC S.A.	Full	Greece	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	70.0	70.0
AMUNDI Hong Kong Ltd.	Full	Hong Kong	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	70.0	70.0
AMUNDI Iberia S.G.I.I.C S.A.	Full	Spain	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	70.0	70.0
AMUNDI Immobilier	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	70.0	70.0
AMUNDI India Holding	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	70.0	70.0
AMUNDI Intermédiation	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	70.0	70.0
Amundi Intermédiation Asia PTE Ltd	Full	Singapour	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	70.0	70.0
Amundi Intermédiation Dublin Branch	Full	Ireland	Branch	100.0	100.0	70.0	70.0
Amundi Intermédiation London Branch	Full	United Kingdom	Branch	100.0	100.0	70.0	70.0
Amundi Investment Fund Management Private Limited Company	Full	Hungary	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	70.0	70.0
Amundi Ireland Ltd	Full	Ireland	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	70.0	70.0
Amundi Ireland Ltd London Branch	Full	\$1 United Kingdom	Branch		100.0		70.0
Amundi Ireland Ltd Singapore Branch	Full	S1 Singapour	Branch		100.0		70.0
AMUNDI Issuance	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	70.0	70.0
AMUNDI Japan	Full	Japan	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	70.0	70.0
AMUNDI Japan Holding	Full	Japan	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	70.0	70.0
Amundi Luxembourg SA	Full	Luxembourg	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	70.0	70.0
AMUNDI Malaysia Sdn Bhd	Full	Malaysia	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	70.0	70.0
Amundi Pioneer Asset Management Inc	Full	United States	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	70.0	70.0
Amundi Pioneer Asset							
Management USA Inc	Full	United States	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	70.0	70.0
Amundi Pioneer Institutional		United States	Subsidiary	100.0			70.0
Asset Management Inc	Full	United States	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	70.0	70.0
AMUNDI Polska	Full	Poland	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	70.0	70.0
AMUNDI Private Equity Funds AMUNDI Real Estate Italia SGR	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	70.0	70.0
S.p.A.	Full	Italy	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	70.0	70.0
AMUNDI SGR S.p.A.	Full	Italy	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	70.0	70.0
AMUNDI Singapore Ltd.	Full	Singapour	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	70.0	70.0
AMUNDI Suisse	Full	Switzerland	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	70.0	70.0
Amundi Taïwan Limited	Full	E3 Taiwan	Subsidiary	100.0	-	70.0	<u> </u>
AMUNDI Tenue de Comptes	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	70.0	70.0
AMUNDI USA Inc	Full	United States	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	70.0	70.0
AMUNDI Ventures	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	70.0	70.0
BFT Investment Managers CA Indosuez (Suisse) S.A. Hong	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	70.0	70.0
CA Indosuez (suisse) s.A. Hong Kong Branch	Full	Hong Kong	Switzerland Branch	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0



CA Indosuez (Suisse) S.A. Singapore Branch	Full		Singapour	Switzerland	Branch	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
CA Indosuez (Suisse) S.A. Switzerland Branch	Full		Switzerland		Branch	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
CA Indosuez (Switzerland) S.A.	Full		Switzerland		Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
CA Indosuez Finanziaria S.A.	Full		Switzerland		Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
CA Indosuez Gestion	Full		France		Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
CA Indosuez Wealth (Europe)	Full		Luxembourg		Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
CA Indosuez Wealth (Europe) Belgium Branch	Full		Belgium	Luxembourg	Branch	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
CA Indosuez Wealth (Europe) Italy Branch	Full		Italy	Luxembourg	Branch	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
CA Indosuez Wealth (Europe) Spain Branch	Full		Spain	Luxembourg	Branch	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
CA Indosuez Wealth (France)	Full		France		Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
CA Indosuez Wealth Italy S.P.A.	Full	D1	Italy		Subsidiary	100.0	94.2	100.0	94.1
CFM Indosuez Wealth	Full		Monaco		Subsidiary	70.2	70.1	69.0	69.0
CPR AM	Full		France		Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	70.0	70.0
Etoile Gestion	Full		France		Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	70.0	70.0
Fund Channel	Equity Accounted		Luxembourg		Joint venture	50.0	50.0	35.0	35.0
Fund Channel Singapore Branch	Equity Accounted		Singapour	Luxembourg	Joint venture	50.0	50.0	15.3	35.0
KBI Fund Managers Limited	Full		Ireland		Subsidiary	87.5	87.5	70.0	70.0
KBI Global Investors (North America) Limited	Full		Ireland		Subsidiary	87.5	87.5	70.0	70.0
KBI Global Investors Limited	Full		Ireland		Subsidiary	87.5	87.5	70.0	70.0
LCL Emissions	Full		France		Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	70.0	70.0
NH-AMUNDI ASSET MANAGEMENT	Equity Accounted		South Korea		Associate	30.0	30.0	21.0	21.0
Pioneer Global Investments ( Taiwan) LTD	Full	\$4	Taiwan		Subsidiary		100.0		70.0
Pioneer Global Investments LTD	Full	\$4	Ireland		Subsidiary		100.0		70.0
Pioneer Global Investments LTD Buenos Aires Branch	Full		Argentina		Branch	100.0	100.0	69.9	70.0
Pioneer Global Investments LTD Jelling Branch	Full	S1	Denmark		Branch		100.0		70.0
Pioneer Global Investments LTD London Branch	Full	S4	United Kingdom		Branch		100.0		70.0
Pioneer Global Investments LTD Madrid Branch	Full	S4	Spain		Branch		100.0		70.0
Pioneer Global Investments LTD Mexico city Branch	Full		Mexico		Branch	100.0	100.0	69.9	70.0
Pioneer Global Investments LTD Paris Branch	Full	S1	France		Branch		100.0		70.0
Pioneer Global Investments LTD Santiago Branch	Full	S1	Chile		Branch		100.0		70.0
Société Générale Gestion (S2G)	Full		France		Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	70.0	70.0
State Bank of India Fund Management	Equity Accounted		India		Associate	37.0	37.0	25.9	25.9
TOBAM	Equity Accounted	\$2	France		Associate		4.1		14.0
TOBAM HOLDING COMPANY	Equity Accounted	\$2	France		Associate		25.6		17.9
Vanderbilt Capital Advisors LLC	Full		United States		Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	70.0	70.0



WAFA Gestion	Equity Accounted	Morocco		Associate	34.0	34.0	23.8	23.8
Investment companies								
CA Indosuez Wealth (Brazil) S.A. DTVM	Full	Brazil		Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
CA Indosuez Wealth (Group)	Full	France		Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
CFM Indosuez Conseil en Investissement	Full	France		Subsidiary	70.2	70.1	69.0	69.0
CFM Indosuez Conseil en Investissement, Succursale de Noumea	Full	France		Branch	70.2	70.1	69.0	69.0
CFM Indosuez Gestion	Full	Monaco		Subsidiary	70.2	70.1	67.6	67.6
	101	Mondeo		Subsidially	70.2	70.1	07.0	07.0
				Consolidated				
ASSUR&ME	Full	France		structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
CA Assicurazioni	Full	Italy		Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
CACI DANNI <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	Italy	Ireland	Branch	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
CACI LIFE LIMITED	Full	Ireland		Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
CACI NON LIFE LIMITED	Full	Ireland		Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
CACI NON VIE(1)	Full	France	Ireland	Branch	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
CACI Reinsurance Ltd.	Full	Ireland		Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
CACI VIE <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	France	Ireland	Branch	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Full	Italy	Ireland	Branch	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
CALIE Europe Succursale France <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	France	Luxembourg	Branch	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
CALIE Europe Succursale Pologne <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	Poland	Luxembourg	Branch	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Crédit Agricole Assurances (CAA)	Full	France		Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Crédit Agricole Creditor								
Insurance (CACI)	Full	France		Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Crédit Agricole Life Crédit Agricole Life Insurance	Full	Greece		Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Company Japan Ltd. Crédit Agricole Life Insurance	Full	Japan		Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Europe	Full	Luxembourg		Subsidiary	94.1	100.0	94.1	100.0
Crédit Agricole Vita S.p.A.	Full	Italy		Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Finaref Risques Divers	Full	France		Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Finaref Vie	Full	France		Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
GNB SEGUROS	Full	Portugal		Subsidiary	75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
Médicale de France	Full	France		Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Pacifica	Full	France		Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Predica	Full	France		Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Predica - Prévoyance Dialogue du Crédit Agricole <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	Spain		Branch	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Space Holding (Ireland) Limited	Full	Ireland		Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Space Lux	Full	Luxembourg		Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Spirica	Full	France		Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0



UCITS						_		
ACACIA	Full	\$1	France	Consolidated structured entity		100.0		70.0
ACAJOU	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	70.0	70.0
AGRICOLE RIVAGE DETTE(1)	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
AM DESE FIII DS3IMDI(1)	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
AMUNDI GRD 24 FCP <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
AMUNDI PE Solution Alpha	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	70.0	70.0
APLEGROSENIEUHD <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	El	Luxembourg	Consolidated structured entity	50.9	100.0	50.9	7010
		LI		Consolidated		100.0		100.0
ARTEMID <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	structured entity Consolidated	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
BFT CREDIT OPPORTUNITES -I-C <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	El	France	structured entity Consolidated	100.0	_	100.0	
BFT opportunité <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	structured entity Consolidated	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
BFT VALUE PREM OP CD <sup>[1]</sup> CA VITA INFRASTRUCTURE	Full		France	structured entity Consolidated	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
CHOICE FIPS c.I.A. <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
CA VITA PRIVATE DEBT CHOICE FIPS cl.A <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
CA VITA PRIVATE EQUITY CHOICE	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
CAA 2013 COMPARTIMENT 5 A5 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
CAA 2013 FCPR B1(1)	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
CAA 2013 FCPR C1(1)	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
CAA 2013 FCPR D1(1)	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
CAA 2013-2 <sup>[1]</sup>	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
CAA 2013-3 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
CAA 2014 COMPARTIMENT 1				Consolidated				
CAA 2014 INVESTISSMENT PART	Full		France	structured entity Consolidated	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
A3 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	structured entity Consolidated	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
CAA 2015 COMPARTIMENT 1(1)	Full		France	structured entity Consolidated	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
CAA 2015 COMPARTIMENT 2 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
CAA 2016 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
CAA INFRASTRUCTURE 2017 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
CAA INFRASTRUCTURE 2018 - COMPARTIMENT 1 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
CAA INFRASTRUCTURE 2019[1]	Full	E2	France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0		100.0	
CAA PR FI    C1 A1 (1)	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
CAA PRIV.FINANC.COMP.1 A1	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
CAA PRIV.FINANC.COMP.2 A2				Consolidated				
FIC <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	structured entity Consolidated	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
CAA PRIVATE EQUITY 2017(1)	Full		France	structured entity Consolidated	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
CAA PRIVATE EQUITY 2017 BIS(1)	Full		France	structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0



CAA PRIVATE EQUITY 2017 FRANCE INVESTISSEMENT <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
CAA PRIVATE EQUITY 2017 MEZZANINE <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
			Consolidated				
CAA PRIVATE EQUITY 2017 TER <sup>(1)</sup> CAA PRIVATE EQUITY 2018 -	Full	France	structured entity Consolidated	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
COMPARTIMENT 1(1) CAA PRIVATE EQUITY 2018 - COMPARTIMENT FRANCE	Full	France	structured entity Consolidated	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
INVESTISSEMENT(1)	Full	France	structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
CAA PRIVATE EQUITY 2019 COMPARTIMENT 1(1)	Full	E2 France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0		100.0	
CAA PRIVATE EQUITY 2019 COMPARTIMENT BIS <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	E2 France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0		100.0	
CAA PRIVATE EQUITY 2019 COMPARTIMENT TER <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	E2 France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0		100.0	
	Full	France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
CA-EDRAM OPPORTUNITES FCP 3DEC <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	S1 France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
CAREPTA R 2016 (1)	Full	France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
			Consolidated				
CEDAR	Full	France	structured entity Consolidated	100.0	100.0	70.0	70.0
Chorial Allocation	Full	France	structured entity	99.7	99.7	69.8	69.8
CNP ACP 10 FCP(1)	Full	D2 France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	56.9	100.0	50.2
	Equity Accounted	S2 France	Structured joint venture		45.4		50.2
COMPARTIMENT DS3 - IMMOBILIER VAUGIRARD <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
COMPARTIMENT DS3 - VAUGIRARD <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
			Consolidated				
CORSAIR 1.52% 25/10/38 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	Luxembourg	structured entity Consolidated	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
CORSAIR 1.5255% 25/04/35(1) CORSAIRE FINANCE IRELAND	Full	Ireland	structured entity Consolidated	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
0.83% 25-10-38 (1)	Full	Ireland	structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
CORSAIRE FINANCE IRELAND 1.24 % 25-10-38 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	Ireland	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
CORSAIRE FINANCE IRELANDE 0.7% 25-10-38 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	Ireland	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Full	France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	89.1	100.0	89.1
FCPR CAA 2013(1)	Full	France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
			Consolidated				
FCPR CAA COMP TER PART A3(1) FCPR CAA COMPART BIS PART	Full	France	structured entity Consolidated	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
A2 <sup>(1)</sup> FCPR CAA COMPARTIMENT 1	Full	France	structured entity Consolidated	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
PART A1 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	France	structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
FCPR CAA France croissance 2 A <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
FCPR PREDICA 2007 A <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
FCPR PREDICA 2007 C2 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
FCPR PREDICA 2008 A1(1)	Full	France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
			Consolidated				
FCPR PREDICA 2008 A2 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	France	structured entity Consolidated	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
FCPR PREDICA 2008 A3(1) FCPR PREDICA SECONDAIRE I	Full	France	structured entity Consolidated	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
A1 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	France	structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
FCPR PREDICA SECONDAIRE I A2 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
FCPR PREDICA SECONDAIRES II A <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0



FCPR PREDICA SECONDAIRES II B <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
FCPR Roosevelt Investissements(1)	Full	\$1	France	Consolidated structured entity		100.0		100.0
FCPR UI CAP AGRO(1)	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
FCPR UI CAP SANTE A <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
FCT BRIDGE 2016-1(1)	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
FCT CAA – Compartment 2017- 1 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
FCT CAREPTA - COMPARTIMENT 2014-1(1)	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
FCT CAREPTA - COMPARTIMENT 2014-2 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
FCT CAREPTA - COMPARTIMENT RE-2016-1(1)	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
FCT CAREPTA - RE 2015 -1(1)	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
FCT CAREPTA 2-2016 (1)	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
FCT MID CAP 2 05/12/22(1)	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
FDA 18 FCP 2 DEC <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	El	France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0		100.0	
FDC A3 P <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	El	France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0		100.0	
FEDERIS CORE EU CR 19 MM <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	43.7	43.6	43.7	43.6
Federval <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	97.9	100.0	97.9	100.0
FPCI Cogeneration France I (1)	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
FR0010671958 PREDIQUANT A5 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	El	France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0		100.0	
GRD 44(1)	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
GRD 44 Nº3(1)	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
GRD 44 N2 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
GRD 44 N4 PART CD <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	El	France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0		100.0	
GRD 44 N5 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	El	France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0		100.0	
GRD 54(1)	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
GRD02 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
GRD03(1)	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
GRD05 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
GRD07 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
GRD08(1)	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
GRD09 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
GRD10 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
GRD11 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
GRD12 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
GRD13 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
GRD14 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	97.8	100.0	97.8	100.0



0001700	5.4		Francis	Consolidated	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
GRD17 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	structured entity Consolidated	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
GRD18(1)	Full		France	structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
GRD19(1)	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
GRD20 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
GRD21(1)	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
IAA CROISSANCE INTERNATIONALE <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
LF PRE ZCP 12 99 LIB <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	El	France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0		100.0	
				Consolidated				
Londres Croissance C16	Full		France	structured entity	100.0	100.0	70.0	70.0
LRP - CPT JANVIER 2013 0.30 13- 21 11/01A <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	Luxe	mbourg	Consolidated structured entity	84.2	100.0	84.2	100.0
OBJECTIF LONG TERME FCP(1)	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
OPCI GHD SPPICAV PROFESSIONNELLE <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	El	France	Consolidated structured entity	90.0		90.0	
Peg - Portfolio Eonia Garanti	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	97.2	97.2	68.0	67.8
Predica 2005 FCPR A <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
				Consolidated				
Predica 2006 FCPR A <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	structured entity Consolidated	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Predica 2006-2007 FCPR(1)	Full		France	structured entity Consolidated	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
PREDICA 2010 A1(1)	Full		France	structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
PREDICA 2010 A2(1)	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
PREDICA 2010 A3(1)	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Predicant A1 FCP(1)	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Predicant A2 FCP <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Predicant A3 FCP <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
				Consolidated				
Prediquant Eurocroissance A2 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	structured entity Consolidated	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Prediquant opportunité <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
PREDIQUANT PREMIUM <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
PREMIUM GR 0% 28(1)	Full		Ireland	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
PREMIUM GREEN 0.508% 25-10-38	Full		Ireland	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
PREMIUM GREEN 0.63% 25-10-38	Full		Ireland	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
PREMIUM GREEN 1.24% 25/04/35 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		Ireland	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
PREMIUM GREEN 1.531% 25-04- 35 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full			Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
PREMIUM GREEN 1.55% 25-07-			Ireland	Consolidated				
40 <sup>(1)</sup> PREMIUM GREEN 4.52%06-21	Full		Ireland	structured entity Consolidated	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
EMTN <sup>(1)</sup> PREMIUM GREEN 4.54%06-	Full		Ireland	structured entity Consolidated	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
13.06.21(1)	Full		Ireland	structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
PREMIUM GREEN 4.5575%21 EMTN <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		Ireland	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
PREMIUM GREEN 4.56%06-21(1)	Full		Ireland	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0



PREMIUM GREEN 4.7% EMTN 08/08/21 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	Ireland	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
PREMIUM GREEN 4.72%12- 250927(1)	Full	Ireland	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
PREMIUM GREEN PLC 1.095% 25- 10-38 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	Ireland	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
PREMIUM GREEN PLC 4.30%2021 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	Ireland	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
PREMIUM GREEN TV 06/22(1)	Full	Ireland	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
PREMIUM GREEN TV 07/22(1)	Full	Ireland	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
PREMIUM GREEN TV 07-22 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	Ireland	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
PREMIUM GREEN TV 22 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	Ireland	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
PREMIUM GREEN TV 26/07/22(1)	Full	Ireland	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
PREMIUM GREEN TV2027(1)	Full	Ireland	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
PREMIUM GREEN TV23/05/2022 EMTN <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	Ireland	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
PREMIUM GREEN4.33%06- 29/10/21 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	Ireland	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
PurpleProtAsset 1,36% 25/10/2038 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	Luxembourg	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
PurpleProtAsset 1.093% 20/10/2038 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	Luxembourg	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
RED CEDAR	Full	France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	69.9	70.0
UI CAP SANTE 2 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Unit-linked funds (Fonds UC)							····-
58 United-linked funds with a detention rate equal or above	Full	France	Consolidated structured entity	> 95 %	> 95 %	> 95 %	> 95 %
95%	Full	Luxembourg	Consolidated structured entity	58.3	54.3	58.3	54.3
0057514 AUC <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	El Luxembourg	Consolidated structured entity	58.1	04.0	58.1	04.0
5922 AEURHC <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	El Luxembourg	Consolidated structured entity	51.6		51.6	
78752 AEURHC <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	El Luxembourg	Consolidated structured entity	40.2		40.2	
	Full	Luxembourg	Consolidated structured entity		41.2		61.3
	Full	-	Consolidated structured entity	76.3 99.1	61.3 99.0	76.3 99.1	99.0
		France	Consolidated				
	Full	France	Consolidated	99.4	99.2	99.4	99.2
	Full	France	structured entity Consolidated	100.0	99.9	100.0	99.9
ACTICCIA VIE 90 N2 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full			100.0	99.9	100.0	99.9
ACTICCIA VIE 90 N3 C <sup>(1)</sup>		France	structured entity Consolidated				
	Full	France	Consolidated structured entity Consolidated	100.0	99.9	100.0	99.9
ACTICCIA VIE 90 N4 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	France France	Consolidated structured entity Consolidated structured entity Consolidated	100.0 99.9	99.7	99.9	99.7
ACTICCIA VIE 90 N6 C <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	France France France	Consolidated structured entity Consolidated structured entity Consolidated structured entity Consolidated	100.0 99.9 99.9	99.7 99.9	99.9 99.9	99.7 99.9
	Full Full Full	France France France France	Consolidated structured entity Consolidated structured entity Consolidated structured entity Consolidated structured entity Consolidated	100.0 99.9 99.9 99.3	99.7 99.9 99.2	99.9 99.9 99.3	99.7 99.9 99.2
ACTICCIA VIE 90 N6 C <sup>(1)</sup> ACTICCIA VIE N2 C <sup>(1)</sup> ACTICCIA VIE N4 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full Full Full	France France France France France	Consolidated structured entity Consolidated structured entity Consolidated structured entity Consolidated structured entity Consolidated structured entity Consolidated	100.0 99.9 99.9 99.3 99.3	99.7 99.9 99.2 99.6	99.9 99.9 99.3 99.7	99.7 99.9 99.2 99.6
ACTICCIA VIE 90 N6 C <sup>(1)</sup> ACTICCIA VIE N2 C <sup>(1)</sup>	Full Full Full	France France France France	Consolidated structured entity Consolidated structured entity Consolidated structured entity Consolidated structured entity Consolidated structured entity	100.0 99.9 99.9 99.3	99.7 99.9 99.2	99.9 99.9 99.3	99.7 99.9 99.2
ACTICCIA VIE 90 N6 C <sup>(1)</sup> ACTICCIA VIE N2 C <sup>(1)</sup> ACTICCIA VIE N4 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full Full Full Full	France France France France France	Consolidated structured entity Consolidated structured entity Consolidated structured entity Consolidated structured entity Consolidated structured entity Consolidated structured entity	100.0 99.9 99.9 99.3 99.3	99.7 99.9 99.2 99.6	99.9 99.9 99.3 99.7	99.7 99.9 99.2 99.6



AF INDEX EQ JAPAN AE CAP <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		Luxembourg	Consolidated structured entity	17.7	20.7	17.7	20.7
AF INDEX EQ USA A4E <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		Luxembourg	Consolidated structured entity	70.2	91.1	70.2	91.1
AFCPRGLLIFEAEC <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	El	Luxembourg	Consolidated structured entity	47.3		47.3	
AIMSCIWOAE <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	El	Luxembourg	Consolidated structured entity	30.9		30.9	
AM AC FR ISR PC 3D <sup>[1]</sup>	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	58.1	62.7	58.1	62.7
AM FD II EUEQV AC <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	E1;S1	Luxembourg	Consolidated structured entity				
AM.AC.EU.ISR-P-3D <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	El	France	Consolidated structured entity	44.0		44.0	
AM.AC.MINERP-3D <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	73.7	49.5	73.7	49.5
AM.AC.USA ISR P 3D <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	El	France	Consolidated structured entity	54.5		54.5	
AM.ACT.EMERP-3D <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	El	France	Consolidated structured entity	43.4		43.4	
AM.RDT PLUS -P-3D <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	El	France	Consolidated structured entity	41.3		41.3	
AMU-AB RET MS-EEUR(1)	Full	\$1	Luxembourg	Consolidated structured entity		59.4		59.4
AMUN TRESO CT PC 3D <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	85.8	64.7	85.8	64.7
AMUN.ACT.REST.P-C <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	70.7	52.7	70.7	52.7
AMUN.TRES.EONIA ISR E FCP 3DEC <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	85.2	61.3	85.2	61.3
AMUNDI AC.FONC.PC 3D(1)	Full	El	France	Consolidated structured entity	56.3		56.3	
AMUNDI ACTIONS FRANCE C 3DEC <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	56.6	68.2	56.6	68.2
AMUNDI AFD AV DURABL P1 FCP 3DEC <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	78.4	78.7	78.4	78.7
	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	97.7	100.0	97.7	100.0
AMUNDI B GL AGG AEC(1)	Full	El	Luxembourg	Consolidated structured entity	55.3		55.3	
AMUNDI BGEB AEC <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	El	Luxembourg	Consolidated structured entity	43.7		43.7	
AMUNDI EQ E IN AHEC(1)	Full		Luxembourg	Consolidated structured entity	37.4	29.5	37.4	29.5
	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	69.6	68.3	69.6	68.3
AMUNDI GLB MUL-ASSET- M2EURC <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	El	Luxembourg	Consolidated structured entity	67.9	00.0	67.9	00.0
AMUNDI GLO M/A CONS-M2 EUR C <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	El	Luxembourg	Consolidated structured entity	66.0		66.0	
AMUNDI HORIZON 3D <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	66.0	65.9	66.0	65.9
	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	87.4	87.2	87.4	87.2
	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	25.2	85.8	25.2	50.8
	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	48.5	47.7	48.5	47.7
				Consolidated				
	Full		France	structured entity Consolidated	85.5	84.2	85.5	84.2
	Full		France	structured entity Consolidated	57.6	57.6	57.6	57.6
	Full		France	structured entity Consolidated	97.4	97.3	97.4	97.3
3DEC <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	structured entity Consolidated	98.7	98.6	98.7	98.6
AMUNDI TRANSM PAT C <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	structured entity Consolidated	98.1	97.9	98.1	97.9
AMUNDI VALEURS DURAB(1)	Full		France	structured entity	67.9	70.7	67.9	70.7



				Consolidated				
AMUNDI-CSH IN-PC <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	structured entity	76.0	95.8	76.0	95.8
AMUNDI-EUR EQ GREEN IM- IEURC <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	El	Luxembourg	Consolidated structured entity	80.2		80.2	
AMUNDI-GL INFLAT BD-MEURC(1)	Full	El	Luxembourg	Consolidated structured entity	60.4		60.4	
	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	68.3	50.3	68.3	50.3
AMUNDI-VOLATILITY WRLD-				Consolidated				· · · · ·
IUSDC <sup>(1)</sup> AMUNDI-VOLATILITY WRLD-	Full	El	Luxembourg	structured entity Consolidated	69.7	_	69.7	
	Full	El	Luxembourg	structured entity	64.5	_	64.5	
ANTINEA FCP <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	55.2	52.5	55.2	52.5
ARC FLEXIBOND-D <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	49.6	52.8	49.6	52.8
ATOUT EUROPE C FCP 3DEC(1)	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	82.4	82.1	82.4	82.1
ATOUT FRANCE C FCP 3DEC(1)	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	41.9	42.1	41.9	42.1
	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	99.4	100.0	99.4
ATOUT VERT HORIZON FCP 3 DEC <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	35.2	35.3	35.2	35.3
				Consolidated				
AXA EUR.SM.CAP E 3D <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	structured entity Consolidated	82.4	71.1	82.4	71.1
BA-FII EUR EQ O-GEUR(1)	Full	El	Luxembourg	structured entity	50.7	_	50.7	
BFT FRAN FUT-C SI.3D(1)	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	49.2	48.1	49.2	48.1
BFT SEL RDT 23 PC <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
BFT STATERE P (C)(1)	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	43.6	48.0	43.6	48.0
BNP PAR.CRED.ERSC <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	60.8	67.3	60.8	67.3
CA MASTER EUROPE <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	46.6	47.3	46.6	47.3
CA MASTER PATRIMOINE FCP 3DEC <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	98.5	98.3	98.5	98.3
CADEISDA 2DEC <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	El	France	Consolidated structured entity	40.0		40.0	
CHORELIA N2 PART C <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	El	France	Consolidated structured entity	87.8		87.8	
	101	LI	Hunce	Consolidated	07.0		07.0	
CHORELIA N3 PART C <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	El	Luxembourg	structured entity	86.5	_	86.5	
CHORELIA N4 PART C <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	El	France	Consolidated structured entity	88.6	_	88.6	
CHORELIA N5 PART C <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	El	France	Consolidated structured entity	77.9		77.9	
CHORELIA N6 PART C <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	El	France	Consolidated structured entity	58.9		58.9	
				Consolidated				
CHORELIA PART C <sup>(1)</sup> CPR CONSO ACTIONNAIRE FCP	Full	El	France	structured entity	85.2	_	85.2	
	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	51.8	52.0	51.8	52.0
CPR CROIS.REAP(1)	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	39.1	38.5	39.1	38.5
CPR EUR.HI.DIV.P 3D <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	El	France	Consolidated structured entity	43.2		43.2	
CPR FOCUS INFP-3D <sup>[1]</sup>	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	19.6	63.3	19.6	63.3
				Consolidated				
CPR GLO SILVER AGE P(1)	Full		France	structured entity Consolidated	96.9	98.1	96.9	98.1
CPR I-SM B C-AEURA(1)	Full	El	Luxembourg	structured entity	61.1	_	61.1	
CPR OBLIG 12 M.P 3D <sup>[1]</sup>	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	90.5	89.1	90.5	89.1
CPR REF.ST.EP.R.0-100 FCP 3DEC <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
								_



STR CLUD POP IF IF ALL         Image and the stand of the stand	CPR REFL RESP 0-100 I 3DEC <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	97.0	97.1	97.0	97.1
DPU         DU         DU <thdu< th="">         DU         DU         DU&lt;</thdu<>		Full		France		85.6	85.6	85.6	85.6
Off REAL (2-ADD)         A.0         Fance         Buckhard (2)         (A)         (D)         (D)           CPR SUM ALL PARCY         I.A         Innere         Constraints         (D)         (D	CPR REFLEX STRATEDIS 0-100 P				Consolidated				
Offer UM ALP DEP(7)         A.P         Encode         Book of a contract with a contra contract with a contract with a contra contract with	CPR RENALJAPP-3D(1)	Full		France		66.1	59.2	66.1	59.2
CPR-CLARACTAGEN*         Auf         FI         Learning of the constrained matrix of the constrai	CPR SILVER AGE P 3DEC <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France		52.6	50.2	52.6	50.2
CPRECODMARC**         Full         El         Luerebody         aluches anty         67.0         67.0           DIA X021/1222 DMM*         Full         S2         Luerebody         aluches anty         71.1         71.1           COTINUL COMMUNCY         Full         Funce         aluches anty         71.1         71.1           COTINUL COMMUNCY         Full         Funce         aluches anty         42.2         42.7           SPARITER_BOLDY*         Full         Funce         aluches anty         42.2         42.7           EXAMPLICYP*         Full         Funce         aluches anty         42.2         42.5           EXAMPLICYP*         Full         Full         Funce         Constantion         43.8         43.8           EXAMPLICYP*         Full         Full         Funce         Constantion         99.4         42.         41.6           EXAMPLICYP*         Full         Full         Funce         Constantion         100.0         100.0         100.0           EXAMPLICYP*         Full         Full         Funce         Constantion         100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0 <td>CPR-CLIM ACT-AEURA(1)</td> <td>Full</td> <td>E1</td> <td>Luxembourg</td> <td></td> <td>53.3</td> <td></td> <td>53.3</td> <td></td>	CPR-CLIM ACT-AEURA(1)	Full	E1	Luxembourg		53.3		53.3	
DALAGE (1)/222 DEMPI         Full         S2         Justerfloorg         attachang ethy         7.1.         7.1.           CCDN MULT POPULIC/C JEC/MULT POPULIC/C JEC/MULT POPULIC/C JEC/MULT POPULIC/C JEC/MULT POPULIC/C ALLO CALLOC ALLOCAL DAVEL DAVEL DAVEL DAVEL DAVEL DAVE		Full	El	Luxembourg		47.0		47.0	
SDEC <sup>III</sup> Ful         France         attochne ethy         83.3         83.7         83.7           JPARINEE EXC 3D <sup>III</sup> Ful         Enconsidinged structures ethy         44.2         44.7           LOWERDECC <sup>III</sup> Ful         Enconsidinged structures ethy         43.8         44.8           LOWERDECC <sup>III</sup> Ful         E1         Lowermourg         Considinged structures ethy         43.8         43.8           LOWERDECC <sup>III</sup> Ful         E1         Lowermourg         Considinged structures ethy         43.8         43.8           LOWERDECC <sup>III</sup> Ful         E1         Lowermourg         Considinged structures ethy         40.4         40.4           LOWERDECC <sup>III</sup> Ful         E1         Lowermourg         Considinged structures ethy         40.4         40.4           LOWERDECC <sup>III</sup> Ful         E1         Lowermourg         Considinged structures ethy         40.4         40.4           LOWERDECC <sup>III</sup> Ful         E1         Lowermourg         Considinged structures ethy         40.0         40.0           LOWERDEX DEALER ALL         Ful         Force         Considinged structures ethy         40.0         40.0           LOWERDEX DEALER ALL         Ful         Fo	DNA 0% 21/12/20 EMTN(1)	Full	\$2	Luxembourg			71.1		71.1
IPARENEE REPORT         Full         Finance         Constrained entry         442         442           EXAMPLEI DP IN         Funce         Constrained entry         42         616         42         616           EXAMPLEI DP IN         Funce         Constrained entry         638         638         638           EXAMPLEI OVERDE CON         Full         52         France         Constrained entry         635         638           EXAMPLEI OVERDE CON         Full         52         France         Constrained entry         637         637           EXAMPLE OVERDE CON         Full         52         France         Constrained entry         637         77         77           EXAMPLE CON         Full         France         Constrained entry         778         77         77           FRANKUN DIVE CON         Full         France         Constrained entry         600         600         600           FRANKUN DIVE CON FLACE BUN         Full         France         Constrained entry         600         1000         1000         1000         1000         1000         1000         1000         1000         1000         1000         1000         1000         1000         1000         1000         1000 </td <td></td> <td>Full</td> <td></td> <td>France</td> <td></td> <td>83.3</td> <td>83.7</td> <td>83.3</td> <td>83.7</td>		Full		France		83.3	83.7	83.3	83.7
EAUR PLOY         Full         France         Consideration         41.6         41.6         41.6           EAUR EL OVERDE CCP         Full         EI         Luserroorg         Barry Status         63.8         63.8           EXAME EL OVERDE CCP         Full         52         France         Status         63.8         63.8         63.8           EXAME EL OVERDE CCP         Full         52         France         Status         69.4         63.8         63.8         63.8           EXAME ALCPUT         Full         52         France         Status         69.4		Full	E1	France		44.7		44.7	
EXAME I OVERDR CC <sup>III</sup> Full         El Luserneourg         Considipting structures etter         43.8         43.8           DRFALVE 2 CP 20 <sup>III</sup> Full         52         Ronce         Considipting structures etter         97.5         97.5           DRFALVE 2 CP 20 <sup>III</sup> Full         52         Ronce         Considipting structures etter         97.5         97.5           DRFAUX 42 CP 20 <sup>III</sup> Full         52         Ronce         attructures etter         97.4         97.5           DRFAUX 42 CP 20 <sup>III</sup> Full         53         France         attructures etter         97.4         97.4           DRFAUX 42 CP 20 <sup>III</sup> Full         51         France         attructures etter         100.0         100.0           DRFAUX 42 CP 20 <sup>III</sup> Full         E1         France         attructures etter         77.8         77.8           FRANDULCS ALDE #E C <sup>IIII</sup> Full         E1         France         attructures etter         100.0         100.0           FRANDULCS ALDE #E C <sup>IIII</sup> Full         E1         France         attructures etter         100.0         100.0           FRANDULCS ALDE #E C <sup>IIII</sup> Full         E1         France         attructures etter         100.0 <td< td=""><td>EXAN.PLEI.FD P<sup>(1)</sup></td><td>Full</td><td></td><td>France</td><td></td><td>4.2</td><td>61.6</td><td>4.2</td><td>61.6</td></td<>	EXAN.PLEI.FD P <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France		4.2	61.6	4.2	61.6
DPFANUE210730**         Ful         S2         Pronce         Burchund entry         PP5         PP5           DPASSA VE31CP**         Ful         S2         France         Considiated ductored entry         192         P94         P94           DPASSA VE31CP**         Ful         S2         France         Considiated ductored entry         192         P94         P94           DPASSA VE31CP**         Ful         S1         France         Considiated ductored entry         192         P25         P94         P94           DPASSA VE31CP**         Ful         E1         Income dutored entry         778         778         778           FONDS AV ECNIS FIA AP*         Ful         E1         Income dutored entry         700         1000         1000         1000           FRANKU ECNIS FIA AP*         Ful         E1         Income dutored entry         1000			El		Consolidated				
IDPASSA VE 3 FCP <sup>III</sup> Full         S1         France         Considiated shuckhed enthy         99.4         99.4           L2PANSIA VE 4 FCP <sup>III</sup> Full         S1         France         S1         France         S1         1000         1000           FE AMUNDI INC BUR-HE C <sup>III</sup> Full         E1         Luxemboug         Considiated stuckhed enthy         77.8         77.8           FONDS AV ECNIS FIA A <sup>III</sup> Full         E1         France         Considiated stuckhed enthy         0.00         1000           FRANKLIN EDVER-DNH ACC EU <sup>III</sup> Full         E1         Income         Considiated stuckhed enthy         1000         1000           FRANKLIN EDVER-DNH ACC EU <sup>III</sup> Full         E1         Luxembourg         stuckhed enthy         75.1         75.1           GRO CAR 3P FCP <sup>III</sup> Full         France         Considiated stuckhed enthy         1000         1000         1000         1000           GRO CAR 3P FCP <sup>III</sup> Full         France         Considiated stuckhed enthy         1000         1000         1000         1000         1000         1000         1000         1000         1000         1000         1000         1000         1000         1000         1000         1000	EXPAN.VIE 2 FCP 3D(1)	Full	\$2	France			99.5		99.5
IPPANEA VE 4 CP <sup>III</sup> Ful         Finance         shuchted entity         1000         1000           IPE AMUND INC BLOR HE C <sup>III</sup> Ful         E1         Lowenbourg         Consolidated shuchted entity         77.8         77.8           FONDS AV ECHUS RA A <sup>III</sup> Ful         E1         Inversion         Consolidated shuchted entity         1000         1000           FONDS AV ECHUS RA A <sup>III</sup> Ful         E1         France         Consolidated shuchted entity         1000         1000           FRANKLIN DIVER DINH ACC EU <sup>III</sup> Ful         E1         Lowenbourg         Consolidated shuchted entity         50.1         50.1           FRANKLIN DIVER DINH ACC EU <sup>III</sup> Ful         E1         Lowenbourg         Consolidated shuchted entity         50.1         50.1           GRD CAR 39 FCP <sup>III</sup> Ful         Finance         Consolidated shuchted entity         1000         1000         1000           GRD CAR 39 FCP <sup>III</sup> Ful         France         Consolidated shuchted entity         1000         1000         1000         1000           GRD FCR 79 FCP <sup>III</sup> Ful         Finance         Consolidated shuchted entity         1000         1000         1000         1000         1000         1000         1000 <t< td=""><td>EXPANSIA VIE 3 FCP<sup>(1)</sup></td><td>Full</td><td>\$2</td><td>France</td><td></td><td></td><td>99.4</td><td></td><td>99.4</td></t<>	EXPANSIA VIE 3 FCP <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	\$2	France			99.4		99.4
FE AMUNDI INC BLOB HE C <sup>(1)</sup> Full         E1         Lovembourg         structured entity         77.8         77.8           FONDS AV ECHUS RA A <sup>(1)</sup> Full         E1         France         Consolidated structured entity         0.2         0.2           FONDS AV ECHUS RA B <sup>(1)</sup> Full         E1         France         Consolidated structured entity         0.0         1000           FRANKLIN DIVER-DYN-H ACC EU <sup>(1)</sup> Full         E1         Lovembourg         consolidated structured entity         50.1         50.1           FRANKLIN DIVER-DYN-H ACC EU <sup>(1)</sup> Full         E1         Lovembourg         consolidated structured entity         75.1         75.1           GRD CAR 3P FCP <sup>(1)</sup> Full         France         Consolidated structured entity         1000         1000         1000           GRD FCR 9P FCP <sup>(1)</sup> Full         France         Consolidated structured entity         1000	EXPANSIA VIE 4 FCP <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	S1	France			100.0		100.0
IONDS AVECHUS FIA A <sup>(1)</sup> Full         E1         France         structured entity         D.2         0.2           IONDS AVECHUS FIA A <sup>(1)</sup> Full         E1         France         Consolidated structured entity         100.0         100.0           IRANKLIN DVREDYN ACC EU <sup>(1)</sup> Full         E1         Luxembourg         Structured entity         50.1         50.1           IRANKLIN DVREDYN ACC EU <sup>(1)</sup> Full         E1         Luxembourg         Consolidated structured entity         75.1         75.1           GRO CAR 39 FCP <sup>(1)</sup> Full         France         Consolidated structured entity         100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0           GRO CAR 39 FCP <sup>(1)</sup> Full         France         Consolidated structured entity         100.0         10	FE AMUNDI INC BLDR-IHE C <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	E1	Luxembourg		77.8		77.8	
ENDLOS AV ECHUS FA B <sup>(1)</sup> Full         El         France         structured entity         1000           FRANKLIN DIVER DIVELACC EU <sup>(1)</sup> Full         El         Luxembourg         Consolidated         50.1         50.1           FRANKLIN DIVER DIVELACC EU <sup>(1)</sup> Full         El         Luxembourg         consolidated         75.1         75.1           GRD CAR 39 FCP <sup>(1)</sup> Full         Full         Prance         consolidated         1000         1000         1000         1000           GRD CAR 39 FCP <sup>(1)</sup> Full         France         consolidated         000         100         1000<	Fonds av echus fia a <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	E1	France		0.2		0.2	
FRANKLIN DIVER-DYN-H ACC EU <sup>(1)</sup> Full         E1         Luxembourg         structured entity         50.1         50.1           FRANKLIN GLB MLT-AS INHAEUR <sup>(1)</sup> Full         E1         Luxembourg         Consolidated structured entity         75.1         75.1           GRD CAR 39 FCP <sup>(1)</sup> Full         France         Structured entity         1000         1000         1000         1000           GRD CAR 39 FCP <sup>(1)</sup> Full         France         Structured entity         1000 <td< td=""><td></td><td>Full</td><td>El</td><td>France</td><td></td><td>100.0</td><td></td><td>100.0</td><td></td></td<>		Full	El	France		100.0		100.0	
IFRANKLIN GLB ALEI-AS INHAEUR®         Full         EI         Luxembourg         structured entity         75.1         75.1           GR D CAR 39 FCP®         Full         France         Consolidated structured entity         100.0	FRANKLIN DIVER-DYN-I ACC EU	Full	E1	Luxembourg		50.1		50.1	
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	FRANKLIN GLB MLT-AS IN-IAEUR(1)	Full	El	Luxembourg		75.1		75.1	
GRD FCR '9         Full         France         structured entity         100.0	GRD CAR 39 FCP <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France		100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
GRD IFC 97 FCP <sup>(1)</sup> Full         France         structured entity         100.0         100.0         100.0           HASTINGS PATRIM AC <sup>(1)</sup> Full         E1         France         Consolidated structured entity         41.0         41.0           HYMNOS P 3D <sup>(1)</sup> Full         E1         France         Structured entity         46.5         46.5           IGSF-GBL GOLD FD-I C <sup>(1)</sup> Full         E1         Luxembourg         Consolidated structured entity         46.3         46.3           IND.CAP EMERGC-3D <sup>(1)</sup> Full         E1         Luxembourg         Consolidated structured entity         80.6         80.6         80.6         80.6           INDO ALLOC MANDAT C <sup>(1)</sup> Full         France         Structured entity         2.0         93.7         2.0         93.7           INDO-FILEUR CP-IEUR <sup>(1)</sup> Full         France         Structured entity         51.7         51.7           INDO-FILEUR CP-IEUR <sup>(1)</sup> Full         E1         Luxembourg         Structured entity         41.0         41.0           INDO-SELIR-PE <sup>(1)</sup> Full         E1         Luxembourg         Structured entity         41.0         41.0         41.0           INDOS.EURO.PAT.PD 3D <sup>(1)</sup> Full	GRD FCR 99 FCP(1)	Full		France		100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
HASTINGS PAIRIM AC <sup>(1)</sup> Full         EI         France         structured entity         41.0         41.0           HYMNOS P 3D <sup>(1)</sup> Full         EI         France         Consolidated structured entity         46.5         46.5           IGSF-GBL GOLD FD-I C <sup>(1)</sup> Full         EI         Luxembourg         Consolidated structured entity         46.3         46.3           IND_CAP EMERGC-3D <sup>(1)</sup> Full         EI         Luxembourg         Consolidated structured entity         80.6         80.6         80.6         80.6           INDO ALLOC MANDAT C <sup>(1)</sup> Full         France         Consolidated structured entity         2.0         93.7         2.0         93.7           INDO -GBL TR-PE <sup>(1)</sup> Full         EI         Luxembourg         Consolidated structured entity         51.7         51.7           INDO-GBL TR-PE <sup>(1)</sup> Full         EI         Luxembourg         Consolidated structured entity         41.0         41.0         41.0           INDO-SELRO.PAT.PD 3D <sup>(1)</sup> Full         EI         Luxembourg         Consolidated structured entity         43.1         44.3         43.1         44.3           INDOSUEZ ALLOCATION <sup>(1)</sup> Full         France         Consolidated structured entity         75.8	GRD IFC 97 FCP <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France		100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
HYMNOS P 3D <sup>10</sup> Full     E1     France     structured entity     44.5     44.5       IGSF-GBL GOLD FD-1 C <sup>11</sup> Full     E1     Luxembourg     Consolidated structured entity     46.3     46.3       IND.CAP EMERGC-3D <sup>11</sup> Full     France     Consolidated structured entity     80.6     80.6     80.6       IND.CAP EMERGC-3D <sup>11</sup> Full     France     Structured entity     20     93.7     2.0       INDO ALLOC MANDAT C <sup>11</sup> Full     France     Structured entity     2.0     93.7     2.0     93.7       INDO-FILEUR CP-IEUR <sup>11</sup> Full     E1     Luxembourg     Structured entity     2.0     93.7     2.0     93.7       INDO-FILEUR CP-IEUR <sup>11</sup> Full     E1     Luxembourg     Structured entity     51.7     51.7       INDO-SBL TR-PE <sup>11</sup> Full     E1     Luxembourg     Structured entity     43.1     44.3       INDOS.EURO.PAT.PD 3D <sup>11</sup> Full     France     Structured entity     43.1     44.3       INDOSUEZ ALLOCATION <sup>110</sup> Full     France     Consolidated structured entity     43.1     44.3       INDOSUEZ ALLOCATION <sup>110</sup> Full     E1     Luxembourg     Consolidated structured entity     75.8       INDOSUEZ NAVIGATOR G <sup>10</sup> Full     E1 </td <td>HASTINGS PATRIM AC(1)</td> <td>Full</td> <td>El</td> <td>France</td> <td></td> <td>41.0</td> <td></td> <td>41.0</td> <td></td>	HASTINGS PATRIM AC(1)	Full	El	France		41.0		41.0	
IGSF-GBL GOLD FD-I C <sup>(1)</sup> Full       E1       Luxembourg       structured entity       46.3       46.3         IND.CAP EMERGC-3D <sup>(1)</sup> Full       France       Consolidated structured entity       80.6	HYMNOS P 3D <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	E1	France		46.5		46.5	
IND.CAP EMERGC-3D <sup>(1)</sup> Full       France       structured entity       80.6       80.6       80.6         INDO ALLOC MANDAT C <sup>(1)</sup> Full       France       Consolidated structured entity       2.0       93.7       2.0       93.7         INDO-FILEUR CP-IEUR <sup>(1)</sup> Full       E1       Luxembourg       Structured entity       51.7       51.7         INDO-GBL TR-PE <sup>(1)</sup> Full       E1       Luxembourg       Structured entity       41.0       41.0         INDO-GBL TR-PE <sup>(1)</sup> Full       E1       Luxembourg       Consolidated structured entity       43.1       44.3       44.3         INDOS.EURO.PAT.PD 3D <sup>(1)</sup> Full       France       Structured entity       81.6       99.9       81.6       99.9         INDOSUEZ ALLOCATION <sup>(1)</sup> Full       E1       Luxembourg       Structured entity       75.8       75.8       75.8         INDOSUEZ NAVIGATOR G <sup>(1)</sup> Full       E1       Luxembourg       Structured entity       40.9       40.9       40.9	IGSF-GBL GOLD FD-I C <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	E1	Luxembourg		46.3		46.3	
INDO ALLOC MANDAT C <sup>(1)</sup> Full       France       structured entity       2.0       93.7       2.0       93.7         INDO-FILEUR CP-IEUR <sup>(1)</sup> Full       E1       Luxembourg       Consolidated structured entity       51.7       51.7         INDO-GBL TR-PE <sup>(1)</sup> Full       E1       Luxembourg       Consolidated structured entity       41.0       41.0         INDO-SEURO.PAT.PD 3D <sup>(1)</sup> Full       E1       Luxembourg       Consolidated structured entity       43.1       44.3       44.3         INDOSLEURO.PAT.PD 3D <sup>(1)</sup> Full       France       Structured entity       81.6       99.9       81.6       99.9         INDOSUEZ ALLOCATION <sup>(1)</sup> Full       E1       Luxembourg       Consolidated structured entity       75.8       75.8         INDOSUEZ ALLOCATION <sup>(1)</sup> Full       E1       Luxembourg       Structured entity       75.8       75.8         INDOSUEZ EURO DIV G <sup>(1)</sup> Full       E1       Luxembourg       Consolidated structured entity       75.8       75.8         INDOSUEZ NAVIGATOR G <sup>(1)</sup> Full       E1       Luxembourg       Consolidated structured entity       40.9       40.9	IND.CAP EMERGC-3D <sup>[1]</sup>	Full		France		80.6	80.6	80.6	80.6
INDO-FIL EUR CP-IEUR <sup>(1)</sup> Full       E1       Luxembourg       structured entity       51.7         INDO-GBL TR-PE <sup>(1)</sup> Full       E1       Luxembourg       Consolidated structured entity       41.0       41.0         INDO-GBL TR-PE <sup>(1)</sup> Full       E1       Luxembourg       Consolidated structured entity       43.1       44.3       43.1         INDOSLEURO.PAT.PD 3D <sup>(1)</sup> Full       France       Structured entity       43.1       44.3       44.3         INDOSUEZ ALLOCATION <sup>(1)</sup> Full       France       Consolidated structured entity       81.6       99.9       81.6       99.9         INDOSUEZ ALLOCATION <sup>(1)</sup> Full       E1       Luxembourg       Consolidated structured entity       75.8       75.8         INDOSUEZ EURO DIV G <sup>(1)</sup> Full       E1       Luxembourg       Structured entity       75.8       75.8         INDOSUEZ NAVIGATOR G <sup>(1)</sup> Full       E1       Luxembourg       Consolidated structured entity       40.9       40.9	INDO ALLOC MANDAT C <sup>[1]</sup>	Full		France		2.0	93.7	2.0	93.7
INDO-GBL TR-PE <sup>(1)</sup> Full     E1     Luxembourg     structured entity     41.0       INDOS.EURO.PAT.PD 3D <sup>(1)</sup> Full     France     Consolidated structured entity     43.1     44.3       INDOSUEZ ALLOCATION <sup>(1)</sup> Full     France     Structured entity     81.6     99.9       INDOSUEZ ALLOCATION <sup>(1)</sup> Full     E1     Luxembourg     Consolidated structured entity     81.6     99.9       INDOSUEZ ALLOCATION <sup>(1)</sup> Full     E1     Luxembourg     Consolidated structured entity     75.8     75.8       INDOSUEZ NAVIGATOR G <sup>(1)</sup> Full     E1     Luxembourg     Consolidated structured entity     40.9     40.9	INDO-FII EUR CP-IEUR <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	E1	Luxembourg		51.7		51.7	
INDOS.EURO.PAT.PD 3D <sup>(1)</sup> Full     France     structured entity     43.1     44.3     44.3       INDOSUEZ ALLOCATION <sup>(1)</sup> Full     France     Consolidated structured entity     81.6     99.9     81.6     99.9       INDOSUEZ ALLOCATION <sup>(1)</sup> Full     E1     Luxembourg     Consolidated structured entity     75.8     75.8       INDOSUEZ NAVIGATOR G <sup>(1)</sup> Full     E1     Luxembourg     Consolidated structured entity     40.9     40.9       Consolidated     Consolidated     Consolidated     40.9     40.9     40.9	INDO-GBL TR-PE <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	E1	Luxembourg		41.0		41.0	
INDOSUEZ ALLOCATION <sup>(1)</sup> Full         France         structured entity         81.6         99.9         81.6         99.9           INDOSUEZ EURO DIV G <sup>(1)</sup> Full         E1         Luxembourg         Consolidated structured entity         75.8         75.8         75.8           INDOSUEZ NAVIGATOR G <sup>(1)</sup> Full         E1         Luxembourg         Structured entity         40.9         40.9         40.9	INDOS.EURO.PAT.PD 3D <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France		43.1	44.3	43.1	44.3
INDOSUEZ EURO DIV G <sup>(1)</sup> Full     E1     Luxembourg     structured entity     75.8       INDOSUEZ NAVIGATOR G <sup>(1)</sup> Full     E1     Luxembourg     structured entity     40.9       Consolidated     Structured entity     40.9     40.9		Full		France		81.6	99.9	81.6	99.9
INDOSUEZ NAVIGATOR G <sup>(II)</sup> Full E1 Luxembourg structured entity 40.9 40.9 Consolidated	INDOSUEZ EURO DIV G(1)	Full	E1	Luxembourg		75.8		75.8	
		Full	E1	Luxembourg		40.9		40.9	
		Full	E1	Luxembourg		50.8		50.8	



INVEST RESP \$3.3D <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	74.1	69.8	74.1	69.8
JPM US EQY ALL CAP-C HDG(1)	Full	El	Luxembourg	Consolidated structured entity	88.9		88.9	
JPM US SEL EQ PLS-CA EUR HD <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	El	Luxembourg	Consolidated structured entity	57.0		57.0	
JPMORGAN F-JPM US VALUE- CEHA <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	El	Luxembourg	Consolidated structured entity	59.3	_	59.3	
JPMORGAN F-US GROWTH-C AHD <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	El	Luxembourg	Consolidated structured entity	49.4		49.4	
LCF CREDIT ERSC 3D <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	El	France	Consolidated structured entity	54.7		54.7	
LCL 3 TEMPO AV 11/16(1)	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	99.8	100.0	99.8
LCL 6 HORIZ. AV 0615(1)	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	99.9	100.0	99.9
LCL AC.DEV.DU.EURO(1)	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	71.3	69.5	71.3	69.5
LCL AC.EMERGENTS 3D <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	54.2	54.6	54.2	54.6
LCL AC.MDE HS EU.3D(1)	Full	El	France	Consolidated structured entity	41.2		41.2	
	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	45.3	38.9	45.3	38.9
LCL ACT.E-U ISR 3D <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	55.5	54.7	55.5	54.7
LCL ACT.IMMOBI.3D <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	49.3	49.2	49.3	49.2
LCL ACT.OR MONDE <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	El	France	Consolidated structured entity	46.8		46.8	
LCL ACT.USA ISR 3D <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	85.6	53.2	85.6	53.2
	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	64.3	81.9	64.3	81.9
LCL ACTIONS EURO FUT(1)	Full	E1	France	Consolidated structured entity	73.9		73.9	
LCL ACTIONS MONDE FCP 3 DEC <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	51.6	42.4	51.6	42.4
LCL ALLOCATION DYNAMIQUE 3D FCP <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	95.4	95.2	95.4	95.2
LCL AUTOCALL VIE 17 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	96.6	90.3	96.6	90.3
LCL BDP MONET. A C <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	S1	France	Consolidated structured entity	7010	99.0	7010	99.0
LCL BDP MONETARISES <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	\$2	France	Consolidated structured entity		98.9		98.9
LCL DEVELOPPEM.PME C <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	32	France	Consolidated structured entity	68.5	69.5	68.5	69.5
				Consolidated				
LCL DOUBLE HORIZON A <sup>(1)</sup> LCL DOUBLE HORIZON AV	Full		France	structured entity Consolidated	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
(NOV.2014) <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	\$1	France	structured entity Consolidated		100.0		100.0
LCL FLEX 30 <sup>(1)</sup> LCL FO.SE.FR.AV(AV11) FCP	Full		France	structured entity Consolidated	45.7	51.1	45.7	51.1
3DEC <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
LCL FOR S F AV (FEV11) 3DEC <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	\$1	France	Consolidated structured entity		100.0		100.0
LCL FOR SEC AV SEPT10 3DEC <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	\$2	France	Consolidated structured entity		99.1		99.1
LCL INVEST.EQ C <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	92.9	92.2	92.9	92.2
LCL INVEST.PRUD.3D <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	92.1	91.4	92.1	91.4
LCL L.GR.B.AV 17 C <sup>[1]</sup>	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
LCL MGEST 60 3DEC <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	87.9	84.9	87.9	84.9
LCL MGEST FL.0-100(1)	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	92.0	80.0	92.0	80.0



LCL OBL.CREDIT EURO(1)	Full	El	France	Consolidated structured entity	81.4		81.4	
LCL OPTIM II VIE 17(1)	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	97.4	94.7	97.4	94.7
LCL PREM VIE 2/4 C <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	S1	France	Consolidated structured entity		95.3		95.3
LCL PREMIUM VIE 2015(1)	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	98.4	94.7	98.4	94.7
LCL TRI ESC AV 0118(1)	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
				Consolidated				
LCL TRIPLE TE AV OC <sup>(1)</sup> LCL TRIPLE TEMPO AV	Full		France	structured entity Consolidated	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
(FEV.2015) <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	structured entity Consolidated	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
LCL TRP HOZ AV 0117(1)	Full		France	structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
LCL VOCATION RENDEMENT NOV 12 3D <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	\$1	France	Consolidated structured entity		80.0		80.0
M.D.F.89 FCP(1)	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
OBJECTIF DYNAMISME FCP(1)	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	98.5	98.7	98.5	98.7
OBJECTIF MEDIAN FCP(1)	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
OBJECTIF PRUDENCE FCP(1)	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	80.1	81.3	80.1	81.3
OPCIMMO LCL SPPICAV 5DEC <sup>[1]</sup>	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	97.4	94.2	97.4	94.2
OPCIMMO PREM SPPICAV				Consolidated				
5DEC <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	structured entity Consolidated	94.7	93.5	94.7	93.5
OPTALIME FCP 3DEC <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	structured entity Consolidated	99.6	99.4	99.6	99.4
PORT.METAUX PREC.A-C <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	El	France	structured entity	100.0	-	100.0	
PORTF DET FI EUR AC <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	99.8	99.8	99.8	99.8
RAVIE FCP 5DEC <sup>[1]</sup>	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
RETAH PART C <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	El	France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	_	100.0	
RSD 2006 FCP 3DEC <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI VICQ D'AZIR VELLEFAUX(1)	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCPI LFP MULTIMMO <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	El	France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0		100.0	
Solidarite amundi P(1)	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	68.6	62.3	68.6	62.3
	Full		France	Consolidated	92.1	944	82.1	
				structured entity Consolidated	82.1	84.6		84.6
SONANCE VIE 2 FCP 3DEC(1)	Full		France	structured entity Consolidated	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SONANCE VIE 3 3DEC <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	structured entity Consolidated	100.0	99.9	100.0	99.9
SONANCE VIE 3DEC <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SONANCE VIE 4 FCP(1)	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SONANCE VIE 5 FCP 3DEC <sup>[1]</sup>	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SONANCE VIE 6 FCP <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SONANCE VIE 9(1)	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	98.1	98.0	98.1	98.0
TRIAN 6 ANS N10 C <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	El	France	Consolidated structured entity	63.2		63.2	
	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	61.8	61.8	61.8	61.8
TRIANANCE 6 ANS 5 C <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	79.2	79.2	79.2	79.2
				subolotod onny	,,,,			



pppphol_1         bit         proces         Comparison         ppp           matrix         iii         horse         Convision         pp         pp           matrix         iii         horse         Convision         pp         pp           matrix         iii         horse         Convoident         pp         pp         pp           matrix         iii         horse         Convoident         pp         pp         pp           matrix         iii         horse         Convoident         pp         pp<         pp< <td< th=""><th>TRIANANCE 6 ANS N 4(1)</th><th>Full</th><th></th><th>France</th><th>Consolidated structured entity</th><th>74.7</th><th>74.6</th><th>74.7</th><th>74.6</th></td<>	TRIANANCE 6 ANS N 4(1)	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	74.7	74.6	74.7	74.6
BookeCLA AGE (2C):         N.M.         El.         Force in the constraint of the const	TRIANANCE 6 ANS N 9(1)	Full	E1	France		79.9		79.9	
Name         Fild         Fild <th< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>Consolidated</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th<>					Consolidated				
THANKEY: A 465 M <sup>-11</sup> Full         FI         Force, Burland etta, BI         84.5         84.5           THANANCY: A 465 M <sup>-12</sup> D <sup>-11</sup> Full         Force, Burland etta, BI         B2         82         82           THANANCY: A 465 M <sup>-12</sup> D <sup>-11</sup> Full         Force, Burland etta, BI         82         82         82           THANANCY: A 465 M <sup>-12</sup> D <sup>-11</sup> Full         Force, Burland etta, BI         82         82         82           THANANCY: A 465 M <sup>-12</sup> D <sup>-11</sup> Full         Force, Burland etta, BI         80         8	TRIANANCE 6 ANS N3(1)	Full	El	France		70.7		70.7	
MARKACE & ARG 10°         Rul         FI         Parce         Induced and 14         Ref         Parce         Induced and 14         Ref         Ref           IMMARKE & ARG 18 C°         Int         I         Parce         Interview and 14	TRIANANCE 6 ANS N6 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	El	France		84.5		84.5	
INVENTOR         Full         Flame         success milly         882         887           UNITERE ADDRACE (SCH)**         Full         Force         considered stucked milly         100         100         100         100           VBDORENVCE (SCH)**         Full         Force         stucked milly         912         93.3         91.2         93.3           Medioal color Spective prostment field (OCD)         Full         Force         stucked milly         91.2         93.3         100.0	TRIANANCE 6 ANS N7 C <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	El	France		82.2		82.2	
UNTREE ASSENCE (LCP)            Full         Prace         stockard enthy         100         1000         1000         1000           VestOok BV/CE 30C°         Hu         Honce         Stockard enthy         91.2         90.3         91.2         90.3           MestOok BV/CE 30C°         Hu         Honce         Stockard enthy         91.2         90.3         91.2         90.3           MestOok BV/CE 30C°         Hu         Honce         Stockard enthy         91.3         90.3         91.2         90.3           MestOok BV/CE 30C°         Hu         Honce         Constitution         90.0         90.0         90.0         90.0         90.0         90.0         90.0         90.0         100.0 <td>TRIANANCE 6 ANS N8 C<sup>(1)</sup></td> <td>Full</td> <td>El</td> <td>France</td> <td></td> <td>86.9</td> <td></td> <td>86.9</td> <td></td>	TRIANANCE 6 ANS N8 C <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	El	France		86.9		86.9	
VIDEOLATING         Full         Proce         stuctured entry         91.2         90.3         91.2         90.3           Medicable processor         Excelling         Considential         91.5         100.0         99.5         100.0           OPO Comp trivest <sup>III</sup> Full         Force         modulated entry         90.5         100.0         40.1         100.0           OPO Comp trivest <sup>III</sup> Full         Force         modulated entry         40.1         100.0         40.1         100.0           OPO Comp trivest <sup>III</sup> Full         Force         Considential         40.0         100.0<	UNIPIERRE ASSURANCE ( SCPI ) <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France		100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Investment fund (OPC)         Consolition         Res         1000         1000           (PR0, III)         Full         France         Consolition         80.1         100.0         100.0           OPCI Complements*         Full         France         Consolition         80.1         100.0         100.0         100.0           OPCI Complements         Full         France         Consolition         100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0           OPCI Complements         Full         France         Consolition         100.0	VENDOME INV.FCP 3DEC(1)	Full		France		91.2	90.3	91.2	90.3
Idea (III)         Full         Hory         Here and constrained and constr									
CPCI Camp Intred™         Full         Finance         Build Linker         Bit         Bit <thb< td=""><td>Nexus 1<sup>(1)</sup></td><td>Full</td><td></td><td>Italy</td><td></td><td>98.5</td><td>100.0</td><td>98.5</td><td>100.0</td></thb<>	Nexus 1 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		Italy		98.5	100.0	98.5	100.0
OPE ECO CAMPUS SPECAN**         Full         France         Build         France         Build         France         Constitution         Build	OPCI Camp Invest <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France		80.1	100.0	80.1	100.0
DPCI Immonens         Full         France         Chrudidate directivest entity         1000         700         700           OPCI Imme Emission         Full         France         Consolidated directivest entity         1000         700         700           OPCI Imme Emission         Full         France         Consolidated directivest entity         1000         80.1         1000           OPCI Ms Invest 2010*         Full         France         Consolidated directivest entity         1000 <td< td=""><td></td><td>Full</td><td></td><td>France</td><td></td><td>100.0</td><td>100.0</td><td>100.0</td><td>100.0</td></td<>		Full		France		100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
DPCI Immo Emission         Full         France         structured entity         1000         1000         700         700           OPCI Is Invest 2010***         Full         France         Consolidated structured entity         1000	OPCI Immanens	Full		France		100.0	100.0	70.0	70.0
OPCL Ns Invest 2010***         Full         France         structured entity         80.1         100.0         80.1         100.0           OPCL MASSY BUREAUX***         Full         France         Consolidated structured entity         100.0         100.	OPCI Immo Emissions	Full		France		100.0	100.0	70.0	70.0
OPEC MASSY BUBEAUX***         Full         France         structured entity         100.0	OPCI Iris Invest 2010(1)	Full		France		80.1	100.0	80.1	100.0
OPC: Mesided**         Full         France         structured entity         1000		Full		France		100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Predice OPCI Bureou <sup>(1)</sup> Full         France         structured entity         100.0	OPCI Messidor <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France		100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Predice OPCI Commerces <sup>(1)</sup> Full         France         structured entity         100.0	Predica OPCI Bureau <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France		100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Precise OPCI Habitation <sup>(1)</sup> Full         Prance         structured entity         1000         100.0         100.0         100.0           Non-fielding real estate investment company (SC)         Full         France         Subsidiary         100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0           BI-MMOBILLER <sup>(1)</sup> Full         France         Subsidiary         100.0	Predica OPCI Commerces <sup>[1]</sup>	Full		France		100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Investment company (SCI)           B IMMOBILIER <sup>(1)</sup> Full         France         Subsidiary         100.0	Predica OPCI Habitation <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France		100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
DS Campus <sup>(1)</sup> Full       France       Consolidated structured entity       100.0       100.0       100.0         FREY RETAIL VILLEBON       Equity Accounted       France       Joint venture       47.5       47.5       47.5         HDP BUREAUX <sup>(1)</sup> Full       France       Subsidiary       95.0       95.0       95.0         HDP HOTEL <sup>(1)</sup> Full       France       Subsidiary       95.0       95.0       95.0         HDP HOTEL <sup>(1)</sup> Full       France       Subsidiary       95.0       95.0       95.0         HDP HOTEL <sup>(1)</sup> Full       France       Subsidiary       95.0       95.0       95.0         HDP HOTEL <sup>(1)</sup> Full       France       Subsidiary       95.0       95.0       95.0         IMEFA 178 <sup>(1)</sup> Full       France       Subsidiary       95.0       95.0       95.0         IMEFA 178 <sup>(1)</sup> Full       France       Structured entity       100.0       100.0       100.0         IMEFA 178 <sup>(1)</sup> Full       France       Consolidated structured entity       100.0       100.0       100.0         IMEFA 178 <sup>(1)</sup> Full       France       Structured entity       100.0       100.0       100.0 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>									
DS Campus <sup>(1)</sup> Full         France         structured entity         100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0           FREY RETAIL VILLEBON         Accounted         France         Joint venture         47.5         47.5         47.5         47.5           HDP BUREAUX <sup>(1)</sup> Full         France         Subsidiary         95.0         95.0         95.0           HDP HOTEL <sup>(1)</sup> Full         France         Subsidiary         95.0         95.0         95.0           HDP HOTEL <sup>(1)</sup> Full         France         Subsidiary         95.0         95.0         95.0           HDP HOTEL <sup>(1)</sup> Full         France         Subsidiary         95.0         95.0         95.0           HDP LA HALLE BOCA <sup>(1)</sup> Full         France         Subsidiary         95.0         95.0         95.0           IMEFA 177 <sup>(1)</sup> Full         France         Subsidiary         100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0           IMEFA 178 <sup>(1)</sup> Full         France         Consolidated structured entity         100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0           IMEFA 179 <sup>(1)</sup> Full         France         Sconsolidated structured entity         100	B IMMOBILIER <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
FREY RETAIL VILLEBON       Accounted       France       Joint venture       47.5       47.5       47.5       47.5         HDP BUREAUX <sup>(1)</sup> Full       France       Subsidiary       95.0       95.0       95.0       95.0         HDP HOTEL <sup>(1)</sup> Full       France       Subsidiary       95.0       95.0       95.0       95.0         HDP HOTEL <sup>(1)</sup> Full       France       Subsidiary       95.0       95.0       95.0         HDP LA HALLE BOCA <sup>(1)</sup> Full       France       Subsidiary       95.0       95.0       95.0         IMEFA 177 <sup>(1)</sup> Full       France       Consolidated structured entity       100.0       100.0       100.0       100.0         IMEFA 178 <sup>(1)</sup> Full       France       Structured entity       100.0       100.0       100.0       100.0         IMEFA 178 <sup>(1)</sup> Full       France       Structured entity       100.0       100.0       100.0       100.0       100.0         IMEFA 178 <sup>(1)</sup> Full       France       Structured entity       100.0       100.0       100.0       100.0       100.0       100.0       100.0       100.0       100.0       100.0       100.0       100.0       100.0       100.0	DS Campus <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France		100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
HDP HOTEL <sup>(1)</sup> Full         France         Subsidiary         95.0         95.	FREY RETAIL VILLEBON			France	Joint venture	47.5	47.5	47.5	47.5
HDP LA HALLE BOCA <sup>(1)</sup> Full         France         Subsidiary         95.0         100.0		Full		France	Subsidiary	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0
IMEFA 177 <sup>(1)</sup> Full         France         Consolidated structured entity         100.0	HDP HOTEL <sup>[1]</sup>	Full		France	Subsidiary	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0
IMEFA 177 <sup>(1)</sup> Full         France         structured entity         100.0         1	HDP LA HALLE BOCA <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France	Subsidiary	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0
IMEEA 178 <sup>(1)</sup> Full         France         structured entity         100.0         1	IMEFA 177(1)	Full		France		100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
IMEEA 179(1)FullFrancestructured entity100.0100.0100.0100.0Issy Pont(1)FullFranceConsolidated structured entity75.075.075.075.0RUE DU BAC (SCI)Equity AccountedFranceJoint venture50.050.050.050.0SCI 1 TERRASSE BELLINIAccountedFranceJoint venture33.333.333.333.3	IMEFA 178(1)	Full		France		100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Issy Pont <sup>(1)</sup> Full     France     structured entity     75.0     75.0     75.0       RUE DU BAC (SCI)     Equity     France     Joint venture     50.0     50.0     50.0       SCI 1 TERRASSE BELLINI     Accounted     France     Joint venture     33.3     33.3     33.3	IMEFA 179(1)	Full		France		100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
RUE DU BAC (SCI)     Accounted     France     Joint venture     50.0     50.0     50.0       Equity     SCI 1 TERRASSE BELLINI     Accounted     France     Joint venture     33.3     33.3     33.3	Issy Pont <sup>(1)</sup>	Full		France		75.0	75.0	75.0	75.0
SCI 1 TERRASSE BELLINI Accounted France Joint venture 33.3 33.3 33.3 33.3	RUE DU BAC (SCI)			France	Joint venture	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
SCI BMEDIC HABITATION <sup>(1)</sup> Full France Subsidiary 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	SCI 1 TERRASSE BELLINI			France	Joint venture	33.3	33.3	33.3	33.3
	SCI BMEDIC HABITATION(1)	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0



SCI CAMPUS MEDICIS ST DENIS(1)	Full	France	Subsidiary	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0
	Full	France	Subsidiary	70.0	70.0	70.0	70.0
SCI CARGO PROPERTY HOLDING	Equity Accounted	S2 France	Associate		28.0		28.0
SCI CARPE DIEM	Equity Accounted	France	Joint venture	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
SCI EUROMARSEILLE 1	Equity Accounted	France	Joint venture	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
SCI EUROMARSEILLE 2	Equity Accounted	France	Joint venture	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
SCI FEDERALE PEREIRE VICTOIRE(1)	Full	France	Subsidiary	99.0	99.0	99.0	99.0
SCI FEDERALE VILLIERS <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI FEDERLOG <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	France	Subsidiary	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9
	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI FEDERPIERRE <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI FONDIS	Equity Accounted	France	Associate	25.0	25.0	25.0	25.0
	Full	France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI HEART OF LA DEFENSE	Equity Accounted	France	Associate	33.3	33.3	33.3	33.3
SCI Holding Dahlia <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI ILOT 13	Equity Accounted	France	Joint venture	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
SCI IMEFA 001(1)	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 002 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 003(1)	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 004 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 005 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 006 <sup>[1]</sup>	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 008 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 009(1)	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 010 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 011(1)	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 012 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 013 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 016 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 017 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 018 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 020 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 022 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 025 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 032 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0



SCI IMEFA 033(1)	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 034(1)	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 035 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 036(1)	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 037(1)	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 038(1)	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 039(1)	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 042(1)	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 043(1)	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 044(1)	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 047 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 048(1)	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 051(1)	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 052 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 054(1)	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 057(1)	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 058(1)	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 060(1)	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 061(1)	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 062(1)	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 063(1)	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 064(1)	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 067(1)	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 068(1)	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 069(1)	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 072(1)	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 073 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 074 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 076(1)	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 077 <sup>[1]</sup>	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 078(1)	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 079(1)	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 080(1)	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 081(1)	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 082(1)	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0



SCI IMEFA 083(1)	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 084(1)	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 085(1)	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 089(1)	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 091 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 092 <sup>[1]</sup>	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 096 <sup>[1]</sup>	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 100 <sup>[1]</sup>	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 101 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 102 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 103(1)	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 104 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 105 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 107 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 108(1)	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 109(1)	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 110 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 112 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 113 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 115 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 116 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 117 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 118 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 120(1)	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 121(1)	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 122 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 123 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 126 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 128(1)	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 129 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 131(1)	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 132 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 140 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 148 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 149 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0



SCI IMEFA 150(1)	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 155 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 156(1)	Full	France	Subsidiary	90.0	90.0	90.0	90.0
SCI IMEFA 157(1)	Full	France	Subsidiary	90.0	90.0	90.0	90.0
SCI IMEFA 158(1)	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 159(1)	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 164 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 169(1)	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 170 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 171(1)	Full	France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 172 <sup>[1]</sup>	Full	France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 173 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 174 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 175 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI IMEFA 176 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI LE VILLAGE VICTOR HUGO	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI MEDI BUREAUX <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI PACIFICA HUGO(1) SCI PORTE DES LILAS - FRERES	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI VALHUBERT(1)	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI VAUGIRARD 36-44 <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SCI WAGRAM 22/30	Equity Accounted	France	Joint venture	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
SCI WASHINGTON	Equity Accounted	France	Associate	34.0	34.0	34.0	34.0
TOUR MERLE (SCI)	Equity Accounted	France	Joint venture	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
Other							
ALTA VAI HOLDCO P	Full	E1 France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
ALTAREA	Equity Accounted	France	Associate	24.7	24.7	24.7	24.7
AMUNDI IT Services	Full	France	Subsidiary	99.6	99.6	71.0	71.0
ARCAPARK SAS	Equity Accounted	France	Joint venture	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
Azqore	Full	Switzerland	Subsidiary	80.0	80.0	80.0	80.0
Azqore SA Singapore Branch	Full	Singapour	Switzerland Branch	80.0	80.0	80.0	80.0
CA Indosuez Wealth (Asset Management)	Full	Luxembourg	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Crédit Agricole Assurances Solutions	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Full	Luxembourg	Subsidiary	60.0	60.0	60.0	60.0
	Equity						
FONCIERE HYPERSUD	Accounted	France	Joint venture	51.4	51.4	51.4	51.4



FREY	Equity Accounted	France	Associate	19.3	19.2	19.3	19.2
HOLDING EUROMARSEILLE	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Icade	Equity Accounted	France	Associate	19.0	18.4	19.0	18.4
INFRA FOCH TOPCO	Equity Accounted	France	Associate	36.9	36.9	36.9	36.9
IRIS HOLDING FRANCE	Full	France	Subsidiary	80.1	80.1	80.1	80.1
KORIAN	Equity Accounted	France	Associate	24.4	23.2	24.4	23.2
PATRIMOINE ET COMMERCE	Equity	France	Associate	20.3	20.2	20.3	20.2
	Full	France	Subsidiary	99.9	100.0	99.9	100.0
					100.0		100.0
PREDICA INFRASTRUCTURE SA	Full	El Luxembourg	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
PREDIPARK <sup>(1)</sup>	Full Equity	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
RAMSAY – GENERALE DE SANTE	Accounted	France	Associate	39.6	38.4	39.6	38.4
SA RESICO <sup>(1)</sup>	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SAS CRISTAL	Equity Accounted	France	Associate	46.0	46.0	46.0	46.0
SAS PARHOLDING	Equity Accounted	France	Associate	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
SAS PREDI-RUNGIS(1)	Full	France	Subsidiary	85.0	85.0	85.0	85.0
SH PREDICA ENERGIES DURABLES	Full	France	Subsidiary	99.9	99.7	99.9	99.7
	Full	E1 Spain	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
Vaugirard Infra S.L.	Full	E1 Spain	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
Via Vita	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SPECIALISED FINANCIAL SERVICES							
Banking and financial institutions							
Agos	Full	Italy	Subsidiary	61.0	61.0	61.0	61.0
Alsolia	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Equity				100.0		100.0
CACF BANKIA sa	Accounted		Joint venture	51.0		51.0	
Crealfi	Full	France	Subsidiary	51.0	51.0	51.0	51.0
Credibom Crediet Maatschappij " De Ijssel"	Full	Portugal	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
B.V.	Full	Netherlands	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Crédit Agricole Consumer Finance	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Crédit Agricole Consumer Finance Nederland	Full	Netherlands	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Crédit LIFT	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Creditplus Bank AG	Full	Germany	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
De Kredietdesk B.V.	Full	Netherlands	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
DE NEDERLANDSE VOORSCHOTBANK BV	Full	Netherlands	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
EFL Services	Full	Poland	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
EUROFACTOR GmbH	Full	Germany	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				



Eurofactor Italia S.p.A.	Full	Italy	Su	osidiary 100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
EUROFACTOR NEDERLAND	Full	Pays-bas	Germany	Branch 100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
EUROFACTOR POLSKA S.A.	Full	Poland	Su	osidiary 100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Eurofactor SA - NV (Benelux)	Full	Belgium		Branch 100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Eurofactor S.A. (Portugal)	Full	Portugal	Su	osidiary 100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Eurofintus Financieringen B.V.	Full	Netherlands	Su	osidiary 100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
FCA Automotive Services UK Ltd	Equity Accounted	United Kingdom	Joint	venture 50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
FCA Bank	Equity Accounted	Italy	Joint	venture 50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
FCA Bank Gmbh, Hellenic Branch	Equity Accounted	Greece	Joint	venture 50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
FCA BANK SPA, IRISH BRANCH	Equity Accounted	Ireland	Joint	venture 50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
FCA Bank Germany GmbH	Equity Accounted	Germany	Joint	venture 50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
FCA Bank GmbH	Equity Accounted	Austria	Joint	venture 50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
FCA Capital Belgium S.A.	Equity Accounted	Belgium	Joint	venture 50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
FCA Capital Danmark A/S	Equity Accounted	Denmark	Joint	venture 50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
FCA Capital España EFC S.A.	Equity Accounted	Spain	Joint	venture 50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
FCA Capital France S.A.	Equity Accounted	France	Joint	venture 50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
FCA Capital Hellas S.A.	Equity Accounted	Greece	Joint	venture 50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
FCA Capital IFIC	Equity Accounted	Portugal	Joint	venture 50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
FCA Capital Nederland B.V.	Equity Accounted	Netherlands	Joint	venture 50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
FCA Capital Norge AS	Equity Accounted	Norway	Joint	venture 50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
FCA Capital Re Limited	Equity Accounted	Ireland	Joint	venture 50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
FCA Capital Suisse S.A.	Equity Accounted	Switzerland	Joint	venture 50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
FCA Capital Sverige	Equity Accounted	Sweden	Joint	venture 50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
FCA DEALER SERVICES ESPANA SA, Morocco Branch	Equity Accounted	Могоссо	Spain Joint	venture 50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
FCA Dealer services España, S.A.	Equity Accounted	Spain	Joint	venture 50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
FCA Dealer Services Portugal S.A.	Equity Accounted	Portugal	Joint	venture 50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
FCA Dealer Services UK Ltd	Equity Accounted	United Kingdom	Joint	venture 50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
FCA GROUP BANK POLSKA S.A.	Equity Accounted	Poland	Joint	venture 50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
FCA Insurance Hellas S.A.	Equity Accounted	Greece	Joint	venture 50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
FCA Leasing France	Equity Accounted	France	Joint	venture 50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
FCA Leasing Polska	Equity Accounted	Poland	Joint	venture 50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
FCA Leasing GmbH	Equity Accounted	Austria		venture 50.0		50.0	50.0
FERRARI FINANCIAL SERVICES GMBH	Equity Accounted	Germany		venture 50.0		25.0	25.5
FERRARI FINANCIAL SERVICES GMBH, UK Branch	Equity Accounted	United Kingdom		venture 50.0		50.0	25.5
FGA Capital Danmark A/S, Finland Branch	Equity Accounted	Finland		venture 50.0		50.0	50.0
		Thighd	50111		00.0	00.0	50.0



Financierings Data Netwerk B.V.	Equity Accounted	Netherlands	Joint venture	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
Finaref Assurances S.A.S.	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Finata Zuid-Nederland B.V.	Full	Netherlands	Subsidiary	98.1	98.1	98.1	98.1
GAC - Sofinco Auto Finance Co.	Equity Accounted	China	Associate	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
GSA Ltd	Full	Mauritius	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
IDM Finance B.V.	Full	Netherlands	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
IDM Financieringen B.V.	Full	Netherlands	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
IDM lease maatschappij B.V.	Full	Netherlands	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
lebe Lease B.V.	Full	Netherlands	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
INTERBANK NV	Full	Netherlands	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
INTERMEDIAIRE VOORSCHOTBANK BV	Full	Netherlands	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Krediet '78 B.V.	Full	Netherlands	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Leasys	Equity Accounted	Italy	Joint venture	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
LEASYS France S.A.S	Equity Accounted	France	Joint venture	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
LEASYS Nederland	Equity Accounted	Netherlands	Joint venture	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
LEASYS SPA Belgian Branch	Equity Accounted	Belgium	Joint venture	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
LEASYS SPA GERMAN BRANCH	Equity Accounted	Germany	Joint venture	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
LEASYS SPA SUCURSAL ESPANA	Equity Accounted	Spain	Joint venture	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
Leasys UK Ltd	Equity Accounted	United Kingdom	Joint venture	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
Mahuko Financieringen B.V.	Full	Netherlands	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Menafinance	Equity Accounted	France	Joint venture	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
Money Care B.V.	Full	S4 Netherlands	Subsidiary		100.0		100.0
NL Findio B.V	Full	Netherlands	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
RIBANK NV	Full	Netherlands	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Sofinco Participations	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Ste Européenne de Développement d'Assurances	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Ste Européenne de Développement d'Assurances, Succursale du Maroc	Full	Могоссо	Branch	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Ste Européenne de Développement du Financement	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Themis Courtage	Equity Accounted	Morocco	Associate	49.0	49.0	48.9	49.0
Ucafleet	Equity Accounted	France	Associate	35.0	35.0	35.0	35.0
VoordeelBank B.V.	Full	Netherlands	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Wafasalaf	Equity Accounted	Могоссо	Associate	49.0	49.0	49.0	49.0
WINRENT	Equity	Italy	Joint venture	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
Lease financing companies		ndiy		00.0	30.0	00.0	
	CII	Frontes	Subsidies.	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Auxifip	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0



Carefleet S.A. Crédit Agricole Leasing &	Full		Poland	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Factoring	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Crédit Agricole Leasing & Factoring, Sucursal en Espana	Full		Spain	France Branch	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Crédit du Maroc Leasing et Factoring	Full		Morocco	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	85.8	85.8
Europejski Fundusz Leasingowy (E.F.L.)	Full		Poland	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Finamur	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Lixxbail	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Lixxcourtage	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Lixxcredit	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Unifergie	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Investment companies								
Insurance								
ARES Reinsurance Ltd.	Full		Ireland	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	61.0	61.0
Other								
A-BEST ELEVEN UG	Equity Accounted		Germany	Structured joint venture	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
A-BEST FIFTEEN	Equity Accounted		Italy	Structured joint venture	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
A-BEST FOURTEEN	Equity Accounted		Italy	Structured joint venture	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
A-BEST NINE SRL	Equity Accounted	S1	Italy	Structured joint venture		50.0		50.0
A-BEST SEVENTEEN	Equity Accounted	E2	Italy	Structured joint venture	50.0		50.0	
A-BEST SIXTEEN	Equity Accounted	E2	Germany	Structured joint venture	50.0		50.0	
A-BEST Ten SRL	Equity Accounted	\$1	Italy	Structured joint venture		50.0		50.0
A-BEST THIRTEEN	Equity	51	Spain	Structured joint venture	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
	Equity			Structured joint				
A-BEST TWELVE	Accounted Equity	50	Italy	venture Structured joint	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
CLICKAR SRL	Accounted	E2	Italy	venture	50.0		50.0	
EFL Finance S.A. EFL Lease Abs 2017-1	Full		Poland	Subsidiary Consolidated	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Designated Activity Company	Full		Ireland	structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
ERASMUS FINANCE	Equity Accounted		Ireland	Structured joint venture	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
FAST THREE SRL	Equity Accounted		Italy	Structured joint venture	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
FCT GINGKO DEBT CONSO 2015- 1	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
FCT GINGKO PERSONAL LOANS 2016-1	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
FCT GINGKO PLOANS 2015-1	Full	\$1	France	Consolidated structured entity		100.0		100.0
FCT GINGKO SALES FIN 2014-1	Full	S1	France	Consolidated structured entity		100.0		100.0
FCT GINGKO SALES FINANCE		31	nance	Consolidated				
2015-1 FCT GINKGO MASTER	Full		France	structured entity Consolidated	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
REVOLVING LOANS	Full		France	structured entity Consolidated	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
2017-1	Full		France	structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0



GAC - SOFINCO 2014-01	Equity Accounted		China		Structured Associate	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
HUI JU TONG 2019-1	Equity Accounted	E2	China		Structured joint venture	50.0		50.0	
MAGOI BV	Full	E2	Netherlands		Consolidated structured entity	100.0		100.0	
MATSUBA BV	Full		Netherlands		Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
NIXES SEVEN SRL	Equity Accounted		Netherlands		Structured joint venture	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
NIXES SIX (LTD)	Equity Accounted		Italy		Structured joint venture	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
OCHIBA 2015 B.V	Full	\$1	Netherlands		Consolidated structured entity		100.0		100.0
RETAIL CONSUMER CP GERMANY 2016 UG	Full		Germany		Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SUNRISE SPV 20 SRL	Full		Italy		Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	61.0	100.0
SUNRISE SPV 30 SRL	Full		Italy		Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	61.0	100.0
SUNRISE SPV 40 SRL	Full		Italy		Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	61.0	100.0
SUNRISE SPV 50 SRL	Full		Italy		Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	61.0	100.0
SUNRISE SPV Z60 SrI	Full	E2	Italy		Consolidated structured entity	100.0		61.0	
SUNRISE SPV Z70 Srl	Full	E2	Italy		Consolidated structured entity	100.0		61.0	
SUNRISE SPV Z80 Srl	Full	E2	Italy		Consolidated structured entity	100.0		61.0	
SUNRISE SRL	Full		Italy		Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	61.0	100.0
THETIS FINANCE 2015-1	Full		Portugal		Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
CORPORATE AND INVESTMENT BAN					, , ,				
Banking and financial institutions									
Banco Crédit Agricole Brasil S.A.	Full		Brazil		Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Banco S3 México, S.A.	Equity Accounted	E3	Mexico		Associate	50.0		34.7	
BTN Förvaltning AB	Equity Accounted	E3	Sweden	Netherlands	Associate	19.5		13.6	
CACEIS Bank	Full		France		Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	69.5	100.0
CACEIS Bank S.A., Germany Branch	Full		Germany		Branch	100.0	100.0	69.5	100.0
CACEIS Bank, Belgium Branch	Full		Belgium		Branch	100.0	100.0	69.5	100.0
CACEIS Bank, Ireland Branch	Full		Ireland		Branch	100.0	100.0	69.5	100.0
CACEIS Bank, Italy Branch	Full		Italy		Branch	100.0	100.0	69.5	100.0
CACEIS Bank, Luxembourg Branch	Full		Luxembourg		Branch	100.0	100.0	69.5	100.0
CACEIS Bank, Netherlands Branch	Full		Netherlands		Branch	100.0	100.0	69.5	100.0
CACEIS Bank, Switzerland Branch	Full		Switzerland		Branch	100.0	100.0	69.5	100.0
CACEIS Bank, UK Branch	Full		Inited Kingdom		Branch	100.0	100.0	69.5	100.0
CACEIS Belgium	Full		Belgium		Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	69.5	100.0
CACEIS Corporate Trust	Full		France		Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	69.5	100.0
CACEIS Fund Administration	Full		France		Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	69.5	100.0
CACEIS Fund Administration	Full		France		Subsidiary Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	69.5	100.0



CACEIS S.A.	Full	France		Subsidiary	69.5	100.0	69.5	100.0
CACEIS Switzerland S.A.	Full	Switzerland		Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	69.5	100.0
Crédit Agriciole CIB (Belgique)	Full	Belgium	France	Branch	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Crédit Agricole CIB (ABU DHABI)	Full	United Arab Emirates	France	Branch	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Crédit Agricole CIB (Allemagne)	Full	Germany	France	Branch	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Crédit Agricole CIB (Canada)	Full	Canada	France	Branch	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Crédit Agricole CIB (Corée du Sud)	Full	South Korea	France	Branch	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Crédit Agricole CIB (Dubai DIFC)	Full	United Arab Emirates	France	Branch	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Crédit Agricole CIB (Dubai)	Full	United Arab Emirates	France	Branch	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Crédit Agricole CIB (Espagne)	Full	Spain	France	Branch	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Crédit Agricole CIB (Etats-Unis)	Full	United States	France	Branch	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Crédit Agricole CIB (Finlande)	Full	Finland	France	Branch	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Crédit Agricole CIB (Hong-Kong)	Full	Hong Kong	France	Branch	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Crédit Agricole CIB (Inde)	Full	India	France	Branch	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Crédit Agricole CIB (Italie)	Full	Italy	France	Branch	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Crédit Agricole CIB (Japon)	Full	Japan	France	Branch	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Crédit Agricole CIB (Luxembourg)	Full	\$1 Luxembourg	France	Branch		100.0		100.0
Crédit Agricole CIB (Miami)	Full	United States	France	Branch	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Crédit Agricole CIB (Royaume- Uni)	Full	United Kingdom	France	Branch	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Crédit Agricole CIB (Singapour)	Full	Singapour	France	Branch	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Crédit Agricole CIB (Suède)	Full	Sweden	France	Branch	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Crédit Agricole CIB (Taipei)	Full	Taiwan	France	Branch	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Crédit Agricole CIB Algérie Bank Spa	Full	Algeria		Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Crédit Agricole CIB AO	Full	Russia		Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Crédit Agricole CIB Australia Ltd.	Full	Australia		Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Crédit Agricole CIB China Ltd.	Full	China		Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Crédit Agricole CIB China Ltd. Chinese Branch	Full	China		Branch	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Crédit Agricole CIB S.A.	Full	France		Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Crédit Agricole CIB S.A. Crédit Agricole CIB Services Private Ltd.	Full	India		Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	
	Equity	South Korea	<b>Free e e</b>					100.0
UBAF (Corée du Sud)	Accounted		France	Branch	47.0	47.0	47.0	47.0
Ester Finance Titrisation	Full	France		Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
KAS Bank N.V.	Full	E3 Netherlands	N-8 · ·	Subsidiary	97.4		67.7	
KAS Bank N.V. Frankfurt branch	Full	E3 Germany	Netherlands	Branch	97.4		67.7	
KAS Bank N.V. London branch KAS Trust & Depositary Services	Full	E3 United Kingdom	Netherlands	Branch	97.4		67.7	
B.V. Amsterdam	Full	E3 Netherlands		Subsidiary	97.4	-	67.7	



_S3 Latam Holdco 1	Equity Accounted	E2 Sp	ain	Joint venture	50.0		34.7	
\$3 Latam Holdco 2	Equity Accounted	E2 Sp	ain	Joint venture	50.0		34.7	
Santander Fund Administration,								
S.A. Santander Securities Services Brasil Distribuidora de titulos e	Full Equity	E3 Sp	n	Subsidiary	100.0		69.5	
Valores Mobiliarios, S.A. Santander Securities Services	Accounted Equity	E3 Br	esil	Joint venture	50.0		34.7	
Brasil Participaçoes, S.A.	Accounted	E3 Br	esil	Joint venture	50.0		34.7	
Santander Securities Services Colombia S.A.	Equity Accounted	E3 Colom	Die	Joint venture	50.0		34.7	
Santander Securities Services, S.A.	Full	E3 Sp	ain	Subsidiary	100.0		69.5	
UBAF	Equity Accounted	Fran	ce	Joint venture	47.0	47.0	47.0	47.0
UBAF (Japon)	Equity Accounted	Jap	an France	Joint venture	47.0	47.0	47.0	47.0
UBAF (Singapour)	Equity Accounted	Singap	our France	Joint venture	47.0	47.0	47.0	47.0
Stockbrokers								
Credit Agricole Securities (Asia) Limited Hong Kong	Full	Hong Ka	ng	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Credit Agricole Securities (Asia) Limited Seoul Branch	Full	South Kor		Branch	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Crédit Agricole Securities (USA) Inc	Full	United Sta	tes	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Crédit Agricole Securities Asia BV (Tokyo)	Full	Jap	an Netherlands	Branch	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Investment companies								
Compagnie Française de l'Asie (CFA)	Full	Fran	C 9	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Crédit Agricole CIB Air Finance S.A.	Full	Fran		Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Crédit Agricole CIB Holdings Ltd.	Full	United Kingd		Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Crédit Agricole Global Partners Inc.	Full	United Sta		Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Crédit Agricole Securities Asia BV	Full	Netherlar		Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Doumer Finance S.A.S.	Full	Fran		Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Fininvest	Full	Fran		Subsidiary	98.3	98.3	98.3	98.3
Fletirec	Full	Fran	ce	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
I.P.F.O.	Full	S3 Fran	ce	Subsidiary		100.0		100.0
Insurance								
CAIRS Assurance S.A.	Full	Fran	се	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Other								
Atlantic Asset Securitization LLC	Full	United Sta	tes	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0		-
Benelpart	Full	Belgi	JM	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	97.4	97.4
Calixis Finance	Full	Fran	се	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Calliope SRL	Full	It	aly	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Clifap	Full	Fran	ce	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Crédit Agricole America Services Inc.	Full	United Sta	tes	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Crédit Agricole Asia Shipfinance Ltd.	Full	Hong Kc	ng	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0



Crédit Agricole CIB Finance (Guernsey) Ltd.	Full	Guernsey	Consolidated structured entity	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9
Crédit Agricole CIB Finance Luxembourg S.A.	Full	El Luxembourg	Consolidated structured entity	100.0		100.0	
Crédit Agricole CIB Financial Prod. (Guernesey) Ltd.	Full	S3 Guernsey	Consolidated structured entity		99.9		99.9
Crédit Agricole CIB Financial Solutions	Full	France	Consolidated structured entity	99.9	99.9	99.9	99.9
Crédit Agricole CIB Global Banking	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Crédit Agricole CIB Pension Limited Partnership	Full	United Kingdom	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Crédit Agricole CIB Transactions	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Crédit Agricole Leasing (USA) Corp.	Full	United States	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
DGAD International SARL	Full	Luxembourg	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Elipso Finance S.r.l	Equity Accounted	Italy	Structured joint venture	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
ESNI (compartiment Crédit Agricole CIB)	Full	France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Eucalyptus FCT	Full	France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	-	-
FCT CFN DIH	Full	E3 France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0		-	
FIC-FIDC	Full	Brazil	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Financière des Scarabées	Full	Belgium	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	98.7	98.7
Financière Lumis	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Fundo A De Investimento Multimercado	Full	Brazil	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Héphaïstos EUR FCC	Full	France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	_	
Héphaïstos GBP FCT	Full	France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	-	
Héphaïstos Multidevises FCT	Full	France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	-	
Héphaïstos USD FCT	Full	France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	-	
Indosuez Holding SCA II	Full	\$3 Luxembourg	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0		100.0
Indosuez Management Luxembourg II	Full	\$3 Luxembourg	Consolidated structured entity		100.0		100.0
Investor Service House S.A.	Full	Luxembourg	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	69.5	100.0
		-	Consolidated	100.0		07.0	
Island Refinancing SRL	Full	S2 Italy	structured entity Consolidated		100.0		100.0
ItalAsset Finance SRL La Fayette Asset Securitization	Full	Italy	structured entity Consolidated	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
ШС	Full	United States	structured entity Consolidated	100.0	100.0	-	-
La Route Avance	Full	France	structured entity	100.0	100.0	-	<u> </u>
Lafina	Full	Belgium	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	97.7	97.7
LMA SA	Full	France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	-	
Merisma	Full	France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Molinier Finances	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	97.1	97.1
Pacific EUR FCC	Full	France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	-	
Pacific IT FCT	Full	France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	-	<u> </u>
Pacific USD FCT	Full	France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	-	-



Johnson         Data         Data <thdata< th="">         Data         Data         &lt;</thdata<>	Partinvest S.A.	Full	Luxembourg	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	69.5	100.0
Operations 10         11         100         Consistent Structure of the Structure of the St	Placements et réalisations		Loxemboolg					
Sugarticality Sta         Fut         Baye	immobilières (SNC)	Full	France		100.0	100.0	97.4	97.4
SynthCC         Fill         Forces         Inclusionality         1000         1000         1000           Side         A.A         Interest         Subsection         1000         1000         1000         1000           Side         A.A         Interest         Subsection         1000	Sagrantino Italy SRL	Full	Italy		100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Siti         Hat         Proces         Excession         1000         1000         1000         1000           Siti Badjum         Full         Begun         Seastion         1000         1000         1000         1000           Sociableog         Full         Begun         Seastion         944         942         942         942           Soften AV         Full         Begun         Seastory         1000         1000         1000           Soften AV         Full         Begun         Seastory         900         1000         1000           Soften AV         Full         Begun         Seastory         1000         1000         1000         1000           Soften AV         Full         Begun         Seastory         1000         <	Shark FCC	Full	France		100.0	100.0	-	
SiG         Ful         Force         Subday         Hot         Hot           SiG         Ful         Began         Subday         Hot         Hot <td< td=""><td>Sinefinair B.V.</td><td>Full</td><td>E1 Netherlands</td><td>Subsidiary</td><td>100.0</td><td></td><td>100.0</td><td></td></td<>	Sinefinair B.V.	Full	E1 Netherlands	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
NG Regun         Nut         Regun         Stategy         No	SNCI	Full	France	Subsidian	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Socialization         Hul         Region         Satisfy         Hul         P77         P77           Scippon         Hul         Region         Satisfy         936         936         930         930           School SV         Ful         Fill Hellewing)         Satisfy         936         937         937         937           School SV         Ful         Fill Hellewing)         Satisfy         930         930         930         930         930         930         937         930         930         930         930         930         930         930         930         930         930<								
Srippo:         Full         Begin         Scelatory         PS6	SNGI Belgium	Full	Belgium	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Simple IV.         Full         Full         Netherman         Subsidiery         No.0         No.0           ICS         Full         Proce         Subsidiery         No.0         No.0         No.0         No.0           Ingle PEC         Full         Proce         Considiated studented entry         No.0         No.0	Sococlabecq	Full	Belgium	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	97.7	97.7
CB         Full         Prace         Subsidiary         98.7         98.7         97.4         97.4           Hybe PFCC         Full         Prace         Considiated         1000         1000         -         -           SUBAR (OF #CC)         Full         Prace         Structured entry         1000         1000         -         -           SUBAR (OF #CC)         Full         Prace         Structured entry         1000         1000         -         -           SUBAR (OF #CC)         Full         Frace         Structured entry         1000         1000         -         -           Values Multi Devices (CT         Full         Frace         Structured entry         1000         1000         -         -           Values Multi Devices (CT         Full         Frace         Structured entry         1000         1000         -         -           Values MUD FCT         Full         Frace         Structured entry         1000	Sofipac	Full	Belgium	Subsidiary	98.6	98.6	96.0	96.0
Typie PFCC         Full         France         Considerated thruthered entry         1000         1000         .           ISUBAD OFF (FC1)         Full         France         Considerated thruthered entry         1000         1000         .           ISUBAD OFF (FC1)         Full         France         Considerated thruthered entry         1000         1000         .           ISUBAD OFF (FC1)         Full         France         Considerated thruthered entry         1000         1000         .         .           Valcan BUR FC1         Full         France         thruthered entry         1000         1000         .         .           Valcan BUR FC1         Full         France         thruthered entry         1000         1000         .         .           Valcan BUR FC1         Full         France         thruthered entry         1000         1000         .         .           Valcan BUR FC1         Full         France         thruthered entry         1000         1000         .         .           Valcan BUR FC1         Full         France         Parent         1000         1000         1000         1000         1000         1000         1000         1000         1000         1000	Sufinair B.V.	Full	E1 Netherlands	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
Tiple PICC         Full         Prance         Hubber of the state of th	TCB	Full	France	Subsidiary	98.7	98.7	97.4	97.4
JBBALLOFF (FC)         Full         France         attochused entry         100.0         100.0         .           JSBALLOFF (FC)         Full         France         attochused entry         100.0         .         .           JSBALLOFF (FC)         Full         France         attochused entry         100.0         .         .           Vulcain KUIE Devises FCT         Full         France         Consolidated attochused entry         100.0         100.0         .         .           Vulcain KUIE Devises FCT         Full         France         Consolidated attochused entry         100.0         100.0         .         .           OccarDation Contration         Consolidated attochused entry         100.0         100.0         100.0         .         .           Colded Aglicole S.A         Formeri         France         Parent         100.0	Triple P FCC	Full	France		100.0	100.0	-	-
SUBARI ON (PCT)         Full         Prance         Consolidated attributed entity         1000         1000         .           Vacian KUR FCT         Full         Prance         Consolidated attributed entity         1000         1000         .         .           Vacian KUR FCT         Full         Prance         attributed entity         1000         1000         .         .           Vacian KUR FCT         Full         Prance         attributed entity         1000         1000         .         .           Vacian KUR FCT         Full         Prance         attributed entity         1000         1000         .         .           Consolidated attributed entity         1000         1000         1000         1000         .         .           Criedit Agricole S.A.         Perent         Perent         1000<				Consolidated				
Vulcain EUR PCT         Full         France         Consolidated structured entity         1000         1000         .           Vulcain Multi-Berlies FCT         Full         France         Consolidated structured entity         1000         .         .           Vulcain Multi-Berlies FCT         Full         France         Consolidated structured entity         1000         .         .           Vulcain Multi-Berlies FCT         Full         France         Consolidated structured entity         1000         1000         .         .           Vulcain Multi-Berlies FCT         Full         France         Consolidated structured entity         1000         1000         .         .           Vulcain Multi-Berlies FCT         Full         France         Parent         1000         1000         .         .           Coded Agricole S.A.         Parent         France         Parent         1000				Consolidated				
Made in EUR FCT         Full         France         structured entry         100.0         100.0         .           Vulcain Multi Devises FCT         Full         France         considiated structured entry         100.0         100.0         .         .           Vulcain Multi Devises FCT         Full         France         considiated structured entry         100.0         100.0         .         .           Considiated Vulcain Multi Devises FCT         Full         France         Considiated structured entry         100.0         100.0         .         .           Considiated Vulcain Multi Devises FCT         Full         France         Parent         100.0 <td>tsubaki on (FCT)</td> <td>Full</td> <td>France</td> <td></td> <td>100.0</td> <td>100.0</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td>	tsubaki on (FCT)	Full	France		100.0	100.0	-	-
Mulciperiver         Full         France         structured entity         100.0         100.0         .         .           Vulcain USD FC1         Full         France         Consolidated         100.0         100.0         .         .           Coldit Agricole SA.         Executive dentity         100.0 </td <td>Vulcain EUR FCT</td> <td>Full</td> <td>France</td> <td>structured entity</td> <td>100.0</td> <td>100.0</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td>	Vulcain EUR FCT	Full	France	structured entity	100.0	100.0	-	-
Vulcan USD FCT         Full         France         structured entity         100.0         100.0         .         .           COMPORATE CENTRE	Vulcain Multi-Devises FCT	Full	France		100.0	100.0	-	-
Crédit Agricole S.A.         Parent         France         Parent         1000 <th< td=""><td>Vulcain USD FCT</td><td>Full</td><td>France</td><td></td><td>100.0</td><td>100.0</td><td>-</td><td>-</td></th<>	Vulcain USD FCT	Full	France		100.0	100.0	-	-
Crédit Agricole SA.         Parent         France         Parent         10000 <th< td=""><td>CORPORATE CENTRE</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th<>	CORPORATE CENTRE							
Crédit Agricole SA.         Parent         France         Parent         10000 <th< td=""><td>Crédit Aaricole S.A.</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th<>	Crédit Aaricole S.A.							
Juccursole Credit Agricole SA         Full         United Kingdom         France         Branch         100.0					100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Banking and financial institutions           Caisse régionale de Crédit Agricole mutuel de la Corse         Parent         France         Parent         100.0	Creait Agricole S.A.	Parent	France	Parent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Caise régionale de Crédit Agricole mutuel de la Corse       Parent       France       Parent       100.0	Succursale Credit Agricole SA	Full	United Kingdom	France Branch	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Agricole mutuel de la CorseParentFranceParent100.0100.0100.0CL Développement de la CorseParentFranceParent100.0100.0100.0Crédit Agricole Home Loan SFHFullFranceStructured entity100.0100.0100.0FoncarisFullFranceSubsidiary100.0100.0100.0100.0RadianFullFranceSubsidiary100.0100.0100.0100.0RadianFullFranceSubsidiary100.0100.0100.0100.0Investment companiesConsolidated structured entity100.0100.0100.0100.0Crédit Agricole Capital Investissement et FinanceFullFranceSubsidiary100.0100.0100.0DelfinancesFullFranceSubsidiary100.0100.0100.0100.0SA.S. La BoetieFullFranceSubsidiary100.0100.0100.0Sacam DeveloppementFullFranceSubsidiary100.0100.0100.0Sacam DeveloppementFullFranceSubsidiary100.0100.0100.0Sacam FrecaFullFranceSubsidiary100.0100.0100.0Sacam FrecaFullFranceSubsidiary100.0100.0100.0Sacam FrecaFullFranceSubsidiary100.0100.0100.0	Banking and financial institutions							
Crédit Agricole Home Loan SFH         Full         France         Consolidated structured entity         100.0		Parent	France	Parent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Crédit Agricole Home Loan SFHFullFrancestructured entity100.0100.0100.0100.0FoncarisFullFranceSubsidiary100.0100.0100.0100.0100.0RadianFullFranceSubsidiary100.0100.0100.0100.0100.0Investment companiesCrédit Agricole Capital Investisment et FinanceFullFranceSubsidiary100.0100.0100.0100.0DelfinancesFullFranceSubsidiary100.0100.0100.0100.0100.0SAS. La BoetieFullFranceSubsidiary100.0100.0100.0100.0Sacam DeveloppementFullFranceSubsidiary100.0100.0100.0100.0Sacam FirecaFullFranceSubsidiary100.0100.0100.0100.0Sacam FirecaFullFranceSubsidiary100.0100.0100.0100.0	CL Développement de la Corse	Parent	France	Parent	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
FoncarisFullFranceSubsidiary100.0100.0100.0RadianFullFranceConsolidated structured entity100.0100.0100.0Investment companiesCrédit Agricole Capital Investissement et FinanceFullFranceSubsidiary100.0100.0100.0DelfinancesFullFranceSubsidiary100.0100.0100.0100.0S.A.S. La BoetieFullFranceSubsidiary100.0100.0100.0Sacam Assurances CautionsFullFranceSubsidiary100.0100.0100.0Sacam DeveloppementFullFranceSubsidiary100.0100.0100.0Sacam FirecaFullFranceSubsidiary100.0100.0100.0Sacam FirecaFullFranceSubsidiary100.0100.0100.0Sacam FirecaFullFranceSubsidiary100.0100.0100.0Sacam FirecaFullFranceSubsidiary100.0100.0100.0	Crédit Agricole Home Logn SEH	Full	France		100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Radian       Full       France       Consolidated structured entity       100.0       100.0       100.0       100.0         Investment companies         Crédit Agricole Capital Investisement et Finance         (CACIF)       Full       France       Subsidiary       100.0       100.0       100.0         Delfinances       Full       France       Subsidiary       100.0       100.0       100.0       100.0         S.A.S. La Boetie       Full       France       Subsidiary       100.0       100.0       100.0       100.0         Sacam Assurances Cautions       Full       France       Subsidiary       100.0       100.0       100.0         Sacam Fireca       Full       France       Subsidiary       100.0       100.0       100.0								
RadianFullFrancestructured entity100.0100.0100.0100.0Investment companiesCrédit Agricole Capital Investissement et Finance (CACIF)FullFranceSubsidiary100.0100.0100.0100.0DelfinancesFullFranceSubsidiary100.0100.0100.0100.0100.0S.A.S. La BoetieFullFranceSubsidiary100.0100.0100.0100.0Sacam Assurances CautionsFullFranceSubsidiary100.0100.0100.0100.0Sacam DeveloppementFullFranceSubsidiary100.0100.0100.0100.0Sacam FirecaFullFranceSubsidiary100.0100.0100.0100.0	Foncaris	Full	France		100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Crédit Agricole Capital Investissement et Finance (CACIF)       Full       France       Subsidiary       100.0       100.0       100.0       100.0         Delfinances       Full       France       Subsidiary       100.0       100.0       100.0       100.0         S.A.S. La Boetie       Full       France       Subsidiary       100.0       100.0       100.0         Sacam Assurances Cautions       Full       France       Subsidiary       100.0       100.0       100.0         Sacam Developpement       Full       France       Subsidiary       100.0       100.0       100.0         Sacam Fireca       Full       France       Subsidiary       100.0       100.0       100.0	Radian	Full	France	structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Investissement et Finance (CACIF)FullFranceSubsidiary100.0100.0100.0100.0DelfinancesFullFranceSubsidiary100.0100.0100.0100.0100.0S.A.S. La BoetieFullFranceSubsidiary100.0100.0100.0100.0Sacam Assurances CautionsFullFranceSubsidiary100.0100.0100.0100.0Sacam DeveloppementFullFranceSubsidiary100.0100.0100.0100.0Sacam FirecaFullFranceSubsidiary100.0100.0100.0100.0						_		
DelfinancesFullFrancestructured entity100.0100.0100.0S.A.S. La BoetieFullFranceSubsidiary100.0100.0100.0100.0Sacam Assurances CautionsFullFranceSubsidiary100.0100.0100.0100.0Sacam DeveloppementFullFranceSubsidiary100.0100.0100.0100.0Sacam FirecaFullFranceSubsidiary100.0100.0100.0100.0	Investissement et Finance	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
S.A.S. La Boetie       Full       France       Subsidiary       100.0       100.0       100.0       100.0         Sacam Assurances Cautions       Full       France       Subsidiary       100.0       100.0       100.0       100.0         Sacam Developpement       Full       France       Subsidiary       100.0       100.0       100.0         Sacam Fireca       Full       France       Subsidiary       100.0       100.0       100.0	Delfinances	Full	France		100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Sacam Assurances Cautions     Full     France     Subsidiary     100.0     100.0     100.0       Sacam Developpement     Full     France     Subsidiary     100.0     100.0     100.0       Sacam Fireca     Full     France     Subsidiary     100.0     100.0     100.0								
Sacam Developpement     Full     France     Subsidiary     100.0     100.0     100.0       Sacam Fireca     Full     France     Subsidiary     100.0     100.0     100.0								
Sacam Fireca Full France Subsidiary 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	Sacam Assurances Cautions	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Sacam Developpement	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Sacam Immobilier         Full         France         Subsidiary         100.0         100.0         100.0         100.0	Sacam Fireca	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
	Sacam Immobilier	Full	France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0



Sacam International	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Sacam Mutualisation	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Sacam Participations	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Sodica	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Other								
Amundi CA 08/10/2019	Full	E2;S1	France	Consolidated structured entity				
AMUNDI CA 15/01/2020	Full	E2	France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0		100.0	
BFT LCR	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
BFT LCR ACTIONS BETA NEUTRE	Full	\$1	France	Subsidiary		100.0		100.0
		51			100.0		100.0	
BFT LCR NIVEAU 2	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
CA Grands Crus	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Cariou Holding	Full		France	Subsidiary	50.0	50.0	50.0	50.0
CPR EuroGov LCR	Full		France	Subsidiary	89.5	95.9	89.5	91.8
Crédit Agricole - Group Infrastructure Platform	Full	E2	France	Subsidiary	100.0	_	99.7	
Crédit Agricole Agriculture	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Crédit Agricole Immobilier	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Crédit Agricole Payment Services	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Crédit Agricole Public Sector SCF	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Crédit Agricole Régions Développement	Full		France	Subsidiary	75.7	77.3	75.7	77.3
Crédit Agricole Technologies et Services	Full	El	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
DELTA	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
ESNI (compartiment Crédit				Consolidated structured entity				
Agricole S.A.) FCT Crédit Agricole Habitat 2015	Full		France	Consolidated	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Compartiment Corse FCT Crédit Agricole Habitat 2017	Full		France	structured entity Consolidated	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Compartiment Corse FCT Crédit Agricole Habitat 2018	Full		France	structured entity Consolidated	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Compartiment Corse	Full		France	structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
FCT Crédit Agricole Habitat 2019 Compartiment Corse	Full	E2	France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0		100.0	
FIRECA	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Grands Crus Investissements (GCI)	Full	El	France	Subsidiary	52.1	_	52.1	
IDIA	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
IDIA DEVELOPPEMENT	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
IDIA PARTICIPATIONS	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Paymed	Full	E2	France	Subsidiary	70.0		70.0	
Portfolio LCR CREDIT	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	100.0	100.0	99.4	98.6
PORTFOLIO LCR GOV	Full		France	Consolidated structured entity	99.8	99.7	92.7	95.9
				Consolidated				
PORTFOLIO LCR GOV 4A	Full		France	structured entity	100.0	100.0	98.4	100.0



				Consolidated				
S.A.S. Evergreen Montrouge	Full		France	structured entity	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
S.A.S. Sacam Avenir	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Santeffi	Full	E2	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
SCI D2 CAM	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	99.9	100.0	99.9
SCI Quentyvel	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
				Consolidated				
SILCA	Full	S4	France	structured entity		100.0		99.4
SNC Kalliste Assur	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Société d'Epargne Foncière								
Agricole (SEFA)	Full	E1	France	Subsidiary	100.0		100.0	
Uni-medias	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Tourism - property development								
Crédit Agricole Immobilier								
Promotion	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Crédit Agricole Immobilier								
Services	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
SO.GI.CO	Full		France	Subsidiary	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0

### (a) Scope changes

## Inclusions (E) into the scope of consolidation :

- E1 : Breach of threshold
- E2 : Creation
- E3 : Acquisition (including controlling interests)

#### Exclusions (S) from the scope of consolidation :

- S1 : Discontinuation of business (including dissolution and liquidation)
- \$2: Sale to non-Group companies or deconsolidation following loss of control
- S3 : Deconsolidated due to non-materiality
- S4 : Merger or takeover
- S5 : Transfer of all assets and liabilities

### Other (D):

- D1 : Change of company name
- D2 : Change in consolidation method
- D3 : First time listed in the Note on scope of consolidation
- D4: IFRS 5 entities

#### (b) Nature of control

Subsidiary Branch Consolidated structured entity



Joint Venture Structured joint venture Joint operation Associate Structured associate

(1) : UCITS, UL and SCI (non-trading real estate investment company) funds held by the insurance entities

# NOTE 14 Investments in non-consolidated companies and structured entities

# 14.1 Information on subsidiaries

This line item amounted to €14,978 million at 31 December 2019, compared with €13,728 million at 31 December 2018. At 31 December 2019, the main investment in non-consolidated companies where percentage of control is greater than 20% and which have significant value on the balance sheet is Crédit Logement (shares A and B). The Group's investment represents 32.50% of Crédit Logement's capital and amounts to €476 million but does not confer any significant influence over this entity, which is jointly held by various French banks and companies.

## 14.1.1 NON-CONSOLIDATED CONTROLLED ENTITIES

Information relating to conventional entities under exclusive control, under joint control and subject to significant influence, and to controlled structured entities not included in the scope of consolidation are available on the Crédit Agricole Group website at the time of publication of the Universel Registration Document.

# 14.1.2 MATERIAL NON-CONSOLIDATED EQUITY INVESTMENTS

Material equity investments accounting for a fraction of capital greater than or equal to 10% and not included in the scope of consolidation are presented in a table available online on the Crédit Agricole Group website at the time of publication of the Universel Registration Document.

# 14.2 Investments in non-consolidated structured entities

IFRS 12 defines a structured entity as an entity that has been designed so that voting or similar rights are not the dominant factor in deciding who controls the entity, such as when any voting rights relate to the administrative tasks only and the relevant activities are directed by means of contractual arrangements.

## INFORMATION ON THE NATURE AND EXTENT OF INTERESTS HELD

At 31 December 2019, Crédit Agricole Group entities had interests in certain non-consolidated structured entities, the main characteristics of which are presented below on the basis of their type of activity:

#### Securitisation

Crédit Agricole Group, mainly through its subsidiaries in the Large customers business line, is tasked with structuring securitisation vehicles through the purchase of trade or financial receivables. The vehicles fund such purchases by issuing multiple tranches of debt and equity investments, with repayment being linked to the performance of the assets in such vehicles. It invests in and provides liquidity facilities to the securitisation vehicles it has sponsored on behalf of customers.

#### Asset management

Crédit Agricole Group, through its subsidiaries in the Asset gathering business line, structures and manages entities on behalf of customers wishing to invest in specific assets in order to obtain the best possible return having regard to the chosen level of risk. Crédit Agricole S.A. Group entities may thus either be required to hold interests in such entities in order to ensure a successful launch or to guarantee the performance of such structures.

#### Investment funds

Entities in the Crédit Agricole Group Asset gathering business line invest in companies established to meet investor demand in connection with treasury management and with the investment of insurance premiums received from insurance company customers, in accordance with the regulatory provisions in the French Insurance Code. Insurance company investments cover commitments to policyholders over the life of insurance policies.

Their value and returns are correlated to these commitments.



#### Structured finance

Lastly, Crédit Agricole Group, through its subsidiaries in the Large customers business line, is involved in special purpose asset acquisition entities. These entities may take the form of asset financing companies or lease financing companies. In structured entities, the financing is secured by the asset. The Group's involvement is often limited to the financing or to financing commitments.

#### **Sponsored entities**

Crédit Agricole Group sponsors structured entities in the following instances:

- Crédit Agricole Group is involved in establishing the entity and that involvement, which is remunerated, is deemed essential for ensuring the proper completion of transactions;
- Structuring takes place at the request of Crédit Agricole Group and it is the main user thereof;
- Crédit Agricole Group transfers its own assets to the structured entity;
- Crédit Agricole Group is the manager;
- The name of a subsidiary or of the parent company of Crédit Agricole Group is linked to the name of the structured entity or of the financial instruments issued by it.

Gross revenues from sponsored entities mainly comprise interest income and expenses in securitisation and investment funds, in which Crédit Agricole Assurances and Crédit Agricole CIB do not hold any interests at the reporting date. For Crédit Agricole Assurances they amount to €1.4 million and for Crédit Agricole CIB €4 million as at 31 December 2019.

#### INFORMATION ON THE RISKS RELATED TO INTERESTS

#### Financial support for structured entities

In 2019, Crédit Agricole did not provide financial support to any non-consolidated structured entities.

At 31 December 2019, Crédit Agricole did not intend to provide financial support to any non-consolidated structured entities.



#### Investments in non-consolidation companies and structured entities

At 31 December 2019 and 31 December 2018, the Group's implication in non-consolidated structured entities is disclosed in the following tables, for each group of sponsored structured entities that are significant to the Group:

								31/12	/2019							
		Securitise	ation vehicules			Asset n	nanagement			Investr	ments funds 1		Structured finance 1			
			Maximum loss				Maximum loss				Maximum loss				Maximum loss	
(in millions of euros)	Carrying amount	Maximum exposure to losses	Guarantees received and other credit enhancements		Carrying amount	Maximum exposure to losses	Guarantees received and other credit enhancements		Carrying amount	Maximum exposure to losses	Guarantees received and other credit enhancements	Net exposure	Carrying amount	Maximum exposure to losses	Guarantees received and other credit enhancements	Ne <sup>:</sup> exposure
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	8	8		8	1,898	1,898		1,898	53,897	53,897	- -	50,547	20	20		20
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	163	163	-	1	-	-	-	-
Financial assets at amortised cost	2,351	2,351	-	2,351			-	-		-	-	-	2,261	2,261	-	226
Total Assets recognised relating to non- consolidated structured entities	2,360	2,360	-	2,360	1,898	1,898	-	1,898	54,060	54,060	-	50,548	2,281	2,281	_	2,281
Equity instruments	_			_	-		_			_	_					_
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss				-	1,010	1,010		1,010			-					
Liabilities	128		-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	492	-	-	-
Total Liabilities recognised relating to non- consolidated structured entities	128	-	-		1,010	1,010	-	1,010		-	-		492	-	-	-
Commitments given	-	1,608	-	1,608	-	20,311	-	20,336	-	-	-	_	-	1,380		1 380
Financing commitments	-	1,551	-	1,551	-	-	-		-			-	-	1,216		1 216
Guarantee commitments	-	-	-		-	20,336	-	20,336	-	-		-	-	164	-	164
Others	-	57	-	57	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Provisions for execution risks - commitments given	-	-	-	-	-	(25)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
otal Commitments (net of provision) to non- consolidated structured entities	_	1,608		1,608		20,311		20,336						1,380		1 380
Total Balance sheet relating to non-consolidated structured entities	2,232	.,		.,	76,800	20,011		20,000	347,204				2,262	.,		

<sup>1</sup> Non-sponsored structured entities generate no specific risk related to the nature of the entity. Information concerning these exposures is set out in Note 3.1 "Credit risk" and Note "3.2 "Market risk". These are investment funds in which the Group is not a manager, and structured financing entities in which the Group has only granted a loan.



	31/12/2018															
	Securitisation vehicules				Asset management				Investments funds 1				Structured finance 1			
(in millions of euros)	Carrying amount	Maximum loss				Maximum loss				Maximum loss				Maximum loss		
		Maximum exposure to losses	Guarantees received and other credit enhancements		Carrying amount	Maximum exposure to losses	Guarantees received and other credit enhancements		Carrying amount	Maximum exposure to losses	Guarantees received and other credit enhancements		Carrying amount	Maximum exposure to losses	Guarantees received and other credit enhancements	Net
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	66	66		66	2,101	2,101		2,101	42,468	42,467		38,567	35	35		35
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	481	481	-	26	12	12	-	12
Financial assets at amortised cost	16,537	16,540	152	16,388									2,346	2,346		2,346
Total Assets recognised relating to non- consolidated structured entities	16,603	16,606	152	16,454	2,101	2,101		2.101	42,950	42.949		38,593	2,393	2,393		2,393
Equity instruments																
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	43			43	833	833		833	1,055	15		15	4	-	-	4
Liabilities	173	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	569	-	-	-
Total Liabilities recognised relating to non- consolidated structured entities	215	-	-	43	833	833	-	833	1,055	15	-	15	573	-		4
Commitments given	-	5,484	-	5,484	-	20,098	302	19,827	_	1,920	-	1,920	-	1,445	-	1,445
Financing commitments	-	5,387	-	5,387	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,258	-	1,258
Guarantee commitments	-	-	-	-	-	20,129	302	19,827	-	-	-	-	-	187	-	187
Other	-	97	-	97		-	-		-	1,920	-	1,920	-	-	-	-
Provisions for execution risks - commitments given		-	-	-	-	(31)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Commitments (net of provision) to non- consolidated structured entities		5,484		5,484		20,098	302	19,827		1,920		1,920		1,445		1,445
Total Balance sheet relating to non-consolidated structured entities	16,423	-			94,702	-			323,224	_			2,349	-		

<sup>1</sup> Non-sponsored structured entities generate no specific risk related to the nature of the entity. Information concerning these exposures is set out in Note 3.1 "Credit risk" and Note " 3.2 "Market risk". These are investment funds in which the Group is not a manager, and structured financing entities in which the Group has only granted a loan.



#### MAXIMUM EXPOSURE TO LOSS RISK

The maximum exposure to loss risk on financial instruments corresponds to the value recognised on the balance sheet, with the exception of option sale derivatives and credit default swaps for which the exposure corresponds to assets for the notional amount and to liabilities for the notional amount less the mark-to-market. The maximum exposure to loss risk on commitments given corresponds to the notional amount and the provision for commitments given in the amount recognised on the balance sheet.



# NOTE 15 Events subsequent to 31 December 2019

## 15.1 Unwinding of 35% of the "Switch" guarantee mechanism

On 2 March 2020, Crédit Agricole S.A. will unwind 35% of the "Switch" guarantee mechanism implemented between the Regional Banks and Crédit Agricole S.A., less than a year after the disclosure of its Medium-Term Plan. The unwinding is subject to an audit of the equity-accounted value of insurance as at 31 December 2019.

The "Switch" guarantee mechanism represents a transfer to the Regional Banks of a share of the regulatory requirements that apply to Crédit Agricole S.A. for its insurance activities in return for a fixed remuneration from the Regional Banks.

The partial unwinding of this intragroup transaction is a new step towards the simplification of the solvency structure of Crédit Agricole S.A. It strengthens the net income generation capacity of Crédit Agricole S.A. with an accretive impact on the net income Group share of roughly 70 million euros on a full-year basis.

The impact of this transaction on the CET1 ratio of Crédit Agricole S.A. will be approximately -40 basis points from 31 March 2020. Crédit Agricole S.A. confirms its 11% CET1 target set out in the Medium Term Plan for Crédit Agricole S.A., a level that compares favourably with the 8.7% SREP requirement. Crédit Agricole S.A, as the central body of Crédit Agricole Group, also benefits fully from the legal internal financial solidarity mechanism.

This transaction will have no impact on the results nor on the solvency ratios of Crédit Agricole Group.

# 15.2 Acquisition of Sabadell Asset Management by Amundi

On 21 January 2020, Amundi and Banco Sabadell announced the signing of a final agreement regarding Amundi's acquisition of Sabadell Asset Management, Banco Sabadell's asset management subsidiary, for a cash purchase price of €430 million, which could be supplemented by an earn out of up to €30 million payable in 2024.

On the same date, Amundi and Banco Sabadell announced the signing of a 10-year strategic partnership for the distribution of asset management products in the Banco Sabadell network in Spain.

Given the fact that the agreement includes conditions precedent, it is expected that this transaction, which is subject to the approval of the regulators, will be concluded during Q3 2020.

# 15.3 Cheque Image Exchange dispute

In its judgment of 21 December 2017, the Paris Court of Appeal upheld the decision of the French Competition Authority (ADLC), which in 2010 had fined the major French banks for colluding to fix the price and terms of clearing cheques. Following this judgment, the fine for the Crédit Agricole Group was €97.5 million, of which €59.2 million was recognised for Crédit Agricole S.A. and LCL in revenues in financial year 2017.

Just as the other banks party to this procedure, the Crédit Agricole Group has filed an appeal with France's Supreme Court (Cour de cassation).

The decision of the Supreme Court of 29 January 2020 rejected the decision of the Paris Court of Appeal. The Supreme Court also referred the dispute back to the Paris Court of Appeal, in a different composition.

This decision has no accounting consequences for financial year 2019.