Dresdner Bank Aktiengesellschaft Frankfurt am Main

Final Terms

dated 28 August 2008

for

Call or, respectively, Put Warrants (ISIN DE 000 DR1 LRA 4 to DE 000 DR1 LTF 9)

related to

Shares

These final terms (the **"Final Terms"**) contain supplementary information to the base prospectus for Warrants dated 3 September 2007, which was prepared in accordance with § 6 of the German Securities Prospectus Act (Wertpapierprospektgesetz - **"WpPG"**), as supplemented on 7 December 2007, on 28 March 2008 and on 14 August 2008 (together the **"Base Prospectus"**).

The placeholders in square brackets in the Base Prospectus for data, values or varying features of the Warrants issued on the basis of the Base Prospectus could be defined only in connection with the specific issue and have been incorporated accordingly into these Final Terms for the Base Prospectus.

For each issue of Warrants on the basis of the Base Prospectus, the Final Terms are published in a separate document, which, in addition to stating the Final Terms, also restates some information already contained in the Base Prospectus.

The complete information on the issuer and a specific issue always results from the Base Prospectus in combination with these Final Terms.

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Risks relating to the Warrants

Terms that are defined in the Warrant Terms have the same meaning hereinafter, unless specified otherwise.

1. General Risks

Warrants are complex and high-risk investment instruments. Compared to other investments, the risk of loss—including the risk of total loss of the capital invested plus any transaction costs incurred—is especially high. Such risk of loss exists even in case the Issuer's financial situation is solid. In any case, investors should examine their financial situation in order to determine whether they are able to bear the risk of loss inherent in the Warrants before making an investment decision.

Warrants are volatile investment instruments, which, provided that all other factors (such as volatility and general interest rate levels) remain constant, tend to lose value over their term and may be worthless when they expire.

A holder of the Warrants described herein acquires the right to demand payment of a monetary amount from the Issuer, if applicable. Whether the holders of the Warrants are entitled to a payment at all as well as the amount of such payment, if any, depends to a significant extent on how the Underlying develops over the term of the Warrants and how it is valued on certain days.

Generally, the purchaser bears the risk that he erroneously assesses the development, timing and meaning of expected changes in the performance of the Underlying. Such incorrect assessment may lead to a partial or total loss of the purchase price for the Warrants plus any transaction costs incurred. Changes in the value of the Underlying (or even the failure of an expected change to materialize) may disproportionately reduce the value of the Warrants and may even leave them without any value at all.

The investor can realize the value of the Warrants prior to the maturity date only if the Warrants can be sold in the secondary market at the current market price. In light of the limited term of the Warrants, investors cannot rely on their price to recover from any losses in time.

Due to the speculative character of the Warrants, investors should only invest funds the loss of which they can justify in terms of their overall net worth.

Trading in Warrants requires a precise knowledge of the functionality of the respective transaction.

2. Special Risks

2.1. Issue Price and Impact of Incidental Costs

The issue price of the Warrants is based on an internal pricing model of the Issuer and may be higher than their market value. The issue price may contain fees (including commissions) as well as a margin paid to distributors or third parties or retained by the Issuer.

2.2. No Unconditional Entitlement to Repayment and/or Payment of Interest or Dividends

The Warrants are high-risk investment instruments, as they, contrary to other investments, do not guarantee the repayment of the capital invested. The Warrants represent no claim to payment of interest or dividends, and thus do **not produce any ongoing income**. Therefore, any potential loss in value of the Warrants **cannot** be compensated with other income from the Warrants. The value of the Warrants may rise or fall, and it is not possible to guarantee their performance.

2.3. Risks Related to Standard Call and Standard Put Warrants

In case of **Call** Warrants (such as Standard Call, Look Back Call and Discount Call Warrants), the monetary amount (referred to as the **settlement amount**) that a warrantholder may under certain circumstances demand from the Issuer (subject to the more detailed provisions in the Final Terms) depends on the amount by which the relevant settlement price **exceeds** the strike price on or around the valuation date as set forth in the Final Terms (where applicable multiplied by a ratio). In contrast, **Put** Warrants (such as Standard Put, Look Back Put and Discount Put Warrants) depend on the amount by which the relevant settlement price **is below** the strike price on or around the valuation date (where applicable multiplied by a ratio). The performance of a Warrant on the secondary market throughout the term generally follows the same pattern: A Call Warrant, as a general rule (i.e., when not taking into account any other factors impacting the price formation of Warrants), loses value if the price of the Underlying falls. Conversely, the value of a Put Warrant falls when the price of the Underlying rises.

Therefore, up to (and including) the maturity date there is a risk for the investor of complete loss of the purchase price paid for the Warrant including any transaction costs incurred. The risk of a full or partial loss of the investment typically increases, the more the Warrants are out of the money and the shorter their remaining term is.

2.4. Leverage Effects of Fixed Term Warrants

One of the main characteristics of Warrants is their so-called leverage effect: A change in the value of the Underlying can have a disproportionate effect on the value of the Warrant. The leverage effect of the Warrants works in **both** directions— that is, not only to the advantage of the investor if the price of the Underlying performs favorably, but also to his detriment in case of a negative performance. **Therefore, Warrants involve a disproportionately high risk of loss.** When buying Warrants, investors must therefore consider that the risk of loss grows along with the scope of the leverage effect of the Warrants, which constantly changes throughout the term of the Warrants. In addition, the leverage effect is typically the stronger, the shorter the (remaining) term of the Warrants and the further the Warrants are in the money or the closer the Warrants are to one of the thresholds specified in the Final Terms.

2.5. Loss of Time Value, Intrinsic Value and Trading Price of Fixed Term Warrants

The trading price of Fixed Term Warrants is calculated based on a number of factors, such as the current price and the volatility of the Underlying, as well as the current interest rate level, each relative to the remaining term of Warrants.

This means that the Warrants will generally also lose value if the price or rate of the Underlying remains constant throughout the term.

Therefore, investors should carefully examine, *inter alia*, the following factors before buying any Warrants: (i) value and volatility of the Underlying, (ii) remaining term, (iii) changes in interest rates and dividend yield, (iv) exchange rate fluctuations, (v) market depth or liquidity of the Underlying, (vi) transaction costs, if any, and (vii) in case the Warrants are sold, trading price and tradability of the Warrants on the secondary market.

2.6. Warrants are Unsecured Obligations

The Warrants constitute direct, unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of the Issuer ranking pari passu among themselves and with all other current and future unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of the Issuer, except for certain obligations, for which mandatory legal provisions prescribe a higher rank.

The Warrants are neither backed by the Deposit Guarantee Fund (*Einlagensicherungsfonds*) as provided by the by-laws of the Federation of German Banks (*Bundesverband deutscher Banken e.V. - BdB*), nor protected by the German Deposit Guarantee and Investor Compensation Act (*Einlagensicherungs- und Anlegerentschädigungsgesetz*).

2.7. Issuer's Solvency

The warrantholders assume the credit risk of Dresdner Bank AG as Issuer of the Warrants. In case of insolvency of the Issuer, it is possible for the warrantholders to lose part or all of their claim to payments under the Final Terms.

2.8. Impact of a Downgrading of the Credit Rating

The value of the Warrants over the course of the term may be affected by how investors rate Dresdner Bank AG's general credit standing. Their judgment is generally guided by the rating of the outstanding securities by rating agencies such as Moody's¹, Standard & Poor's² or Fitch³. Any downgrading of Dresdner Bank AG's credit rating by only one of these rating agencies may lead to a drop in value of the Warrants.

2.9. Substitution of the Issuer

If the requirements set forth in the Final Terms are fulfilled, the Issuer is entitled to substitute itself without consent of the warrantholders by another company as new Issuer (the "New Issuer") with regard to all obligations under or in connection with the Warrants. In such case, the warrantholder generally also assumes the risk of insolvency of the New Issuer.

2.10. Trading and Liquidity of the Warrants

Not every series of Warrants to be issued under this Base Prospectus will be included in the regulated unofficial market (*Freiverkehr*) of a stock exchange or admitted to trading on a stock exchange. Even if such inclusion or admission does occur, that does not necessarily lead to a higher turnover of the Warrants.

Even if the Issuer, following inclusion or admission, plans to provide buy and sell prices for the Warrants of an issue under normal market conditions, the Issuer does not assume any obligation to provide such prices. Moreover, the Issuer dose not give any guaranty with respect to the amount or the materialization of such prices. Warrantholders cannot rely on being able to sell the Warrants at a certain point in time or at a certain price.

There is no guarantee that a secondary market will develop for the respective Warrants, providing the warrantholders with an opportunity to resell their Warrants. The more limited the secondary market, the more difficult it may be for the warrantholders to realize the value of the Warrants on the secondary market. The same also applies if the Warrants are included in the *Freiverkehr* or admitted to a stock exchange.

Moreover, liquidity with respect to certain countries may be reduced as a result of existing restrictions regarding the offering and selling of Warrants. In addition, the number of Warrants outstanding drops with the Warrants being exercised (provided they can be exercised), as a result of which their liquidity is also reduced. Moreover, the Issuer has the right to purchase Warrants at any time. Such Warrants purchased by the Issuer can be held, resold or cancelled. This may also have an adverse effect on liquidity. Lower liquidity of the market can increase the price volatility of the Warrants. In case the secondary market for the issuing of Warrants becomes illiquid, the investor may be forced to exercise the Warrants in

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¹ Moody's Investors Services, Inc.

Standard & Poor's Ratings Services, a division of McGraw Hill Companies, Inc.

Fitch Ratings Ltd, a subsidiary of Fimalac, S.A.

order to realize their value. However, only Warrants that are described as exercisable in the Final Terms contained in the Final Terms can be exercised.

The performance of the Warrants can deviate from the performance of the Underlying during the term.

2.11. Volume of the Offering

The volume of the offering indicated in the respective Final Terms is the maximum total amount of Warrants offered, but does not allow for any conclusions to be drawn about the volume of Warrants effectively issued. The number of Warrants effectively issued will be determined by the market conditions, and may change over the term of the Warrants. The indicated volume of the offering therefore does not allow for any conclusions to be drawn about the liquidity of the Warrants.

2.12. Market Disruption

According to the Warrant Terms, the Issuer determines the occurrence or existence of a market disruption. Such a determination may have an adverse effect on the value of the Warrants and delay the settlement in respect of the Warrants. Moreover, the settlement amount may be calculated and/or the determination whether the price reaches, exceeds or is below the threshold according to the Warrant Terms may be made based on a value determined by the Issuer in accordance with the Warrant Terms. Moreover, the Issuer will calculate the price of the Underlying in certain cases provided for in the Warrant Terms. This price set by the Issuer is decisive for determining that a Knock-Out exists. If the maturity date is delayed due to a market disruption, the period during which the Knock-Out can occur will be prolonged accordingly.

2.13. Adjustment and Early Termination

According to the Warrant Terms, the Issuer may have the right to make adjustments. These can have a negative effect on the value of the Warrants. Moreover, the Issuer has the right in accordance with the Warrant Terms, to terminate the Warrants early, in which case the term of the Warrants ends prior to maturity. The amount per Warrant payable to the warrantholders in such cases equals the fair market price of the Warrants as determined by the Issuer.

2.14. Delay after Exercise

When exercisable Warrants are exercised, there may be a delay between the time when the holder gives the order to exercise the Warrants or the day of automatic exercise of the Warrants, and the time when the settlement amount for the exercise is calculated. Each event of delay between the time of exercise and the time of calculation of the settlement amount is described in greater detail in the respective Warrant Terms. However, it is possible for such a delay to last significantly longer, especially in case of a delay in the

exercise of Warrants due to a daily upper limit for the exercise (if such a limit is provided for in the Final Terms of the Warrant), or following a determination by the Issuer that a market disruption has occurred at the time in question. The respective settlement amount may change substantially in any such period, and this development or these developments may reduce or change the settlement amount for the exercised Warrants, which could result in the settlement amount becoming zero.

2.15. Correct Exercise and Reporting Duty for Warrants

In case of Warrants that can be exercised the effectiveness of such exercise may be subject to the filing of an exercise notice and the delivery of the Warrants to the paying agent (or to the Issuer, pursuant the Final Terms). Prospective purchasers of Warrants should review the applicable Final Terms, and especially the respective Warrant Terms, to determine which requirements, if any, exist for their Warrants.

2.16. Restrictions on the Exercise of Warrants

In case of Warrants with shares as Underlying, the Final Terms may provide that the option right cannot be exercised on the day on which the general shareholders' meeting of the company that issued the shares decides the distribution of a dividend to the company's shareholders, or on the business day immediately preceding such day. In addition, further restrictions on the exercise of the option right may apply.

2.17. Minimum Number for the Exercise of Warrants

If pursuant to the Final Terms a holder must offer a certain minimum number of Warrants in order to exercise the Warrants, holders who do not hold the required minimum number are therefore forced to either sell their Warrants or purchase additional Warrants and in both cases, they will incur transaction costs. In this case, there is a risk that the warrantholder suffers additional losses because the price of the Warrants purchased or sold, respectively, may differ from the settlement amount to be paid when such Warrants are exercised.

2.18. Conflicts of Interest

The Issuer as well as its affiliates may, on their own behalf or on behalf of their customers, enter into transactions that can have an unfavorable effect on the performance of the Underlying of specific issues of Warrants, and thus on the value of the Warrants. If the Underlying is a share, the Issuer as well as its affiliates may hold shares in the company that issued the Underlying.

The Issuer as well as its affiliates may exercise a different function than the one currently exercised in respect of the Warrants, and they may issue additional derivatives in relation to the Underlying. An introduction of such new, competing products on the market can adversely affect the value of the Warrants.

Moreover, the Issuer as well as its affiliates may act as member of a syndicate of banks, financial advisor or bank of the Index Sponsor or of the company that has issued an

Underlying, or their distributors or other persons or companies relevant to the Warrants. This could also adversely affect the value of the Warrants.

2.19. The Impact of Hedging Transactions

The Issuer as well as its affiliates may, as part of their regular business operations, trade in the respective Underlying for their own account as well as for the account of third parties. Moreover, the Issuer as well as its affiliates may protect themselves against the financial risks related to the Warrants through hedging transactions in the respective Underlying. Such activities, especially hedging transactions relating to the Warrants, can influence the market price of the Underlying of the Warrants at any time. In the case of Open End Knock-Out Warrants, this can also occur particularly in the context of a termination by the Issuer or exercise by a warrantholder. It cannot be ruled out that the entering into and unwinding of such hedge positions may have a negative effect on the value of the Warrants or the settlement amount which the warrantholders may claim and/or on the existence of the conditions for the payment of the settlement amount and/or on the occurrence of a Knock-Out.

2.20. Hedging Transactions by Purchasers of Warrants

Purchasers of Warrants who intend to buy the Warrants in order to protect themselves against market risks in connection with an investment in the Underlying should be aware of the difficulties this entails. For example, the value of the Warrants is not directly linked to the value of the Underlying. Due to fluctuations in supply and demand for the Warrants, there is no guarantee that the Warrants will perform in the same way as the respective Underlying. Therefore, as well as for other reasons, it may not be possible to purchase or sell securities in a portfolio at those prices that are used to calculate the value of the Underlying.

2.21. Interest Rates

The intrinsic value of the Warrants can be affected by interest rate fluctuations.

Interest rates are determined by supply and demand factors in the international money markets, which are exposed to macro-economic factors, speculations and measures undertaken by governments and central banks. Fluctuations in short and/or long-term interest rates may affect the value of the Warrants. Both, interest rates in the currency in which the Warrants are denominated and/or interest rate fluctuations in the currency or currencies in which the Underlying is denominated may affect the value of the Warrants.

2.22. Currency Risk

Purchasers of Warrants should take into consideration that this type of investment may also carry a risk in connection with foreign exchange rate fluctuations. This is the case, e.g., if (i) the Underlying is denominated in a different currency than the Warrants, (ii) the Warrants are denominated in a different currency than the local currency of the purchaser's country, or

(iii) the Warrants are denominated in a different currency than the currency in which the purchaser wants to receive payment.

Foreign exchange rates are determined by supply and demand factors in the international money markets; the latter are exposed to macro-economic factors, speculations and measures undertaken by governments and central banks (including foreign exchange controls and restrictions). Foreign exchange rate fluctuations may increase the risk of loss in that the value of the Warrants or the settlement amount to be claimed, if any, may be reduced.

2.23. Risks in Connection with Currency-Protected Warrants ("Quanto" Warrants)

If the Underlying is not denominated in the currency of the Warrants and at the same time only the performance of the Underlying in its respective currency is material, these securities are known as "currency-protected warrants" and this feature is referred to as a "quanto mechanism." In case such mechanism is applicable, the performance of the Warrants depends solely on the performance of the Underlying in the respective currency. The performance of the relevant currencies does not affect the calculation of payable amounts, if any. However, another result of this mechanism is that investors cannot profit from exchange rate movements. Moreover, it is possible that exchange rate movements could indirectly affect the price of the applicable Underlying.

2.24. Use of loans

If an investor uses a loan to finance the purchase of the Warrants, not only does it have to absorb the loss if the Warrants fail to develop as expected, but it must also repay the loan principal plus interest. This increases the investor's risk of loss significantly. Investors should never count on paying interest and principal with profits from an investment in Warrants. Instead, prospective purchasers of Warrants should first examine their financial situation in order to determine whether they will be able to pay the interest, and if necessary, repay the loan on short notice, even if the expected profits turn into losses.

3. Risks Relating to the Underlying

3.1. Performance of the Underlying

It is not possible to reliably predict the future performance of the Underlying. The past performance for the Underlying provides no indication for its future performance.

3.2. Price Fluctuations

The performance of the Underlying depends on numerous factors and is therefore subject to fluctuations, inter alia, economic changes, interest rate changes, political events or other general market risks can impact the price and lead to substantial losses. In case the

Underlying is a share or a share index the performance of such shares is dependent on the net assets, financial situation, liquidity and operating results of the respective company.

3.3. No dividends or other distributions

Contrary to a direct investment in the shares, investors receive neither dividends nor any other distributions from the shares.

Special Information on the Warrants

1. <u>Subject Matter of these Final Terms</u>

These Final Terms relate to the Call or, respectively, Put Warrants related to shares issued by Dresdner Bank Aktiengesellschaft, Jürgen-Ponto-Platz 1, 60301 Frankfurt am Main, as "Issuer" (the "Warrants").

2. <u>Issue of the Warrants</u>

The public offering of the Warrants commences on 28 Auguat 2008. The initial issue price per Warrant will be fixed in the morning of the day of the commencement of the public offering based on the then existing market conditions, and can then be obtained from the Issuer. Thereafter, the selling price will be continuously determined; up-to-date pricing information can be obtained from the Issuer.

The Warrants that are sold will be delivered in accordance with applicable local market practice through the Clearing system (see below section "9. Clearing System").

The issue date of the Warrants will be 28 August 2008.

The total number of the Warrants offered is stated in the table included as a Schedule to the Warrant Terms.

3. Information about the Underlying

The Issuer will provide information on the performance of the Underlying and its volatility to the investor upon request by phone, fax or e-mail addressed to the Issuer at the following phone number 08 10 75 07 50 (French local call), fax number +49 (0) 69 713-19841 or e-mail address warrants@dkib.com.

4. Admission and Listing

The Issuer plans to apply for having the Warrants admitted to the Paris Stock Exchange. Moreover, the Issuer plans to apply for the Warrants to be able to be traded on the Paris Stock Exchange only in units of 1,000 Warrants or integral multiples thereof. It is not excluded that the Issuer will apply for other stock exchange admissions in the future.

5. Availability of Documents; Notices

The Base Prospectus is available free of charge at Dresdner Bank Aktiengesellschaft, Securitized Products Department, fax number + 49 (0)69 713-19841, Jürgen-Ponto-Platz 1, 60301 Frankfurt am Main, and also made available to investors at http://www.warrants.dresdner.com. These Final Terms will be made available in the same form no later than on the date of the public offering.

Notices concerning the Warrants will be published in a business newspaper or daily newspaper with widespread circulation in the Federal Republic of Germany, or delivered to the clearing system for communication to the warrantholders, and in any case shall be published on the website of Euronext Paris S.A. (http://www.euronext.com).

6. <u>Taxation in the Federal Republic of Germany</u>

6.1. General

According to the terms of the Warrants, the warrantholder has to pay and bear all current or future taxes, fees or other expenses incurred in connection with payments relating to the Warrants. The issuer, the disbursing agent and/or the deposit bank of the warrantholder are entitled to deduct taxes or fees payable by the warrantholder pursuant to the preceding sentence from payments on the Warrants.

In the following, the material tax consequences of an investment in the Warrants are described, in particular from the perspective of a private investor, on the basis of the tax laws in force as of the date of the Base Prospectus.

This description does not constitute specific legal or tax advice to an investor. Each investor is therefore encouraged to ask his personal tax advisor for advice with respect to the individual tax consequences resulting from an investment in the Dresdner Bank Warrants. This is in particular necessary upon purchase and upon sale of the Warrants and/or upon exercise of the rights contained in these Warrants.

It cannot be guaranteed that the tax authorities or fiscal courts will apply the same tax principles as described in this tax section. In addition, it cannot be ruled out that different tax principles have to be applied, even retroactively, as a consequence of future changes in law, a change in jurisprudence or a change of view by the tax administration.

6.2. Taxation of Warrants held as private assets

Capital gains from the sale of Warrants held by a private investor are taxable under current tax law if the term between acquisition and sale of the Warrants does not exceed one year (§ 23 (1) Sentence 1 No. 4 of the German Income Tax Act ("EStG")). However, even in such

a case no taxation is triggered if all capital gains from private sales transactions in a calendar year amount to less than € 512.

The exercise of a Warrant is treated as a sales transaction for purposes of § 23 (1) Sentence 1 No. 4 EStG resulting in the application of the tax principles for the sale of Warrants.

Capital losses from private sales transactions which are realized within the above-mentioned one year period may only be offset against capital gains from private sales transactions realized by the taxpayer within the same calendar year. They may not be deducted from the total income of the taxpayer ($Gesamtbetrag\ der\ Einkünfte$) by way of tax loss carry-back or tax loss carry-forward. Such capital losses, however, lower the taxable income from private sales transactions within the meaning of § 23 (1) EStG which the taxpayer realized during the directly preceding assessment period up to an amount of \in 511,500 (for married couples up to an amount of \in 1,023,000) pursuant to § 10d EStG (tax loss carry-back) or, which the taxpayer will realize in subsequent assessment periods (tax loss carry-forward). The setoff with tax loss carry-forwards, however, is only possible under the rules of the minimum taxation. Under the rules of the minimum taxation (§ 10d(2) EStG) taxable income from private sales transactions may only be offset per calendar year against tax loss carry-forwards up to an amount of \in 1 million (for married couples up to an amount of \in 2 million) without restriction and for any amount in excess of \in 1 million (for married couples \in 2 million) only up to 60%.

After expiration of the mentioned one year period capital gains from private sales transactions are not taxable. Consequently realized losses are not recognized for tax purposes either.

6.3. Taxation of Warrants held as business assets

If the Warrants are held as business assets, gains are taxable irrespective of a holding period. Realized losses may only be offset against gains from forward transactions (*Termingeschäfte*) under certain conditions.

6.4. New tax laws effective as of 2009 - Flat Tax

According to the Business Tax Reform Act 2008 (*Unternehmensteuerreformgesetz 2008*, see Federal Law Gazette I 2007, p. 1912 ff.), capital income of private investors will be subject to an uniform flat tax in the amount of 25% plus solidary surcharge in the amount of 5.5% thereon as well as church tax, if applicable. This applies also to capital gains from the sale or exercise of Warrants irrespective of a holding period.

The new tax laws are effective to the extent the Warrants will be acquired after December 31, 2008.

7. ISIN-Code

See table included as the Schedule to the Warrant Terms contained in these Final Terms.

8. Paying Agent

The Paying Agent is BNP Paribas Securities Services, 25 Quai Panhard Levassor, 75013 Paris, France.

9. <u>Clearing System</u>

BNP Paribas Securities Services, 25 Quai Panhard Levassor, 75013 Paris, France acts as depository for Euroclear France, 115 rue Réaumur, 75081 Paris – CEDEX 02, France (the "Clearing System").

Warrant Terms

- Call or, respectively, Put Warrants relating to shares -

These Warrant Terms apply to a specific series of Call or, respectively, Put Warrants. The points marked with "•" are different for each series and details are provided in the Schedule to the Warrant Terms.

§ 1 Option Right; Settlement Amount

- (1) Dresdner Bank Aktiengesellschaft, Frankfurt am Main, (the "*Issuer*") herewith grants the holder of each Call or, respectively, Put Warrant (the "*Warrant*") relating to the price of the shares (ISIN •) (the "*Shares*" or the "*Underlying*") of (the "*Company*") the right (the "*Option Right*") to receive a *Settlement Amount* in Euro ("*EUR*") in accordance with these Warrant Terms, subject to an early termination pursuant to § 13. The "*Settlement Amount*" equals the amount by which the *Settlement Price* (§ 1(3)) exceeds⁴ or is below⁵ the *Strike Price* (§ 1(2)), multiplied by the *Ratio* (§ 1(4)), the result being commercially rounded to 2 decimal places, if necessary.
- (2) The "Strike Price" equals, subject to adjustment in accordance with § 12, EUR •.
- (3) The "Settlement Price" equals, subject to § 7 and § 12, the closing price of the Shares determined on the Valuation Date (§ 5(2)) by the (the "Relevant Exchange").
- (4) The "*Ratio*" equals 1/*Parity*, subject to an adjustment in accordance with § 12. "*Parity*" means •.

§ 2 Form of the Warrants; Collective Safe Deposit; Transferability

(1) The *Warrants* issued by the *Issuer* are represented by a permanent global bearer warrant (the "*Global Bearer Warrant*"). Definitive *Warrants* will not be issued. The entitlement of the warrantholders to a delivery of definitive *Warrants* is excluded.

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For Call Warrants

⁵ For Put Warrants

- (2) The *Global Bearer Warrant* is deposited at BNP Paribas Securities Services, Paris, as depositary for Euroclear France, (the "*Clearing System*"). The holders of the *Warrants* are entitled to rights relating to the *Global Bearer Warrant* which may be transferred in accordance with the terms and regulations of the *Clearing System*.
- (3) In the clearing system for settling securities operations, the *Warrants* can be transferred only in units of 1,000 *Warrants* or an integral multiple thereof.

§ 3 Status

The *Warrants* are direct, unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of the *Issuer* ranking pari passu among themselves and with all other current and future unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of the *Issuer*, except for certain obligations, for which mandatory legal provisions prescribe a higher rank.

§ 4 Maturity Date; Exercise Period; Exercise of the Option Rights

- (1) Subject to an early termination by way of notice in accordance with § 13(1), the Option Right can be exercised from ("Start of Exercise Period") to (the "Maturity Date"), 10:00 a.m. (Frankfurt am Main local time) (the "Exercise Period"). On the Business Day preceding the day on which the general shareholders' meeting of the Company decides to distribute a dividend to the shareholders of the Company, as well as on that day itself, the Option Right cannot be exercised. If the conditions in § 4(2) and § 4(3) are fulfilled on one of the days on which the Option Right cannot be exercised in accordance with the preceding sentence, the respective Option Right shall be deemed to have been exercised on the Business Day following the date of the general shareholders' meeting.
- (2) Option Rights can be exercised in each case only for at least 1,000 Warrants or an integral multiple thereof. The exercise of less than 1,000 Warrants is invalid and produces no effect. The exercise of more than 1,000 Warrants in a number that is not divisible by 1,000, shall be deemed as the exercise of the next smaller number of Warrants that is divisible by 1,000.
- (3) For an effective exercise of the *Option Rights* the warrantholder shall:

- (a) submit to the *Paying Agent* a written declaration containing the following information (the "*Exercise Notice*"):
 - the name and address of the warrantholder.
 - ISIN code and quantity of the Warrants to be exercised and
 - the account of the warrantholder at a credit institution in France to which the Settlement Amount, if any, owed under the Warrants is to be credited;
- (b) deliver the *Warrants* to the *Paying Agent*, either (i) by way of an irrevocable order to the *Paying Agent* to withdraw the *Warrants* from the securities account maintained at the *Paying Agent*, if applicable, or (ii) by having the *Warrants* transferred to the *Paying Agent's* account at the *Clearing System*.
- (4) Option Rights that were not effectively exercised in accordance with § 4(2) and (3), shall be, subject to an early termination by way of notice in accordance with § 12 and § 13, deemed to have been exercised on the Maturity Date without further requirements if the Settlement Amount is positive (the "Automatic Exercise").

§ 5 Exercise Date; Valuation Date; Business Day; Calculation Date

- (1) The "Exercise Date" is, subject to the following provisions, the Business Day within the Exercise Period on which all of the conditions set forth in § 4(2) and (3) have been fulfilled by no later than 10:00 a.m. (Frankfurt am Main local time). If these conditions are fulfilled on a day within the Exercise Period that is not a Business Day, or after 10:00 a.m. (Frankfurt am Main local time) on a Business Day within the Exercise Period, the next following Business Day shall be deemed the Exercise Date, provided that such day falls within the Exercise Period. In case of Automatic Exercise, the Exercise Date is the Maturity Date.
- (2) The "Valuation Date" is, subject to § 7(1), the Exercise Date or, if the Exercise Date is not a Calculation Date (§ 5(4), the next following Calculation Date.
- (3) "Business Day" is any day (except Saturday and Sunday) on which the TARGET System is operating and banks in Paris are open for business and the Clearing System settles payments. "TARGET System" means the Trans-European Automated Real-time Gross settlement Express Transfer System.

(4) "Calculation Date" is any day on which the Relevant Exchange is scheduled to be open.

§ 6 Payment of the Settlement Amount

- (1) Following the exercise of the *Option Rights* in accordance with § 4(3) and calculation of the *Settlement Price*, the *Paying Agent* will calculate the *Settlement Amount* to be paid, if any, based on the lower of (a) the number of *Warrants* actually delivered, or (b) the number of *Warrants* specified in the *Exercise Notice*. This does not affect § 4(2). Any surplus remaining in respect of the delivered *Warrants* will be returned to the holder of the *Option Rights* to be exercised at the holder's expense and risk.
- (2) Following the exercise of the *Option Rights* in accordance with § 4(2) and (3), the *Issuer* will procure the payment of the *Settlement Amount* to be claimed, if any, to the account of the holder of the exercised *Warrants* specified in the *Exercise Notice* by the 5th *Business Day* following the *Valuation Date*. In case of *Automatic Exercise*, the *Issuer* will procure the payment of the *Settlement Amount* to be claimed, if any, to the *Clearing System* for credit to the accounts of the holders of the *Warrants* by the 5th *Business Day* following the *Valuation Date*, without requiring a fulfillment of the conditions set forth in § 4(2) and (3).

§ 7 Market Disruptions

- If, in the opinion of the *Issuer*, a *Market Disruption* (§ 7(2)) exists on the *Valuation Date*, the *Valuation Date* will be postponed to the next following *Calculation Date* on which a *Market Disruption* no longer exists. The *Issuer* will endeavor to notify the parties involved in accordance with § 9 without delay if a *Market Disruption* has occurred. The *Issuer*, however, is not obligated to do so. If the *Valuation Date* has been postponed by 8 *Calculation Dates* following the expiry of the *Maturity Date*, and if the *Market Disruption* continues to exist on this day, this day shall be deemed the *Valuation Date*, and the *Issuer* will determine the *Settlement Price* at its reasonable discretion (§ 315 BGB) and taking into consideration the market conditions on the *Valuation Date*.
- (2) "*Market Disruption*" means the suspension (in particular the interruption, cessation, cancellation) of or material limitation imposed on trading
 - (i) in the Shares at the Relevant Exchange, or

(ii) in an options or futures contract relating to the *Shares* on the ● (the "*Futures Exchange*").

A limitation of trading hours or the number of trading days shall not constitute a *Market Disruption* to the extent that such limitation results from a change previously announced by the relevant exchange. A limitation imposed on trading during a day, due to movements in price exceeding certain limits, shall only constitute a *Market Disruption* if such limitation subsists at the end of the trading hours on such day.

§ 8 Paying Agent

- (1) The *Paying Agent* is BNP Paribas Securities Services, Paris (herein referred to, together with any successor in that function, as the "*Paying Agent*"). The *Paying Agent*, if different from the *Issuer*, acts on behalf of the *Issuer* exclusively. It does not act as the agent, trustee or representative of the warrantholders. Only if and to the extent that the *Paying Agent* has failed to exercise the standard of care of a prudent businessman will the *Paying Agent* be liable for calculations it performs in connection with the *Warrants*, for not performing or for incorrectly performing such calculations, or for taking or failing to take other action.
- The *Issuer* can replace the *Paying Agent* at any time or appoint one or more additional paying agents (also the "*Paying Agent*", if the context permits), and the *Paying Agent* can, at any time, resign from its office as *Paying Agent*. Such replacement or resignation will become effective only when the *Issuer* has appointed another bank with principal offices or a branch office in France to act as *Paying Agent*. Notice of such replacement and appointment shall be published in accordance with § 9 without delay.
- (3) The *Paying Agent* is exempt from the restrictions of § 181 BGB (German Civil Code).
- (4) Neither the *Issuer* nor the *Paying Agent* are required to verify the authority of persons submitting *Warrants*.

§ 9 Notices

Notices concerning the *Warrants* will be published in a business newspaper or daily newspaper with widespread circulation in the Federal Republic of Germany, or by

communication to the *Clearing System* for the purpose of forwarding such notices to the warrantholders and in any case will be published on the website of Euronext Paris S.A. (http://www.euronext.com).

§ 10 Further Issues; Buyback

- (1) The *Issuer* is entitled at any time to issue additional *Warrants* with identical terms and conditions, so that the same shall be consolidated with the *Warrants* to form a single series and increase their number. In the event of such an increase, the term "*Warrant*" also includes such additionally issued *Warrants*.
- (2) The *Issuer* is entitled at any time to buy back *Warrants* at any price whatsoever through transactions on or off the stock exchange. The *Issuer* is not obligated to inform the warrantholders thereof. The bought-back *Warrants* can be invalidated, kept, re-sold, or used otherwise by the *Issuer*. Moreover, the *Issuer* may cancel the *Warrants* it bought back and reduce the number of outstanding *Warrants* accordingly.

§ 11 Substitution of the Issuer

- (1) The *Issuer* is entitled at any time to substitute itself without the consent of the holders of the *Warrants* by another company as *Issuer* (the "*New Issuer*") with regard to all obligations under and in connection with the *Warrants* under the condition that
 - (a) the *New Issuer* assumes all obligations of the *Issuer* under or in connection with the *Warrants*:
 - (b) the New Issuer has obtained all permits which may be required from the competent authorities under which the New Issuer is entitled to fulfill all obligations arising under or in connection with the Warrants and to transfer payments to the Paying Agent without obligation to withhold or deduct any taxes, duties or other charges (except as set forth in § 14; and
 - (c) Dresdner Bank Aktiengesellschaft unconditionally and irrevocably guarantees the fulfillment of the obligations of the *New Issuer* or enters into a profit and loss transfer agreement with the *New Issuer* or ensures in another commercially equivalent manner that such obligations will be duly fulfilled in full.

- (2) In case of such a substitution of the *Issuer*, any references to the *Issuer* made in these Warrant Terms shall be deemed to be references to the *New Issuer*.
- (3) A substitution of the *Issuer* in accordance with § 11(1) is binding on the holders of the *Warrants* and shall be announced in accordance with § 9 without delay. A substitution of the *Issuer* in accordance with the provisions of this § 11 may be effected repeatedly. The provisions of this § 11 shall in this case be applied mutatis mutandis.

§ 12 Adjustments

- (1) If at any point in time during the term of the *Warrants*, when options or futures contracts (the "*Options Contracts*") relating to the *Shares* of the *Company* are traded at the *Futures Exchange*,
 - (a) a measure is taken by the Company or a third party in regard to the capital or the assets of the Company (e.g. capital increase through the issuing of new Shares against contributions, capital increase from company funds, issue of securities with option or conversion rights relating to Shares, distribution of special dividends, stock splits, merger, demerger, liquidation, nationalization) and
 - (b) the Futures Exchange adjusts the strike price and/or the contract size for Options Contracts as a result of such measure, or changes the Options Contracts in any other way,

the *Issuer* has the right to adjust the parameters relevant for the calculation of the *Settlement Amount* accordingly. If the rules of the *Futures Exchange* do not require any adjustments to be made in respect of the *Options Contracts* as a result of these events, the parameters relevant for the calculation of the *Settlement Amount* remain unchanged. In the event that *Options Contracts* relating to the *Shares* are delisted from the *Futures Exchange* and are listed at another exchange, the *Issuer* is entitled, but not obligated to make the adjustment in accordance with the rules of such other exchange (the "*Substitute Futures Exchange*"). However, in all of the aforesaid cases, the *Issuer* retains the right, but is not obligated, to make adjustments also based on other rules, or to adjust or redefine the parameters relevant for the calculation of the *Settlement Amount* if the *Issuer* deems such action appropriate in order to preserve the value which the *Warrants* had prior to the occurrence of one of the events described above.

- (2) If one of the events described in paragraphs (1) (a) or (b) occurs at a time, when no Options Contracts relating to the Shares are traded at the Futures Exchange, the Issuer will adjust the parameters relevant for the calculation of the Settlement Amount in accordance with the respective adjustment rules of the Futures Exchange at its reasonable discretion (§ 315 BGB) and taking into account the legitimate economic interests of the warrantholders.
- (3) Any adjustments in accordance with the foregoing paragraphs are made by the *Issuer* at its reasonable discretion (§ 315 BGB) and are binding upon all parties involved (unless an obvious error has been made). Only if and to the extent that the *Issuer* has failed to exercise the standard of care of a prudent businessman will the *Issuer* be liable for any determinations and adjustments it makes, or fails to make, or any other measures it takes or fails to take in connection with these *Warrants*. Any adjustments and their effective date shall be announced in accordance with § 9 without delay.

§ 13 Early Termination

- (1) If the Shares of the Company are delisted from the Relevant Exchange due to a merger by absorption or formation, transformation into a corporate form without shares, or for any other reason or if the Futures Exchange settles the outstanding Options Contracts relating to the Shares for whatever reason prematurely, the Issuer is entitled, but not required, to terminate the Warrants that have not been exercised yet prematurely by notice in accordance with § 9; the Issuer may terminate the Warrants only in whole and not in part, and must indicate the Termination Amount defined here below. Such termination must occur within one month from the event triggering the termination.
- (2) In case of termination, the *Issuer* shall pay each warrantholder an amount for each *Warrant* held (the "*Termination Amount*"), which has been determined by the *Issuer* at its reasonable discretion (§ 315 BGB) as being the fair market value per *Warrant* immediately prior to the delisting or on the day of the settlement of the *Options Contracts* relating to the *Shares*. The *Issuer* will arrange for payment of the *Termination Amount* to the *Clearing System* for credit to the accounts of the holders of the *Warrants* by the 5th *Business Day* following the notice regarding the termination.

§ 14

Taxes

All current or future taxes, fees or other expenses incurred in connection with payments relating to the *Warrants* shall be borne and paid by the warrantholder. The *Issuer*, the *Paying Agent* and the bank administering the warrantholder's securities account are entitled to withhold from payments relating to the *Warrants* any taxes or charges to be paid by the warrantholder in accordance with the preceding sentence.

§ 15 Miscellaneous

- (1) Form and contents of the *Warrants* as well as all rights and duties arising from the matters provided for in these Warrant Terms shall be subject to and construed in accordance with the laws of the Federal Republic of Germany in all respects.
- (2) Place of performance is Frankfurt am Main.
- (3) Place of jurisdiction for any suit or other legal proceedings arising out of or in connection with the *Warrants* is to the extent permitted by law Frankfurt am Main.
- (4) The *Issuer* may without the consent of the warrantholders (i) correct manifest typing or calculation errors or similar manifest errors, and (ii) amend or supplement contradictory or incomplete provisions, which may be contained in these Warrant Terms, provided that, in the cases referred to under (ii), only such amendments and supplements shall be permitted, which are reasonably acceptable to the warrantholders having regard to the interests of the *Issuer*, i.e. which do not materially adversely affect the financial situation of the warrantholders and do not significantly complicate the exercise modalities. Any amendments and supplements to these Warrant Terms shall be published in accordance with § 9 without delay.
- (5) Should any provisions of these Warrant Terms be or become wholly or partly invalid, the remaining provisions shall remain valid. The invalid provision shall, in accordance with the purpose of the Warrant Terms, be replaced by a valid provision, which reflects the economic purpose of the invalid provision as far as legally possible.
- (6) The English version of these Warrant Terms shall be binding. Any translations are merely intended for information purposes.

Schedule to the Warrant Terms

ISIN of the	Mnemo	Common	Type of	Company	ISIN of the	Relevant	Futures	Strike	Parity	Volume	Start of	Maturity
Warrants	of the	of the	the	(Underlying)	Underlying	Exchange	Exchange	Price		of the	Exercise	Date
	Warrants	Warrants	Warrants							offering	Period	
		Code										
DE000DR1LRA4	4142D	38525948	Call	ACCOR	FR0000120404	EURONEXT	MONEP	51	10	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009
DE000DR1LRB2	4143D	38525964	Put	ACCOR	FR0000120404	EURONEXT	MONEP	44	10	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009
DE000DR1LRC0	4144D	38525972	Call	AIR FRANCE - KLM	FR0000031122	EURONEXT	MONEP	19	10	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009
DE000DR1LRD8	4145D	38525999	Put	AIR FRANCE - KLM	FR0000031122	EURONEXT	MONEP	16	10	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009
DE000DR1LRE6	4146D	38526006	Call	ALSTOM	FR0010220475	EURONEXT	MONEP	76	20	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009
DE000DR1LRF3	4147D	38526022	Put	ALSTOM	FR0010220475	EURONEXT	MONEP	62	20	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009
DE000DR1LRG1	4148D	38526049	Call	ALCATEL-LUCENT	FR0000130007	EURONEXT	MONEP	4.75	2	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009
DE000DR1LRH9	4149D	38526065	Put	ALCATEL-LUCENT	FR0000130007	EURONEXT	MONEP	3.75	2	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009
DE000DR1LRJ5	4150D	38526081	Call	AXA	FR0000120628	EURONEXT	MONEP	24	10	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009
DE000DR1LRK3	4151D	38526103	Put	AXA	FR0000120628	EURONEXT	MONEP	19	10	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009
DE000DR1LRL1	4152D	38526111	Put	BNP PARIBAS	FR0000131104	EURONEXT	MONEP	58	10	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009
DE000DR1LRM9	4153D	38526120	Call	BOUYGUES	FR0000120503	EURONEXT	MONEP	49	5	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009
DE000DR1LRN7	4154D	38526138	Put	BOUYGUES	FR0000120503	EURONEXT	MONEP	42	5	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009
DE000DR1LRP2	4156D	38526146	Put	CREDIT AGRICOLE	FR0000045072	EURONEXT	MONEP	14	5	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009
DE000DR1LRQ0	4157D	38526154	Call	CAP GEMINI	FR0000125338	EURONEXT	MONEP	46	10	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009
DE000DR1LRR8	4158D	38526162	Put	CAP GEMINI	FR0000125338	EURONEXT	MONEP	37	10	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009
DE000DR1LRS6	4159D	38526189	Call	CARREFOUR	FR0000120172	EURONEXT	MONEP	43	10	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009
DE000DR1LRT4	4160D	38526197	Put	CARREFOUR	FR0000120172	EURONEXT	MONEP	35	10	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009
DE000DR1LRU2	4161D	38526219	Call	DANONE	FR0000120644	EURONEXT	MONEP	55	10	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009
DE000DR1LRV0	4162D	38526227	Put	DANONE	FR0000120644	EURONEXT	MONEP	44	10	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009
DE000DR1LRW8	4163D	38526235	Call	EADS	NL0000235190	EURONEXT	MONEP	17	10	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009
DE000DR1LRX6	4164D	38526243	Put	EADS	NL0000235190	EURONEXT	MONEP	14	10	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009
DE000DR1LRY4	4165D	38526251	Call	ESSILOR INTERNAT	FR0000121667	EURONEXT	MONEP	38.5	10	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009
DE000DR1LRZ1	4166D	38526260	Put	ESSILOR INTERNAT	FR0000121667	EURONEXT	MONEP	31.5	10	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009

ISIN of the	Mnemo	Common	Type of	Company	ISIN of the	Relevant	Futures	Strike	Parity	Volume	Start of	Maturity
Warrants	of the	of the	the	(Underlying)	Underlying	Exchange	Exchange	Price		of the	Exercise	Date
	Warrants	Warrants	Warrants							offering	Period	
		Code										
DE000DR1LR08	4167D	38526278	Call	FRANCE TELECOM	FR0000133308	EURONEXT	MONEP	22	5	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009
DE000DR1LR16	4168D	38526286	Put	FRANCE TELECOM	FR0000133308	EURONEXT	MONEP	18	5	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009
DE000DR1LR24	4169D	38526294	Call	GDF SUEZ	FR0010208488	EURONEXT	MONEP	43	10	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009
DE000DR1LR32	4170D	38526308	Put	GDF SUEZ	FR0010208488	EURONEXT	MONEP	33	10	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009
DE000DR1LR40	4171D	38526316	Call	LAFARGE	FR0000120537	EURONEXT	MONEP	95	20	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009
DE000DR1LR57	4172D	38526324	Call	LAGARDERE S.C.A.	FR0000130213	EURONEXT	MONEP	44	10	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009
DE000DR1LR65	4173D	38526332	Put	LAGARDERE S.C.A.	FR0000130213	EURONEXT	MONEP	35	10	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009
DE000DR1LR73	4174D	38526359	Call	L.V.M.H.	FR0000121014	EURONEXT	MONEP	80.5	20	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009
DE000DR1LR81	4175D	38526367	Put	L.V.M.H.	FR0000121014	EURONEXT	MONEP	66	20	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009
DE000DR1LR99	4176D	38526375	Put	MICHELIN	FR0000121261	EURONEXT	MONEP	45	20	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009
DE000DR1LSA2	4177D	38526383	Call	M6-METROPOLE TV	FR0000053225	EURONEXT	MONEP	17	2	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009
DE000DR1LSB0	4178D	38526405	Put	M6-METROPOLE TV	FR0000053225	EURONEXT	MONEP	14	2	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009
DE000DR1LSC8	4179D	38526421	Call	ARCELORMITTAL	LU0323134006	EURONEXT	MONEP	58	10	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009
DE000DR1LSD6	4180D	38526430	Put	ARCELORMITTAL	LU0323134006	EURONEXT	MONEP	47.5	10	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009
DE000DR1LSE4	4181D	38526448	Call	L OREAL	FR0000120321	EURONEXT	MONEP	81	10	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009
DE000DR1LSF1	4182D	38526456	Put	L OREAL	FR0000120321	EURONEXT	MONEP	65	10	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009
DE000DR1LSG9	4183D	38526464	Put	PERNOD RICARD	FR0000120693	EURONEXT	MONEP	59	10	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009
DE000DR1LSH7	4184D	38526499	Put	PEUGEOT	FR0000121501	EURONEXT	MONEP	32	10	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009
DE000DR1LSJ3	4185D	38526502	Call	PPR	FR0000121485	EURONEXT	MONEP	85	20	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009
DE000DR1LSK1	4186D	38526529	Put	PPR	FR0000121485	EURONEXT	MONEP	72	20	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009
DE000DR1LSL9	4187D	38526545	Call	PUBLICIS GROUPE	FR0000130577	EURONEXT	MONEP	25	5	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009
DE000DR1LSM7	4188D	38526553	Put	PUBLICIS GROUPE	FR0000130577	EURONEXT	MONEP	20	5	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009
DE000DR1LSN5	4207D	38526561	Call	RENAULT	FR0000131906	EURONEXT	MONEP	66	10	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009
DE000DR1LSP0	4208D	38526570	Put	RENAULT	FR0000131906	EURONEXT	MONEP	55	10	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009
DE000DR1LSQ8	4209D	38526596	Call	SAFRAN	FR0000073272	EURONEXT	MONEP	14	5	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009
DE000DR1LSR6	4210D	38526600	Put	SAFRAN	FR0000073272	EURONEXT	MONEP	11	5	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009
DE000DR1LSS4	4211D	38526618	Put	SANOFI-AVENTIS	FR0000120578	EURONEXT	MONEP	45	10	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009
DE000DR1LST2	4212D	38526626	Call	SCHNEIDER ELECTR	FR0000121972	EURONEXT	MONEP	76	20	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009
DE000DR1LSU0	4213D	38526642	Put	SCHNEIDER ELECTR	FR0000121972	EURONEXT	MONEP	66	20	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009
DE000DR1LSV8	4214D	38526669	Call	VINCI	FR0000125486	EURONEXT	MONEP	39	10	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009

ISIN of the	Mnemo	Common	Type of	Company	ISIN of the	Relevant	Futures	Strike	Parity	Volume	Start of	Maturity
Warrants	of the	of the	the	(Underlying)	Underlying	Exchange	Exchange	Price		of the	Exercise	Date
	Warrants	Warrants	Warrants							offering	Period	
		Code								· ·		
DE000DR1LSW6	4215D	38526677	Put	VINCI	FR0000125486	EURONEXT	MONEP	36	10	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009
DE000DR1LSX4	4216D	38526685	Call	SAINT-GOBAIN	FR0000125007	EURONEXT	MONEP	48	10	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009
DE000DR1LSY2	4217D	38526707	Put	SAINT-GOBAIN	FR0000125007	EURONEXT	MONEP	40	10	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009
DE000DR1LSZ9	4218D	38526715	Call	SOCIETE GENERALE	FR0000130809	EURONEXT	MONEP	70	10	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009
DE000DR1LS07	4219D	38526723	Put	SOCIETE GENERALE	FR0000130809	EURONEXT	MONEP	58	10	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009
DE000DR1LS15	4220D	38526731	Call	STMICROELECTRONI	NL0000226223	EURONEXT	MONEP	9.25	2	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009
DE000DR1LS23	4221D	38526740	Put	STMICROELECTRONI	NL0000226223	EURONEXT	MONEP	7.75	2	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009
DE000DR1LS31	4222D	38526766	Call	TECHNIP	FR0000131708	EURONEXT	MONEP	59	10	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009
DE000DR1LS49	4223D	38526774	Put	TECHNIP	FR0000131708	EURONEXT	MONEP	47	10	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009
DE000DR1LS56	4224D	38526782	Call	TF1	FR0000054900	EURONEXT	MONEP	14.5	2	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009
DE000DR1LS64	4225D	38526804	Put	TF1	FR0000054900	EURONEXT	MONEP	11.5	2	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009
DE000DR1LS72	4226D	38526812	Put	THOMSON (EX:TMM)	FR0000184533	EURONEXT	MONEP	2.75	2	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009
DE000DR1LS80	4227D	38526847	Call	TOTAL	FR0000120271	EURONEXT	MONEP	53	10	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009
DE000DR1LS98	4228D	38526855	Put	TOTAL	FR0000120271	EURONEXT	MONEP	43	10	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009
DE000DR1LTA0	4229D	38526863	Call	UNIBAIL RODAMCO	FR0000124711	EURONEXT	MONEP	165	20	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009
DE000DR1LTB8	4230D	38526871	Put	UNIBAIL RODAMCO	FR0000124711	EURONEXT	MONEP	135	20	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009
DE000DR1LTC6	4231D	38526898	Call	VEOLIA ENVIRON	FR0000124141	EURONEXT	MONEP	41	10	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009
DE000DR1LTD4	4232D	38526901	Put	VEOLIA ENVIRON	FR0000124141	EURONEXT	MONEP	35	10	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009
DE000DR1LTE2	4233D	38526910	Call	VIVENDI	FR0000127771	EURONEXT	MONEP	29	5	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009
DE000DR1LTF9	4234D	38526928	Put	VIVENDI	FR0000127771	EURONEXT	MONEP	24	5	2.000.000	28 August 2008	19 March 2009

Frankfurt am Main 28th August 2008

Dresdner Bank Aktiengesellschaft

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