

# COMMERZBANK AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT

Frankfurt am Main

## Final Terms

dated 20 June 2014

relating to

## Unlimited TURBO Warrants relating to the West Texas Intermediate (WTI) Light Sweet Crude Oil Futures Contract

to be publicly offered in the French Republic  
and to be admitted to trading on Euronext Paris S.A.

with respect to the

## Base Prospectus

dated 14 May 2014

relating to

## TURBO Warrants and Unlimited TURBO Warrants

COMMERZBANK 

## INTRODUCTION

These Final Terms have been prepared for the purpose of Article 5 (4) of Directive 2003/71/EC (the Prospectus Directive") as amended (which includes the amendments made by Directive 2010/73/EU (the "2010 PD Amending Directive") to the extent that such amendments have been implemented in a relevant Member State of the European Economic Area), as implemented by the relevant provisions of the EU member states, in connection with Regulation 809/2004 of the European Commission and must be read in conjunction with the base prospectus relating to TURBO Warrants and Unlimited TURBO Warrants dated 14 May 2014 (the "Base Prospectus") and any supplements thereto.

The Base Prospectus and any supplements thereto are published in accordance with Article 14 of Directive 2003/71/EC in electronic form on the website of COMMERZBANK Aktiengesellschaft at [www.warrants.commerzbank.com](http://www.warrants.commerzbank.com). Hardcopies of these documents may be requested free of charge from the Issuer's head office (Kaiserstraße 16 (Kaiserplatz), 60311 Frankfurt am Main, Federal Republic of Germany).

In order to obtain all information necessary to the assessment of the Warrants both the Base Prospectus and these Final Terms must be read in conjunction.

The options marked in the following sections of the Base Prospectus shall apply:

<b>Applicable Special Risks:</b>	<p>In particular the following risk factors (2. "Special Risks") which are mentioned in the Base Prospectus are applicable:</p> <p>2.3 Dependency of the redemption on the performance of the Underlying / Knock-out Event (Unlimited TURBO Warrants (CALL)) - <u>Variant 1</u>: Classic</p> <p>2.4 Dependency of the redemption on the performance of the Underlying / Knock-out Event (Unlimited TURBO Warrants (PUT)) - <u>Variant 1</u>: Classic</p> <p>2.5 Leverage effect / Risk of disproportionate high losses</p> <p>2.9 Ordinary adjustment of the Strike in case of Unlimited TURBO Warrants (CALL) relating to Futures Contracts</p> <p>2.10 Ordinary adjustment of the Strike in case of Unlimited TURBO Warrants (PUT) relating to Futures Contracts</p> <p>2.13 Ordinary adjustment of the Knock-out Barrier in case of Unlimited TURBO Warrants (classic)</p> <p>2.14 Extraordinary adjustments and extraordinary termination right of the Issuer in case of Unlimited TURBO Warrants - <u>Variant 1</u>: Classic</p> <p>2.16 "Unlimited" Warrants; exercise requirement (Bermudan exercise); sale of the Warrants</p> <p>2.17 Continuous price of the Underlying and price of the Underlying on the Valuation Date</p> <p>2.18 Currency risks</p> <p>2.23 Underlying Futures Contract</p> <p>2.23.1. Futures Contracts on commodities</p>
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**Applicable  
Functionality:**

The following parts of the Functionality of the Warrants which are mentioned in the Base Prospectus are applicable:

C. Unlimited TURBO Warrants (CALL) - Variant 1: Classic

D. Unlimited TURBO Warrants (PUT) - Variant 1: Classic

**Applicable  
Terms and Conditions:**

Terms and Conditions for Unlimited TURBO Warrants

**The summary applicable for this issue of Warrants is annexed to these Final Terms.**

## **TERMS AND CONDITIONS**

### **§ 1 FORM**

1. The Unlimited TURBO Warrants (the "**Warrants**") of each series issued by Commerzbank Aktiengesellschaft, Frankfurt am Main, Federal Republic of Germany (the "**Issuer**") will be issued in bearer dematerialised form (*dématérialisation*). Title to the Warrants will be evidenced by book entries (*inscription en compte*) in accordance with the provisions of the French Monetary and Financial Code relating to Holding of Securities (currently, Articles L. 211-3 et seq. and R. 211-1 et seq. of the French Monetary and Financial Code). No physical document of title (including *certificats représentatifs* pursuant to Article R. 211-7 of the French Monetary and Financial Code) will be issued in respect of the Warrants.
2. Transfers of the Warrants and other registration measures shall be made in accordance with the French Monetary and Financial Code, the regulations, rules and operating procedures applicable to and/or issued by Euroclear France S.A., rue Réaumur 115, 75002 Paris, French Republic (the "**Clearing System**"; the "**Clearing Rules**").
3. The term "**Warrantholder**" in these Terms and Conditions refers to any person holding warrants through a financial intermediary entitled to hold accounts with the Clearing System on behalf of its customers (the "**Warrant Account Holder**") or, in the case of a Warrant Account Holder acting for its own account, such Warrant Account Holder.

### **§ 2 DEFINITIONS**

For the purposes of these Terms and Conditions, the following definitions shall apply subject to an adjustment in accordance with these Terms and Conditions:

The "**Adjustment Amount**" shall change monthly on each Adjustment Day and shall then be applicable for the duration of the Adjustment Period beginning on such Adjustment Day. It shall be equal to the Strike on the Adjustment Day occurring within the relevant Adjustment Period, multiplied by the Adjustment Percentage valid during such Adjustment Period. With regard to the first Adjustment Period, the Strike on the Launch Date shall be used for the below mentioned calculations.

The "**Adjustment Day**" means the first calendar day in each month.

The "**Adjustment Percentage**" applicable during an Adjustment Period shall be the Risk Premium applicable during the relevant Adjustment Period divided by 365. The Adjustment Percentage (p.a.) for the first Adjustment Period shall be the percentage as set out in the Table of Product Details. "**Risk Premium**" means a percentage determined on an Adjustment Day for the Adjustment Period beginning on such Adjustment Day, which indicate the price of the risks taken over by the Issuer. The determination will be made by the Issuer in its reasonable discretion (*billiges Ermessen*, § 315 German Civil Code (*BGB*)). The Risk Premium for the first Adjustment Period shall be the percentage as set out in the Table of Product Details.

The respective Risk Premium for subsequent Adjustment Periods shall be published on the Issuer's website at [www.warrants.commerzbank.com](http://www.warrants.commerzbank.com).

The "**Adjustment Period**" means the period of time commencing on the Launch Date until the first Adjustment Day (exclusive) and each subsequent period of time commencing on an Adjustment Day (inclusive) until the next following Adjustment Day (exclusive).

"**Business Day**" means a day on which the Futures Exchange is open for trading during its respective regular trading sessions, notwithstanding the Futures Exchange closing prior to its scheduled

weekday closing time. Any trading or trading activities after or before the regular trading sessions on the Futures Exchange will not be taken into account.

**"Futures Exchange"** means the CME Group (including the CME Globex electronic trading platform) or its successor.

In case that the Relevant Futures Contract is not longer traded on the CME Group the Futures Exchange shall be such other futures exchange as determined by the Issuer in its reasonable discretion (*billiges Ermessen*, § 315 German Civil Code (*BGB*)). The determination of another Futures Exchange shall be published according to § 12.

**"Market Disruption Event"** means the occurrence or existence of any suspension of or limitation imposed on trading in the Relevant Futures Contract on the Futures Exchange, provided that any such suspension or limitation is material or the non-determination and/or non-publication of the Reference Price by the Futures Exchange. The decision whether a suspension or limitation is material will be made by the Issuer in its reasonable discretion (*billiges Ermessen*, § 315 German Civil Code (*BGB*)). The occurrence of a Market Disruption Event shall be published in accordance with § 12.

A limitation regarding the office hours or the number of days of trading will not constitute a Market Disruption Event if it results from an announced change in the regular business hours of the relevant exchange. A limitation on trading imposed during the course of a day by reason of movements in price exceeding permitted limits (especially "limit-up"/"limit-down" rule) shall only be deemed to be a Market Disruption Event in the case that such limitation is still prevailing at the time of termination of the trading hours on such date.

**"Minimum Exercise Number of Warrants"** is 1 (one) Warrant.

**"Payment Business Day"** means a day on which the Trans-European Automated Real-Time Gross Settlement Express Transfer System (TARGET) and the Clearing System settle payments in EUR.

**"Reference Price"** means the settlement price of the Relevant Futures Contract as determined and published by the Futures Exchange on any day on which the Futures Exchange is usually open for trading.

**"Relevant Conversion Rate"** means the price of EUR 1.00 in USD, as actually traded on the *international interbank spot market* on the Valuation Date at such point of time at which the Reference Price of the Underlying is determined and published.

The **"Strike"** shall change on each calendar day between the Launch Date and the relevant Valuation Date. The Strike on a calendar day ("**T**") shall correspond to the Strike on the preceding calendar day ("**T-1**"), plus the Adjustment Amount applicable on T-1. On each Adjustment Date the Strike will be equal to the Strike of the previous calendar day plus the Adjustment Amount being recalculated on such Adjustment Date.

The Strike on the Launch Date shall correspond to the strike as set out in the Table of Product Details.

The respective Strike shall in each case be published on the Issuer's website at [www.warrants.commerzbank.com](http://www.warrants.commerzbank.com).

**"Table of Product Details"** means the table attached to these Terms and Conditions which contains the definitions in relation to each series of Warrants.

**"Underlying"** or **"Relevant Futures Contract"** means the West Texas Intermediate (WTI) Light Sweet Crude Oil Futures Contract (Reuters page CLQ4) on the Futures Exchange with delivery month of August 2014 (Expiry Date: 22 July 2014).

On a Business Day to be determined by the Issuer in its reasonable discretion (*billiges Ermessen*, § 315 German Civil Code (*BGB*)) by taking into account the prevailing market conditions, which must be one of the 40 Business Days preceding the last trading day of the Relevant Futures Contract (the "**Futures Roll-over Date**"), such Relevant Futures Contract shall cease to be the underlying of the Warrants and shall be replaced by one of the six next expiring futures contracts on the Futures Exchange with a residual life of at least one month, which, from that point onwards, shall be used as the Relevant Futures Contract for the valuation of the Warrants (the "**Futures Roll-over Event**"). The determination of the new Relevant Futures Contract is made mainly on the basis of the liquidity on the Futures Exchange (measured by the open interest).

In the case of a Futures Roll-over Event the Strike and the Knock-out Barrier shall be adjusted with effect as of the Futures Roll-over Date based on the following formula (the "**Futures Roll-over Adjustment**"):

$A = B - (C - D) + \text{Roll-over Costs and} - \text{Roll-over Proceeds}$ , respectively  
(in the case of Type Call)

or

$A = B - (C - D) - \text{Roll-over Costs and} + \text{Roll-over Proceeds}$ , respectively  
(in the case of Type Put)

where

A = the adjusted Strike or the adjusted Knock-out Barrier, respectively

B = the Strike or the Knock-out Barrier, respectively applicable on the day preceding the Futures Roll-over Date

C = the Roll-over Reference Price of the previous Relevant Futures Contract on the Futures Roll-over Date

D = the Roll-over Reference Price of the new Relevant Futures Contract on the Futures Roll-over Date

Roll-Over Costs = the negative difference between the purchase price of the expiring Relevant Futures Contract and the sales price of the next expiring Relevant Futures Contract.

Roll-Over Proceeds = the positive difference between the purchase price of the expiring Relevant Futures Contract and the sales price of the next expiring Relevant Futures Contract.

"**Roll-over Reference Price**" is the price of the current Relevant Futures Contract on the relevant Roll-over Date that is determined based on the prices traded and published on the Futures Exchange on the relevant Roll-over Date. The Issuer shall determine the Roll-over Reference Price in its reasonable discretion (*billiges Ermessen*, § 315 German Civil Code (*BGB*)).

"**Valuation Date**" means the Exercise Date.

If on the Valuation Date there is no Reference Price or if on the Valuation Date a Market Disruption Event occurs, the Valuation Date shall be postponed to the next following Business Day on which there is a Reference Price again and on which a Market Disruption Event does not occur.

If, according to the before-mentioned, the Valuation Date is postponed for three consecutive Business Days specified in the applicable Final Terms, and if also on such day there is no Reference Price or a Market Disruption Event occurs on such day, then this day shall be deemed to be the Valuation Date and the Issuer shall estimate the Reference Price of the

Relevant Futures Contract in its reasonable discretion (*billiges Ermessen*, § 315 German Civil Code (*BGB*)), and in consideration of the prevailing market conditions on such day and make a notification thereof in accordance with § 12.

### § 3 OPTION RIGHT

1. The Warrants grant to the Warrantholder the right (the "**Option Right**") to receive from the Issuer the payment of an amount "**CA**" (the "**Cash Amount**") per Warrant in Euro ("**EUR**") (rounded, if necessary, to the next full EUR 0.01 (EUR 0.005 will be rounded up)) as determined in accordance with the following formula:

$$CA = (\text{Underlying}_{\text{final}} - \text{Strike}) \times \text{Ratio} \times 1/\text{FX} \quad (\text{in case of Type CALL})$$

or

$$CA = (\text{Strike} - \text{Underlying}_{\text{final}}) \times \text{Ratio} \times 1/\text{FX} \quad (\text{in case of Type PUT})$$

where

Underlying<sub>final</sub> = the Reference Price of the Underlying on the Valuation Date expressed in U.S. Dollar ("**USD**")

Strike = the Strike applicable on the Valuation Date

Ratio = 0.10

FX = the Relevant Conversion Rate

Type = the type as set out in the Table of Product Details

2. If at any time at or after the Launch Date a price of the of the Relevant Futures Contract as determined and published by the Futures Exchange is at least once equal to or below (in case of Type CALL) or equal to or above (in case of Type PUT) the Knock-out Barrier (the "**Knock-out Event**"), the Option Right pursuant to paragraph 1 shall expire.

The "**Knock-out Barrier**" for the first Adjustment Period shall correspond to the knock-out barrier as set out in the Table of Product Details. For each additional Adjustment Period, the Knock-out Barrier shall be newly determined on the Adjustment Day falling within the relevant Adjustment Period. The Issuer will determine it in its reasonable discretion (*billiges Ermessen*, § 315 German Civil Code (*BGB*)) by taking into account the relevant prevailing market conditions (in particular, the volatility). The respective Knock-out Barrier shall in each case be published on the Issuer's website at [www.warrants.commerzbank.com](http://www.warrants.commerzbank.com).

If a Knock-out Event occurs, the Cash Amount determined in the reasonable discretion of the Issuer (*billiges Ermessen*, § 315 German Civil Code (*BGB*)) may be zero. The Cash Amount will be published on the Issuer's website at [www.warrants.commerzbank.com](http://www.warrants.commerzbank.com).

In that case, the Issuer shall pay the Cash Amount to the Warrantholders not later than on the fifth Payment Business Day following the day on which the Knock-out Event occurred.

3. In order to validly exercise the Option Right with respect to an Exercise Date the Warrantholder is obliged to instruct the account holding bank to
  - (a) deliver a written exercise notice (the "**Exercise Notice**") via the account holding bank to the Paying Agent in the form available at the Paying Agent or by providing all information and statements requested therein;

- (b) deliver the Warrants via the account holding bank by crediting the Warrants to the account of the Paying Agent with the Clearing System.

On the Exercise Date at or prior to 10.00 am (Frankfurt time) (i) the Exercise Notice has to be received by the Paying Agent and (ii) the Warrants have to be booked at the account of the Paying Agent with the Clearing System.

4. Option Rights can only be exercised for the Minimum Exercise Number of Warrants set out in paragraph 2 or for an integral multiple thereof.

Any exercise of less than the Minimum Exercise Number of Warrants shall be void. Any exercise of more than the Minimum Exercise Number of Warrants that is not an integral multiple thereof, shall be deemed to be an exercise of the next smaller number of Warrants which is the minimum number or an integral multiple thereof. Warrants exceeding the Minimum Exercise Number of Warrants or an integral multiple thereof shall be re-transferred for the cost and the risk of the Warrantholder to the account holding bank.

5. The Exercise Notice shall be binding and irrevocable.
6. After the valid exercise of the Option Right, the Issuer shall pay the Cash Amount to the Warrantholders not later than on the fifth Payment Business Day following the Valuation Date.

#### **§ 4 ORDINARY TERMINATION BY THE ISSUER**

1. The Issuer shall be entitled, in each case with effect as of the last Payment Business Day of each month, for the first time with effect as of 31 July 2014 (each an "**Ordinary Termination Date**"), to ordinarily terminate the Warrants in whole but not in part ("**Ordinary Termination**").
2. Any such Ordinary Termination must be announced at least 28 days prior to the Ordinary Termination Date in accordance with § 12. Such announcement shall be irrevocable and must state the Ordinary Termination Date.
3. In the case of an Ordinary Termination of the Warrants each Warrantholder shall receive a payment per Warrant as determined in accordance with the provisions of § 3 paragraph 1 and paragraph 6. In this respect, the Ordinary Termination Date shall in all respects supersede the Exercise Date.
4. Any amounts that are payable pursuant to these Terms and Conditions in the case of Ordinary Termination shall be paid to the Paying Agent for transfer to the Clearing System or pursuant to the Clearing System's instruction for credit to the relevant accountholders. Payment to the Clearing System or pursuant to the Clearing System's instruction shall release the Issuer from its payment obligations under the Warrants in the amount of such payment.

The right of the Warrantholders to request redemption of the Warrants with effect as of the Exercise Dates preceding the relevant Ordinary Termination Date shall not be affected by such Ordinary Termination by the Issuer in accordance with this § 4.

#### **§ 5 PAYMENTS**

1. All amounts payable pursuant to these Terms and Conditions shall be paid to the Paying Agent for transfer to the Clearing System or pursuant to the Clearing System's instruction for credit to the relevant accountholders on the dates stated in these Terms and Conditions. Payment to the Clearing System or pursuant to the Clearing System's instruction shall release the Issuer from its payment obligations under the Warrants in the amount of such payment.



2. If any payment with respect to a Warrant is to be effected on a day other than a Payment Business Day, payment shall be effected on the next following Payment Business Day. In this case, the relevant Warrantholder shall neither be entitled to any payment claim nor to any interest claim or other compensation with respect to such delay.
3. All payments are subject in all cases to any applicable fiscal or other laws, regulations and directives.

**§ 6**  
**EXTRAORDINARY ADJUSTMENTS;**  
**EXTRAORDINARY TERMINATION RIGHT OF THE ISSUER**

1. If an Extraordinary Event (as defined below) has a material effect on the price of the Relevant Futures Contract, the Issuer will make adjustments to the Terms and Conditions taking into consideration the provisions set forth hereinafter. The Issuer may instead of such adjustment optionally terminate (pursuant to its reasonable discretion (*billiges Ermessen*, § 315 German Civil Code (*BGB*))) the Warrants prematurely with respect to a Business Day (the "**Extraordinary Termination Date**") taking into consideration the provisions set forth hereinafter with a prior notice of seven Payment Business Days in accordance with § 12. Any termination of the Warrants in part shall be excluded.
  - (a) Adjustments to the Terms and Conditions shall correspond to the adjustments to the Relevant Futures Contract made by the Futures Exchange. In the event of any doubts regarding the application of the adjustment rules of the Futures Exchange, the Issuer shall decide in its reasonable discretion (*billiges Ermessen*, § 315 German Civil Code (*BGB*)). The adjustments made by the Issuer may deviate from those made by the Futures Exchange in cases where the adjustments made by the Futures Exchange would only lead to a minor adjustment of the Terms and Conditions, as well as in cases when and where such deviation is necessary in the reasonable discretion of the Issuer (*billiges Ermessen*, § 315 German Civil Code (*BGB*)) to compensate for the economic effect of the relevant Extraordinary Event on the price of the Relevant Futures Contract.

Such adjustments may also result in the Relevant Futures Contract being replaced by other futures contracts and/or another exchange being determined as the Futures Exchange.

Adjustments and determinations take effect as from the date determined by the Issuer in its reasonable discretion (*billiges Ermessen*, § 315 German Civil Code (*BGB*)), provided that (if the Issuer takes into consideration the manner in which adjustments are made by the Futures Exchange) the Issuer shall take into consideration the date at which such adjustments take effect at the Futures Exchange.

Adjustments and determinations as well as the effective date shall be notified by the Issuer in accordance with § 12.

Any adjustment in accordance with this § 6 paragraph 1 does not exclude a later termination in accordance with this paragraph on the basis of the same event.

- (b) If the Warrants are called for redemption due to the occurrence of an Extraordinary Event, they shall be redeemed at the extraordinary termination amount per Warrant (the "**Extraordinary Termination Amount**") which shall be calculated by the Issuer in its reasonable discretion (*billiges Ermessen*, § 315 German Civil Code (*BGB*)) by taking into account prevailing market conditions and any proceeds realised by the Issuer in connection with transactions concluded by it in its reasonable discretion (*billiges Ermessen*, § 315 German Civil Code (*BGB*)) for hedging measures in relation to the assumption and fulfilment of its obligations under the Warrants (the "**Hedging Transactions**"). Expenses for transactions that were required for winding up the Hedging Transactions will be taken into account as deductible items.

The Issuer shall pay the Extraordinary Termination Amount to the Warrantholder not later than on the tenth Payment Business Day following the Extraordinary Termination Date.

2. **"Extraordinary Event"** means:
- (a) an adjustment of the Relevant Futures Contract on the Futures Exchange and/or the announcement of such an adjustment;
  - (b) the suspension of trading or the early settlement of the Relevant Futures Contract on the Futures Exchange and/or the announcement of such an event;
  - (c) a material change regarding the concept of the Relevant Futures Contract or regarding the Contract Specifications on which the Relevant Futures Contract is based;
  - (d) the introduction, revocation or amendment of a tax levied on the commodity underlying the Relevant Futures Contract, provided that this affects the price of the Relevant Futures Contract and provided that such introduction, revocation or amendment occurs after the Launch Date;
  - (e) the Issuer and/or its affiliates (in the meaning of § 1 paragraph 7 German Banking Act (KWG), § 290 paragraph 2 German Commercial Law (HGB)) are, even following economically reasonable efforts, not in the position (i) to enter, re-enter, replace, maintain, liquidate, acquire or dispose of any transactions or investments that the Issuer considers necessary to hedge its risks resulting from the assumption and performance of its obligations under the Warrants or (ii) to realize, regain or transfer the proceeds resulting from such transactions or investments; or
  - (f) any other event being economically equivalent to the before-mentioned events with regard to their effects.

## § 7

### FUTHER ISSUES OF WARRANTS, REPURCHASE OF WARRANTS

1. The Issuer reserves the right to issue from time to time without the consent of the Warrantholders additional tranches of Warrants with substantially identical terms, so that the same shall be consolidated to form a single series and increase the total volume of the Warrants. The term "**Warrants**" shall, in the event of such consolidation, also comprise such additionally issued warrants.
2. The Issuer may at any time purchase **Warrants** in the market or otherwise. **Warrants** repurchased by or on behalf of the Issuer may be held by the Issuer, re-issued, resold or surrendered to the Paying Agent for cancellation.

## § 8

### TAXES

All present and future taxes, fees or other duties in connection with the Warrants shall be borne and paid by the Warrantholders. The Issuer is entitled to withhold from payments to be made under the Warrants any taxes, fees and/or duties payable by the Warrantholder in accordance with the previous sentence.

**§ 9  
STATUS**

The obligations under the Warrants constitute direct, unconditional and unsecured (*nicht dinglich besichert*) obligations of the Issuer and rank at least *pari passu* with all other unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of the Issuer (save for such exceptions as may exist from time to time under applicable law).

**§ 10  
PAYING AGENT**

1. BNP Paribas Securities Services, a société en commandite par actions incorporated under the laws of France, registered with the Registre du commerce et des sociétés of Paris under number 552 108 011, the registered office of which is located at 3, rue d'Antin, 75002 Paris, France, acting through its office located at Les Grands Moulins de Pantin, 9 rue du Débarcadère, 93500 Pantin, France, shall be the paying agent (the "**Paying Agent**").
2. The Issuer shall be entitled at any time to appoint another bank of international standing as Paying Agent. Such appointment and the effective date shall be notified in accordance with § 12.
3. The Paying Agent is hereby granted exemption from the restrictions of § 181 German Civil Code (*BGB*) and any similar restrictions of the applicable laws of any other country.

**§ 11  
SUBSTITUTION OF THE ISSUER**

1. Any other company may assume at any time during the life of the Warrants, subject to paragraph 2, without the Warrantholders' consent all the obligations of the Issuer under and in connection with the Warrants. Any such substitution and the effective date shall be notified by the Issuer in accordance with § 11.

Upon any such substitution, such substitute company (hereinafter called the "**New Issuer**") shall succeed to, and be substituted for, and may exercise every right and power of, the Issuer under the Warrants with the same effect as if the New Issuer had been named as the Issuer in these Terms and Conditions; the Issuer (and, in the case of a repeated application of this § 11, each previous New Issuer) shall be released from its obligations hereunder and from its liability as obligor under the Warrants.

In the event of such substitution, any reference in these Terms and Conditions to the Issuer shall from then on be deemed to refer to the New Issuer.

2. No such assumption shall be permitted unless
  - (a) the New Issuer has agreed to assume all obligations of the Issuer under the Warrants;
  - (b) the New Issuer has agreed to indemnify and hold harmless each Warrantholder against any tax, duty, assessment or governmental charge imposed on such Warrantholder in respect of such substitution;
  - (c) the Issuer (in this capacity referred to as the "**Guarantor**") has unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed to the Warrantholders compliance by the New Issuer with all obligations under the Warrants;
  - (d) the New Issuer and the Guarantor have obtained all governmental authorisations, approvals, consents and permissions necessary in the jurisdictions in which the Guarantor and/or the New Issuer are domiciled or the country under the laws of which they are organised.

3. Upon any substitution of the Issuer for a New Issuer, this § 11 shall apply again.

## § 12 NOTICES

Notices relating to the Warrants shall be published in the Federal Gazette (*Bundesanzeiger*) and shall be deemed to be effective upon such publication unless such publication gives another effective date.

If the Warrants are offered to the public, notices relating to the Warrants shall in addition be published on the website *www.warrants.commerzbank.com* (or on another website notified at least six weeks in advance by the Issuer in accordance with this § 12). If applicable law or regulations of the stock exchange on which the Warrants are listed require a notification in another manner, notices shall also be given in the manner so required.

## § 13 LIMITATION OF LIABILITY; PRESENTATION PERIODS PRESCRIPTION

1. The Issuer shall be held responsible for acting or failing to act in connection with Warrants only if, and insofar as, it either breaches material obligations under or in connection with the Terms and Conditions negligently or wilfully or breaches other obligations with gross negligence or wilfully. The same applies to the Paying Agent.
2. The period for presentation of the Warrants (§ 801 paragraph 1, sentence 1 German Civil Code (*BGB*)) shall be ten years and the period of limitation for claims under the Warrants presented during the period for presentation shall be two years calculated from the expiry of the relevant presentation period.

## § 14 FINAL CLAUSES

1. The Warrants and the rights and duties of the Warrantheolders, the Issuer, the Paying Agent and the Guarantor (if any) shall in all respects be governed by the laws of the Federal Republic of Germany except § 1 which shall be governed by the laws of the French Republic.
2. In the event of manifest typing or calculation errors or similar manifest errors in the Terms and Conditions, the Issuer shall be entitled to declare rescission (*Anfechtung*) to the Warrantheolders. The declaration of rescission shall be made without undue delay upon becoming aware of any such ground for rescission (*Anfechtungsgrund*) and in accordance with § 12. Following such rescission by the Issuer, the Warrantheolders may instruct the account holding bank to submit a duly completed redemption notice to the Paying Agent, either by filling in the relevant form available from the Paying Agent or by otherwise stating all information and declarations required on the form (the "**Rescission Redemption Notice**"), and to request repayment of the Issue Price against transfer of the Warrants to the account of the Paying Agent with the Clearing System. The Issuer shall make available the Issue Price to the Paying Agent within 30 calendar days following receipt of the Rescission Redemption Notice and of the Warrants by the Paying Agent, whichever receipt is later, whereupon the Paying Agent shall transfer the Issue Price to the account specified in the Rescission Redemption Notice. Upon payment of the Issue Price all rights under the Warrants delivered shall expire.
3. The Issuer may combine the declaration of rescission pursuant to paragraph 2 with an offer to continue the Warrants on the basis of corrected Terms and Conditions. Such an offer and the corrected provisions shall be notified to the Warrantheolders together with the declaration of rescission in accordance with § 12. Any such offer shall be deemed to be accepted by a Warrantheolder and the rescission shall not take effect, unless the Warrantheolder requests repayment of the Issue Price within four weeks following the date on which the offer has

become effective in accordance with § 12 by delivery of a duly completed Rescission Redemption Notice via the account holding bank to the Paying Agent and by transfer of the Warrants to the account of the Paying Agent with the Clearing System pursuant to paragraph 2. The Issuer shall refer to this effect in the notification.

4. "**Issue Price**" within the meaning of paragraph 2 and 3 shall be deemed to be the higher of (i) the purchase price that was actually paid by the relevant Warrantholder (as declared and proved by evidence in the request for repayment) and (ii) the weighted average (as determined by the Issuer in its reasonable discretion (*billiges Ermessen*, § 315 German Civil Code (*BGB*))) of the traded prices of the Warrants on the Business Day preceding the declaration of rescission pursuant to paragraph 2. If a Market Disruption Event exists on the Business Day preceding the declaration of rescission pursuant to paragraph 2, the last Business Day preceding the declaration of rescission pursuant to paragraph 2 on which no Market Disruption Event existed shall be decisive for the ascertainment of price pursuant to the preceding sentence.
5. Contradictory or incomplete provisions in the Terms and Conditions may be corrected or amended, as the case may be, by the Issuer in its reasonable discretion (*billiges Ermessen*, § 315 German Civil Code (*BGB*)). The Issuer, however, shall only be entitled to make such corrections or amendments which are reasonably acceptable to the Warranholders having regard to the interests of the Issuer and in particular which do not materially adversely affect the legal or financial situation of the Warranholders. Notice of any such correction or amendment shall be given to the Warranholders in accordance with § 12.
6. If the Warrantholder was aware of typing or calculation errors or similar errors at the time of the acquisition of the Warrants, then, notwithstanding paragraphs 2 - 5, the Warranholders can be bound by the Issuer to the corrected Terms and Conditions.
7. Should any provision of these Terms and Conditions be or become void in whole or in part, the other provisions shall remain in force. The void provision shall be replaced by a valid provision that reflects the economic intent of the void provision as closely as possible in legal terms. In those cases, however, the Issuer may also take the steps described in paragraphs 2 - 5 above.
8. Place of performance is Frankfurt am Main.
9. Place of jurisdiction for all disputes and other proceedings in connection with the Warrants for merchants, entities of public law, special funds under public law and entities without a place of general jurisdiction in the Federal Republic of Germany is Frankfurt am Main. In such a case, the place of jurisdiction in Frankfurt am Main shall be an exclusive place of jurisdiction.
10. The English version of these Terms and Conditions shall be binding. Any translation is for convenience only.

**Table of Product Details**

<b>ISIN</b>	<b>Mnémonic</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Strike on the Issue Date</b>	<b>Knock-out Barrier during the first Adjustment Period</b>	<b>Risk Premium p.a. during the first Adjustment Period</b>	<b>Adjustment Percentage p.a. during the first Adjustment Period</b>
DE000CB6T8P2	8T88Z	CALL	USD 96.00	USD 98.98	1.40%	1.40%
DE000CB6T8Q0	8T89Z	CALL	USD 101.00	USD 104.13	1.40%	1.40%
DE000CB6T8R8	8T91Z	PUT	USD 127.50	USD 123.78	-1.40%	-1.40%
DE000CB6T8S6	8T92Z	PUT	USD 150.00	USD 145.62	-1.40%	-1.40%

**ADDITIONAL INFORMATION**

<b>Currency of the Issue:</b>	EUR
<b>Entity keeping the records:</b>	the Paying Agent
<b>Information on the Underlying:</b>	Information on the Underlying is available on <i>www.cmegroup.com</i> .
<b>Payment Date:</b>	23 June 2014
<b>Offer and Sale:</b>	<p>COMMERZBANK offers from 23 June 2014 series of Warrants with an issue size and initial issue price per Warrants as set out in the table which is annexed to the issue-specific summary.</p> <p>As a rule, the investor can purchase the Warrants at a fixed issue price. This fixed issue price contains all costs incurred by the Issuer relating to the issuance and the sale of the Warrants (e.g. distribution cost, structuring and hedging costs as well as the profit margin of COMMERZBANK).</p>
<b>Country(ies) where the offer takes place:</b>	French Republic
<b>Listing:</b>	The Issuer intends to apply for the trading of each series of the Warrants on the regulated market(s) of Euronext Paris S.A. with effect from 23 June 2014.
<b>Minimum Trading Size:</b>	1 (one) Warrant
<b>Country(ies) where admission to trading on the regulated market(s) is being sought:</b>	French Republic
<b>Consent to the usage of the Base Prospectus and the Final Terms:</b>	<p>The Issuer hereby grants consent to use the Base Prospectus and these Final Terms for the subsequent resale or final placement of the Warrants by any financial intermediary.</p> <p>The offer period within which subsequent resale or final placement of Warrants by financial intermediaries can be made, is valid only as long as the Base Prospectus and the Final Terms are valid in accordance with Article 9 of the Prospectus Directive as implemented in the relevant Member State.</p> <p>The consent to use the Base Prospectus and these Final Terms is granted only in relation to the following Member State(s): French Republic</p>

# **ANNEX TO THE FINAL TERMS**

## **ISSUE-SPECIFIC SUMMARY**

Summaries are made up of disclosure requirements known as 'Elements'. These elements are numbered in Sections A – E (A.1 – E.7).

This summary contains all the Elements required to be included in a summary for this type of securities and Issuer. There may be gaps in the numbering sequence of the Elements in cases where Elements are not required to be addressed.

Even though an Element may be required to be inserted in the summary because of the type of securities and Issuer, it is possible that no relevant information can be given regarding the Element. In this case a short description of the Element is included in the summary with the mention of '- not applicable -'. Certain provisions of this summary are in brackets. Such information will be completed or, where not relevant, deleted, in relation to a particular issue of securities, and the completed summary in relation to such issue of securities shall be appended to the relevant final terms.

### **Section A – Introduction and Warnings**

<b>Element</b>	<b>Description of Element</b>	<b>Disclosure requirement</b>
A.1	Warnings	<p>This summary should be read as an introduction to the base prospectus (the "<b>Base Prospectus</b>") and the relevant Final Terms. Investors should base any decision to invest in the securities issued under the Base Prospectus (the "<b>Warrants</b>") in consideration of the Base Prospectus as a whole and the relevant Final Terms.</p> <p>Where a claim relating to information contained in the Base Prospectus is brought before a court in a member state of the European Economic Area, the plaintiff investor may, under the national legislation of such member state, be required to bear the costs for the translation of the Base Prospectus and the Final Terms before the legal proceedings are initiated.</p> <p>Civil liability attaches only to those persons, who have tabled the summary including any translation thereof, but only if the summary is misleading, inaccurate or inconsistent when read together with the other parts of the Base Prospectus or it does not provide, when read together with the other parts of the Base Prospectus, all necessary key information.</p>
A.2	Consent to the use of the Prospectus	<p>The Issuer hereby grants consent to use the Base Prospectus and the Final Terms for the subsequent resale or final placement of the Warrants by any financial intermediary.</p> <p>The offer period within which subsequent resale or final placement of Warrants by financial intermediaries can be made is valid only as long as the Base Prospectus and the Final Terms are valid in accordance with Article 9 of the Prospectus Directive as implemented in the relevant Member State.</p> <p>The consent to use the Base Prospectus and the Final Terms is granted only in relation to the following Member State(s): French Republic</p> <p>The consent to use the Base Prospectus including any supplements</p>



as well as any corresponding Final Terms is subject to the condition that (i) this Base Prospectus and the respective Final Terms are delivered to potential investors only together with any supplements published before such delivery and (ii) when using the Base Prospectus and the respective Final Terms, each financial intermediary must make certain that it complies with all applicable laws and regulations in force in the respective jurisdictions.

**In the event of an offer being made by a financial intermediary, this financial intermediary will provide information to investors on the terms and conditions of the offer at the time of that offer.**

**Section B – Issuer**

<b>Element</b>	<b>Description of Element</b>	<b>Disclosure requirement</b>
B.1	Legal and Commercial Name of the Issuer	The legal name of the Bank is COMMERZBANK Aktiengesellschaft (the " <b>Issuer</b> ", the " <b>Bank</b> " or " <b>Commerzbank</b> ", together with its consolidated subsidiaries " <b>Commerzbank Group</b> " or the " <b>Group</b> ") and the commercial name of the Bank is COMMERZBANK.
B.2	Domicile / Legal Form / Legislation / Country of Incorporation	The Bank's registered office is in Frankfurt am Main and its head office is at Kaiserstraße 16 (Kaiserplatz), 60311 Frankfurt am Main, Federal Republic of Germany.  COMMERZBANK is a stock corporation established under German law in the Federal Republic of Germany.
B.4b	Known trends affecting the Issuer and the industries in which it operates	The global financial market crisis and sovereign debt crisis in the eurozone in particular have put a very significant strain on the net assets, financial position and results of operations of the Group in the past, and it can be assumed that further materially adverse effects for the Group can also result in the future, in particular in the event of a renewed escalation of the crisis.
B.5	Organisational Structure	COMMERZBANK is the parent company of the COMMERZBANK Group. The COMMERZBANK Group holds directly and indirectly equity participations in various companies.
B.9	Profit forecasts or estimates	- not applicable –  The Issuer currently does not make profit forecasts or estimates.
B.10	Qualifications in the auditors' report on the historical financial information	- not applicable –  Unqualified auditors' reports have been issued on the historical financial information contained in this Base Prospectus.
B.12	Selected key financial information, Prospects of the Issuer, Significant changes in the financial position	The following table shows an overview of the balance sheet and income statement of COMMERZBANK Group which has been extracted from the respective audited consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with IFRS as of 31 December 2012 and 2013 as well as from the consolidated interim financial statements as of 31 March 2014 (reviewed):

<b>Balance sheet</b>	<b>31 December 2012<sup>(1)</sup></b>	<b>31 December 2013<sup>(2)</sup></b>	<b>31 March 2014</b>
<b>Assets (€m)</b>			
Cash reserve	15,755	12,397	7,911
Claims on banks	88,028	87,545	104,963
Claims on customers	278,546	245,398	245,265
Value adjustment portfolio fair value hedges	202	74	139
Positive fair value of derivative hedging instruments	6,057	3,641	4,070
Trading assets	144,144	103,616	114,491

Financial investments	89,142	82,051	82,725
Holdings in companies accounted for using the equity method	744	719	684
Intangible assets	3,051	3,207	3,195
Fixed assets	1,372	1,768	1,790
Investment properties	637	638	634
Non-current assets and disposal groups held for sale	757	1,166	1,026
Current tax assets	790	812	796
Deferred tax assets	3,227	3,146	3,118
Other assets	3,571	2,936	3,456
<b>Total</b>	<b><u>636,023</u></b>	<b><u>549,654</u></b>	<b><u>574,263</u></b>

\*) Figures restated due to the first-time application of the amended IAS 19 and hedge accounting restatement.

\*\*) Prior-year figures after the restatement of credit protection insurance and the tax restatements.

	<u>31 December 2012<sup>*)</sup></u>	<u>31 December 2013<sup>**)</sup></u>	<u>31 March 2014</u>
<b>Liabilities and equity (€m)</b>			
Liabilities to banks	110,242	77,694	114,071
Liabilities to customers	265,905	276,486	264,374
Securitised liabilities	79,357	64,670	58,718
Value adjustment portfolio fair value hedges	1,467	714	867
Negative fair values of derivative hedging instruments	11,739	7,655	7,705
Trading liabilities	116,111	71,010	76,309
Provisions	4,099	3,875	4,027
Current tax liabilities	324	245	237
Deferred tax liabilities	91	83	83
Liabilities from disposal groups held for sale	2	24	7
Other liabilities	6,523	6,551	7,273
Subordinated debt instruments	13,913	13,714	13,541
Equity	26,250	26,933	27,051
<b>Total</b>	<b><u>636,023</u></b>	<b><u>549,654</u></b>	<b><u>574,263</u></b>

\*) After combination of the balance sheet items subordinated capital and hybrid capital into the balance sheet item subordinated debt instruments and after restatement due to the first-time application of the amended IAS 19 and hedge accounting restatement.

\*\*) Prior-year figures after the restatement of credit protection insurance and the tax restatements.

	<u>January – December 2012<sup>*)</sup></u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>January – March 2013<sup>**)</sup></u>	<u>2014</u>
<b>Income Statement (€m)</b>				
Net interest income	6,487	6,148	1,359	1,130
Loan loss provisions	-1,660	-1,747	-267	-238
Net interest income after loan loss provisions	4,827	4,401	1,092	892
Net commission income	3,249	3,215	844	815
Net trading income and net trading from hedge accounting	73	-82	312	408
Net investment income	81	17	-6	-38
Current net income from companies accounted for using the equity method	46	60	8	13
Other net income	-77	-89	-62	-68
Operating expenses	7,029	6,797	1,724	1,698
Restructuring expenses	43	493	493	---
Net gain or loss from sale of disposal of groups	-268	---	---	---
<b>Pre-tax profit or loss</b>	<b>859</b>	<b>232</b>	<b>-29</b>	<b>324</b>
Taxes on income	803	65	44	95
<b>Consolidated profit or loss</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>167</b>	<b>-73</b>	<b>229</b>

\*) Prior-year figures restated due to the first-time application of the amended IAS 19, the hedge accounting restatement and other disclosure changes.

\*\*) Prior-year figures after the restatement of hedge accounting and credit protection insurance plus other adjustments.

		<p>There has been no material adverse change in the prospects of COMMERZBANK Group since 31 December 2013.</p> <p>Since 31 March 2014 no significant changes in the financial position of COMMERZBANK Group have occurred.</p>
B.13	Recent events which are to a material extent relevant to the Issuer's solvency	<p>- not applicable -</p> <p>There are no recent events particular to the Issuer which is to a material extent relevant to the evaluation of the Issuer's solvency.</p>
B.14	Dependence of the Issuer upon other entities within the group	<p>- not applicable -</p> <p>As stated under element B.5, COMMERZBANK is the parent company of COMMERZBANK Group.</p>
B.15	Issuer's principal activities, principal markets	<p>The focus of the activities of COMMERZBANK Group is on the provision of a wide range of financial services to private, small and medium-sized corporate and institutional customers in Germany, including account administration, payment transactions, lending, savings and investment products, securities services, and capital market and investment banking products and services. As part of its comprehensive financial services strategy, the Group also offers other financial services in association with cooperation partners, particularly building savings loans, asset management and insurance. The Group is continuing to expand its position as one of the most important German export financiers. Alongside its business in Germany, the Group is also active through its subsidiaries, branches and investments, particularly in Europe.</p> <p>COMMERZBANK Group is divided into five operating segments - Private Customers, Mittelstandsbank, Central &amp; Eastern Europe, Corporates &amp; Markets and Non Core Assets (NCA) as well as Others and Consolidation. The Private Customers, Mittelstandsbank, Central &amp; Eastern Europe and Corporates &amp; Markets segments form COMMERZBANK Group's core bank together with Others and Consolidation.</p>
B.16	Controlling parties	<p>- not applicable -</p> <p>COMMERZBANK has not submitted its management to any other company or person, for example on the basis of a domination agreement, nor is it controlled by any other company or any other person within the meaning of the German Securities Acquisition and Takeover Act (<i>Wertpapiererwerbs- und Übernahmegesetz</i>).</p>

**Section C – Securities**

<b>Element</b>	<b>Description of Element</b>	<b>Disclosure requirement</b>
C.1	Type and class of the securities / Security identification number	<p><u>Type/Form of Securities</u></p> <p>The securities are unlimited warrants (the "<b>Unlimited TURBO Warrants</b>" or "<b>Warrants</b>").</p> <p>Each series of Warrants is issued in dematerialised form.</p> <p><u>Security Identification number(s) of Securities</u></p> <p>The Security Identification number(s) in respect of each series of Warrants will be set out in the in the table which is annexed to the summary.</p>
C.2	Currency of the securities	Each series of the Warrants is issued in EUR.
C.5	Restrictions on the free transferability of the securities	The Warrants are freely transferable, subject to the offering and selling restrictions, the applicable law and the rules and regulations of the Clearing System.
C.8	Rights attached to the securities (including ranking of the Securities and limitations to those rights)	<p><u>Governing law of the Securities</u></p> <p>The Warrants will be governed by, and construed in accordance with German law. The constituting of the Warrants is governed by the laws of the jurisdiction of the Clearing System.</p> <p><u>Repayment</u></p> <p>Warrants will grant the investor the right to receive the payment of a Cash Amount. The Cash Amount shall be equal to (i) the amount by which the Reference Price of the Underlying on the Valuation Date exceeds (in the case of Type Call) or is exceeded by (in the case of Type PUT) the applicable Strike multiplied by (ii) the Ratio, whereby the result of such calculation shall be converted into EUR.</p> <p>The Issuer is entitled, in each with effect as of an Ordinary Termination Date, to ordinarily terminate the Certificates.</p> <p><u>Adjustments and Early Termination</u></p> <p>Subject to particular circumstances, the Issuer may be entitled to perform certain adjustments. Apart from this, the Issuer may be entitled to terminate the Warrants prematurely if a particular event occurs.</p> <p><u>Ranking of the Securities</u></p> <p>The obligations under the Warrants constitute direct, unconditional and unsecured (<i>nicht dinglich besichert</i>) obligations of the Issuer and, unless otherwise provided by applicable law, rank at least <i>pari passu</i> with all other unsubordinated and unsecured (<i>nicht dinglich besichert</i>) obligations of the Issuer.</p> <p><u>Presentation Periods, Prescription</u></p>

		The period for presentation of the Warrants (§ 801 paragraph 1, sentence 1 German Civil Code ( <i>BGB</i> )) shall be ten years and the period of limitation for claims under the Warrants presented during the period for presentation shall be two years calculated from the expiry of the relevant presentation period.
C.11	Admission to trading on a regulated market or equivalent market	The Issuer intends to apply for the trading of each series of Warrants on the regulated market(s) of Euronext Paris S.A. with effect from 23 June 2014.
C.15	Influence of the Underlying on the value of the securities:	<p>The payment of a Cash Amount will to a significant extent depend upon the performance of the Underlying during the term of the Warrants.</p> <p><u>In detail:</u></p> <p>If at any time at or after the Launch Date a price of the Underlying has <b>never been equal to or below</b> (in case of Type CALL Warrants) or <b>equal to or above</b> (in case of Type PUT Warrants) the Knock-out Barrier, the investor will receive the Cash Amount (the "<b>CA</b>") calculated in accordance with the following formula:</p> <p>CA = (Underlying<sub>final</sub> - Strike) x Ratio x 1/FX (in case of Type CALL)</p> <p>CA = (Strike - Underlying<sub>final</sub>) x Ratio x 1/FX (in case of Type PUT)</p> <p>where</p> <p>Underlying<sub>final</sub> = the Reference Price of the Underlying on the Valuation Date expressed in USD</p> <p>Strike = the Strike applicable on the Valuation Date</p> <p>The Strike shall change on each calendar day between the Launch Date and the relevant Valuation Date. The Strike on a calendar day ("<b>T</b>") shall correspond to the Strike on the preceding calendar day ("<b>T-1</b>"), plus the Adjustment Amount applicable on T-1.</p> <p>The Strike on the Launch Date shall be set out in the table annexed to the summary.</p> <p>Ratio = 0.10</p> <p>Type = the type as set out in the table annexed to the summary</p> <p>FX = the Relevant Conversion Rate</p> <p>If at any time at or after the Launch Date a price of the Underlying has <b>at least once been equal to or below</b> (in case of Type CALL Warrants) or <b>equal to or above</b> (in case of Type PUT Warrants) the Knock-out Barrier (the "<b>Knock-out Event</b>"), the Cash Amount determined in the reasonable discretion of the Issuer (<i>billiges Ermessen</i>, § 315 German Civil Code (<i>BGB</i>)) may be zero.</p>

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		<p>The Knock-out Barrier for the first Adjustment Period shall be set out in the table annexed to the summary. For each additional Adjustment Period, the Knock-out Barrier shall be newly determined. The Issuer will determine it in its reasonable discretion (<i>billiges Ermessen</i>, § 315 German Civil Code (<i>BGB</i>)) by taking into account the relevant prevailing market conditions (in particular, the volatility).</p> <p><b>"Relevant Conversion Rate"</b> means the price of EUR 1.00 in USD, as actually traded on the <i>international interbank spot market</i> on the Valuation Date at such point of time at which the Reference Price of the Underlying is determined and published.</p>
C.16	Valuation Date	Exercise Date
	Exercise Date	Any last Payment Business Day in the months of December of each year commencing as of the month of December 2014
C.17	Description of the settlement procedure for the securities	Each series of the Warrants sold will be delivered on the Payment Date in accordance with applicable local market practice via the Clearing System.
C.18	Delivery procedure	All amounts payable under the Warrants shall be paid to the Paying Agent for transfer to the Clearing System or pursuant to the Clearing System's instruction for credit to the relevant accountholders on the dates stated in the applicable terms and conditions. Payment to the Clearing System or pursuant to the Clearing System's instruction shall release the Issuer from its payment obligations under the Warrants in the amount of such payment.
C.19	Final Reference Price of the Underlying	The settlement price of the Underlying as determined and published by the Futures Exchange on the Valuation Date
C.20	Type of the underlying and details, where information on the underlying can be obtained	<p>The asset underlying each series of the Warrants is the West Texas Intermediate (WTI) Light Sweet Crude Oil Futures Contract (Reuters page CLQ4) on the Futures Exchange with delivery month of August 2014 (Expiry Date: 22 July 2014) (the "<b>Underlying</b>").</p> <p>Information on the Underlying is available on <a href="http://www.cmegroup.com">www.cmegroup.com</a>.</p>

## Section D – Risks

The purchase of Warrants is associated with certain risks. **The Issuer expressly points out that the description of the risks associated with an investment in the Warrants describes only the major risks which were known to the Issuer at the date of the Base Prospectus.**

Element	Description of Element	Disclosure requirement
D.2	Key risks specific to the Issuer	Each Tranche of Warrants entails an issuer risk, also referred to as debtor risk or credit risk for prospective investors. An issuer risk is the risk that COMMERZBANK becomes temporarily or permanently unable to meet its obligations to pay interest and/or the redemption amount.

Furthermore, COMMERZBANK is subject to various risks within its business activities. Such risks comprise in particular the following types of risks:

### Global Financial Market Crisis and Sovereign Debt Crisis

The global financial crisis and sovereign debt crisis, particularly in the eurozone, have had a significant material adverse effect on the Group's net assets, financial position and results of operations. There can be no assurance that the Group will not suffer further material adverse effects in the future, particularly in the event of a renewed escalation of the crisis. Any further escalation of the crisis within the European Monetary Union may have material adverse effects on the Group, which, under certain circumstances, may even threaten the Group's existence. The Group holds substantial volumes of sovereign debt. Impairments and revaluations of such sovereign debt to lower fair values have had material adverse effects on the Group's net assets, financial position and results of operations in the past, and may have further adverse effects in the future.

### Macroeconomic Environment

The macroeconomic environment prevailing over the past few years continues to negatively affect the Group's results, and the Group's heavy dependence on the economic environment, particularly in Germany, may result in further substantial negative effects in the event of a possible renewed economic downturn.

### Counterparty Default Risk

The Group is exposed to default risk (credit risk), including in respect of large individual commitments, large loans and commitments, concentrated in individual sectors, referred to as "cluster" risk, as well as loans to debtors that may be particularly affected by the sovereign debt crisis. The run-down of the ship finance portfolio and the Commercial Real Estate finance portfolio is exposed to considerable risks in view of the current difficult market environment and the volatility of ship prices and real estate prices and the default risk (credit risk) affected thereby, as well as the risk of substantial changes in the value of ships held as collateral directly owned, directly owned real estate and private and commercial real estate held as collateral. The Group has a substantial number of non-performing loans in its portfolio and these defaults may not be sufficiently covered by collateral or by write-downs and provisions



previously taken.

#### Market Risks

The Group is exposed to market price risks in the valuation of equities and investment fund units as well as in the form of interest rate risks, credit spread risks, currency risks, volatility and correlation risks, commodity price risks.

#### Strategic Risks

There is a risk that the Group may not be able to implement its strategic agenda or may be able to do so only in part or at higher costs than planned, and that the implementation of planned measures may not lead to the achievement of the strategic objectives sought to be obtained.

#### Risks from the Competitive Environment

The markets in which the Group is active, particularly the German market (and, in particular, the private and corporate customer business and investment banking activities) and the Polish market, are characterized by intense competition on price and on transaction terms, which results in considerable pressure on margins.

#### Liquidity Risks

The Group is dependent on the regular supply of liquidity and a market-wide or company-specific liquidity shortage can have material adverse effects on the Group's net assets, financial position and results of operations. Currently, the liquidity supply of banks and other players in the financial markets is strongly dependent on expansive measures of the central banks.

#### Operational Risks

The Group is exposed to a large number of operational risks including the risk that employees will enter into excessive risks on behalf of the Group or violate compliance-relevant regulations in connection with the conduct of business activities and thereby cause considerable losses to appear suddenly, which may also lead indirectly to an increase in regulatory capital requirements.

#### Risks from Equity Participations

COMMERZBANK is exposed to particular risks in respect of the value and management of equity investments in listed and unlisted companies. It is possible that the goodwill reported in the Group's consolidated financial statements will have to be fully or partly written down as a result of impairment tests.

#### Risks from Bank-Specific Regulation

Ever stricter regulatory capital and liquidity standards and procedural and reporting requirements may call into question the business model of a number of the Group's activities, adversely affect the Group's competitive position, or make the raising of additional equity capital necessary. Other regulatory reforms proposed in the wake of the financial crisis, for example, requirements such as the bank levy, a possible financial transaction tax, the separation of proprietary

trading from the deposit-taking business, or stricter disclosure and organizational obligations may materially influence the Group's business model and competitive environment.

#### Legal Risks

Legal disputes may arise in connection with COMMERZBANK's business activities, the outcomes of which are uncertain and which entail risks for the Group. For example, claims for damages on the grounds of flawed investment advice have led to substantial liabilities for the Group and may also lead to further substantial liabilities for the Group in the future. Payments and restoration of value claims have been asserted against COMMERZBANK and its subsidiaries, in some cases also in court, in connection with profit participation certificates and trust preferred securities they have issued. The outcome of such proceedings may have material adverse effects on the Group that go beyond the claims asserted in each case. Regulatory, supervisory and judicial proceedings may have a material adverse effect on the Group. Proceedings brought by regulators, supervisory authorities and prosecutors may have material adverse effects on the Group.

D.6 Key information on the key risks that are specific to the securities

#### No secondary market immediately prior to the final exercise

The market maker and/or the exchange will cease trading in the Warrants no later than shortly before their scheduled Maturity Date. However, between the last trading day and the Valuation Date the price of the Underlying and/or the currency exchange rate both of which are relevant for the Warrants may still change. This may be to the investor's disadvantage.

#### No Collateralization

The Warrants constitute unconditional obligations of the Issuer. They are neither secured by the Deposit Protection Fund of the Association of German Banks (*Einlagensicherungsfonds des Bundesverbandes deutscher Banken e.V.*) nor by the German Deposit Guarantee and Investor Compensation Act (*Einlagensicherungs- und Anlegerentschädigungsgesetz*). This means that the investor bears the risk that the Issuer can not or only partially fulfil the attainments due under the Warrants. Under these circumstances, a total loss of the investor's capital might be possible.

This means that the investor bears the risk that the Issuer's financial situation may worsen - and that the Issuer may be subjected to a reorganisation proceeding (*Reorganisationsverfahren*) or transfer order (*Übertragungsanordnung*) under German bank restructuring law or that insolvency proceedings might be instituted with regard to its assets - and therefore attainments due under the Warrants can not or only partially be done. Under these circumstances, a total loss of the investor's capital might be possible.

#### Risks in Connection with the Adoption of a Recovery and Resolution Regime for Credit Institutions

In early June 2012 the European Commission published the proposal for a directive establishing a framework for recovery and resolution of credit institutions and investment firms (the so-called Bank Recovery and Resolution Directive ("**BRRD**")) on which the EU

Commission, the Council and the European Parliament reached agreement published on 18 December 2013.

The BRRD proposal includes *inter alia* potential loss participation of creditors of credit institutions. Pursuant to the proposal, resolution authorities shall be given the authority to write down the claims of unsecured creditors of a failing institution and to convert debt claims into equity if certain requirements are met (so-called "**bail-in tool**").

Under the bail-in tool the competent resolution authority would have the power, upon certain trigger events, to cancel existing shares, to write down liabilities eligible for bail-in (i.e. own funds instruments such as the Subordinated Notes and other subordinated debt and even non-subordinated debt, subject to exceptions in respect of certain liabilities) of a failing credit institution or to convert such eligible liabilities of a failing credit institution into equity at certain rates of conversion representing appropriate compensation to the affected creditor for the loss incurred as a result of the write-down and conversion in order to strengthen the credit institution's financial position and allow it to continue as a going concern subject to appropriate restructuring.

Pursuant to the proposal for the BRRD, any write-down (or conversion into equity) in accordance with the bail-in tool would not result in an early redemption. Consequently, any amounts so written down would be irrevocably lost and the holders of such instruments would cease to have any claims thereunder, regardless whether or not the bank's financial position is restored.

Should the provision of the draft BRRD or similar provisions (such as for example the proposal for a regulation establishing uniform rules and a uniform procedure for the resolution of credit institutions and certain investment firms in the framework of a single resolution mechanism and a single bank resolution fund) enter into force and be implemented into German law, they may severely affect the rights of the holders of the Warrants as in the event of non-viability or resolution of the Issuer this may result in the loss of their entire investment and could – also before the occurrence of non-viability or resolution – adversely effect the market price of a subordinated note.

#### U.S. Foreign Account Tax Compliance Withholding

The Issuer may be required to withhold tax at a rate of 30% on all, or a portion of, payments made after 31 December 2016 in respect of (i) securities issued or materially modified on or after the later of (a) 1 July 2014, and (b) the date that is six months after the date on which the final regulations applicable to "foreign passthru payments" are filed in the Federal Register or (ii) securities treated as equity for U.S. federal tax purposes, whenever issued, pursuant to the foreign account provisions of the U.S. Hiring Incentives to Restore Employment Act of 2010 – FATCA.

#### Impact of a downgrading of the credit rating

The value of the Warrants could be affected by the ratings given to the Issuer by rating agencies. Any downgrading of the Issuer's rating by even one of these rating agencies could result in a reduction in the value of the Warrants.

Extraordinary adjustment and extraordinary termination rights

The Issuer shall be entitled to perform extraordinary adjustments or to terminate and redeem the Warrants prematurely if certain conditions are met. This may have a negative effect on the value of the Warrants as well as the Extraordinary Termination Amount. If the Warrants are terminated, the amount payable to the holders of the Warrants in the event of the extraordinary termination of the Warrants may be lower than the amount the holders of the Warrants would have received without such extraordinary termination.

Market disruption event

The Issuer is entitled to determine market disruption events that might result in a postponement of a calculation and/or of any attainments under the Warrants and that might affect the value of the Warrants. In addition, in certain cases stipulated, the Issuer may estimate certain prices that are relevant with regard to attainments or the reaching of barriers. These estimates may deviate from their actual value.

Substitution of the Issuer

If the conditions are met, the Issuer is entitled at any time, without the consent of the holders of the Warrants, to appoint another company as the new Issuer with regard to all obligations arising out of or in connection with the Warrants in its place. In that case, the holder of the Warrants will generally also assume the insolvency risk with regard to the new Issuer.

Risk factors relating to the Underlying

The Warrants depend on the value of the Underlying and the risk associated with this Underlying. The value of the Underlying depends upon a number of factors that may be interconnected. These may include economic, financial and political events beyond the Issuer's control. The past performance of an Underlying or an index component should not be regarded as an indicator of its future performance during the term of the Warrants.

Risk at maturity:

The investor bears the risk that the Cash Amount is below the purchase price of the Warrant. The lower (in case of Type CALL) or higher (in case of Type PUT) the Reference Price of the Underlying on the Valuation Date the greater the loss.

If at any time at or after the Launch Date a price of the Underlying is at least once equal to or below (in case of Type CALL) or equal to or above (in case of Type PUT) the Knock-out Barrier (the "**Knock-out Event**"), the Warrants shall expire without requiring any further action on behalf of the Warrantholder. In such case the Cash Amount determined in the reasonable discretion of the Issuer (*billiges Ermessen*, § 315 German Civil Code (*BGB*)) may be zero. **The Warrantholder will incur a loss that will almost correspond to the full purchase price paid for the Warrant (total loss).**

In addition, the investor bears a currency exchange risk as the amounts that are not expressed in EUR will be converted at the currency exchange rate on the Valuation Date.

Risks if the investor intends to sell or must sell the Warrants during their term:

*Market value risk:*

The achievable sale price prior to final exercise could be significantly lower than the purchase price paid by the investor.

The market value of the Warrants mainly depends on the performance of the Underlying, without reproducing it accurately. In particular, the following factors may have an adverse effect on the market price of the Warrants:

- Changes in the expected intensity of the fluctuation of the Underlying (volatility)
- Interest rate development
- Adverse changes of the currency exchange rates

Each of these factors could have an effect on its own or reinforce or cancel each other.

*Trading risk:*

The Issuer is neither obliged to provide purchase and sale prices for the Warrants on a continuous basis on (i) the exchanges on which the Warrants may be listed or (ii) an over the counter (OTC) basis nor to buy back any Warrants. Even if the Issuer generally provides purchase and sale prices, in the event of extraordinary market conditions or technical troubles, the sale or purchase of the Warrants could be temporarily limited or impossible.

**Section E – Offer**

<b>Element</b>	<b>Description of Element</b>	<b>Disclosure requirement</b>
E.2b	Reason for the offer and use of proceeds when different from making profit and/or hedging certain risks	- not applicable –  Profit motivation
E.3	Description of the terms and conditions of the offer	COMMERZBANK offers from 23 June 2014 series of Warrants with an issue size and initial issue price per Warrant as set out in the table which is annexed to the Summary.
E.4	Any interest that is material to the issue/offer including conflicting interests	The following conflicts of interest can arise in connection with the exercise of rights and/or obligations of the Issuer in accordance with the terms and conditions of the Warrants (e.g. in connection with the determination or adaptation of parameters of the terms and conditions), which affect the amounts payable: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- execution of transactions in the Underlying</li> <li>- issuance of additional derivative instruments with regard to the Underlying</li> <li>- business relationship with the issuer of one or more components of the Underlying</li> <li>- possession of material (including non-public) information about the Underlying</li> <li>- acting as Market Maker</li> </ul>
E.7	Estimated expenses charged to the investor by the issuer or the offeror	The investor can usually purchase the Warrants at a fixed issue price. This fixed issue price contains all cost of the Issuer relating to the issuance and the sales of the Warrants (e.g. cost of distribution, structuring and hedging as well as the profit margin of Commerzbank).

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**Annex to the Summary**

<b>ISIN (C.1)</b>	<b>Mnemonic (C.1)</b>	<b>Type (C.15)</b>	<b>Strike on the Issue Date (C.15)</b>	<b>Knock-out Barrier during the first Adjustment Period (C.15)</b>	<b>Issue Size (E.3)</b>	<b>Initial Issue Price (E.3)</b>
DE000CB6T8P2	8T88Z	CALL	USD 96.00	USD 98.98	1,000,000	EUR 0.77
DE000CB6T8Q0	8T89Z	CALL	USD 101.00	USD 104.13	1,000,000	EUR 0.39
DE000CB6T8R8	8T91Z	PUT	USD 127.50	USD 123.78	1,000,000	EUR 1.65
DE000CB6T8S6	8T92Z	PUT	USD 150.00	USD 145.62	1,000,000	EUR 3.38

# RESUME

Les résumés sont composés d'éléments d'information, appelés "Eléments". Ces éléments sont numérotés dans les Sections A à E (A.1 à E.7).

Le présent résumé contient tous les Eléments devant être inclus dans un résumé pour ce type de titres et d'Emetteur. Dans la mesure où certains Eléments ne doivent pas obligatoirement être traités, il peut y avoir des discontinuités dans la numérotation des Eléments.

Même lorsqu'un Elément doit être inséré dans le résumé du fait de la nature des titres et de l'Emetteur, il est possible qu'aucune information pertinente ne puisse être donnée sur cet Elément. Dans ce cas une brève description de l'Elément est incluse dans le résumé avec la mention " - sans objet - ". Certaines dispositions du présent résumé sont entre crochets. Ces informations seront complétées ou, lorsqu'elles ne sont pas pertinentes, supprimées, dans le cadre d'une émission particulière de titres, et le résumé complet relatif à cette émission de titres devra être annexé aux conditions définitives applicables.

## Section A – Introduction et Avertissements

<b>Elément</b>	<b>Description de l'Elément</b>	<b>Informations à inclure</b>
A.1	Avertissements	<p>Le présent résumé doit être lu comme une introduction au prospectus de base (le "<b>Prospectus de Base</b>") et aux Conditions Définitives applicables. Les investisseurs doivent fonder toute décision d'investir dans les titres émis dans le cadre du Prospectus de Base (les "<b>Bons d'Option</b>") en considération du Prospectus de Base dans son intégralité et des Conditions Définitives applicables.</p> <p>Lorsqu'une action concernant l'information contenue dans le Prospectus de Base est intentée devant un tribunal d'un Etat membre de l'Espace Economique Européen, l'investisseur plaignant peut, selon la législation nationale de l'Etat membre concerné, avoir à supporter les frais de traduction du Prospectus de Base et des Conditions Définitives avant le début de la procédure judiciaire.</p> <p>Une responsabilité civile n'est attribuée qu'aux personnes qui ont présenté le résumé, y compris sa traduction, mais uniquement si le résumé est trompeur, inexact ou contradictoire par rapport aux autres parties du Prospectus de Base ou s'il ne fournit pas, lorsqu'il est lu en combinaison avec les autres parties du Prospectus de Base, toutes les informations clés essentielles.</p>
A.2	Consentement à l'utilisation du Prospectus	<p>L'Emetteur donne par les présentes son consentement à l'utilisation du Prospectus de Base et des Conditions Définitives pour la revente ultérieure ou le placement final des Bons d'Option par des intermédiaires financiers.</p> <p>La période d'offre durant laquelle la revente ultérieure ou le placement final des Bons d'Option par des intermédiaires financiers peut être effectué, est valable uniquement tant que le Prospectus de Base et les Conditions Définitives demeurent valables en application de l'Article 9 de la Directive Prospectus tel que transposé dans l'Etat Membre concerné.</p> <p>Le consentement à l'utilisation du Prospectus de Base et des Conditions Définitives est consenti uniquement dans le(s) Etat(s) Membre(s) suivant(s): République française</p>



Le consentement à l'utilisation du Prospectus, y compris tous suppléments ainsi que toutes Conditions Définitives y afférentes est donné sous la condition que (i) le présent Prospectus de Base et les Conditions Définitives applicables soient remis aux investisseurs potentiels uniquement avec tous les suppléments publiés avant cette remise et (ii) en faisant usage du Prospectus de Base et des Conditions Définitives applicables, chaque intermédiaire financier s'assure qu'il respecte toutes les lois et réglementations applicables en vigueur dans les juridictions concernées.

**Dans le cas d'une offre faite par un intermédiaire financier, cet intermédiaire financier devra fournir aux investisseurs des informations sur les modalités de l'offre au moment où cette offre est faite.**

## Section B – Emetteur

<b>Elément</b>	<b>Description de l'Elément</b>	<b>Informations à inclure</b>
B.1	Raison sociale et nom commercial de l'Emetteur	La raison sociale de la Banque est COMMERZBANK Aktiengesellschaft (" <b>Emetteur</b> ", la " <b>Banque</b> " ou " <b>Commerzbank</b> " et, ensemble avec ses filiales consolidées le " <b>Groupe Commerzbank</b> " ou le " <b>Groupe</b> ") et le nom commercial de la Banque est COMMERZBANK.
B.2	Siège social / Forme juridique / Législation / Pays d' Origine	<p>Le siège social de la Banque est situé à Kaiserstraße 16 (Kaiserplatz), 60311 Francfort-sur-le-Main, République Fédérale d'Allemagne.</p> <p>COMMERZBANK est une société par actions de droit allemand établie en République Fédérale d'Allemagne.</p>
B.4b	Tendances connues ayant des répercussions sur l'Emetteur et ses secteurs d'activité	La crise financière mondiale et la crise de la dette souveraine au sein de la zone euro en particulier ont très fortement pesé sur l'actif, sur la situation financière et sur les résultats d'exploitation du Groupe par le passé et on peut s'attendre à des effets défavorables significatifs supplémentaires dans l'avenir pour le Groupe, notamment dans l'hypothèse d'une nouvelle aggravation de la crise.
B.5	Organigramme	COMMERZBANK est la société-mère du Groupe COMMERZBANK. Le Groupe COMMERZBANK détient directement et indirectement des participations dans diverses sociétés.
B.9	Prévisions ou estimations du bénéfice	<p>- sans objet -</p> <p>L'Emetteur ne réalise actuellement aucune prévision ou estimation de bénéfice.</p>
B.10	Réserves dans les rapports d'audit sur les informations financières historiques	<p>- sans objet -</p> <p>Les rapports des commissaires aux comptes ont été émis sans réserve s'agissant des informations financières historiques contenues dans le Prospectus de Base.</p>
B.12	Données financières clés sélectionnées, perspectives de l'Emetteur, changements significatifs dans la position financière	Le tableau suivant donne un aperçu du bilan et du compte de résultat du Groupe COMMERZBANK qui a été extrait des comptes consolidés audités concernés préparés conformément aux normes IFRS aux 31 décembre 2012 et 2013 ainsi que les états financiers consolidés intermédiaires au 31 mars 2014 (revus):

<b>Bilan</b>	<b><u>31</u> <u>décembre</u> <u>2012<sup>*)</sup></u></b>	<b><u>31</u> <u>décembre</u> <u>2013<sup>**)</sup></u></b>	<b><u>31</u> <u>Mars</u> <u>2014</u></b>
<b>Assets Mio (€m)</b>			
Trésorerie	15.755	12.397	7.911
Créances sur des établissements de crédit	88.028	87.545	104.963
Créances sur la clientèle	278.546	245.398	245.265
Ecart de réévaluation portefeuilles couverts en taux	202	74	139
Juste valeur positive des instruments de couverture dérivés	6.057	3.641	4.070
Actifs détenus à des fins de négociation	144.144	103.616	114.491
Investissements financiers	89.142	82.051	82.725
Participations dans les entreprises mises en équivalence	744	719	684
Immobilisations incorporelles	3.051	3.207	3.195
Immobilisations corporelles	1.372	1.768	1.790
Immeubles de placement	637	638	634
Actifs non courant et groupes d'actifs destinés à être cédés	757	1.166	1.026
Actifs d'impôt exigibles	790	812	796
Actifs d'impôt différés	3.227	3.146	3.118
Autres actifs	3.571	2.936	3.456
<b>Total</b>	<b><u>636.023</u></b>	<b><u>549.654</u></b>	<b><u>574.263</u></b>

\*) Modification des chiffres du fait de l'application pour la première fois de l'IAS 19 modifiée et de la modification de la comptabilisation des instruments de couverture.

\*\*) Chiffres de l'année précédente après le retraitement de l'assurance-crédit et les retraitements fiscaux.

	<b><u>31</u> <u>décembre</u> <u>2012<sup>*)</sup></u></b>	<b><u>31</u> <u>décembre</u> <u>2013<sup>**)</sup></u></b>	<b><u>31</u> <u>Mars</u> <u>2014</u></b>
<b>Passif et fonds propres (€m)</b>			
Dettes envers les établissements de crédit	110.242	77.694	114.071
Dette envers la clientèle	265.905	276.486	264.374
Engagements titrisés	79.357	64.670	58.718
Ecart de réévaluation portefeuilles couverts en taux	1.467	714	867
Juste valeur négative des instruments de couverture dérivés	11.739	7.655	7.705
Passifs détenus à des fins de négociation	116.111	71.010	76.309
Provisions	4.099	3.875	4.027
Passifs d'impôt exigibles	324	245	237
Passifs d'impôt différés	91	83	83
Passifs de groupes d'actifs destinés à être cédés	2	24	7
Autres passifs	6.523	6.551	7.273
Capital subordonné	13.913	13.714	13.541
Fonds propres	26.250	26.933	27.051
<b>Total</b>	<b><u>636.023</u></b>	<b><u>549.654</u></b>	<b><u>574.263</u></b>

\*) Après combinaison des postes du bilan capital subordonné et capital hybride dans le poste du bilan instruments de dette subordonnée et après modification suite à l'application pour la première fois de l'IAS 19 modifiée et de la modification de la comptabilisation des instruments de couverture.

\*\*) Chiffres de l'année précédente après le retraitement de l'assurance-crédit et les retraitements fiscaux.

	<b><u>Janvier à décembre</u> <u>2012<sup>*)</sup></u></b>	<b><u>2013</u></b>	<b><u>Janvier à mars</u> <u>2013<sup>**)</sup></u></b>	<b><u>2014</u></b>
<b>Compte de Résultat(€m)</b>				
Revenu d'intérêt net	6.487	6.148	1.359	1.130
Provisions pour pertes de prêts	-1.660	-1.747	-267	-238
Revenu d'intérêt net après provisions pour pertes de prêts	4.827	4.401	1.092	892
Produit net des commissions	3.249	3.215	844	815
Résultat net des opérations de négoce et revenu de la comptabilité de couverture	73	-82	312	408
Revenus nets d'investissement	81	17	-6	-38

Résultat net courant provenant de sociétés intégrées selon la méthode de mise en équivalence	46	60	8	13
Autres revenus nets	-77	-89	-62	-68
Frais d'exploitation	7.029	6.797	1.724	1.698
Coûts de restructuration	43	493	493	---
Gain net ou perte nette de la vente de groupes d'actifs	-268	---	---	---
<b>Bénéfice ou perte avant impôts</b>	<b>859</b>	<b>232</b>	<b>-29</b>	<b>324</b>
Impôts sur les résultats	803	65	44	95
<b>Bénéfice ou perte consolidé</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>167</b>	<b>-73</b>	<b>229</b>

\*) Modification des chiffres de l'année précédente du fait de l'application pour la première fois de l'IAS 19 modifiée, de la modification de la comptabilisation des instruments de couverture et d'autres modifications des éléments d'information.

\*\*) Chiffres de l'année précédente après le retraitement de l'assurance-crédit et les retraitements des impôts.

Il n'y a pas eu de détérioration significative dans les perspectives du Groupe COMMERZBANK depuis le 31 décembre 2013.

Depuis le 31 mars 2014 aucun changement significatif dans la position financière du Groupe COMMERZBANK n'est survenu.

- B.13 Evénements récents qui sont matériellement pertinents pour la solvabilité de l'Emetteur - sans objet –  
Il n'existe aucun événement récent propre à l'Emetteur qui soit matériellement pertinent pour l'évaluation de la solvabilité de l'Emetteur.
- B.14 Dépendance de l'Emetteur à d'autres entités du groupe - sans objet –  
Comme indiqué à l'élément B.5, COMMERZBANK est la société mère du Groupe COMMERZBANK.
- B.15 Principales activités de l'Emetteur, principaux marchés de l'Emetteur  
Les activités du Groupe COMMERZBANK se concentrent sur la fourniture d'une large gamme de services financiers à une clientèle de particuliers, de petites et moyennes entreprises et à des clients institutionnels en Allemagne, notamment l'administration de compte, le traitement des paiements, les prêts, les produits d'épargne et d'investissement, les services titres et les produits et services de marchés de capitaux et de banque d'investissement. Dans le cadre de sa stratégie visant à fournir une gamme complète de services financiers, le Groupe offre également d'autres services financiers en association avec des partenaires, notamment des prêts d'épargne-logement et des services de gestion d'actifs et d'assurance. Le Groupe continue à développer sa position en tant que l'un des plus importants exportateurs de produits financiers d'Allemagne. En dehors de son activité en Allemagne, le Groupe opère également via ses filiales, succursales et investissements, notamment en Europe.

Le Groupe COMMERZBANK est divisé en cinq segments opérationnels : Clients Privés, *Mittelstandsbank*, Europe Centrale & Orientale, Entreprises & Marchés et Actif Non-Stratégiques (ANS) ainsi que Autres et Consolidation. Les segments Clients Privés, *Mittelstandsbank*, Europe Centrale & Orientale et Entreprises & Marchés forment la banque principale du Groupe

COMMERZBANK avec Autres et Consolidation.

B.16

Parties  
détenant le  
contrôle

- sans objet -

COMMERZBANK n'a pas soumis sa gestion à une autre société ou personne, par exemple sur la base d'un accord de domination, et n'est pas contrôlée par une autre société ou une autre personne au sens de l'Acte Allemand sur l'Acquisition de Valeurs Mobilières et les Prises de Contrôle (*Wertpapiererwerbs- und Übernahmegesetz*).

## Section C – Titres

<b>Elément</b>	<b>Description de l'Elément</b>	<b>Informations à inclure</b>
C.1	Nature et catégorie des titres / numéro d'identification des Titres	<p><u>Nature / Forme des Titres</u></p> <p>Les titres sont des bons d'options illimités (les "<b>Bons d'Option TURBO Illimités</b>" ou "<b>Bons d'Option</b>").</p> <p>Chaque série de Bons d'Option est émise sous forme dématérialisée.</p> <p><u>Numéro(s) d'identification des Titres</u></p> <p>Le(s) numéro(s) d'identification de chaque série de Bons d'Option figureraont dans le tableau qui est annexé au résumé.</p>
C.2	Devise des Titres	Chaque série de Bons d'Option est émise en EUR.
C.5	Restrictions à la libre négociabilité des titres	Les Bons d'Option sont librement négociables, sous réserve des restrictions d'offre et de vente, du droit applicable et des règles et réglementations du Système de Compensation.
C.8	Droits attachés aux titres (y compris le rang des Titres et restrictions à ces droits)	<p><u>Droit applicable aux Titres</u></p> <p>Les Bons d'Option sont régis par, et interprétés conformément au, droit allemand. La formation des Bons d'Option est soumise au droit de la juridiction du Système de Compensation.</p> <p><u>Remboursement</u></p> <p>Les Bons d'Option donneront à l'investisseur le droit de recevoir le paiement d'un Montant de Règlement en Espèces. Le Montant de Règlement en Espèces sera égal (i) à la différence (si elle est positive) entre le Prix de Référence du Sous-Jacent à la Date d'Evaluation et le Prix d'Exercice applicable (dans le cas du Type Call) ou entre le Prix d'Exercice applicable et le Prix de Référence du Sous-Jacent à la Date d'Evaluation (dans le cas du Type PUT) multipliée par (ii) le Ratio, où le résultat de ce calcul est converti en EUR.</p> <p>L'Emetteur est en droit, à chaque fois avec effet à une Date de Résiliation Normale, de résilier normalement les Bons d'Option.</p> <p><u>Ajustements et Résiliation</u></p> <p>Sous réserve de certaines circonstances particulières, l'Emetteur peut être en droit de procéder à certains ajustements. En outre, l'Emetteur peut être en droit de mettre fin de manière anticipée aux Bons d'Option si un événement particulier survient.</p> <p><u>Rang des Titres</u></p> <p>Les obligations au titre des Bons d'Option constituent des obligations directes et inconditionnelles de l'Emetteur, qui ne bénéficient d'aucune sûreté (<i>nicht dinglich besichert</i>) et, sauf disposition contraire de la loi applicable, viennent au moins au même rang que toutes les autres obligations non subordonnées de l'Emetteur qui ne bénéficient d'aucune sûreté (<i>nicht dinglich</i>).</p>

*besichert).*

Périodes de Présentation, Prescription

La période de présentation des Bons d'Option (§ 801 paragraphe 1, ligne 1 du Code Civil Allemand (*BGB*)) sera de dix ans et la période de prescription pour des réclamations au titre des Bons d'Option présentés pendant la période de présentation sera de deux ans calculée à compter de la fin de la période de présentation applicable.

C.11 Admission à la négociation sur un marché réglementé ou un marché équivalent

L'Emetteur a l'intention de demander l'admission à la négociation de chaque série de Bons d'Option sur le(s) marché(s) réglementé(s) de Euronext Paris S.A. avec effet au 23 juin 2014.

C.15 Influence du Sous-Jacent sur la valeur des titres:

Le paiement d'un Montant de Règlement en Espèces dépendra dans une large mesure de la performance du Sous-Jacent pendant la durée des Bons d'Option.

En détail:

Si à tout moment à compter de la Date de Lancement un prix du Sous-Jacent **n'a jamais été égal ou inférieur** (dans le cas du Type Bons d'Options CALL) ou **égal ou supérieur** (dans le cas du Type Bons d'Options PUT) à la Barrière de Désactivation, l'investisseur recevra le Montant de Règlement en Espèces (le "**MRE**") calculé selon la formule suivante:

$$\text{MRE} = (\text{Sous-Jacent}_{\text{final}} - \text{Prix d'Exercice}) \times \text{Ratio} \times 1/\text{FX}$$

(dans le cas du Type CALL)

$$\text{MRE} = (\text{Prix d'Exercice} - \text{Sous-Jacent}_{\text{final}}) \times \text{Ratio} \times 1/\text{FX}$$

(dans le cas du Type PUT)

où

$\text{Sous-Jacent}_{\text{final}}$  = le Prix de Référence du Sous-Jacent à la Date d'Evaluation exprimé en USD

Prix d'Exercice = le Prix d'Exercice applicable à la Date d'Evaluation

Le Prix d'Exercice variera chaque jour calendaire entre la Date de Lancement et la Date d'Evaluation applicable. Le Prix d'Exercice un jour calendaire ("**T**") correspondra au Prix d'Exercice du jour calendaire précédent ("**T-1**"), augmenté du Montant d'Ajustement applicable en T-1.

Le Prix d'Exercice à la Date de Lancement figurera dans le tableau annexé au résumé.

Ratio = 0,10

Type = le type qui figure dans le tableau annexé au résumé

FX = le Taux de Conversion Applicable

Si à tout moment à compter de la Date de Lancement un prix du Sous-Jacent a été au moins une fois égal ou inférieur (dans le cas du Type Bons d'Options CALL) ou égal ou supérieur (dans le cas du Type Bons d'Options PUT) à la Barrière de Désactivation (le "**Cas de Désactivation**"), le Montant de Règlement en Espèces déterminé à la discrétion raisonnable de l'Emetteur (*billiges Ermessen*, § 315 du Code Civil Allemand (*BGB*)) pourra être de zéro.

La Barrière de Désactivation pour la première Période d'Ajustement figurera dans le tableau annexé au résumé. Pour chaque Période d'Ajustement supplémentaire, la Barrière de Désactivation devra être à nouveau déterminée. L'Emetteur la déterminera à sa discrétion raisonnable (*billiges Ermessen*, § 315 du Code Civil Allemand (*BGB*)) en tenant compte des conditions de marché applicables qui prévalent (en particulier, la volatilité).

"**Taux de Conversion Applicable**" désigne le prix de EUR 1,00 en USD, tel qu'effectivement négocié sur le marché interbancaire international *spot* à la Date d'Evaluation, auquel le Prix de Référence du Sous-Jacent est déterminé et publié.

C.16	Date d'Evaluation	Date d'Exercice
	Date d'Exercice	Tout dernier Jour Ouvrable de Paiement dans les mois de Décembre de chaque année débutant à partir du mois de décembre 2014.
C.17	Description de la procédure de règlement des titres	Chaque série de Bons d'Option vendue sera livrée à la Date de Paiement conformément aux pratiques de marché locales via le Système de Compensation.
C.18	Procédure de livraison (compensation à la Date d'Exercice)	Tous les montants dus au titre des Bons d'Option devront être payés à l'Agent Payeur pour un transfert au Système de Compensation ou conformément aux instructions du Système de Compensation au crédit des teneurs de compte concernés aux dates mentionnées dans les modalités applicables. Le paiement au Système de Compensation ou conformément aux instructions du Système de Compensation libérera l'Emetteur de ses obligations de paiement au titre des Bons d'Option à hauteur du montant du paiement.
C.19	Prix de Référence Final du Sous-Jacent	Le prix de règlement du Sous-Jacent tel que déterminé et publié par le Marché à Terme à la Date d'Evaluation
C.20	Type de sous-jacent et détails, où l'information sur le sous-jacent peut être trouvée	L'actifs sous-jacent de chaque série de Bons d'Option est le West Texas Intermediate (WTI) Light Sweet Crude Oil Futures Contract (Page Reuters CLQ4) par le Marché à Terme avec livraison au mois de août 2014 (date d'échéance: 22 juillet 2014) (le " <b>Sous-Jacent</b> ").  Les informations sur le Sous-Jacent sont disponibles sur le site internet <a href="http://www.cmegroup.com">www.cmegroup.com</a> .



## Section D – Risques

L'achat des Bons d'Option comporte certains risques. **L'Emetteur indique expressément que la description des risques liés à un investissement dans les Bons d'Option présente seulement les risques principaux qui étaient connus de l'Emetteur à la date du Prospectus de Base.**

Elément	Description de l'élément	Informations à inclure
D.2	Principaux risques propres à l'Emetteur	Chaque Tranche de Bons d'Option comporte un risque émetteur, également appelé risque débiteur ou risque de crédit pour les investisseurs potentiels. Un risque émetteur est le risque que COMMERZBANK devienne temporairement ou définitivement incapable de respecter ses obligations de payer les intérêts et/ou le montant de remboursement.

En outre, COMMERZBANK est soumise à divers risques au sein de ses activités commerciales. De tels risques comprennent en particulier les types de risques suivants:

### Crise financière mondiale et crise de la dette souveraine

La crise financière mondiale et la crise de la dette souveraine, en particulier au sein de la zone euro, ont eu un effet défavorable significatif sur l'actif, sur la situation financière et sur les résultats d'exploitation du Groupe. Il n'y a aucune assurance que le Groupe ne souffrira pas d'effets défavorables significatifs supplémentaires à l'avenir, en particulier dans l'hypothèse d'une nouvelle aggravation de la crise. Toute aggravation supplémentaire de la crise au sein de l'Union Monétaire Européenne peut avoir des effets défavorables significatifs sur le Groupe qui pourraient, dans certaines circonstances, menacer l'existence même du Groupe. Le Groupe détient des volumes significatifs de dette souveraine. Les dépréciations et les réévaluations de cette dette souveraine à une juste valeur plus faible ont eu dans le passé des effets défavorables significatifs sur l'actif, sur la situation financière et sur les résultats d'exploitation du Groupe, et pourraient avoir des effets défavorables supplémentaires à l'avenir.

### Environnement macroéconomique

L'environnement macroéconomique qui prévaut depuis les dernières années continue à affecter défavorablement les résultats du Groupe et la forte dépendance du Groupe à l'environnement économique, notamment en Allemagne, peut conduire à des effets négatifs importants supplémentaires dans le cas d'un possible nouveau ralentissement économique.

### Risque de défaut de contrepartie

Le Groupe est soumis au risque de défaut (risque de crédit), notamment en ce qui concerne des engagements individuels importants, des prêts et engagements importants, concentrés sur des secteurs particuliers, appelé risque de concentration, ainsi qu'en ce qui concerne des prêts consentis à des débiteurs pouvant être particulièrement affectés par la crise de la dette souveraine. Le désengagement du portefeuille de financement maritime et du portefeuille de financement Immobilier Commercial est soumis à des

risques considérables compte tenu de l'environnement de marché actuel difficile et de la volatilité des prix des navires et des prix de l'immobilier et du risque de défaut (risque de crédit) qui en est affecté, ainsi que du risque de changements importants de la valeur des navires détenus à titre de sûreté, des actifs immobiliers détenus directement et des actifs immobiliers privés et commerciaux détenus à titre de sûreté. Le Groupe a un nombre important de prêts non-productifs dans son portefeuille, et il est possible que ces défauts ne soient pas suffisamment couverts par des sûretés ou par des dépréciations et dotations aux provisions précédemment effectuées.

#### Risques de marché

Le Groupe est exposé à un risque de prix de marché lié à la valorisation des titres de capital et des parts de fonds d'investissement ainsi que sous la forme de risques de taux d'intérêt, de risques de différentiel de taux, de risques de change, de risques de volatilité et de corrélation, de risques liés au prix des matières premières.

#### Risques stratégiques

Il existe un risque que le Groupe ne puisse pas mettre en œuvre ses plans stratégiques ou qu'il ne puisse les mettre en œuvre que partiellement ou à des coûts supérieurs à ceux envisagés et que la mise en œuvre des mesures envisagées ne débouche pas sur la réalisation des objectifs stratégiques recherchés.

#### Risques liés à l'environnement concurrentiel

Les marchés dans lesquels le Groupe est actif, en particulier le marché allemand (et, tout particulièrement, les activités avec la clientèle de particuliers et d'entreprises ainsi que les activités de banque d'investissement) et le marché polonais, sont caractérisés par une concurrence intense en termes de prix et de conditions, ce qui entraîne une pression considérable sur les marges.

#### Risques de liquidité

Le Groupe est dépendant d'un approvisionnement régulier de liquidités et une pénurie de liquidités sur le marché ou relative à une entreprise en particulier peut avoir un effet défavorable significatif sur l'actif du Groupe, sa situation financière et ses résultats d'exploitation. Actuellement, l'approvisionnement en liquidités des banques et autres acteurs des marchés financiers est fortement dépendante de mesures expansives des banques centrales.

#### Risques opérationnels

Le Groupe est exposé à un grand nombre de risques opérationnels dont notamment le risque que des salariés fassent souscrire des risques excessifs au nom du Groupe ou violent les règles de conformité dans le cadre de la conduite des activités et provoquant ainsi des pertes considérables apparaissant brusquement, ce qui pourrait indirectement entraîner une augmentation des exigences réglementaires en matière de fonds propres.

#### Risques liés aux participations

COMMERZBANK est exposée à des risques particuliers liés à la

valeur et à la gestion de participations dans des sociétés cotées et non cotées. Il est possible que les écarts d'acquisition reportés dans les comptes consolidés du Groupe doivent faire l'objet d'une dépréciation totale ou partielle suite à des tests de dépréciation.

#### Risques liés à la réglementation bancaire

Les exigences toujours plus strictes relatives aux fonds propres et à la liquidité et en termes de procédures et de reporting sont susceptibles de mettre en cause le modèle économique d'un certain nombre d'activités du Groupe, d'affecter défavorablement la position concurrentielle du Groupe ou de rendre nécessaire la levée de fonds propres additionnels. D'autres réformes réglementaires proposées à la suite de la crise financière, telles que, par exemple, des exigences comme la taxe bancaire, une éventuelle taxe sur les transactions financières, la séparation de l'activité de négociation pour compte propre de l'activité de banque de dépôt ou des obligations d'information et d'organisation plus strictes, peuvent influencer de façon importante le modèle d'entreprise du Groupe et son environnement concurrentiel.

#### Risques juridiques

Les activités de COMMERZBANK peuvent donner lieu à des contentieux, dont l'issue est incertaine et qui entraînent des risques pour le Groupe. A titre d'exemple, des demandes de dommages-intérêts fondées sur des conseils en investissement erronés ont entraîné des responsabilités importantes pour le Groupe et peuvent également à l'avenir entraîner de nouvelles responsabilités pour le Groupe. Des demandes de paiement et de restitution de valeurs ont été engagées à l'encontre de COMMERZBANK et ses filiales, y compris dans certains cas devant les tribunaux, liées aux titres participatifs et aux "trust-preferred securities" émis par COMMERZBANK et ses filiales. L'issue de ces procédures pourrait avoir un effet négatif significatif sur le Groupe, qui va au-delà des prétentions formulées au titre de chaque réclamation. Les procédures introduites par les régulateurs, les autorités de tutelle et les ministères publics peuvent avoir des effets défavorables significatifs sur le Groupe.

D.6 Informations clés concernant les principaux risques propres aux titres

#### Absence de marché secondaire immédiatement avant la date d'exercice finale

Le teneur de marché et/ou la bourse mettront fin à la négociation des Bons d'Option au plus tard peu de temps avant leur Date d'Echéance prévue. Cependant, entre le dernier jour de négociation et la Date d'Evaluation, le prix du Sous-Jacent et/ou le taux de change, qui sont tous les deux pertinents pour les Bons d'Option, pourront encore évoluer. Ceci peut désavantager l'investisseur.

#### Absence de sûreté

Les Bons d'Option constituent des obligations inconditionnelles de l'Emetteur. Elles ne sont si assurées par le Fonds de Protection des Dépôts de l'Association des Banques Allemandes (*Einlagensicherungsfonds des Bundesverbandes deutscher Banken e.V.*) ni par la loi allemande sur les dépôts et l'indemnisation des investisseurs (*Einlagensicherungs- und Anlegerentschädigungsgesetz*). Cela signifie que l'investisseur supporte le risque que l'Emetteur ne puisse honorer ses

engagements au titre des Bons d'Option ou uniquement en partie. Dans ces circonstances, l'investisseur pourrait supporter une perte totale du capital investi.

Cela signifie que l'investisseur supporte le risque de la dégradation de la situation financière de l'Emetteur – et que l'Emetteur puisse faire l'objet d'une procédure de restructuration (*Reorganisationsverfahren*) ou d'ordre de transfert (*Übertragungsanordnung*) en vertu de la loi allemande sur la restructuration bancaire ou qu'une procédure d'insolvabilité soit engagée au titre de ses actifs – et, par voie de conséquence, que les paiements dus au titre des Bons d'Option ne puissent être honorés ou ne le soient qu'en partie. Dans ces circonstances, l'investisseur pourrait supporter une perte totale du capital investi.

#### Risques liés à l'adoption d'un régime de redressement et de résolution des défaillances des établissements de crédit.

Début juin 2012 la Commission Européenne a publié une proposition de directive établissant un cadre pour le redressement et la résolution des défaillances des établissements de crédit et entreprises d'investissement (dite Directive sur le Redressement et la Résolution des Banques ("**BRRD**")) sur laquelle la Commission Européenne, le Conseil et le Parlement Européen sont parvenus à un accord le 18 décembre 2013.

Le projet de directive BRRD contient, entre autre chose, une participation aux pertes potentielles des créanciers des établissements de crédit. Aux termes de la proposition, les autorités de résolution auront le pouvoir d'annuler les créances des créanciers non sécurisés d'une institution défaillante et de convertir les créances en capital si certaines conditions sont remplies (le dénommé "**outil de renflouement interne**").

Aux termes de l'outil de renflouement interne, l'autorité de résolution compétente aurait le pouvoir, dans certains cas de déclenchement, d'annuler des actions existantes, d'annuler les passifs éligibles au renflouement interne (à savoir les instruments de fonds propres, tels que les Titres Subordonnés et autres dettes subordonnées et même dettes non subordonnées, sous réserve d'exceptions liées à certains passifs) d'un établissement de crédit défaillant ou de convertir de tels passifs éligibles d'un établissement de crédit défaillant en capital à certains taux de conversion représentant une compensation adéquate pour le créancier affecté par la perte subie du fait de l'annulation et de la conversion, afin de renforcer la situation financière de l'établissement de crédit et lui permettre de poursuivre ses activités sous réserve d'une restructuration appropriée.

Aux termes de la proposition de directive BRRD, toute annulation (ou conversion en capital) conformément à l'outil de renflouement interne n'entraînera pas un remboursement anticipé. En conséquence, tous montants ainsi annulés seraient irrévocablement perdus et les porteurs de ces instruments cesseraient de détenir des créances au titre de ceux-ci, et ce que la situation financière de la banque soit ou non restaurée.

Si les dispositions du projet de directive BRRD ou des dispositions similaires (telles que par exemple la proposition d'un règlement établissant des règles uniformes et une procédure uniforme pour la résolution des difficultés des établissements de crédit et de

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certaines entreprises d'investissement dans le cadre d'un mécanisme unique de résolution et d'un fond unique de résolution bancaire) devaient entrer en vigueur et être transposées en droit allemand, celles-ci pourraient affecter gravement les droits des porteurs des Bons d'Option dans la mesure où la non-viabilité ou la résolution de l'Emetteur pourrait entraîner la perte de la totalité de leur investissement et pourrait – y compris avant la survenance de la non-viabilité ou de la résolution – affecter défavorablement le prix de marché d'un titre subordonné.

#### Retenues liées au "Foreign Account Tax Compliance" américain

L'Emetteur pourrait devoir procéder à des retenues à la source au taux de 30 % sur la totalité, ou une partie, des paiements réalisés après le 31 décembre 2016 au titre (i) des titres émis ou significativement modifiés à compter de la plus lointaine des dates entre (a) le 1<sup>er</sup> juillet 2014 et (b) la date tombant six mois après la date à laquelle les règlements définitifs applicables aux "*foreign passthru payments*" sont déposés au Registre Fédéral ou (ii) des titres traités comme du capital pour les besoins des impôts fédéraux américains, quelle que soit leur date d'émission, aux termes des dispositions relatives aux comptes étrangers de la loi américaine *Hiring Incentives to Restore Employment Act* de 2010 – FATCA.

#### Effet d'une baisse de notation

La valeur des Bons d'Option pourrait être affectée par les notes données à l'Emetteur par les agences de notation. Toute baisse de la notation de l'Emetteur ne serait-ce que par l'une de ces agences de notation pourrait entraîner une réduction de la valeur des Bons d'Option.

#### Droits de résiliation, de remboursement anticipé et d'ajustement

L'Emetteur sera en droit de réaliser des ajustements exceptionnels ou de résilier et rembourser les Bons d'Option de manière anticipée si certaines conditions sont remplies. Ceci peut avoir un effet négatif sur la valeur des Bons d'Option ainsi que sur le Montant de Remboursement Exceptionnel. Si les Bons d'Option sont résiliés, le montant dû aux porteurs de Bons d'Option en cas de résiliation exceptionnelle des Bons d'Option peut être inférieur au montant que les porteurs de Bons d'Option auraient reçu en l'absence de cette résiliation exceptionnelle.

#### Perturbation de marché

L'Emetteur peut déterminer des cas de perturbation de marché qui pourraient retarder un calcul et/ou tout paiement au titre des Bons d'Option et qui pourraient affecter la valeur des Bons d'Option. En outre, dans certains cas mentionnés, l'Emetteur peut estimer certains prix qui sont pertinents au regard des paiements devant être réalisés ou de barrières devant être atteintes. Ces estimations peuvent s'écarter de leur valeur réelle.

#### Substitution de l'Emetteur

Si les conditions sont remplies, l'Emetteur pourra à tout moment, sans devoir obtenir l'accord des porteurs de Bons d'Option, désigner une autre société en qualité de nouvel Emetteur aux fins d'exécuter à sa place toutes les obligations découlant des Bons d'Option ou s'y

rapportant. Dans ce cas, le porteur des Notes assumera généralement également le risque d'insolvabilité du nouvel Emetteur.

#### Facteurs de risques liés au Sous-Jacent

Les Bons d'Option dépendent de la valeur du Sous-Jacent et des risques liés à ce Sous-Jacent. La valeur du Sous-Jacent est fonction d'un certain nombre de facteurs qui peuvent être liés entre eux. Ces facteurs peuvent inclure des événements de nature économique, financière et politique échappant au contrôle de l'Emetteur. Les performances antérieures d'un Sous-Jacent ou d'un composant de l'indice ne doivent pas être considérées comme un indicateur de ses performances futures pendant la durée des Bons d'Option.

#### Risque à l'échéance:

L'investisseur supporte le risque que le Montant de Règlement en Espèces soit inférieur au prix d'achat du Bon d'Option. Plus le Prix de Référence du Sous-Jacent à la Date d'Evaluation est faible (dans le cas de Type CALL) ou élevé (dans le cas de Type PUT) plus la perte sera importante.

Si à tout moment à compter de la Date de Lancement le prix du Sous-Jacent est au moins une fois égal ou inférieur (dans le cas de Type CALL) ou égal ou supérieur (dans le cas de Type PUT) à la Barrière de Désactivation (le "**Cas de Désactivation**"), les Bons d'Option expireront sans qu'aucune action supplémentaire de la part du Porteur de Bon d'Option ne soit nécessaire. Dans un tel cas le Montant de Règlement en Espèces déterminé à la discrétion raisonnable de l'Emetteur (*billiges Ermessens*, § 315 du Code civil allemand (*BGB*)) pourra être de zéro. **Le Porteur de Bon d'Option subira une perte qui correspondra presque à la totalité du prix d'achat payé pour le Bon d'Option (perte totale).**

En outre, l'investisseur supporte un risque de change dans la mesure où les montants qui ne sont pas exprimés en EUR seront convertis au taux de change existant à la Date d'Evaluation.

#### Risques si l'investisseur à l'intention de vendre ou doit vendre les Bons d'Option pendant leur durée:

##### *Risque de valeur de marché:*

Le prix de vente réalisable avant l'exercice final pourrait être significativement inférieur au prix d'acquisition payé par l'investisseur.

La valeur de marché des Bons d'Option dépend principalement de la performance du Sous-Jacent des Bons d'Option, sans la reproduire exactement. En particulier, les facteurs suivants peuvent avoir un effet défavorable sur le prix de marché des Bons d'Option:

- Changements dans l'intensité attendue de la variation du Sous-Jacent (volatilité)
- Evolution du taux d'intérêt
- Evolutions défavorables des taux de change

Chacun de ces facteurs pourrait produire en lui-même un effet ou renforcer ou annuler les autres.

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*Risques de négociation:*

L'Emetteur n'est ni tenu de fournir des prix d'achat et de vente des Bons d'Option sur une base continue (i) sur les bourses sur lesquelles les Bons d'Option sont admis à la négociation ou (ii) sur une base hors bourse (OTC) ni de racheter des Bons d'Option. Même si l'Emetteur fournit généralement des prix d'achat et de vente, dans le cas de conditions de marché exceptionnelles ou de problèmes techniques, la vente et l'achat des Bons d'Option pourrait être temporairement limitée ou impossible.

**Section E – Offre**

<b>Elément</b>	<b>Description de l'Elément</b>	<b>Informations à inclure</b>
E.2b	Raisons de l'offre et l'utilisation du produit de celle-ci lorsqu'il s'agit de raison autres que la réalisation d'un bénéfice et/ou la couverture de certains risques	- sans objet – Réalisation d'un bénéfice
E.3	Description des modalités et des conditions de l'offre	COMMERZBANK offre à compter du 23 juin 2014 des séries de Bons d'Option dont le volume et le prix d'émission initial par Bon d'Option figurent dans le tableau qui est annexé au Résumé.
E.4	Tout intérêt, y compris les intérêts conflictuels, pouvant influencer sensiblement sur l'émission/l'offre	Les conflits d'intérêts suivants peuvent survenir dans le cadre de l'exercice des droits et/ou obligations de l'Emetteur conformément aux modalités des Bons d'Option (par exemple dans le cadre de la détermination ou de l'adaptation des paramètres des modalités), qui affectent les montants dus: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- réalisation d'opérations sur le Sous-Jacent</li> <li>- émission de produits dérivés supplémentaires relatifs au Sous-Jacent</li> <li>- relations d'affaires avec l'émetteur d'un ou plusieurs composants du Sous-Jacent</li> <li>- détention d'informations importantes (y compris non-publiques) sur le Sous-Jacent</li> <li>- le fait d'agir en tant que Teneur de Marché</li> </ul>
E.7	Estimation des dépenses facturées à l'investisseur par l'émetteur ou l'offreur	L'investisseur peut habituellement acheter les Bons d'Option à un prix d'émission fixe. Ce prix d'émission fixe contient tous les coûts supportés par l'Emetteur liés à l'émission et à la vente des Bons d'Option (par exemple coûts de distribution, coûts de structuration et de couverture ainsi que la marge bénéficiaire de Commerzbank)



## Annexe au Résumé

ISIN (C.1)	Mnémonic (C.1)	Type (C.15)	Prix d'Exercice à la Date de Lancement (C.15)	Barrière de Désactivation pour la première Période d'Ajustement (C.15)	Volume d'émission (E.3)	Prix d'émission initial (E.3)
DE000CB6T8P2	8T88Z	CALL	USD 96,00	USD 98,98	1.000.000	EUR 0,77
DE000CB6T8Q0	8T89Z	CALL	USD 101,00	USD 104,13	1.000.000	EUR 0,39
DE000CB6T8R8	8T91Z	PUT	USD 127,50	USD 123,78	1.000.000	EUR 1,65
DE000CB6T8S6	8T92Z	PUT	USD 150,00	USD 145,62	1.000.000	EUR 3,38