
**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549**

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2010

OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

WEATHERFORD INTERNATIONAL LTD.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

001-34258

(Commission file number)

Switzerland

(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

98-0606750

(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

4-6 Rue Jean-Francois Bartholoni, 1204 Geneva, Switzerland

(Address of principal executive offices)

Not Applicable

(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: 41.22.816.1500

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer

Smaller reporting company

(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date:

As of April 23, 2010, there were 740,659,690 shares of Weatherford registered shares, 1.16 Swiss francs par value per share, outstanding.

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

WEATHERFORD INTERNATIONAL LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(In thousands, except par value)

| | <u>March 31,</u> <u>2010</u> | <u>December 31,</u> <u>2009</u> |
|--|---------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| | <u>(unaudited)</u> | |
| ASSETS | | |
| Current Assets: | | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | \$ 207,099 | \$ 252,519 |
| Accounts Receivable, Net of Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts of \$21,847 and \$20,466, Respectively | 2,655,677 | 2,504,876 |
| Inventories | 2,316,155 | 2,239,762 |
| Current Deferred Tax Assets | 258,790 | 259,077 |
| Other Current Assets | 889,984 | 884,372 |
| Total Current Assets | <u>6,327,705</u> | <u>6,140,606</u> |
| Property, Plant and Equipment, Net of Accumulated Depreciation of \$3,602,222 and \$3,438,248, Respectively | 6,883,744 | 6,991,579 |
| Goodwill | 4,141,362 | 4,156,105 |
| Other Intangible Assets, Net of Accumulated Amortization of \$379,789 and \$359,052, Respectively | 761,716 | 778,786 |
| Equity Investments | 538,621 | 542,667 |
| Other Assets | 304,611 | 256,440 |
| Total Assets | <u>\$18,957,759</u> | <u>\$18,866,183</u> |
| LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY | | |
| Current Liabilities: | | |
| Short-term Borrowings and Current Portion of Long-term Debt | \$ 991,440 | \$ 869,581 |
| Accounts Payable | 1,121,175 | 1,002,359 |
| Other Current Liabilities | 840,863 | 924,948 |
| Total Current Liabilities | <u>2,953,478</u> | <u>2,796,888</u> |
| Long-term Debt | 5,844,610 | 5,847,258 |
| Other Liabilities | 383,547 | 423,333 |
| Total Liabilities | <u>9,181,635</u> | <u>9,067,479</u> |
| Shareholders' Equity: | | |
| Shares, CHF 1.16 Par Value, Authorized 1,093,303 Shares, Conditionally Authorized 364,434 Shares, Issued 758,447 Shares at March 31, 2010 and at December 31, 2009 | 761,077 | 761,077 |
| Capital in Excess of Par Value | 4,640,579 | 4,642,800 |
| Treasury Shares, Net | (573,847) | (616,048) |
| Retained Earnings | 4,777,092 | 4,817,101 |
| Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income | 94,260 | 114,742 |
| Weatherford Shareholders' Equity | 9,699,161 | 9,719,672 |
| Noncontrolling Interests | 76,963 | 79,032 |
| Total Shareholders' Equity | <u>9,776,124</u> | <u>9,798,704</u> |
| Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity | <u>\$18,957,759</u> | <u>\$18,866,183</u> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

WEATHERFORD INTERNATIONAL LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME
(UNAUDITED)

(In thousands, except per share amounts)

| | Three Months Ended March 31, | |
|---|---------------------------------|-------------------|
| | 2010 | 2009 |
| Revenues: | | |
| Products | \$ 781,056 | \$ 742,900 |
| Services | 1,557,192 | 1,513,241 |
| | <u>2,338,248</u> | <u>2,256,141</u> |
| Costs and Expenses: | | |
| Cost of Products | 573,797 | 569,056 |
| Cost of Services | 1,175,523 | 965,464 |
| Research and Development | 48,857 | 49,021 |
| Selling, General and Administrative Attributable to Segments | 336,845 | 308,744 |
| Corporate General and Administrative | 86,315 | 53,131 |
| | <u>2,121,337</u> | <u>1,945,416</u> |
| Operating Income | <u>116,911</u> | <u>310,725</u> |
| Other Expense: | | |
| Interest Expense, Net | (95,339) | (91,063) |
| Devaluation of Venezuelan Bolivar | (63,859) | — |
| Other, Net | (9,218) | (13,539) |
| | <u>(168,416)</u> | <u>(194,602)</u> |
| Income (Loss) Before Income Taxes | (51,505) | 206,123 |
| Benefit (Provision) for Income Taxes | <u>15,531</u> | <u>(32,463)</u> |
| Net Income (Loss) | (35,974) | 173,660 |
| Net Income Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests | <u>(4,035)</u> | <u>(8,858)</u> |
| Net Income (Loss) Attributable to Weatherford | <u>\$ (40,009)</u> | <u>\$ 164,802</u> |
| Earnings (Loss) Per Share Attributable to Weatherford: | | |
| Basic | \$ (0.05) | \$ 0.24 |
| Diluted | \$ (0.05) | \$ 0.23 |
| Weighted Average Shares Outstanding: | | |
| Basic | 737,865 | 698,327 |
| Diluted | 737,865 | 702,636 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

WEATHERFORD INTERNATIONAL LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(UNAUDITED)
(In thousands)

| | Three Months Ended March 31, | |
|--|---------------------------------|-------------------|
| | 2010 | 2009 |
| Cash Flows from Operating Activities: | | |
| Net Income (Loss) | \$ (35,974) | \$ 173,660 |
| Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: | | |
| Depreciation and Amortization | 249,392 | 201,394 |
| Employee Share-Based Compensation Expense | 22,974 | 26,429 |
| Deferred Income Tax Benefit | (93,623) | (23,594) |
| Devaluation of Venezuelan Bolivar | 63,859 | — |
| Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan | 38,021 | — |
| Other, Net | 22,456 | 5,146 |
| Change in Operating Assets and Liabilities, Net of Effect of Businesses Acquired | | |
| Accounts Receivable | (219,098) | 152,807 |
| Inventories | (98,444) | (147,536) |
| Accounts Payable | 128,522 | 53,453 |
| Other | (72,554) | (274,201) |
| Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities | <u>5,531</u> | <u>167,558</u> |
| Cash Flows from Investing Activities: | | |
| Acquisitions of Businesses, Net of Cash Acquired | (46,579) | (7,094) |
| Capital Expenditures for Property, Plant and Equipment | (231,087) | (583,719) |
| Acquisition of Intellectual Property | (6,647) | (11,096) |
| Acquisition of Equity Investments in Unconsolidated Affiliates | — | (26,509) |
| Proceeds from Sale of Assets and Businesses, Net | 87,790 | 30,616 |
| Other Investing Activities | 41,840 | — |
| Net Cash Used by Investing Activities | <u>(154,683)</u> | <u>(597,802)</u> |
| Cash Flows from Financing Activities: | | |
| Borrowings (Repayments) of Short-term Debt, Net | 122,746 | (873,938) |
| Borrowings (Repayments) of Long-term Debt, Net | (2,113) | 1,231,209 |
| Other Financing Activities, Net | 3,227 | (3,883) |
| Net Cash Provided by Financing Activities | <u>123,860</u> | <u>353,388</u> |
| Effect of Exchange Rate Changes on Cash and Cash Equivalents | <u>(20,128)</u> | <u>174</u> |
| Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents | (45,420) | (76,682) |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Period | 252,519 | 238,398 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Period | <u>\$ 207,099</u> | <u>\$ 161,716</u> |
| Supplemental Cash Flow Information: | | |
| Interest Paid | \$ 139,597 | \$ 98,725 |
| Income Taxes Paid, Net of Refunds | 90,735 | 128,632 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

WEATHERFORD INTERNATIONAL LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
(UNAUDITED)
(In thousands)

| | Three Months Ended March 31, | |
|---|---------------------------------|-----------|
| | 2010 | 2009 |
| Net Income (Loss) | \$(35,974) | \$173,660 |
| Other Comprehensive Income: | | |
| Curtailed of Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan | 45,237 | — |
| Amortization of Pension Components | 1,513 | 1,180 |
| Foreign Currency Translation Adjustment | (67,387) | (50,060) |
| Other | 155 | 151 |
| Comprehensive Income (Loss) | (56,456) | 124,931 |
| Comprehensive Income Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests | (4,035) | (8,737) |
| Comprehensive Income (Loss) Attributable to Weatherford | \$(60,491) | \$116,194 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

WEATHERFORD INTERNATIONAL LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(UNAUDITED)

1. General

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of Weatherford International Ltd. and all majority-owned subsidiaries (the “Company”) are prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles and include all adjustments of a normal recurring nature which, in the opinion of management, are necessary to present fairly our Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet at March 31, 2010, Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income, Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income and Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009. Although we believe the disclosures in these financial statements are adequate to make the interim information presented not misleading, certain information relating to our organization and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles have been condensed or omitted in this Form 10-Q pursuant to U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) rules and regulations. These financial statements should be read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2009 and the related notes included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K. The results of operations for the three months ended March 31, 2010 are not necessarily indicative of the results expected for the full year.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period and disclosure of contingent liabilities. On an ongoing basis, we evaluate our estimates, including those related to uncollectible accounts receivable, lower of cost or market of inventories, equity investments, intangible assets and goodwill, property, plant and equipment, income taxes, percentage-of-completion accounting for long-term contracts, self-insurance, pension and post retirement benefit plans and contingent liabilities. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Weatherford International Ltd., all majority-owned subsidiaries, all controlled joint ventures and variable interest entities where the Company has determined it is the primary beneficiary. When referring to Weatherford and using phrases such as “we”, “us”, and “our”, the intent is to refer to Weatherford International Ltd. and its subsidiaries as a whole or on a regional basis, depending on the context in which the statements are made.

Investments in affiliates in which we exercise significant influence over operating and financial policies are accounted for using the equity method. All material intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

2. Business Combinations

We have acquired businesses we feel are important to our long-term growth strategy. Results of operations for acquisitions are included in the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income from the date of acquisition. The balances included in the Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets related to recent acquisitions are based on preliminary information and are subject to change when final asset valuations are obtained and the potential for liabilities has been evaluated. The purchase price is allocated to the net assets acquired based upon their estimated fair values at the date of acquisition.

In July 2009, we acquired the Oilfield Services Division (“OFS”) of TNK-BP. In this transaction, we acquired drilling, well workover and cementing services operations in West Siberia, East Siberia and the Volga-Urals region. We issued 24.3 million shares valued at approximately \$450 million. In addition, if TNK-BP sells the shares it received in consideration for the transaction for a price less than \$18.50 per share prior to June 29, 2010, we are obligated to pay TNK-BP additional consideration in an amount equal to the difference between the price at which the shares were sold and \$18.50. We will pay any additional consideration in cash or, at our option in certain instances, in additional shares following such date. We made a preliminary allocation of the purchase price as of the

WEATHERFORD INTERNATIONAL LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(UNAUDITED)

date of the acquisition. We will continue to adjust the allocations until final valuation of the assets and liabilities are completed.

Accounting guidance for business combinations requires contingent consideration to be recognized at its acquisition date fair value. Based on the terms of the arrangement, we classified the contingent consideration as a liability. Such liabilities are required to be remeasured to fair value at each reporting date until the contingency is resolved, with changes in fair value being recognized in earnings. We estimated the fair value of the contingent consideration for the OFS acquisition at the date of acquisition to be a liability of \$84 million and \$63 million at December 31, 2009. This liability was estimated to have a fair value of \$71 million at March 31, 2010, resulting in the recognition of an \$8 million loss during 2010. This loss was recorded in the Selling, General and Administrative Attributable to Segments line in the Consolidated Statements of Income. The valuation of the contingent consideration was determined using a lattice-based model incorporating the term of the contingency, the price of our shares over the relevant periods and the volatility of our stock price.

In November 2008, we acquired a group of affiliated companies in Latin America, which provide project management services, drilling fluids, contract drilling and environmental services in that region. Consideration for the transaction totaled approximately \$160 million, which was comprised of approximately six million shares valued at approximately \$65 million, non-cash consideration of approximately \$75 million and cash of approximately \$20 million. Additional consideration of up to \$65 million in cash or the issuance of shares of equivalent value, at our option, is contingent on the occurrence of future events and circumstances. We will record this contingent consideration when and if these events occur.

During the three months ended March 31, 2010, we paid \$45 million to TNK-BP related to working capital adjustments in connection with the OFS acquisition. In addition, we paid cash consideration of \$2 million and approximately 1.8 million common shares valued at \$28 million for other acquisitions.

3. Inventories

The components of inventory were as follows:

| | March 31, 2010 | December 31, 2009 |
|--|---------------------------|------------------------------|
| | <i>(In thousands)</i> | |
| Raw materials, components and supplies | \$ 337,061 | \$ 328,253 |
| Work in process | 117,082 | 115,564 |
| Finished goods | <u>1,862,012</u> | <u>1,795,945</u> |
| | <u>\$2,316,155</u> | <u>\$ 2,239,762</u> |

Work in process and finished goods inventories include the cost of materials, labor and plant overhead.

4. Goodwill

Goodwill is evaluated for impairment on at least an annual basis. We perform our annual goodwill impairment test as of October 1. Our 2009 impairment tests indicated goodwill was not impaired. We will continue to test our goodwill annually as of October 1 unless events occur or circumstances change between annual tests that would more likely than not reduce the fair value of a reporting unit below its carrying amount.

WEATHERFORD INTERNATIONAL LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(UNAUDITED)

The changes in the carrying amount of goodwill for the three months ended March 31, 2010 were as follows:

| | <u>North America</u> | <u>Middle East/ North Africa/ Asia</u> | <u>Europe/ West Africa/ FSU</u> <i>(In thousands)</i> | <u>Latin America</u> | <u>Total</u> |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|--|--|--------------------------|--------------------|
| As of December 31, 2009 | \$2,097,549 | \$ 698,896 | \$1,045,577 | \$314,083 | \$4,156,105 |
| Acquisitions | 3,463 | — | — | — | 3,463 |
| Disposals | — | — | — | — | — |
| Purchase price and other adjustments | (3,482) | (643) | (1,093) | (906) | (6,124) |
| Foreign currency translation | 16,299 | 1,541 | (27,803) | (2,119) | (12,082) |
| As of March 31, 2010 | <u>\$2,113,829</u> | <u>\$ 699,794</u> | <u>\$1,016,681</u> | <u>\$311,058</u> | <u>\$4,141,362</u> |

5. Short-term Borrowings and Current Portion of Long-term Debt

The components of short-term borrowings were as follows:

| | <u>March 31, 2010</u> | <u>December 31, 2009</u> |
|---|---------------------------|------------------------------|
| | <i>(In thousands)</i> | |
| Revolving credit facilities | \$943,000 | \$ 798,500 |
| Commercial paper program | — | — |
| Other short-term bank loans | 30,849 | 53,007 |
| Total short-term borrowings | 973,849 | 851,507 |
| Current portion of long-term debt | 17,591 | 18,074 |
| Short-term borrowings and current portion of long-term debt | <u>\$991,440</u> | <u>\$ 869,581</u> |

We maintain various revolving credit facilities with syndicates of banks that can be used for a combination of borrowings, support for our commercial paper program and issuances of letters of credit. At March 31, 2010, these facilities allow for an aggregate availability of \$1.8 billion and mature in May 2011. The weighted average interest rate on outstanding borrowings of these facilities at March 31, 2010 was 1.0%. There were \$75 million in outstanding letters of credit under these facilities at March 31, 2010.

These borrowing facilities require us to maintain a debt-to-capitalization ratio of less than 60% and contain other covenants and representations customary for an investment-grade commercial credit. We are in compliance with these covenants at March 31, 2010.

We have a \$1.5 billion commercial paper program under which we may from time to time issue short-term unsecured notes. The commercial paper program is supported by our revolving credit facilities. There was no commercial paper outstanding at March 31, 2010.

We have short-term borrowings with various domestic and international institutions pursuant to uncommitted facilities. At March 31, 2010, we had \$31 million in short-term borrowings under these arrangements with a weighted average interest rate of 1.4%. In addition, we had \$276 million of letters of credit and bid and performance bonds under these uncommitted facilities. The carrying value of our short-term borrowings approximates their fair value as of March 31, 2010.

WEATHERFORD INTERNATIONAL LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(UNAUDITED)

6. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Financial Instruments Measured and Recognized at Fair Value

The accounting guidance for fair value measurements establishes a valuation hierarchy for disclosure of the inputs to the valuations used to measure fair value. This hierarchy prioritizes the inputs into three broad levels as follows. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. Level 2 inputs are quoted prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets or inputs that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly through market corroboration, for substantially the full term of the financial instrument. Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs based upon our own assumptions used to measure assets and liabilities at fair value. A financial asset or liability's classification within the hierarchy is determined based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

The following table presents our non-derivative assets and liabilities that are measured and recognized at fair value on a recurring basis classified under the appropriate level of the fair value hierarchy as of March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009:

| | March 31, 2010 | | | Total |
|--|--------------------------|----------------|----------------|--------------|
| | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | |
| | <i>(In thousands)</i> | | | |
| Other Assets: | | | | |
| Other investments | \$— | \$— | \$ — | \$ — |
| Other Current Liabilities: | | | | |
| Contingent consideration on acquisition (See Note 2) | — | — | 70,573 | 70,573 |
| | December 31, 2009 | | | |
| | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Total |
| | <i>(In thousands)</i> | | | |
| Other Assets: | | | | |
| Other investments | \$— | \$40,822 | \$ — | \$40,822 |
| Other Current Liabilities: | | | | |
| Contingent consideration on acquisition (See Note 2) | — | — | 62,763 | 62,763 |

During the first quarter of 2010, we received proceeds of approximately \$42 million from the redemption of our other investments recorded at fair value at December 31, 2009. The proceeds are included in investing activities in the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the period ended March 31, 2010.

The following table provides a summary of changes in fair value of our Level 3 financial liability for the three months ended March 31, 2010:

| | Three Months Ended March 31, 2010 |
|---|--|
| | <i>(In thousands)</i> |
| Balance at beginning of period | \$ 62,763 |
| Contingent consideration on acquisition (See Note 2) | — |
| Unrealized loss on contingent consideration on acquisition included in earnings | 7,810 |
| Balance at end of period | <u>\$ 70,573</u> |

The \$8 million loss recorded during the first quarter of 2010 is included in the Selling, General and Administrative Attributable to Segments line in the Consolidated Statements of Income.

WEATHERFORD INTERNATIONAL LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(UNAUDITED)

Fair Value of Other Financial Instruments

Our other financial instruments include cash and cash equivalents, foreign currency exchange contracts, interest rate swaps, accounts receivable, notes receivable, accounts payable and short and long-term debt. With the exception of long-term debt, the carrying value of these financial instruments approximates their fair value.

The fair value of outstanding debt fluctuates with changes in applicable interest rates. Fair value will exceed carrying value when the current market interest rate is lower than the interest rate at which the debt was originally issued. The fair value of a company's debt is a measure of its current value under present market conditions. It does not impact the financial statements under current accounting rules. The fair value of our long-term debt was established based on quoted market prices.

The fair value and carrying value of our long-term debt is as follows:

| | March 31, 2010 | December 31, 2009 |
|----------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|
| | <i>(In thousands)</i> | |
| Fair value | \$6,392,261 | \$6,285,129 |
| Carrying value | 5,844,610 | 5,847,258 |

7. Derivative Instruments

We are exposed to market risk from changes in foreign currency and changes in interest rates. From time to time, we may enter into derivative financial instrument transactions to manage or reduce our market risk, but we do not enter into derivative transactions for speculative purposes. We manage our debt portfolio to achieve an overall desired position of fixed and floating rates and we may employ interest rate swaps as a tool to achieve that goal. The major risks from interest rate derivatives include changes in the interest rates affecting the fair value of such instruments, potential increases in interest expense due to market increases in floating interest rates and the creditworthiness of the counterparties in such transactions. In light of events in the global credit markets and the potential impact of these events on the liquidity of the banking industry, we continue to monitor the creditworthiness of our counterparties, which are multinational commercial banks.

The fair values of all our outstanding derivative instruments are determined using a model with Level 2 inputs including quoted market prices for contracts with similar terms and maturity dates.

Interest Rate Swaps

We use interest rate swaps to help mitigate exposures related to interest rate movements. Amounts received upon termination of the swaps accounted for as fair value hedges represent the fair value of the agreements at the time of termination and are recorded as an adjustment to the carrying value of the related debt. These amounts are being amortized as a reduction to interest expense over the remaining term of the debt. We have no interest rate swaps outstanding at March 31, 2010. As of March 31, 2010, we had net unamortized gains of \$67 million, associated with interest rate swap terminations.

Cash Flow Hedges

In 2008, we entered into interest rate derivative instruments to hedge projected exposures to interest rates in anticipation of a debt offering. Those hedges were terminated at the time of the issuance of the debt, and the loss on these hedges is being amortized from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income to interest expense over the remaining term of the debt. As of March 31, 2010, we had net unamortized losses of \$13 million associated with our cash flow hedge terminations.

WEATHERFORD INTERNATIONAL LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(UNAUDITED)

Other Derivative Instruments

As of March 31, 2010, we had several foreign currency forward and option contracts with notional amounts aggregating to \$620 million, which were entered into to hedge exposure to currency fluctuations in various foreign currencies, including, but not limited to, the British pound sterling, the Canadian dollar, the euro and the Norwegian krone. The total estimated fair value of these contracts at March 31, 2010 resulted in a net liability of approximately \$8 million. These derivative instruments were not designated as hedges and the changes in fair value of the contracts are recorded each period in Other, Net in the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income.

We have cross-currency swaps between the U.S. dollar and Canadian dollar to hedge certain exposures to the Canadian dollar. At March 31, 2010, we had notional amounts outstanding of \$335 million. The total estimated fair value of these contracts at March 31, 2010 resulted in a liability of \$33 million. These derivative instruments were not designated as hedges and the changes in fair value of the contracts are recorded each period in Other, Net in the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income.

The fair values of outstanding derivative instruments are summarized as follows:

| | March 31, 2010 | December 31, 2009 | Classifications |
|---|---------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|
| | <i>(In thousands)</i> | | |
| Derivative assets not designated as hedges: | | | |
| Foreign exchange contracts | 7,778 | \$ 9,831 | Other Current Assets |
| Derivative liabilities not designated as hedges: | | | |
| Foreign exchange contracts | 15,872 | 18,939 | Other Current Liabilities |
| Cross-currency swap contracts | 33,293 | 26,170 | Other Liabilities |

8. Income Taxes

Our effective tax rate was a benefit of 30.2% and a provision of 15.7% for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively. The change in the effective tax rate is primarily due to the tax benefit related to the devaluation of the Venezuelan Bolivar, which was partially offset by curtailment expense on our supplemental executive retirement plan (“SERP”) that had no related tax benefit and changes in our geographic earnings mix.

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9. Shareholders' Equity

The following summarizes our shareholders' equity activity for the period presented:

| | <u>Total Shareholders' Equity</u> | <u>Company Shareholders' Equity</u> <i>(In thousands)</i> | <u>Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Subsidiaries</u> |
|---|---|--|--|
| Balance at December 31, 2009 | \$ 9,798,704 | \$ 9,719,672 | \$ 79,032 |
| Comprehensive Income: | | | |
| Net Income (Loss) | (35,974) | (40,009) | 4,035 |
| Curtailed of Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan | 45,237 | 45,237 | — |
| Amortization of Pension Components | 1,513 | 1,513 | — |
| Foreign Currency Translation Adjustments | (67,387) | (67,387) | — |
| Other | 155 | 155 | — |
| Comprehensive Income (Loss) | (56,456) | (60,491) | 4,035 |
| Transactions with Shareholders | 39,980 | 39,980 | — |
| Dividends paid to Noncontrolling Interests | (6,442) | — | (6,442) |
| Other | 338 | — | 338 |
| Balance at March 31, 2010 | <u>\$ 9,776,124</u> | <u>\$ 9,699,161</u> | <u>\$ 76,963</u> |

10. Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share for all periods presented equals net income divided by the weighted average number of our shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of our shares outstanding during the period, adjusted for the dilutive effect of our stock option and restricted share plans and our outstanding warrants. Our diluted earnings per share calculation excludes three million potential shares for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 19 million potential shares for the three months ended March 31, 2009, due to their antidilutive effect. Our diluted earnings per share calculation for the three months ended March 31, 2010 also excludes 10 million potential shares that would have been included if we had net income for that period, but are excluded as we had a net loss and their inclusion would have been anti-dilutive.

The following reconciles basic and diluted weighted average of shares outstanding:

| | <u>Three Months Ended March 31,</u> | |
|---|---|----------------|
| | <u>2010</u> | <u>2009</u> |
| | <i>(In thousands)</i> | |
| Basic weighted average shares outstanding | 737,865 | 698,327 |
| Dilutive effect of: | | |
| Warrants | — | — |
| Stock options and restricted shares | — | 4,309 |
| Diluted weighted average shares outstanding | <u>737,865</u> | <u>702,636</u> |

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11. Share-Based Compensation

In March 2010, our compensation committee of our board of directors authorized the award of performance units to officers under our 2006 Omnibus Incentive Plan. Subsequently, we issued 707,000 performance units, which will vest ratably over a three-year period assuming continued employment of the officer and if the Company meets certain market-based performance goals. The performance units were valued at \$13.19 based on the Monte Carlo simulation method.

We recognized the following employee share-based compensation expense during the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009:

| | Three Months Ended March 31, | |
|--------------------------|---|-------------|
| | 2010 | 2009 |
| | <i>(In thousands)</i> | |
| Share-based compensation | \$22,974 | \$26,429 |
| Related tax benefit | 8,041 | 9,250 |

During the three months ended March 31, 2010, we granted one million restricted share awards and units at a weighted average grant date fair value of \$14.49 per share.

As of March 31, 2010, there was \$216 million of total unrecognized compensation cost related to our unvested stock options, restricted share grants, and units. This cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 2 years.

12. Retirement and Employee Benefit Plans

We have defined benefit pension and other post-retirement benefit plans covering certain employees. The components of net periodic benefit cost for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009 were as follows:

| | Three Months Ended March 31, | | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|
| | 2010 | | 2009 | |
| | United States | International | United States | International |
| | <i>(In thousands)</i> | | | |
| Service cost | \$ 951 | \$ 1,528 | \$ 875 | \$ 1,604 |
| Interest cost | 1,937 | 1,830 | 1,706 | 1,596 |
| Expected return on plan assets | (149) | (1,201) | (165) | (954) |
| Amortization of transition obligation | — | — | — | (1) |
| Amortization of prior service cost (credit) | 1,512 | (13) | 458 | (11) |
| Amortization of loss | 772 | 42 | 1,025 | 228 |
| Curtailment/settlement loss | 34,958 | — | — | — |
| Net periodic benefit cost | \$39,981 | \$ 2,186 | \$ 3,899 | \$ 2,462 |

The net curtailment loss shown above primarily represents the accelerated recognition of prior service costs associated with the amendment of our SERP which was effective as of March 31, 2010 and resulted in the freezing of the benefits under this plan.

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The freezing of the SERP may constitute “good reason” for five of our executive officers to terminate their employment under their employment agreements, if they choose to do so, which would entitle these officers to certain termination benefits. Our CEO entered into a new employment agreement effectively waiving his right to assert “good reason” due to the freezing of the SERP. However, one of our operational vice presidents, David Colley, has notified the Company of his intention to terminate his employment for “good reason,” and we expect to record a charge of approximately \$4 million in connection with his termination and pay out total cash consideration of approximately \$7 million, both during 2010. The amount recorded related to the curtailment of the SERP for the three months ended March 31, 2010 does not include any accrual for any executive’s potential termination for “good reason.” If the remaining three executives were to terminate their employment for “good reason”, we would anticipate recording an expense of approximately \$25 million and make total cash consideration payments of approximately \$41 million.

We previously disclosed in our financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2009, that we expected to contribute approximately \$7 million to our pension and other postretirement benefit plans during 2010. As of March 31, 2010, we have contributed approximately \$2 million to these plans and anticipate total annual contributions to approximate original estimates previously disclosed and pay out total cash consideration of approximately \$7 million, both during 2010.

13. Segment Information

Financial information by segment is summarized below. Revenues are attributable to countries based on the ultimate destination of the sale of products or performance of services.

| | Three Months Ended March 31, 2010 | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| | Net Operating Revenues | Income from Operations <i>(In thousands)</i> | Depreciation and Amortization |
| North America | \$ 890,544 | \$ 112,327 | \$ 80,660 |
| Middle East/North Africa/Asia | 564,979 | 82,796 | 72,290 |
| Europe/West Africa/FSU | 454,701 | 30,718 | 48,958 |
| Latin America | 428,024 | 31,079 | 42,479 |
| | <u>2,338,248</u> | <u>256,920</u> | <u>244,387</u> |
| Corporate and Research and Development | — | (95,977) | 5,005 |
| Other (a) | — | (44,032) | — |
| Total | <u>\$2,338,248</u> | <u>\$ 116,911</u> | <u>\$ 249,392</u> |

| | Three Months Ended March 31, 2009 | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| | Net Operating Revenues | Income from Operations <i>(In thousands)</i> | Depreciation and Amortization |
| North America | \$ 837,353 | \$ 123,036 | \$ 75,098 |
| Middle East/North Africa/Asia | 581,946 | 134,026 | 57,634 |
| Europe/West Africa/FSU | 368,843 | 74,943 | 34,678 |
| Latin America | 467,999 | 92,217 | 30,442 |
| | <u>2,256,141</u> | <u>424,222</u> | <u>197,852</u> |
| Corporate and Research and Development | — | (88,620) | 3,542 |
| Other (b) | — | (24,877) | — |
| Total | <u>\$2,256,141</u> | <u>\$ 310,725</u> | <u>\$ 201,394</u> |

(a) The three months ended March 31, 2010 includes \$2 million for costs incurred in connection with on-going investigations by the U.S. government, \$9 million for severance and facility closure costs associated with

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reorganization activities and a \$38 million charge related to our SERP which was frozen on March 31, 2010. These changes were offset by a \$5 million benefit related to the reversal of prior cost accruals for our exit from certain sanctioned countries.

- (b) The three months ended March 31, 2009 includes \$12 million for severance charges associated with reorganization activities and \$13 million in costs incurred in connection with on-going investigations by the U.S. government.

14. Disputes, Litigation and Contingencies

U.S. Government and Internal Investigations

We are currently involved in government and internal investigations involving various areas of our operations.

Until 2003, we participated in the United Nations oil-for-food program governing sales of goods and services into Iraq. The U.S. Department of Justice (“DOJ”) and the SEC have undertaken investigations of our participation in the oil-for-food program and have subpoenaed certain documents in connection with these investigations. We have cooperated fully with these investigations. We have retained legal counsel, reporting to our audit committee, to investigate this matter. These investigations are not yet resolved, and we cannot anticipate the timing, outcome or possible impact of the ultimate resolution of the investigations, financial or otherwise.

The U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Industry & Security, Office of Foreign Assets Control (“OFAC”), DOJ and SEC have undertaken investigations of allegations of improper sales of products and services by the Company and its subsidiaries in certain sanctioned countries. We have cooperated fully with this investigation. We have retained legal counsel, reporting to our audit committee, to investigate these matters and to cooperate fully with these agencies. This investigation is not yet resolved, and we cannot anticipate the timing, outcome or possible impact of the ultimate resolution of the investigation, financial or otherwise.

In light of this investigation and of the current U.S. and foreign policy environment and the inherent uncertainties surrounding these countries, we decided in September 2007 to direct our foreign subsidiaries to discontinue doing business in countries that are subject to comprehensive U.S. economic and trade sanctions, specifically Cuba, Iran, and Sudan, as well as Syria. Effective September 2007, we ceased entering into any new contracts in these countries and began an orderly discontinuation and winding down of our existing business in these sanctioned countries. Effective March 31, 2008, we substantially completed our winding down of business in these countries. We can complete the withdrawal process only pursuant to licenses issued by OFAC. Our remaining activities in Iran, Sudan and Syria include ongoing withdrawal activities such as attempts to collect accounts receivable, attempts to settle tax liabilities or legal claims and attempts to recover or liquidate assets, including equipment and funds. Certain of our subsidiaries continue to conduct business in countries such as Myanmar that are subject to more limited U.S. trading sanctions.

The DOJ and SEC are investigating the embezzlement of approximately \$175,000 at a European subsidiary and the possible improper use of these funds, including possible payments to government officials in Europe, during the period from 2000 to 2004, and our compliance with the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act (“FCPA”) and other laws worldwide. We have retained legal counsel, reporting to our audit committee, to investigate these matters and to cooperate fully with the DOJ and SEC. As part of our investigations, we have uncovered potential violations of U.S. law in connection with activities in West Africa. These investigations are not yet resolved, and we cannot anticipate the timing, outcome or possible impact of the ultimate resolution of the investigations, financial or otherwise.

The DOJ, SEC and other agencies and authorities have a broad range of civil and criminal penalties they may seek to impose against corporations and individuals for violations of trade sanctions laws, the FCPA and other federal statutes including, but not limited to, injunctive relief, disgorgement, fines, penalties and modifications to business practices and compliance programs. In recent years, these agencies and authorities have entered into agreements with, and obtained a range of penalties against, several public corporations and individuals in similar investigations, under which civil and criminal penalties were imposed, including in some cases fines and other penalties and sanctions in the tens and hundreds of millions of dollars. These agencies are seeking to impose penalties against us for past conduct, but the ultimate amount of any penalties we may pay currently cannot be

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reasonably estimated. Under trade sanctions laws, the DOJ may also seek to impose modifications to business practices, including immediate cessation of all business activities in specific countries or other limitations that decrease our business, and modifications to compliance programs, which may increase compliance costs. Any injunctive relief, disgorgement, fines, penalties, sanctions or imposed modifications to business practices resulting from these investigations could adversely affect our results of operations. In addition, our activities in sanctioned countries, such as Sudan and Iran, could result in certain investors, such as government sponsored pension funds, divesting or not investing in our registered shares. Based on available information, we cannot predict what, if any, actions the DOJ, SEC or other authorities will take in our situation or the effect any such actions will have on our consolidated financial position or results of operations. To the extent we violated trade sanctions laws, the FCPA, or other laws or regulations, fines and other penalties may be imposed. Because these matters are now pending before the indicated agencies, there can be no assurance that actual fines or penalties, if any, will not have a material adverse affect on our business, financial condition, liquidity or results of operations.

During the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009, we incurred \$2 million and \$13 million, respectively, in connection with these on-going investigations.

Other Litigation and Disputes

We are aware of various disputes and potential claims and are a party in various litigation involving claims against us, some of which are covered by insurance. For claims, disputes and pending litigation in which we believe a negative outcome is probable and a loss can be reasonably estimated, we have recorded a liability for the expected loss. These liabilities are immaterial to our financial condition and results of operations. In addition we have certain claims, disputes and pending litigation in which we do not believe a negative outcome is probable. If one or more negative outcomes were to occur, the impact to our financial condition could be as high as \$180 million.

Our former Senior Vice President and General Counsel (the "Executive") left the Company in June 2009. The Executive had employment agreements with us that terminated on his departure. There is currently a dispute between the Executive and us as to the amount of compensation we are obligated to pay under these employment agreements based on the Executive's separation. This dispute has not resulted in a lawsuit being filed. It is our belief that an unfavorable outcome regarding this dispute is not probable, and as such, we have not accrued for \$9 million of the Executive's claimed severance and other benefits.

15. New Accounting Pronouncements

In October 2009, the FASB issued an update to existing guidance on revenue recognition for arrangements with multiple deliverables. This update will allow companies to allocate consideration received for qualified separate deliverables using estimated selling price for both delivered and undelivered items when vendor-specific objective evidence or third-party evidence is unavailable. Additional disclosures discussing the nature of multiple element arrangements, the types of deliverables under the arrangements, the general timing of their delivery, and significant factors and estimates used to determine estimated selling prices are required. We will adopt this update for new revenue arrangements entered into or materially modified beginning January 1, 2011. We do not expect the provisions of this update to have a material impact on our condensed consolidated financial statements.

16. Condensed Consolidating Financial Statements

A Swiss corporation named Weatherford International Ltd. is the ultimate parent of the Weatherford group ("Parent"). The Parent guarantees the obligations of Weatherford International Ltd. incorporated in Bermuda ("Weatherford Bermuda") and Weatherford International, Inc. incorporated in Delaware ("Weatherford Delaware") noted below.

The following obligations of Weatherford Delaware were guaranteed by Weatherford Bermuda at March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009: (i) the 6.625% Senior Notes, (ii) the 5.95% Senior Notes, (iii) the 6.35% Senior Notes and (iv) the 6.80% Senior Notes.

The following obligations of Weatherford Bermuda were guaranteed by Weatherford Delaware at March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009: (i) the revolving credit facilities, (ii) the 4.95% Senior Notes, (iii) the 5.50% Senior

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Notes, (iv) the 6.50% Senior Notes, (v) the 5.15% Senior Notes, (vi) the 6.00% Senior Notes, (vii) the 7.00% Senior Notes (viii) the 9.625% Senior Notes, (ix) the 9.875% Senior Notes and (x) issuances of notes under the commercial paper program.

As a result of these guarantee arrangements, we are required to present the following condensed consolidating financial information. The accompanying guarantor financial information is presented on the equity method of accounting for all periods presented. Under this method, investments in subsidiaries are recorded at cost and adjusted for our share in the subsidiaries' cumulative results of operations, capital contributions and distributions and other changes in equity. Elimination entries relate primarily to the elimination of investments in subsidiaries and associated intercompany balances and transactions.

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Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet
March 31, 2010
(unaudited)
(In thousands)

| | <u>Parent</u> | <u>Bermuda</u> | <u>Delaware</u> | <u>Other Subsidiaries</u> | <u>Eliminations</u> | <u>Consolidation</u> |
|--|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| ASSETS | | | | | | |
| Current Assets: | | | | | | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | \$ 1,462 | \$ 24 | \$ 51 | \$ 205,562 | \$ — | \$ 207,099 |
| Other Current Assets | 3,923 | 10,276 | 101,799 | 6,004,608 | — | 6,120,606 |
| Total Current Assets | <u>5,385</u> | <u>10,300</u> | <u>101,850</u> | <u>6,210,170</u> | <u>—</u> | <u>6,327,705</u> |
| Equity Investments in Affiliates | 8,591,895 | 15,179,580 | 6,820,587 | 12,092,067 | (42,684,129) | — |
| Shares Held in Parent | — | — | 105,372 | 468,800 | (574,172) | — |
| Intercompany Receivables, Net | — | 1,872,468 | 978,812 | — | (2,851,280) | — |
| Other Assets | 9,271 | 27,296 | 185,889 | 12,407,598 | — | 12,630,054 |
| Total Assets | <u>\$8,606,551</u> | <u>\$17,089,644</u> | <u>\$8,192,510</u> | <u>\$31,178,635</u> | <u>\$(46,109,581)</u> | <u>\$18,957,759</u> |
| LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY | | | | | | |
| Current Liabilities: | | | | | | |
| Short-term Borrowings and Current Portion of Long-term Debt | \$ — | \$ 576,103 | \$ 1,897 | \$ 413,440 | \$ — | \$ 991,440 |
| Accounts Payable and Other Current Liabilities | 10,140 | 44,560 | 139,352 | 1,767,986 | — | 1,962,038 |
| Total Current Liabilities | <u>10,140</u> | <u>620,663</u> | <u>141,249</u> | <u>2,181,426</u> | <u>—</u> | <u>2,953,478</u> |
| Long-term Debt | — | 3,987,773 | 1,847,871 | 8,966 | — | 5,844,610 |
| Intercompany Payables, Net | 95,749 | — | — | 2,755,531 | (2,851,280) | — |
| Other Long-term Liabilities | 6,216 | 99,704 | 2,264 | 275,363 | — | 383,547 |
| Total Liabilities | <u>112,105</u> | <u>4,708,140</u> | <u>1,991,384</u> | <u>5,221,286</u> | <u>(2,851,280)</u> | <u>9,181,635</u> |
| Weatherford Shareholders' Equity | 8,494,446 | 12,381,504 | 6,201,126 | 25,880,386 | (43,258,301) | 9,699,161 |
| Noncontrolling Interests | — | — | — | 76,963 | — | 76,963 |
| Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity | <u>\$8,606,551</u> | <u>\$17,089,644</u> | <u>\$8,192,510</u> | <u>\$31,178,635</u> | <u>\$(46,109,581)</u> | <u>\$18,957,759</u> |

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Condensed Consolidating Balance Sheet
December 31, 2009
(unaudited)
(In thousands)

| | <u>Parent</u> | <u>Bermuda</u> | <u>Delaware</u> | <u>Other Subsidiaries</u> | <u>Eliminations</u> | <u>Consolidation</u> |
|--|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| ASSETS | | | | | | |
| Current Assets: | | | | | | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | \$ 102 | \$ 47 | \$ 421 | \$ 251,949 | \$ — | \$ 252,519 |
| Other Current Assets | 510 | 11,163 | 98,033 | 5,778,381 | — | 5,888,087 |
| Total Current Assets | <u>612</u> | <u>11,210</u> | <u>98,454</u> | <u>6,030,330</u> | <u>—</u> | <u>6,140,606</u> |
| Equity Investments in Affiliates | 8,615,365 | 15,160,748 | 6,754,566 | 12,092,950 | (42,623,629) | — |
| Shares Held in Parent | — | — | 108,268 | 507,780 | (616,048) | — |
| Intercompany Receivables, Net | — | 1,671,487 | 1,017,215 | — | (2,688,702) | — |
| Other Assets | 9,376 | 68,960 | 190,175 | 12,457,066 | — | 12,725,577 |
| Total Assets | <u>\$8,625,353</u> | <u>\$16,912,405</u> | <u>\$8,168,678</u> | <u>\$31,088,126</u> | <u>\$(45,928,379)</u> | <u>\$18,866,183</u> |
| LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY | | | | | | |
| Current Liabilities: | | | | | | |
| Short-term Borrowings and Current Portion of Long-Term Debt | \$ — | \$ 352,373 | \$ 1,868 | \$ 515,340 | \$ — | \$ 869,581 |
| Accounts Payable and Other Current Liabilities | 46,160 | 107,984 | 116,404 | 1,656,759 | — | 1,927,307 |
| Total Current Liabilities | <u>46,160</u> | <u>460,357</u> | <u>118,272</u> | <u>2,172,099</u> | <u>—</u> | <u>2,796,888</u> |
| Long-term Debt | — | 3,988,162 | 1,848,191 | 10,905 | — | 5,847,258 |
| Intercompany Payables, Net | 36,606 | — | — | 2,652,096 | (2,688,702) | — |
| Other Long-term Liabilities | 8,132 | 132,155 | 2,309 | 280,737 | — | 423,333 |
| Total Liabilities | <u>90,898</u> | <u>4,580,674</u> | <u>1,968,772</u> | <u>5,115,837</u> | <u>(2,688,702)</u> | <u>9,067,479</u> |
| Weatherford Shareholders' Equity | 8,534,455 | 12,331,731 | 6,199,906 | 25,893,257 | (43,239,677) | 9,719,672 |
| Noncontrolling Interests | — | — | — | 79,032 | — | 79,032 |
| Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity | <u>\$8,625,353</u> | <u>\$16,912,405</u> | <u>\$8,168,678</u> | <u>\$31,088,126</u> | <u>\$(45,928,379)</u> | <u>\$18,866,183</u> |

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(UNAUDITED)

Condensed Consolidating Statements of Income
Three Months Ended March 31, 2010
(unaudited)
(In thousands)

| | <u>Parent</u> | <u>Bermuda</u> | <u>Delaware</u> | <u>Other Subsidiaries</u> | <u>Eliminations</u> | <u>Consolidation</u> |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|
| Revenues | \$ — | \$ — | \$ — | \$ 2,338,248 | \$ — | \$ 2,338,248 |
| Costs and Expenses | (15,250) | (39,357) | (607) | (2,166,123) | — | (2,221,337) |
| Operating Income (Loss) | (15,250) | (39,357) | (607) | 172,125 | — | 116,911 |
| Other Income (Expense): | | | | | | |
| Interest Income (Expense), Net | (947) | (64,200) | (28,848) | (1,344) | — | (95,339) |
| Devaluation of Venezuelan Bolivar | — | — | — | (63,859) | — | (63,859) |
| Intercompany Charges, Net | (300) | 716 | (43,553) | 43,137 | — | — |
| Equity in Subsidiary Income (Loss) | (23,470) | 17,959 | 66,011 | — | (60,500) | — |
| Other, Net | (42) | 61,412 | (191) | (70,397) | — | (9,218) |
| Income (Loss) from Before Income Taxes | (40,009) | (23,470) | (7,188) | 79,662 | (60,500) | (51,505) |
| Provision for Income Taxes | — | — | 25,147 | (9,616) | — | 15,531 |
| Net Income (Loss) | (40,009) | (23,470) | 17,959 | 70,046 | (60,500) | (35,974) |
| Noncontrolling Interests | — | — | — | (4,035) | — | (4,035) |
| Net Income Attributable to Weatherford | <u>\$(40,009)</u> | <u>\$(23,470)</u> | <u>\$ 17,959</u> | <u>\$ 66,011</u> | <u>\$ (60,500)</u> | <u>\$ (40,009)</u> |

Condensed Consolidating Statements of Income
Three Months Ended March 31, 2009
(unaudited)
(In thousands)

| | <u>Parent</u> | <u>Bermuda</u> | <u>Delaware</u> | <u>Other Subsidiaries</u> | <u>Eliminations</u> | <u>Consolidation</u> |
|--|------------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|
| Revenues | \$ — | \$ — | \$ — | \$ 2,256,141 | \$ — | \$ 2,256,141 |
| Costs and Expenses | (34) | (6,508) | (344) | (1,938,530) | — | (1,945,416) |
| Operating Income (Loss) | (34) | (6,508) | (344) | 317,611 | — | 310,725 |
| Other Income (Expense): | | | | | | |
| Interest Income (Expense), Net | — | (64,052) | (28,432) | 1,421 | — | (91,063) |
| Intercompany Charges, Net | — | 71,124 | — | (71,124) | — | — |
| Equity in Subsidiary Income | 164,836 | 166,556 | 176,793 | — | (508,185) | — |
| Other, Net | — | (2,284) | (287) | (10,968) | — | (13,539) |
| Income (Loss) from Before Income Taxes | 164,802 | 164,836 | 147,730 | 236,940 | (508,185) | 206,123 |
| Provision for Income Taxes | — | — | 18,826 | (51,289) | — | (32,463) |
| Net Income (Loss) | 164,802 | 164,836 | 166,556 | 185,651 | (508,185) | 173,660 |
| Noncontrolling Interests | — | — | — | (8,858) | — | (8,858) |
| Net Income Attributable to Weatherford | <u>\$164,802</u> | <u>\$164,836</u> | <u>\$166,556</u> | <u>\$ 176,793</u> | <u>\$ (508,185)</u> | <u>\$ 164,802</u> |

WEATHERFORD INTERNATIONAL LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(UNAUDITED)

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows
Three Months Ended March 31, 2010
(unaudited)
(In thousands)

| | <u>Parent</u> | <u>Bermuda</u> | <u>Delaware</u> | <u>Other Subsidiaries</u> | <u>Eliminations</u> | <u>Consolidation</u> |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|
| Cash Flows from Operating Activities: | | | | | | |
| Net Income (Loss) | \$(40,009) | \$ (23,470) | \$ 17,959 | \$ 70,046 | \$ (60,500) | \$ (35,974) |
| Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: | | | | | | |
| Charges from Parent or Subsidiary | 300 | (716) | 43,553 | (43,137) | — | — |
| Equity in (Earnings) Loss of Affiliates | 23,470 | (17,959) | (66,011) | — | 60,500 | — |
| Deferred Income Tax (Benefit) | — | — | (25,147) | (68,476) | — | (93,623) |
| Other Adjustments | <u>(31,562)</u> | <u>(55,183)</u> | <u>52,692</u> | <u>169,181</u> | <u>—</u> | <u>135,128</u> |
| Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities | <u>(47,801)</u> | <u>(97,328)</u> | <u>23,046</u> | <u>127,614</u> | <u>—</u> | <u>5,531</u> |
| Cash Flows from Investing Activities: | | | | | | |
| Acquisitions of Businesses, Net of Cash Acquired | — | — | — | (46,579) | — | (46,579) |
| Capital Expenditures for Property, Plant and Equipment | — | — | — | (231,087) | — | (231,087) |
| Acquisition of Intellectual Property | — | — | — | (6,647) | — | (6,647) |
| Proceeds from Sale of Assets and Businesses, Net | — | — | — | 87,790 | — | 87,790 |
| Capital Contribution to Subsidiary | — | (873) | (10) | — | 883 | — |
| Other Investing Activities | <u>—</u> | <u>—</u> | <u>—</u> | <u>41,840</u> | <u>—</u> | <u>41,840</u> |
| Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities | <u>—</u> | <u>(873)</u> | <u>(10)</u> | <u>(154,683)</u> | <u>883</u> | <u>(154,683)</u> |
| Cash Flows from Financing Activities: | | | | | | |
| Borrowings of (Repayments on) Short-term Debt, Net | — | 223,730 | 29 | (101,013) | — | 122,746 |
| Repayments on Long-term Debt, Net | — | — | — | (2,113) | — | (2,113) |
| Borrowings (Repayments) Between Subsidiaries, Net | 49,161 | (125,552) | (26,662) | 103,053 | — | — |
| Proceeds from Capital Contribution Other, Net | <u>—</u> | <u>—</u> | <u>3,227</u> | <u>883</u> | <u>(883)</u> | <u>3,227</u> |
| Net Cash Provided (Used) by Financing Activities | <u>49,161</u> | <u>98,178</u> | <u>(23,406)</u> | <u>810</u> | <u>(883)</u> | <u>123,860</u> |
| Effect of Exchange Rate on Cash and Cash Equivalents | <u>—</u> | <u>—</u> | <u>—</u> | <u>(20,128)</u> | <u>—</u> | <u>(20,128)</u> |
| Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents | 1,360 | (23) | (370) | (46,387) | — | (45,420) |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year | <u>102</u> | <u>47</u> | <u>421</u> | <u>251,949</u> | <u>—</u> | <u>252,519</u> |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year | <u>\$ 1,462</u> | <u>\$ 24</u> | <u>\$ 51</u> | <u>\$ 205,562</u> | <u>\$ —</u> | <u>\$ 207,099</u> |

WEATHERFORD INTERNATIONAL LTD. AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(UNAUDITED)

Condensed Consolidating Statement of Cash Flows
Three Months Ended March 31, 2009
(unaudited)
(In thousands)

| | <u>Parent</u> | <u>Bermuda</u> | <u>Delaware</u> | <u>Other Subsidiaries</u> | <u>Eliminations</u> | <u>Consolidation</u> |
|---|---------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|
| Cash Flows from Operating Activities: | | | | | | |
| Net Income (Loss) | \$ 164,802 | \$ 164,836 | \$ 166,556 | \$ 185,651 | \$ (508,185) | \$ 173,660 |
| Adjustments to Reconcile Net Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities: | | | | | | |
| Charges from Parent or Subsidiary | — | (71,124) | — | 71,124 | — | — |
| Equity in (Earnings) Loss of Affiliates | (164,836) | (166,556) | (176,793) | — | 508,185 | — |
| Deferred Income Tax Provision (Benefit) | — | — | 8,986 | (32,580) | — | (23,594) |
| Other Adjustments | 34 | (25,302) | 109,523 | (66,763) | — | 17,492 |
| Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities | <u>—</u> | <u>(98,146)</u> | <u>108,272</u> | <u>157,432</u> | <u>—</u> | <u>167,558</u> |
| Cash Flows from Investing Activities: | | | | | | |
| Acquisitions of Businesses, Net of Cash Acquired | — | — | — | (7,094) | — | (7,094) |
| Capital Expenditures for Property, Plant and Equipment | — | — | — | (583,719) | — | (583,719) |
| Acquisition of Intellectual Property | — | — | — | (11,096) | — | (11,096) |
| Purchase of Equity Investment in Unconsolidated Affiliate | — | — | — | (26,509) | — | (26,509) |
| Proceeds from Sale of Assets and Businesses, Net | — | — | — | 30,616 | — | 30,616 |
| Capital Contribution to Subsidiary | — | (331,584) | (39) | — | 331,623 | — |
| Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities | <u>—</u> | <u>(331,584)</u> | <u>(39)</u> | <u>(597,802)</u> | <u>331,623</u> | <u>(597,802)</u> |
| Cash Flows from Financing Activities: | | | | | | |
| Borrowings of (Repayments on) Short-term Debt, Net | — | (554,898) | 27 | (319,067) | — | (873,938) |
| Borrowings of (Repayments on) Long-term Debt, Net | — | 1,233,301 | — | (2,092) | — | 1,231,209 |
| Borrowings (Repayments) Between Subsidiaries, Net | — | (248,671) | (104,301) | 352,972 | — | — |
| Proceeds from Capital Contribution Other, Net | — | — | — | 331,623 | (331,623) | — |
| Other, Net | — | — | (3,883) | — | — | (3,883) |
| Net Cash Provided (Used) by Financing Activities | <u>—</u> | <u>429,732</u> | <u>(108,157)</u> | <u>363,436</u> | <u>(331,623)</u> | <u>353,388</u> |
| Effect of Exchange Rate on Cash and Cash Equivalents | <u>—</u> | <u>—</u> | <u>—</u> | <u>174</u> | <u>—</u> | <u>174</u> |
| Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents | — | 2 | 76 | (76,760) | — | (76,682) |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year | <u>102</u> | <u>24</u> | <u>50</u> | <u>238,222</u> | <u>—</u> | <u>238,398</u> |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year | <u>\$ 102</u> | <u>\$ 26</u> | <u>\$ 126</u> | <u>\$ 161,462</u> | <u>\$ —</u> | <u>\$ 161,716</u> |

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT’S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Our Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (“MD&A”) begins with an executive level overview, which provides a general description of our company today, a synopsis of industry market trends, insight into management’s perspective of the opportunities and challenges we face and our outlook for 2010. Next, we analyze the results of our operations for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009, including the trends in our overall business. Then we review our liquidity and capital resources. We conclude with a discussion of our critical accounting policies and estimates and a summary of recently issued accounting pronouncements. When using phrases such as “Company,” “we,” “us” and “our” the intent is to refer to Weatherford International Ltd.

Overview

General

The following discussion should be read in conjunction with our financial statements included with this report and our financial statements and related MD&A for the year ended December 31, 2009 included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K. Our discussion includes various forward-looking statements about our markets, the demand for our products and services and our future results. These statements are based on certain assumptions we consider reasonable. For information about these assumptions, you should refer to the section entitled “Forward-Looking Statements.”

We provide equipment and services used for drilling, completion and production of oil and natural gas wells throughout the world. We conduct operations in approximately 100 countries and have service and sales locations in nearly all of the oil and natural gas producing regions in the world. Our product offerings can be grouped into ten service lines: 1) drilling services; 2) artificial lift systems; 3) well construction; 4) completion systems; 5) integrated drilling; 6) drilling tools; 7) re-entry and fishing; 8) stimulation and chemicals services; 9) wireline and evaluation services; and 10) pipeline and specialty services.

Industry Trends

Changes in the current price and expected future prices of oil and natural gas influence the level of energy industry spending. Changes in expenditures result in an increased or decreased demand for our products and services. Rig count is an indicator of the level of spending for the exploration for and production of oil and natural gas reserves.

The following chart sets forth certain statistics that reflect historical market conditions:

| | WTI Oil (1) | Henry Hub Gas (2) | North American Rig Count (3) | International Rig Count (3) |
|-------------------|-------------|-------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| March 31, 2010 | \$83.76 | \$3.87 | 1,767 | 1,164 |
| December 31, 2009 | 79.36 | 5.57 | 1,485 | 1,113 |
| March 31, 2009 | 49.90 | 3.78 | 1,301 | 1,104 |

(1) Price per barrel as of March 31 and December 31 — *Source:* Thomson Reuters

(2) Price per MM/BTU as of March 31 and December 31 — *Source:* Thomson Reuters

(3) Average rig count for the applicable month — *Source:* Baker Hughes Rig Count and other third-party data

Oil prices increased during the first three months of 2010, ranging from a low of \$71.19 per barrel in early February to a high of \$83.76 per barrel at the end of March. Natural gas prices decreased during the first quarter of 2010 and ranged from a high of \$6.01 MM/BTU in early January to a low of \$3.84 MM/BTU near the end of March. Factors influencing oil and natural gas prices during the period include hydrocarbon inventory levels, realized and expected economic growth, realized and expected levels of hydrocarbon demand, levels of spare production capacity within the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (“OPEC”), weather and geopolitical uncertainty.

Outlook

We believe the long-term outlook for our businesses is favorable. As decline rates accelerate and reservoir productivity complexities increase, our clients will face growing challenges securing desired rates of production growth. The acceleration of decline rates and the increasing complexity of the reservoirs increase our customers' requirements for technologies that improve productivity and efficiency and for our products and services. These phenomena provide us with a positive outlook over the longer term.

The near-term outlook is more difficult to assess. Climate, natural gas storage levels and commodity prices, as well as expectations for the U.S. economy, will dictate the level of oilfield service activity in North America. The prognosis for North America in 2010 is favorable, but limited in scope and scale by the relative elasticity of the gas supply curve. We are currently anticipating that North America will experience an increase in volume during 2010 as compared to 2009 levels but that activity will be relatively flat as compared to first quarter levels, excluding the seasonal impact of spring break-up during the second quarter in Canada.

While it is difficult to predict exact growth rates given the current fluid economic conditions and volatility, we expect our total international businesses to grow 20% in 2010 as compared to 2009. The Eastern Hemisphere is anticipated to contribute all of the year-over-year increase in revenues. We anticipate Latin America to decline year-over-year, but with sequential margin recovery through the year. This anticipated year-over-year decline is due to the decline in project activity in Mexico and a poor prognosis in the Venezuelan economy. This decline is expected to be partially offset by year-over-year growth in Brazil, Colombia, Ecuador, Argentina and Peru.

Overall, the level of improvements for our businesses for 2010 will continue to depend heavily on volume increases and our ability to further penetrate existing markets with our younger technologies as well as to successfully introduce these technologies to new markets. In addition, our ability to continue to grow our business aggressively will rely on our continued demonstration of a high level of operational efficacy for our clients on project management opportunities. The recruitment, training and retention of personnel will also be a critical factor in growing our businesses. The continued strength of the industry will be highly dependent on many external factors, such as world economic and political conditions, member country quota compliance within OPEC and weather conditions, including the factors described above under “—Forward-Looking Statements”.

Results of Operations

The following charts contain selected financial data comparing our consolidated and segment results from operations for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009.

| | Three Months Ended March 31, | |
|-------------------------------------|--|------------------|
| | 2010 | 2009 |
| | <i>(In thousands, except percentages and per share data)</i> | |
| Revenues: | | |
| North America | \$ 890,544 | \$ 837,353 |
| Middle East/North Africa/Asia | 564,979 | 581,946 |
| Europe/West Africa/FSU | 454,701 | 368,843 |
| Latin America | 428,024 | 467,999 |
| | <u>2,338,248</u> | <u>2,256,141</u> |
| Operating Income: | | |
| North America | 112,327 | 123,036 |
| Middle East/North Africa/Asia | 82,796 | 134,026 |
| Europe/West Africa/FSU | 30,718 | 74,943 |
| Latin America | 31,079 | 92,217 |
| Research and Development | (48,857) | (49,021) |
| Corporate | (47,120) | (39,599) |
| Exit and Restructuring | (44,032) | (24,877) |
| | <u>116,911</u> | <u>310,725</u> |
| Interest Expense, Net | (95,339) | (91,063) |
| Devaluation of Venezuelan Bolivar | (63,859) | — |
| Other, Net | (9,218) | (13,539) |
| Effective Tax Rate | 30.2% | 15.7% |
| Net Income (Loss) per Diluted Share | \$ (0.05) | \$ 0.23 |
| Depreciation and Amortization | 249,392 | 201,394 |

Revenues

The following chart contains consolidated revenues by product line for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009:

| | Three Months Ended March 31, | |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------|
| | 2010 | 2009 |
| Well Construction | 17% | 15% |
| Drilling Services | 16 | 17 |
| Artificial Lift Systems | 15 | 16 |
| Integrated Drilling | 13 | 10 |
| Stimulation & Chemicals Services | 9 | 7 |
| Drilling Tools | 8 | 9 |
| Completion Systems | 7 | 11 |
| Wireline | 7 | 6 |
| Re-entry & Fishing | 6 | 7 |
| Pipeline & Specialty Services | 2 | 2 |
| | <u>100%</u> | <u>100%</u> |

Consolidated revenues increased \$82 million, or 4%, in the first quarter of 2010 as compared to the first quarter of 2009. This increase in revenues was against a 6% increase in average worldwide rig count. The majority of our year-over-year revenue growth was derived from North America, where revenue increased \$53 million, or 6% in the current quarter as compared to the same quarter of the prior year. International revenues increased \$29 million, or 2%, in the first quarter of 2010 as compared to the first quarter of 2009. Our Integrated Drilling product line was the strongest contributor to the year-over-year increase.

Operating Income

Consolidated operating income decreased \$194 million, or 62%, in the first quarter of 2010 as compared to the first quarter of 2009. Our operating segments accounted for \$167 million of the decrease during the current quarter as compared to the same quarter of the prior year while corporate expenditures were \$8 million higher over the same period. The increase in corporate expenses was primarily attributable to higher costs associated with business process optimization initiatives that should be ongoing over the next two years and professional fees. We also augmented our compliance infrastructure with increased staff and more rigorous policies, procedures and training of our employees regarding compliance with applicable anti-corruption laws, trade sanction laws and import/export laws. In addition, current quarter results include \$44 million in exit and restructuring charges, which is \$19 million higher as compared to the first quarter of 2009.

Exit and restructuring charges for the three months ended March 31, 2010 include (i) a \$38 million charge related to our supplemental executive retirement plan ("SERP") that was frozen on March 31, 2010, (ii) \$9 million for severance and facility closure costs, primarily in the Western Hemisphere, (iii) a \$5 million benefit related to the reversal of prior cost accruals for our exit from certain sanctioned countries and (iv) \$2 million for legal and professional fees incurred in connection with our on-going investigations.

Exit and restructuring charges for the three months ended March 31, 2009 include (i) \$13 million for legal and professional fees incurred in connection with our on-going investigations and (ii) \$12 million for severance and facility closure costs.

Devaluation of Venezuelan Bolivar

In January 2010, the Venezuelan government announced its intention to devalue its currency ("Bolivar") and move to a two tier exchange structure. The official exchange rate moved from 2.15 to 2.60 for essential goods and 2.15 to 4.30 for non-essential goods and services. In connection with this devaluation, we incurred a charge of \$64 million (\$40 million net of tax) for the remeasurement of our net monetary assets denominated in Bolivars at the date of the devaluation.

Income Taxes

Our effective tax rate was a benefit of 30.2% and a provision of 15.7% for the three months ended March 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively. The change in the effective tax rate is primarily due to the tax benefit related to the devaluation of the Venezuelan Bolivar, which was partially offset by curtailment expense on our SERP that had no related tax benefit and changes in our geographic earnings mix.

Segment Results

North America

North American revenues increased \$53 million, or 6%, in the first quarter of 2010 as compared to the first quarter of 2009 on a 7% increase in average North American rig count over the comparable period. Revenues from all product lines increased, other than Drilling Tools, Fishing & Re-Entry and Pipeline Services. The region benefited from higher activity in unconventional plays in heavy oil and shales.

Operating income decreased \$11 million, or 9%, in the first quarter of 2010 as compared to the first quarter of 2009. Operating margins were 13% in the current quarter and 15% in the same quarter of the prior year.

Middle East/North Africa/Asia

Middle East/North Africa/Asia revenues decreased \$17 million, or 3%, in the first quarter of 2010 as compared to the first quarter of 2009. This decrease was against a 2% increase in rig count over the comparable period. Flooding in Australia, curtailment of drilling programs in India, exceptionally cold weather in China and politically induced delays in Algeria were large drivers behind the year-over-year decrease.

Operating income decreased \$51 million, or 38%, during the first quarter of 2010 compared to the same quarter of the prior year. Operating margins were 15% for the first quarter of 2010 and 23% for the first quarter of 2009. The decline in margins year-over-year were primarily due to inclement weather in certain areas, our continued mobilization efforts in the region and decreased utilization.

Europe/West Africa/FSU

Revenues in our Europe/West Africa/FSU segment increased \$86 million, or 23%, in the first quarter of 2010 as compared to the same quarter of the prior year and outpaced the 13% increase in average rig count over the comparable period. The year-over-year increase in revenue was driven by our acquisition of the Oilfield Services Division (“OFS”) of TNK-BP in July 2009. Our Integrated Drilling product line was the strongest contributor to the increase in revenue.

Operating income decreased \$44 million, or 59%, during the first quarter of 2010 compared to the same quarter of the prior year. Operating margins were 7% in the first quarter of 2010 and 20% in the first quarter of 2009. The decline in operating income and margin was partially due to \$8 million related to a loss recorded in connection with the revaluation of contingent consideration included as part of the acquisition of OFS and \$7 million in charges related to write-offs at a less-than-majority owned subsidiary.

Latin America

Revenues in our Latin American segment decreased \$40 million, or 9%, in the first quarter of 2010 as compared to the same quarter of the prior year against an average rig count increase of 2% over the comparable period. The decrease in revenue is the result of reduced project activity in Mexico and the deterioration in the Venezuelan market.

Operating income decreased \$61 million, or 66%, for the three months ended March 31, 2010, over the comparable period of the prior year. Operating margins were 7% in the first quarter of 2010 and 20% in the first quarter of 2009. The decline in operating income was due to the reduced scale of project work in Mexico.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Sources of Liquidity

Our sources of liquidity include current cash and cash equivalent balances, cash generated from operations and committed availabilities under bank lines of credit. We also historically have accessed banks for short-term loans from uncommitted borrowing arrangements and the capital markets with debt, equity and convertible offerings.

Committed Borrowing Facilities

We maintain various revolving credit facilities with syndicates of banks that can be used for a combination of borrowings, support for our commercial paper program and issuances of letters of credit. At March 31, 2010, these facilities allow for an aggregate availability of \$1.8 billion and mature in May 2011. The weighted average interest rate on outstanding borrowings of these facilities at March 31, 2010, was 1.0%.

Our committed borrowing facilities require us to maintain a debt-to-capitalization ratio of less than 60% and contain other covenants and representations customary for an investment-grade commercial credit. Our debt-to-capitalization ratio was 41.2% at March 31, 2010, which is in compliance with these covenants.

The following is a recap of our availability under our committed borrowing facilities at March 31, 2010 (in millions):

| | |
|-------------------|---------------|
| Facilities | \$ 1,750 |
| Less: | |
| Amount drawn | 943 |
| Commercial paper | — |
| Letters of credit | <u>75</u> |
| Availability | <u>\$ 732</u> |

Commercial Paper

We have a \$1.5 billion commercial paper program under which we may from time to time issue short-term unsecured notes. The commercial paper program is supported by our revolving credit facilities. There was no commercial paper outstanding at March 31, 2010.

Cash Requirements

During 2010, we anticipate our cash requirements will include working capital needs, capital expenditures and may include opportunistic business acquisitions. We anticipate funding these requirements from cash generated from operations and availability under our committed borrowing facilities.

Capital expenditures for 2010 are projected to be approximately \$1.1 billion, net of proceeds from tools lost down hole. The expenditures are expected to be used primarily to support the growth of our businesses and operations. Capital expenditures during the three months ended March 31, 2010 were \$209 million, net of proceeds from tools lost down hole.

Derivative Instruments

Interest Rate Swaps

We use interest rate swaps to help mitigate exposures related to interest rate movements. Amounts received upon termination of the swaps accounted for as fair value hedges represent the fair value of the agreements at the time of termination and are recorded as an adjustment to the carrying value of the related debt. These amounts are being amortized as a reduction to interest expense over the remaining term of the debt. We have no interest rate swaps outstanding at March 31, 2010. As of March 31, 2010 we had net unamortized gains of \$67 million associated with interest rate swap terminations.

Cash Flow Hedges

In 2008, we entered into interest rate derivative instruments to hedge projected exposures to interest rates in anticipation of a debt offering. Those hedges were terminated at the time of the issuance of the debt, and the loss on these hedges is being amortized from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income to interest expense over the remaining term of the debt. As of March 31, 2010, we had net unamortized losses of \$13 million associated with our cash flow hedge terminations.

Other Derivative Instruments

As of March 31, 2010, we had several foreign currency forward and option contracts with notional amounts aggregating to \$620 million, which were entered into to hedge exposure to currency fluctuations in various foreign currencies, including, but not limited to, the British pound sterling, the Canadian dollar, the euro and the Norwegian krone. The total estimated fair value of these contracts at March 31, 2010 resulted in a net liability of approximately \$8 million. These derivative instruments were not designated as hedges and the changes in fair value of the contracts are recorded each period in Other, Net in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Income.

Off Balance Sheet Arrangements

A Swiss corporation named Weatherford International Ltd. is the ultimate parent (“Weatherford Switzerland”) of the Weatherford group and guarantees the obligations of Weatherford International Ltd. incorporated in Bermuda (“Weatherford Bermuda”) and Weatherford International, Inc. incorporated in Delaware (“Weatherford Delaware”) noted below.

The following obligations of Weatherford Delaware were guaranteed by Weatherford Bermuda at March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009: (i) the 6.625% Senior Notes, (ii) the 5.95% Senior Notes, (iii) the 6.35% Senior Notes and (iv) the 6.80% Senior Notes.

The following obligations of Weatherford Bermuda were guaranteed by Weatherford Delaware at March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009: (i) the revolving credit facilities, (ii) the 4.95% Senior Notes, (iii) the 5.50% Senior Notes, (iv) the 6.50% Senior Notes, (v) the 5.15% Senior Notes, (vi) the 6.00% Senior Notes, (vii) the 7.00% Senior Notes, (viii) the 9.625% Senior Notes, (ix) the 9.875% Senior Notes and (x) issuances of notes under the commercial paper program.

Letters of Credit

We execute letters of credit and bid and performance bonds in the normal course of business. While these obligations are not normally called, these obligations could be called by the beneficiaries at any time before the expiration date should we breach certain contractual or payment obligations. As of March 31, 2010, we had \$351 million of letters of credit and bid and performance bonds outstanding, consisting of \$276 million outstanding under various uncommitted credit facilities and \$75 million letters of credit outstanding under our committed facilities. If the beneficiaries called these letters of credit our available liquidity would be reduced by the amount called.

New Accounting Pronouncements

See Note 15 to our condensed consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this report.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

Our discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations is based upon our consolidated financial statements. We prepare these financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. As such, we are required to make certain estimates, judgments and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the periods presented. We base our estimates on historical experience, available information and various other assumptions we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances. On an on-going basis, we evaluate our estimates; however, actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions. There have been no material changes or developments in our evaluation of the accounting estimates and the underlying assumptions or methodologies that we believe to be Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates as disclosed in our Form 10-K, for the year ended December 31, 2009.

Exposures

An investment in our registered shares involves various risks. When considering an investment in our Company, you should consider carefully all of the risk factors described in our most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K under the heading “Item 1A. *Risk Factors*” as well as the information below and other information included and incorporated by reference in this report.

Forward-Looking Statements

Forward-Looking Statements

This report, as well as other filings made by us with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”), and our releases issued to the public contain various statements relating to future results, including certain projections and business trends. We believe these statements constitute “Forward-Looking Statements” as defined in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These forward-looking statements generally are identified by the words “believe,” “project,” “expect,” “anticipate,” “estimate,” “intend,” “strategy,” “plan,” “may,” “should,” “will,” “would,” “will be,” “will continue,” “will likely result,” and similar expressions, although not all forward-looking statements contain these identifying words.

From time to time, we update the various factors we consider in making our forward-looking statements and the assumptions we use in those statements. However, we undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking events or circumstances that may arise after the date of this report. The following sets forth the various assumptions we use in our forward-looking statements, as well as risks and uncertainties relating to those statements. Certain of the risks and uncertainties may cause actual results to be materially different from projected results contained in forward-looking statements in this report and in our other disclosures. These risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to, the following:

- *Global political, economic and market conditions could affect projected results.* Our operating results and the forward-looking information we provide are based on our current assumptions about oil and natural gas supply and demand, oil and natural gas prices, rig count and other market trends. Our assumptions on these matters are in turn based on currently available information, which is subject to change. The oil and natural gas industry is extremely volatile and subject to change based on political and economic factors outside our control. Worldwide drilling activity, as measured by average worldwide rig counts, increased in each year from 2002 to 2008. However, activity began declining in the fourth quarter of 2008, particularly in North America. The weakened global economic climate has resulted in lower demand and lower prices for oil and natural gas, which has reduced drilling and production activity, which has in turn resulted in lower than expected revenues and income in 2009 and may affect our future revenues and income. Our projections assume that the decline in North America rig activity reached its trough during 2009. Worldwide drilling activity and global demand for oil and natural gas may also be affected by changes in governmental policies and debt loads, laws and regulations related to environmental or energy security matters, including those addressing alternative energy sources and the risks of global climate change. We have assumed global demand will continue to be down in 2010 compared to 2008 and only slightly up compared to 2009. In 2010, worldwide demand may be significantly weaker than we have assumed.
- *We may be unable to recognize our expected revenues from current and future contracts.* Our customers, many of whom are national oil companies, often have significant bargaining leverage over us and may elect to cancel or revoke contracts, not renew contracts, modify the scope of contracts or delay contracts, in some cases preventing us from realizing expected revenues and/or profits. Our projections assume that our customers will honor the contracts we have been awarded and that those contracts and the business that we believe is otherwise substantially firm will result in anticipated revenues in the periods for which they are scheduled.
- *Currency fluctuations could have a material adverse financial impact on our business.* A material change in currency rates in our markets, such as the devaluation of the Venezuelan Bolivar experienced during the first quarter of 2010, could affect our future results as well as affect the carrying values of our assets. World currencies have been subject to much volatility. As we are not able to predict changes in currency valuations, our forward-looking statements assume no material impact from future changes in currency exchange rates.

- *Our ability to manage our workforce could affect our projected results.* In a climate of decreasing demand, we are faced with managing our workforce levels to control costs without impairing our ability to provide service to our customers. Our forward-looking statements assume we will be able to do so.
- *Increases in the prices and availability of our raw materials could affect our results of operations.* We use large amounts of raw materials for manufacturing our products. The price of these raw materials has a significant impact on our cost of producing products for sale or producing fixed assets used in our business. We have assumed that the prices of our raw materials will remain within a manageable range and will be readily available. If we are unable to obtain necessary raw materials or if we are unable to minimize the impact of increased raw material costs or to realize the benefit of cost decreases in a timely fashion through our supply chain initiatives or pricing, our margins and results of operations could be adversely affected.
- *Our ability to manage our supply chain could affect our projected results.* We have undertaken efforts to improve our supply chain, invoicing and collection processes and procedures. These undertakings include costs, which we expect will result in long-term benefits of our business processes. Our forward-looking statements assume we will realize the benefits of these efforts.
- *Our long-term growth depends upon technological innovation and commercialization.* Our ability to deliver our long-term growth strategy depends in part on the commercialization of new technology. A central aspect of our growth strategy is to improve our products and services through innovation, to obtain technologically advanced products through internal research and development and/or acquisitions, to protect proprietary technology from unauthorized use and to expand the markets for new technology by leveraging our worldwide infrastructure. The key to our success will be our ability to commercialize the technology that we have acquired and demonstrate the enhanced value our technology brings to our customers' operations. Our major technological advances include, but are not limited to, those related to controlled pressure drilling and testing systems, expandable solid tubulars, expandable sand screens and intelligent well completion. Our forward-looking statements have assumed successful commercialization of, and above-average growth from, these new products and services, as well as legal protection of our intellectual property rights.
- *Nonrealization of expected benefits from our redomestication could affect our projected results.* We operate through our various subsidiaries in numerous countries throughout the world including the United States. During the first quarter of 2009, we completed a transaction in which our former parent Bermuda company became a wholly-owned subsidiary of Weatherford International Ltd., a Swiss joint-stock corporation, and holders of common shares of the Bermuda company received one registered share of the Swiss company in exchange for each common share that they held. Consequently, we are or may become subject to changes in tax laws, treaties or regulations or the interpretation or enforcement thereof in the U.S., Bermuda, Switzerland or any other jurisdictions in which we or any of our subsidiaries operates or is resident. Our income tax expense is based upon our interpretation of the tax laws in effect in various countries at the time that the expense was incurred. If the U.S. Internal Revenue Service or other taxing authorities do not agree with our assessment of the effects of such laws, treaties and regulations, this could have a material adverse effect on us including the imposition of a higher effective tax rate on our worldwide earnings or a reclassification of the tax impact of our significant corporate restructuring transactions.
- *Nonrealization of expected benefits from our acquisitions could affect our projected results.* We expect to gain certain business, financial and strategic advantages as a result of business acquisitions we undertake, including synergies and operating efficiencies. Our forward-looking statements assume that we will successfully integrate our business acquisitions and realize the benefits of those acquisitions.
- *The downturn in our industry could affect the carrying value of our goodwill.* As of March 31, 2010, we had approximately \$4.1 billion of goodwill. Our estimates of the value of our goodwill could be reduced in the future as a result of various factors, including market factors, some of which are beyond our control. Our forward-looking statements do not assume any future goodwill impairment. Any reduction in the fair value of our businesses may result in an impairment charge and therefore adversely affect our results.
- *Adverse weather conditions in certain regions could adversely affect our operations.* In the summers of 2005 and 2008, the Gulf of Mexico suffered several significant hurricanes. These hurricanes and associated hurricane threats reduced the number of days on which we and our customers could operate, which resulted in lower revenues than we otherwise would have achieved. In parts of 2006, and particularly in the second quarters of 2007 and 2008, climatic conditions in Canada were not as favorable to drilling as we anticipated, which limited our potential results in that region. Similarly, unfavorable weather

in Russia, Mexico and in the North Sea could reduce our operations and revenues from that area during the relevant period. Our forward-looking statements assume weather patterns in our primary areas of operations will be conducive to our operations.

- *U.S. Government and internal investigations could affect our results of operations.* We are currently involved in government and internal investigations involving various of our operations. These investigations are not yet resolved, and we cannot anticipate the timing, outcome or possible impact of the ultimate resolution of these investigations, financial or otherwise. The governmental agencies involved in these investigations have a broad range of civil and criminal penalties they may seek to impose against corporations and individuals for violations of trade sanction laws, the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act and other federal statutes including, but not limited to, injunctive relief, disgorgement, fines, penalties and modifications to business practices and compliance programs. In recent years, these agencies and authorities have entered into agreements with, and obtained a range of penalties against, several public corporations and individuals in similar investigations, under which civil and criminal penalties were imposed, including in some cases fines and other penalties and sanctions in the tens and hundreds of millions of dollars. These agencies likely will seek to impose penalties of some amount against us for past conduct, but the ultimate amount of any penalties we may pay currently cannot be reasonably estimated. Under trade sanction laws, the U.S. Department of Justice may also seek to impose modifications to business practices, including immediate cessation of all business activities in specific countries or other limitations that decrease our business, and modifications to compliance programs, which may increase compliance costs. Any injunctive relief, disgorgement, fines, penalties, sanctions or imposed modifications to business practices resulting from these investigations could adversely affect our results of operations. To date, we have incurred \$53 million for costs in connection with our exit from certain sanctioned countries and incurred \$108 million for legal and professional fees in connection with complying with and conducting these on-going investigations. This amount excludes the costs we have incurred to augment and improve our compliance function. We may have additional charges related to these matters in future periods, which costs may include labor claims, contractual claims, penalties assessed by customers, and costs, fines, taxes and penalties assessed by the local governments, but we cannot quantify those charges or be certain of the timing of them.
- *Failure in the future to ensure ongoing compliance with certain laws could affect our results of operations.* In 2009, we substantially augmented our compliance infrastructure with increased staff and more rigorous policies, procedures and training of our employees regarding compliance with applicable anti-corruption laws, trade sanctions laws and import/export laws. As part of this effort, we now undertake audits of our compliance performance in various countries. Our forward-looking statements assume that our compliance efforts will be successful and that we will comply with our internal policies and applicable laws regarding these issues. Our failure to do so could result in additional enforcement action in the future.
- *Political disturbances, war, or terrorist attacks and changes in global trade policies could adversely impact our operations.* We operate in over 100 countries, and as such are at risk of various types of political activities, including acts of insurrections, war, terrorism, nationalization of assets and changes in trade policies. We have assumed there will be no material political disturbances or terrorist attacks and there will be no material changes in global trade policies that affect our business. Any further military action undertaken by the U.S. or other countries or political disturbances in the countries in which we conduct business could adversely affect our results of operations.
- *Current turmoil in the credit markets may reduce our access to capital or reduce the availability of financial risk-mitigation tools.* The worldwide credit markets have experienced turmoil and uncertainty since mid-2008. Our forward-looking statements assume that the financial institutions that have committed to extend us credit will honor their commitments under our credit facilities. If one or more of those institutions becomes unwilling or unable to honor its commitments, our access to liquidity could be impaired and our cost of capital to fund growth could further increase. We use interest-rate and foreign-exchange swap transactions with financial institutions to mitigate certain interest-rate and foreign-exchange risks associated with our capital structure and our business. Our forward-looking statements assume that those tools will continue to be available to us. However, the failure of any counter party to honor a swap agreement could reduce the availability of these financial risk-mitigation tools or could result in the loss of expected financial benefits. In response to credit market conditions and the global economic and business environment, we have undertaken measures to reduce our use of capital going forward. Our forward-looking statements assume that we will operate with lower capital expenditures in 2010 than in 2009.

However, as the business climate changes and if attractive opportunities for organic or acquisitive growth become available, we may spend capital selectively above the amounts we have budgeted.

Finally, our future results will depend upon various other risks and uncertainties, including, but not limited to, those detailed in our other filings with the SEC under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. For additional information regarding risks and uncertainties, see our other filings with the SEC available, free of charge, at the SEC's website at www.sec.gov.

Available Information

We make available, free of charge, on our website (www.weatherford.com) our annual reports on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K and amendments to those reports filed or furnished pursuant to Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, as soon as reasonably practicable after we electronically file or furnish them to the SEC.

ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURE ABOUT MARKET RISK

We are currently exposed to market risk from changes in foreign currency and changes in interest rates. From time to time, we may enter into derivative financial instrument transactions to manage or reduce our market risk, but we do not enter into derivative transactions for speculative purposes. A discussion of our market risk exposure in these financial instruments follows.

Foreign Currency Exchange Rates

We operate in virtually every oil and natural gas exploration and production region in the world. In some parts of the world, such as the Middle East and Southeast Asia, the currency of our primary economic environment is the U.S. dollar. We use this as our functional currency. In other parts of the world, we conduct our business in currencies other than the U.S. dollar and the functional currency is the applicable local currency. In those countries in which we operate in the local currency, the effects of foreign currency fluctuations are largely mitigated because local expenses of such foreign operations are also generally denominated in the same currency.

In January 2010, the Venezuelan government announced its intention to devalue its currency ("Bolivar") and move to a two tier exchange structure. The official exchange rate moved from 2.15 to 2.60 for essential goods and 2.15 to 4.30 for non-essential goods and services. Our Venezuelan entities maintain the U.S. dollar as their functional currency. In connection with this devaluation, we incurred a charge of \$64 million (\$40 million net of tax) for the remeasurement of our net monetary assets denominated in Bolivars at the date of the devaluation.

Assets and liabilities of entities for which the functional currency is the local currency are translated into U.S. dollars using the exchange rates in effect at the balance sheet date, resulting in translation adjustments that are reflected in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income in the shareholders' equity section on our Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets. A portion of our net assets are impacted by changes in foreign currencies in relation to the U.S. dollar. We recorded a \$67 million adjustment to reduce our equity account for the three months ended March 31, 2010 to reflect the net impact of the strengthening of the U.S. dollar against various foreign currencies.

As of March 31, 2010, we had several foreign currency forward and option contracts with notional amounts aggregating to \$620 million, which were entered into to hedge exposure to currency fluctuations in various foreign currencies, including, but not limited to, the British pound sterling, the Canadian dollar, the euro and the Norwegian krone. The total estimated fair value of these contracts at March 31, 2010 resulted in a net liability of approximately \$8 million. These derivative instruments were not designated as hedges and the changes in fair value of the contracts are recorded each period in current earnings.

We have cross-currency swaps between the U.S. dollar and Canadian dollar to hedge certain exposures to the Canadian dollar. At March 31, 2010, we had notional amounts outstanding of \$335 million. The total estimated fair value of these contracts at March 31, 2010 resulted in a liability of \$33 million. These derivative instruments were not designated as hedges and the changes in fair value of the contracts are recorded each period in current earnings.

Interest Rates

We are subject to interest rate risk on our long-term fixed-interest rate debt and variable-interest rate borrowings. Variable rate debt, where the interest rate fluctuates periodically, exposes us to short-term changes in market interest rates. Fixed rate debt, where the interest rate is fixed over the life of the instrument, exposes us to changes in market interest rates reflected in the fair value of the debt and to the risk that we may need to refinance maturing debt with new debt at a higher rate. All other things being equal, the fair value of our fixed rate debt will increase or decrease as interest rates change.

Our long-term borrowings that were outstanding at March 31, 2010 and December 31, 2009 subject to interest rate risk consist of the following:

| | March 31, 2010 | | December 31, 2009 | |
|------------------------------|----------------------|------------|-------------------|------------|
| | Carrying Amount | Fair Value | Carrying Amount | Fair Value |
| | <i>(In millions)</i> | | | |
| 6.625% Senior Notes due 2011 | \$ 353 | \$ 372 | \$ 353 | \$ 380 |
| 5.95% Senior Notes due 2012 | 599 | 646 | 599 | 648 |
| 5.15% Senior Notes due 2013 | 511 | 529 | 511 | 526 |
| 4.95% Senior Notes due 2013 | 253 | 264 | 253 | 263 |
| 5.50% Senior Notes due 2016 | 359 | 369 | 360 | 351 |
| 6.35% Senior Notes due 2017 | 600 | 649 | 600 | 647 |
| 6.00% Senior Notes due 2018 | 498 | 532 | 498 | 514 |
| 9.625% Senior Notes due 2019 | 1,035 | 1,271 | 1,034 | 1,236 |
| 6.50% Senior Notes due 2036 | 596 | 591 | 596 | 574 |
| 6.80% Senior Notes due 2037 | 298 | 304 | 298 | 303 |
| 7.00% Senior Notes due 2038 | 498 | 536 | 498 | 517 |
| 9.875% Senior Notes due 2039 | 247 | 331 | 247 | 326 |

We have various other long-term debt instruments of \$16 million at March 31, 2010, but believe the impact of changes in interest rates in the near term will not be material to these instruments. The carrying value of our short-term borrowings of \$974 million at March 31, 2010 approximates their fair value.

As it relates to our variable rate debt, if market interest rates average 1% more for the remainder of 2010 than the rates as of March 31, 2010, interest expense for the remainder of 2010 would increase by \$7 million. This amount was determined by calculating the effect of the hypothetical interest rate on our variable rate debt. This sensitivity analysis assumes there are no changes in our financial structure.

Interest Rate Swaps and Derivatives

We manage our debt portfolio to achieve an overall desired position of fixed and floating rates and may employ interest rate swaps as a tool to achieve that goal. The major risks from interest rate derivatives include changes in the interest rates affecting the fair value of such instruments, potential increases in interest expense due to market increases in floating interest rates and the creditworthiness of the counterparties in such transactions. The counterparties to our interest rate swaps are multinational commercial banks. In light of events in the global credit markets and the potential impact of these events on the liquidity of the banking industry, we continue to monitor the creditworthiness of our counterparties.

We use interest rate swaps to take advantage of available short-term interest rates. Amounts received upon termination of the swaps represent the fair value of the agreements at the time of termination and are recorded as an adjustment to the carrying value of the related debt. These amounts are being amortized as a reduction to interest expense over the remaining term of the debt.

We have no interest rate swaps outstanding at March 31, 2010. As of March, 31 2010 we had net unamortized gains of \$67 million, associated with interest rate swap terminations.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

At the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, we carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of management, including the Chief Executive Officer (“CEO”) and the Chief Financial Officer (“CFO”), of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15 (e) and 15d-15 (e) under the Exchange Act). Based upon that evaluation, our CEO and CFO have concluded our disclosure controls and procedures are effective as of the end of the period covered by this report to ensure that information required to be disclosed by us in the reports we file or submit under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission’s rules and forms and that information relating to us (including our consolidated subsidiaries) required to be disclosed is accumulated and communicated to management, including the CEO and CFO, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. Our management, including the CEO and CFO, identified no change in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during our fiscal quarter ended March 31, 2010 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal controls over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

See Note 14 to our condensed consolidated financial statements included elsewhere in this report.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

There have been no material changes during the three months ended March 31, 2010 to the risk factors set forth in Part I, Item 1A in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009 filed with the SEC on March 1, 2010.

ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY IN SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

On the dates listed below, in connection with acquisitions, we sold registered shares to the shareholders of the acquired company as consideration for the shares of the acquired company. The sale of our registered shares was exempt from registration under the Securities Act of 1933 pursuant to Section 4(2) of that act and pursuant to Regulation D and Regulation S promulgated under that act as a non-public sale to accredited investors and/or to non-U.S. persons outside the United States.

| <u>Date</u> | <u>No. of Shares</u> |
|------------------|----------------------|
| February 2, 2010 | 214,585 |
| March 31, 2010 | 596,121 |

In December 2005, our Board of Directors approved a share repurchase program under which up to \$1 billion of our outstanding common shares (now registered shares) could be purchased. Future purchases of our shares can be made in the open market or privately negotiated transactions, at the discretion of management and as market conditions and our liquidity position warrant. During the quarter ended March 31, 2010, we did not purchase any of our registered shares.

Under our restricted share plan, employees may elect to have us withhold registered shares to satisfy minimum statutory federal, state and local tax withholding obligations arising on the vesting of restricted stock awards and exercise of options. When we withhold these shares, we are required to remit to the appropriate taxing authorities the market price of the shares withheld, which could be deemed a purchase of the registered shares by us on the date of withholding. During the quarter ended March 31, 2010, we withheld registered shares to satisfy these tax withholding obligations as follows:

| <u>Period</u> | <u>No. of Shares</u> | <u>Average Price</u> |
|--------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| January 1 – January 31, 2010 | 237,018 | \$17.96 |
| February 1 – February 28, 2010 | 16,048 | 15.45 |
| March 1 – March 31, 2010 | 256,849 | 17.22 |

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

(a) Exhibits:

| Exhibit Number | Description |
|----------------|--|
| 10.1 | First amendment to the Weatherford International Ltd., a Swiss joint-stock corporation, Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan, effective March 31, 2010 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 1-34258) filed March 23, 2010). |
| 10.2 | Weatherford International Ltd., a Swiss joint-stock corporation, Performance Unit Award Agreement, (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 1-34258) filed March 23, 2010). |
| 10.3 | Second amendment to the Weatherford International Lt., a Swiss joint-stock corporation, Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan, effective April 8, 2010 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 1-34258) filed April 9, 2010). |
| 10.4 | Amended and Restated Employment Agreement, between Weatherford International Ltd., a Swiss joint-stock corporation, and Bernard J. Duroc-Danner, Peter T. Fontana, Joseph C. Henry, Carel W. J. Hoyer, James M. Hudgins and William B. Jacobson (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 1-34258) filed April 13, 2010). |
| *31.1 | Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. |
| *31.2 | Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. |
| **32.1 | Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. |
| **32.2 | Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. |
| **101 | The following materials from Weatherford International Ltd.'s, a Swiss joint-stock corporation, Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2010, formatted in XBRL eXtensible Business Reporting Language): (i) the unaudited Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets, (ii) the unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income, (iii) the unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows, (iv) the unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income and (v) the notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements, tagged as blocks of text. |

* Filed with this Form 10-Q

** Furnished with this Form 10-Q

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Company has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Weatherford International Ltd.

By: /s/ Bernard J. Duroc-Danner

Bernard J. Duroc-Danner
Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

/s/ Andrew P. Becnel

Andrew P. Becnel
Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer)

/s/ Jessica Abarca

Jessica Abarca
Vice President — Accounting and Chief Accounting Officer
(Principal Accounting Officer)

Date: May 3, 2010

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

I, Bernard J. Duroc-Danner, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Weatherford International Ltd.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 3, 2010

/s/ Bernard J. Duroc-Danner

Bernard J. Duroc-Danner
Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

I, Andrew P. Becnel, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Weatherford International Ltd.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a — 15(f) and 15d - 15 (f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 3, 2010

/s/ Andrew P. Becnel

Andrew P. Becnel
Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Weatherford International Ltd. (the "Company") for the period ended March 31, 2010 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Bernard J. Duroc-Danner, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13 (a) or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Bernard J. Duroc-Danner

Name: Bernard J. Duroc-Danner

Title: Chief Executive Officer

Date: May 3, 2010

A signed original of this written statement has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

The certification the registrant furnishes in this exhibit is not deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or otherwise subject to the liabilities of that Section. Registration Statements or other documents filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission shall not incorporate this exhibit by reference, except as otherwise expressly stated in such filing.

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Weatherford International Ltd. (the "Company") for the period ended March 31, 2010 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Andrew P. Becnel, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13 (a) or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Andrew P. Becnel

Name: Andrew P. Becnel
Title: Senior Vice President and Chief
Financial Officer
Date: May 3, 2010

A signed original of this written statement has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

The certification the registrant furnishes in this exhibit is not deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, or otherwise subject to the liabilities of that Section. Registration Statements or other documents filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission shall not incorporate this exhibit by reference, except as otherwise expressly stated in such filing.