

**Dresdner Bank Aktiengesellschaft
Frankfurt am Main**

Final Terms

dated 09 February 2007

for

C Perform Call Knock-Out Warrants and C Perform Put Knock-Out Warrants

related to the shares of

ACCOR	AIR France – KLM	ALCATEL-LUCENT
ALSTOM	ARCELOR MITTAL	AXA
BNP PARIBAS	BOUYGUES	BUS OBJECT
CAP GEMINI	CARREFOUR	DEXIA
EADS	EDF	ESSILOR INTERNAT
FRANCE TELECOM	L OREAL	L.V.M.H.
LAFARGE	LAGARDERE S.C.A.	M6-METROPOLE TV
MICHELIN	PEUGEOT	PPR
PUBLICIS GROUPE	SAINT-GOBAIN	SCHNEIDER ELECTR
SOITEC	STMICROELECTRONI	SUEZ
TF1	THOMSON (EX:TMM)	UBISOFT ENTERT
VALLOUREC	VEOLIA ENVIRON	VINCI
VIVENDI		

Option type: European

These final terms (the "**Final Terms**") contain supplementary information to the base prospectus (the "**Base Prospectus**") for [Dresdner] [name] [•] Warrants dated 7 September 2006 which was prepared in accordance with § 6 of the German Securities Prospectus Act (Wertpapierprospektgesetz - "**WpPG**").

The placeholders in square brackets in the Base Prospectus for data, values or varying features of the Warrants issued on the basis of the Base Prospectus could be defined only in connection with the specific issue and have been incorporated accordingly into these Final Terms for the Base Prospectus.

For each issue of Warrants on the basis of the Base Prospectus, the Final Terms are published in a separate document, which, in addition to stating the Final Terms, also restates some information already contained in the Base Prospectus.

The complete information on the issuer and a specific issue always results from the Base Prospectus in combination with these Final Terms.

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Summary

The following information is merely a summary and should be read in connection with the Base Prospectus and these Final Terms.

This summary provides an overview of what are, in the opinion of the Issuer, the main characteristics of the Issuer and the warrants (the "**Warrants**"). It is not exhaustive. Rather, this summary should be read as an introduction to these Final Terms. Investors should thus base any decision to invest in the Warrants only after carefully reviewing the entire Base Prospectus and these Final Terms.

Under the national legislation of the individual states of the European Economic Area, investors bringing a claim relating to the information contained in the Base Prospectus and these Final Terms before a court, might have to bear the costs of translating the Base Prospectus and these Final Terms before the legal proceedings are initiated.

Dresdner Bank Aktiengesellschaft, Jürgen-Ponto-Platz 1, 60301 Frankfurt/Main, (the "**Issuer**"), can be held liable for the contents of the information in the summary or a translation thereof only if the summary is misleading, inaccurate or inconsistent when read together with the other parts of the Base Prospectus and these Final Terms.

1. Offering

These Final Terms relate to the Warrants listed in the following table.

Underlying	ISIN of Underlying	Type of Warrants	Strike Price/ Barrier (in EUR)	Ratio	Relevant Exchange	Futures Exchange	Maturity Date	ISIN of Warrants	Mnemo	Common Code of Warrants	Volume of the Offering
ACCOR	FR0000120404	Call	62	1/2	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B0W0	3771D	28652623	150,000
AIR FRANCE - KLM	FR0000031122	Call	32	1/2	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B0X8	3772D	28652682	300,000
ALCATEL-LUCENT	FR0000130007	Call	7.5	1/1	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B0Y6	3773D	28652780	500,000
ALCATEL-LUCENT	FR0000130007	Call	8.5	1/1	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B0Z3	3774D	28653182	500,000
ALCATEL-LUCENT	FR0000130007	Put	12	1/1	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B004	3775D	28653212	500,000
ALSTOM	FR0010220475	Call	90	1/2	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B012	3776D	28653298	100,000
ARCELOR MITTAL	NL0000361947	Call	30	1/2	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B020	3777D	28653352	250,000
ARCELOR MITTAL	NL0000361947	Call	33	1/2	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B038	3778D	28653441	250,000
ARCELOR MITTAL	NL0000361947	Put	42	1/2	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B046	3779D	28653549	250,000
AXA	FR0000120628	Call	32.5	1/1	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B053	3780D	28653590	150,000
BNP PARIBAS	FR0000131104	Call	82.5	1/10	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B061	3781D	28653689	600,000
BOUYGUES	FR0000120503	Call	50	1/1	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B079	3782D	28653786	100,000
BOUYGUES	FR0000120503	Call	51.5	1/1	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B087	3783D	28653816	100,000
BOUYGUES	FR0000120503	Put	56	1/1	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B095	3784D	28653883	100,000
BUS OBJECT	FR0004026250	Call	27.5	1/1	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B1A4	3785D	28653948	150,000

CAP GEMINI	FR0000125338	Call	46.5	1/1	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B1B2	3786D	28654049	100,000
CAP GEMINI	FR0000125338	Call	48	1/1	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B1C0	3787D	28654073	100,000
CAP GEMINI	FR0000125338	Put	53	1/1	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B1D8	3788D	28654120	100,000
CARREFOUR	FR0000120172	Put	50	1/2	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B1E6	3789D	28654138	200,000
DEXIA	BE0003796134	Call	21	1/1	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B1F3	3790D	28654154	200,000
EADS	NL0000235190	Call	23	1/2	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B1G1	3791D	28654197	400,000
EDF	FR0010242511	Call	50	1/2	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B1H9	3792D	28654243	200,000
ESSILOR INTERNAT	FR0000121667	Call	80	1/5	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B1J5	3793D	28654316	300,000
ESSILOR INTERNAT	FR0000121667	Call	84	1/5	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B1K3	3794D	28654359	300,000
ESSILOR INTERNAT	FR0000121667	Put	94	1/5	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B1L1	3795D	28654383	300,000
FRANCE TELECOM	FR0000133308	Call	19	1/1	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B1M9	3796D	28654600	250,000
FRANCE TELECOM	FR0000133308	Put	23.5	1/1	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B1N7	3797D	28654553	250,000
L OREAL	FR0000120321	Call	76	1/5	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B1P2	3798D	28654685	300,000
L OREAL	FR0000120321	Put	86	1/5	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B1Q0	3799D	28654766	300,000
L.V.M.H.	FR0000121014	Call	70	1/5	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B1R8	3800D	28654782	300,000
L.V.M.H.	FR0000121014	Put	92	1/5	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B1S6	3801D	28654855	300,000
LAFARGE	FR0000120537	Call	110	1/5	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B1T4	3802D	28654871	200,000
LAFARGE	FR0000120537	Put	130	1/5	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B1U2	3803D	28654910	200,000
LAGARDERE S.C.A.	FR0000130213	Call	55	1/10	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B1V0	3804D	28654936	800,000
LAGARDERE S.C.A.	FR0000130213	Put	70	1/10	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B1W8	3805D	28654979	800,000

M6-METROPOLE TV	FR000053225	Call	25	1/1	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B1X6	3806D	28655002	200,000
MICHELIN	FR0000121261	Call	60	1/5	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B1Y4	3807D	28655045	400,000
MICHELIN	FR0000121261	Call	65	1/5	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B1Z1	3808D	28655061	400,000
MICHELIN	FR0000121261	Put	80	1/5	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B103	3809D	28655096	400,000
PEUGEOT	FR0000121501	Call	48	1/2	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B111	3810D	28655126	200,000
PEUGEOT	FR0000121501	Put	55	1/2	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B129	3811D	28655185	200,000
PPR	FR0000121485	Call	100	1/5	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B137	3812D	28655215	200,000
PPR	FR0000121485	Call	110	1/5	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B145	3813D	28655223	200,000
PPR	FR0000121485	Put	125	1/5	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B152	3814D	28655266	200,000
PUBLICIS GROUPE	FR0000130577	Call	31	1/1	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B160	3815D	28655312	150,000
SAINT-GOBAIN	FR0000125007	Call	70	1/2	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B178	3816D	28655371	150,000
SCHNEIDER ELECTR	FR0000121972	Call	85	1/5	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B186	3817D	28655754	250,000
SCHNEIDER ELECTR	FR0000121972	Call	90	1/5	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B194	3818D	28656530	250,000
SCHNEIDER ELECTR	FR0000121972	Put	105	1/5	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B2A2	3819D	28656645	250,000
SOCIETE GENERALE	FR0000130809	Call	130	1/10	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B2B0	3820D	28656718	400,000
SOITEC	FR0004025062	Call	20	1/1	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B2C8	3821D	28656777	75,000
STMICROELEC TRONI	NL0000226223	Call	12.5	1/1	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B2D6	3822D	28656823	400,000
STMICROELEC TRONI	NL0000226223	Put	16.5	1/1	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B2E4	3823D	28656858	400,000
SUEZ	FR0000120529	Call	36	1/2	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B2F1	3824D	28656904	250,000

TF1	FR0000054900	Call	23.5	1/1	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B2G9	3825D	28656955	200,000
TF1	FR0000054900	Call	25	1/1	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B2H7	3826D	28657005	200,000
TF1	FR0000054900	Put	29	1/1	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B2J3	3827D	28657021	200,000
THOMSON (EX:TMM)	FR0000184533	Call	12.5	1/1	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B2K1	3828D	28657056	300,000
THOMSON (EX:TMM)	FR0000184533	Put	17	1/1	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B2L9	3829D	28657102	300,000
UBISOFT ENTERT.	FR0000054470	Call	29.5	1/1	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B2M7	3830D	28657137	150,000
VALLOUREC	FR0000120354	Call	190	1/10	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B2N5	3831D	28657145	250,000
VEOLIA ENVIRON	FR0000124141	Put	58	1/2	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B2P0	3832D	28657161	200,000
VINCI	FR0000125486	Call	100	1/5	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B2Q8	3833D	28657196	250,000
VINCI	FR0000125486	Put	120	1/5	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B2R6	3834D	28657218	250,000
VIVENDI	FR0000127771	Call	30.5	1/1	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B2S4	3835D	28657234	150,000

The initial issue price per Warrant will be set on the morning of the day of the commencement of the public offering based on the existing market conditions, and can then be obtained from the Issuer. Thereafter, the selling price will be continuously determined; up-to-date pricing information can be obtained from the Issuer.

The Warrants that are sold will be delivered in accordance with applicable local market practice via the clearing system specified in these Final Terms.

2. Risk Factors

The following description of risk factors in connection with the Issuer and the Warrants issued under the Base Prospectus and these Final Terms does not necessarily cover all possible risks. It is merely a summary of the description contained in the other parts of these Final Terms. **The occurrence of one or more of these risk factors may lead to a substantial loss and, depending on the risk factor, even result in the total loss of the capital invested.**

The Base Prospectus and these Final Terms do not replace a consultation with a bank or financial advisor prior to making a purchase decision.

2.1. Main risk factors related to the Issuer

Dresdner Bank's/the Dresdner Bank Group's financial position and results of operations may be materially adversely affected by certain risk factors, including, but not limited to, the risks below. To the extent that the following risk factors refer to the Dresdner Bank Group, such risk factors also apply to Dresdner Bank. For more information on each of these risk factors, please refer to "Risk Factors Related to the Issuer".

- Interest rate volatility may adversely affect the Dresdner Bank Group's results of operations;
- Market risks could impair the value of the Group's portfolio and adversely impact its financial position and results of operations;
- The Group has significant counterparty risk exposure;
- Changes in existing, or new, government laws and regulations, or enforcement initiatives in respect thereof, in the countries in which the Dresdner Bank Group operates may materially impact the Group and could adversely affect its business;
- The Group's business may be negatively affected by adverse publicity, regulatory actions or litigation with respect to the Dresdner Bank Group, other well-known companies and the financial services industry generally;
- Changes in value relative to the Euro of non-Euro zone currencies in which the Dresdner Bank Group generates revenues and incurs expenses could adversely affect its earnings and cash flow;
- Protracted market declines can reduce liquidity in the markets, making it harder to sell assets and leading to material losses for the Group;
- Even where losses are for the Dresdner Bank Group's clients' accounts, they may fail to repay it, leading to material losses for the Group, and its reputation can be harmed;
- The Group's investment banking revenues may decline in adverse market or economic conditions;

- The Dresdner Bank Group may generate lower revenues from brokerage and other commission- and feebased businesses; and
- Intense competition, especially in the Group's home market of Germany, where it has the largest single concentration of its businesses, could materially hurt the Group's revenues and profitability.

2.2. Main risk factors related to the Warrants

Warrants are complex and high-risk investment instruments. Compared to other investments, the risk of loss – **including the risk of total loss of the capital invested plus any transaction costs incurred** – is especially high. In any case, investors should examine their financial situation in order to determine whether they are able to bear the **risk of loss** inherent in the Warrants before making an investment decision.

Moreover, trading in Warrants requires a precise knowledge of the workings of the respective transaction. Before buying any Warrants, investors should check carefully - if necessary, with the help of a legal, tax or other advisor - whether an investment in the Warrants is in line with their financial, fiscal and other situation and meets their requirements in terms of security, profitability and liquidity.

- Warrants are volatile investment instruments, which, with all other factors (such as volatility of the respective Underlying and general interest rate levels) remaining constant, tend towards a loss in value over time and may be worthless when they expire. Provided that all other factors remain constant, the risk of a full or partial loss of the investment increases, the more the Warrants are out of the money and the shorter their remaining term.
- The risk of a partial or total loss of the purchase price for the Warrants at the end of their term arises from the purchaser having to correctly assess the development, timing and meaning of expected changes in the respective **Underlying**. Changes in the value of the respective Underlying (or even the failure of an expected change to materialize) may disproportionately reduce the value of the Warrants and may even leave them without any value at all. In light of the limited term of the Warrants, investors cannot rely on their price to recover in time.
- With European Warrants, the investor can realize their value prior to the maturity date only if the Warrants can be sold and/or are sold on the secondary market at the current market price.
- Whether the holders of the Warrants are entitled to a payment as well as the amount of such payment, if any, depends to a significant extent on **how the respective Underlying develops over the term of the Warrants and how it is valued on certain days**.
- The Warrants represent no claim to payment of interest or dividends, and thus do **not produce any ongoing income**. Therefore, any potential loss in value of the Warrants **cannot** be compensated with other income from the Warrants.
- C Perform Knock-Out Warrants present the following particularity: The option right expires and the Warrants become void if, during the term, the continuously observed price of the respective Underlying reaches or falls short of (for C Perform Call Knock-Out Warrants) or reaches or exceeds (for C Perform Put Knock-Out Warrants) a certain barrier specified in the Final Terms ("**Knock-Out**"). Therefore, up to (and including) the maturity date there is a risk of complete loss of the purchase price paid for the Warrants including any transaction costs incurred.

- One of the main characteristics of Warrants is their so-called **Leverage Effect**: A change in the value of the respective Underlying can have a disproportionate effect on the value of the Warrant. **Therefore, Warrants involve a disproportionate risk of loss.** This is so because the leverage effect of the Warrants works in **both** directions - that is, not only to the advantage of the investor if the price of the respective Underlying develops favorably, but also to the detriment of the investor in case of an adverse development.
- In addition, the **loss of time value** must be considered. The trading price of a Warrant is determined by a combination of its intrinsic value (equal to the difference between the price of the respective Underlying and the respective strike price), and its time value. At the beginning of the term of a Warrant, the time value is highest, and it may even have a higher value than its intrinsic value. The time value of the Warrant declines over its term up to zero. Therefore, the Warrants will generally also lose value, if the price or rate of the respective Underlying remains constant throughout the term.
- The Warrants are unsecured liabilities of the Issuer; they are neither backed by the German Deposit Guarantee Fund (*Einlagensicherungsfonds*) nor protected by the German Deposit Guarantee and Investor Compensation Act (*Einlagensicherungs- und Anlegerentschädigungsgesetz*).
- In case of insolvency of Dresdner Bank AG as the Issuer, the Warrantheolders may lose part or all of their invested capital.
- The value of the Warrants over their term may be affected by how investors rate Dresdner Bank AG's general credit standing.
- There is no guarantee that the Warrantheolders will be able to sell their Warrants on a secondary market.
- The performance of the Warrants may deviate from the performance of the respective Underlying during the term.
- In case of a market disruption, the disbursement of the settlement amount may be postponed in accordance with the Warrant Terms, and the settlement amount may be calculated, if applicable, based on a value determined by the Issuer in accordance with the Warrant Terms. Moreover, the Issuer will calculate the price of the respective Underlying in certain cases provided for in the Warrant Terms. This price set by the Issuer is decisive for determining that a Knock-Out exist. If the Maturity Date is postponed due to a market disruption, the observation period regarding the determination of a Knock-Out is extended accordingly.
- According to the Warrant Terms, the Issuer has the right to make adjustments. These may have a negative effect on the value of the Warrants. Moreover, the Issuer has the right in accordance with the Warrant Terms to terminate the Warrants early, in which case the term of the Warrants ends early. The amount per Warrant payable to the Warrantheolders in such cases will be set by the Issuer as fair market price of the Warrants.
- The Issuer as well as its subsidiaries and affiliates may enter into transactions that may affect the performance of the respective Underlying. This could give rise to conflicts of interest, which may affect the value of the Warrants.
- Hedge transactions or other operations entered into by the Issuer, its subsidiaries or affiliates may affect the level of the respective Underlying at any time, especially towards the end of the term of the Warrants.
- If an investor uses a loan to finance the purchase of the Warrants, it must not only absorb the loss if the Warrants fail to develop as expected, but it must also repay the loan principal plus interest. This increases the investor's risk of loss significantly.

- The performance of the respective Underlying depends on numerous factors and is therefore subject to fluctuations, including economic changes, interest rate changes, political events or other general market risks, which can impact the price and lead to substantial losses. In addition, the performance of shares is dependent on the specific net asset, financial situation, liquidity and operating results of the company.
- Contrary to a direct investment in the shares, investors receive neither dividends nor any other distributions from the shares.

3. Main characteristics relating to the Warrants

The following description of the Warrants that are issued under the Base Prospectus and these Final Terms, is not necessarily complete; it represents only a general summary. The specific features and risks of the Warrants of a specific issue are described in the Base Prospectus as well as in these Final Terms. Terms that are defined in the Warrant Terms have the same meaning in the summary, unless specified otherwise.

3.1. General Characteristics of the Warrants

A holder of the Warrants described in the Base Prospectus and these Final Terms acquires the right to demand payment of a monetary amount from the Issuer under certain circumstances. Whether the holder of the Warrants is entitled to a payment as well as the amount of such payment, if any, depends to a significant extent on how the respective Underlying develops over the term of the Warrants and how it is valued on certain days.

3.1.1. *European Warrants, Maturity Date and Exercise of the Warrants*

"**European Warrants**" are Warrants which are deemed to have been exercised on a certain date, the maturity date, provided that the settlement amount is positive ("**Automatic Exercise**"). They cannot be exercised before the maturity date. The maturity date is determined in accordance with these Final Terms.

3.1.2. *Calculation and Payment of the Settlement Amount*

In case of Automatic Exercise, the Issuer will procure the payment of the settlement amount following the maturity date or the valuation date, as set forth in the Warrant Terms, to the clearing system for credit to the accounts of the Warrantheolders.

All taxes, fees or other expenses incurred in connection with the exercise of option rights are borne by the Warrantheolder.

3.1.3. *Form of the Warrants and Transferability*

The Warrants issued by the Issuer are represented by a permanent global bearer warrant. Definitive Warrants will not be issued. The Warrants are co-ownership participations and as such transferable in accordance with the rules of the clearing system.

3.1.4. *Applicable Law, place of performance and place of jurisdiction*

The Warrants are governed by the laws of the Federal Republic of Germany. Place of performance is Frankfurt/Main. Place of jurisdiction for any suit or other legal proceedings arising out of or in connection with the Warrants is – to the extent legally possible – Frankfurt/Main.

3.2. Special Characteristics Relating to the Type of Warrants

For C Perform Call Knock-Out or C Perform Put Knock-Out Warrants, the settlement amount is calculated as follows: The holder of a C Perform Call Knock-Out Warrant receives an amount that depends on the difference by which the price of the respective Underlying on the maturity date exceeds the respective strike price as specified in the Final Terms, provided that the continuously observed price of the respective Underlying was at no time during the term of the Warrants equal to or lower than the respective barrier. If, at any time during the term of the Warrants, the price of the respective Underlying was equal to or lower than the respective barrier ("**Knock-Out**"), the Warrants become automatically void and the right to payment of a monetary amount expires. The holder of a C Perform Put Knock-Out Warrant receives an amount that depends on the difference by which the price of the respective Underlying on the maturity date falls short of the respective strike price, provided that the price of the respective Underlying was at no time during the term of the Warrants equal to or higher than the respective barrier. If, at any time during the term of the Warrants, the price of the respective Underlying was equal to or higher than the respective barrier ("**Knock-Out**"), the Warrants become automatically void and the right to payment of a monetary amount expires.

Risk Factors

The following risk factors may have a negative effect on the performance of the Warrants. It is possible that the performance of the Warrants is affected by several risk factors at the same time, but no binding prediction can be made on such combined effects. Moreover, additional risks that are not known at this point in time or currently believed to be immaterial, could likewise have an adverse effect on the value of the Warrants. **The occurrence of one or more of these risk factors may lead to a substantial loss and, depending on the risk factor, even result in the total loss of the capital invested.**

The Base Prospectus and these Final Terms do not replace a consultation with a bank or financial advisor prior to making a purchase decision.

Risk Factors Related to the Issuer

You should carefully review the following risk factors together with the other information contained in the Base Prospectus and these Final Terms before making an investment decision. Dresdner Bank's/the Dresdner Bank Group's financial position and results of operations may be materially adversely affected by each of these risks. Investors may lose the value of their investment in whole or in part as a result of each of these risks. Additional risks not currently known to the Group may also adversely affect its business and one's investment in the Warrants. The sequence in which the following risks are listed is not indicative of their likelihood to occur or of the magnitude of their economic consequences. To the extent that the following risk factors refer to the Dresdner Bank Group, such risk factors also apply to Dresdner Bank:

- **Interest rate volatility may adversely affect Dresdner Bank Group's results of operations.**

Changes in prevailing interest rates (including changes in the difference between the levels of prevailing short- and long-term rates) can affect Dresdner Bank Group's results.

The Group's management of interest rate risks affects the results of its operations. The composition of the Group's assets and liabilities, and any mismatches resulting from that composition, cause the Group's net income to vary with changes in interest rates. The Group is particularly impacted by changes in interest rates as they relate to different maturities of contracts and the different currencies in which it holds interest rate positions. A mismatch with respect to maturity of interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities in any given period can have a material adverse effect on the financial position or results of operations of the Group's business.

- **Market risks could impair the value of the Group's portfolio and adversely impact its financial position and results of operations.**

Fluctuations in equity markets affect the market value and liquidity of the Group's equity portfolio.

The Dresdner Bank Group also has real estate holdings in its investment portfolio, the value of which is likewise exposed to changes in real estate market prices and volatility.

Most of the Group's assets and liabilities are recorded at fair value, including trading assets and liabilities, financial assets and liabilities designated at fair value through income, and securities available-for-sale. Changes in the value of securities held for trading purposes and financial assets designated at fair value

through income are recorded through the consolidated income statement. Changes in the market value of securities available-for-sale are recorded directly in the consolidated shareholders' equity. Available-for-sale equity and fixed income securities, as well as securities classified as held-to-maturity, are reviewed regularly for impairment, with write-downs to fair value charged to income if there is objective evidence that the cost may not be recovered.

- **The Group has significant counterparty risk exposure.**

The Dresdner Bank Group is subject to a variety of counterparty risks. Third parties that owe the Group money, securities or other assets may not pay or perform under their obligations. These parties include the issuers whose securities the Group holds, borrowers under loans made, customers, trading counterparties, counterparties under swaps, credit default and other derivative contracts, clearing agents, exchanges, clearing houses and other financial intermediaries. These parties may default on their obligations to the Group due to bankruptcy, lack of liquidity, downturns in the economy or real estate values, operational failure or other reasons.

- **Changes in existing, or new, government laws and regulations, or enforcement initiatives in respect thereof, in the countries in which the Dresdner Bank Group operates may materially impact the Group and could adversely affect its business.**

The Group's business is subject to detailed, comprehensive laws and regulations as well as supervision in all the countries in which it does business. Changes in existing laws and regulations may affect the way in which the Group conducts its business and the products the Group may offer. Changes in regulations relating to financial services, securities products and transactions may materially adversely affect its businesses by restructuring the Group's activities, imposing increased costs or otherwise.

Regulatory agencies have broad administrative power over many aspects of the financial services business, which may include liquidity, capital adequacy and permitted investments as well as other issues like e.g. money laundering, privacy, record keeping, and marketing and selling practices. Banking and other financial services laws, regulations and policies currently governing Dresdner Bank and its subsidiaries may change at any time in ways which have an adverse effect on its business, and the Group cannot predict the timing or form of any future regulatory or enforcement initiatives in respect thereof. Also, bank regulators and other supervisory authorities in the European Union, the United States and elsewhere continue to scrutinize payment processing and other transactions under regulations governing such matters as money-laundering, prohibited transactions with countries subject to sanctions, and bribery or other anti-corruption measures. If the Group fails to address, or appears to fail to address, appropriately any of these changes or initiatives, its reputation could be harmed and it could be subject to additional legal risk, including to enforcement actions, fines and penalties. Despite the Group's best efforts to comply with applicable regulations, there are a number of risks in areas where applicable regulations may be unclear or where regulators revise their previous guidance or courts overturn previous rulings. Regulators and other authorities have the power to bring administrative or judicial proceedings against the Group, which could result, among other things, in suspension or revocation of the Group's licenses, cease-and-desist orders, fines, civil penalties, criminal penalties or other disciplinary actions which could materially harm its results of operations and financial condition.

- **The Group's business may be negatively affected by adverse publicity, regulatory actions or litigation with respect to the Dresdner Bank Group, other well-known companies and the financial services industry generally.**

Adverse publicity and damage to the Group's reputation arising from failure or perceived failure to comply with legal and regulatory requirements, financial reporting irregularities involving other large and well-known companies, increasing regulatory and law enforcement scrutiny of "know your customer" anti-money laundering and anti-terrorist-financing procedures and their effectiveness, and litigation that arises from the failure or perceived failure by the Group companies to comply with legal and regulatory requirements, could result in increased regulatory supervision, affect its ability to attract and retain customers, maintain access to the capital markets, result in suits, enforcement actions, fines and penalties or have other adverse effects on the Group in ways that are not predictable.

- **Changes in value relative to the Euro of non-Euro zone currencies in which the Group generates revenues and incurs expenses could adversely affect its reported earnings and cash flow.**

The Dresdner Bank Group prepares its consolidated financial statements in Euro. However, a significant portion of the revenues and expenses from its subsidiaries outside the Euro zone, including in the United Kingdom, United States, Switzerland and Japan, originates in currencies other than the Euro.

As a result, although Dresdner Bank's non-Euro zone subsidiaries generally record their revenues and expenses in the same currency, changes in the exchange rates used to translate foreign currencies into Euro may adversely affect the Bank's results of operations.

While the Group's non-Euro assets and liabilities, revenues and related expenses are generally denominated in the same currencies, it does not generally engage in hedging transactions with respect to dividends or cash flows in respect of its non-Euro subsidiaries.

- **Protracted market declines can reduce liquidity in the markets, making it harder to sell assets and leading to material losses for the Group.**

In some of the Group's businesses, protracted market movements, particularly asset price declines, can reduce the level of activity in the market or reduce market liquidity. These developments can lead to material losses if the Group cannot close out deteriorating positions in a timely way. This may especially be the case for assets it holds for which there are not very liquid markets to begin with. Assets that are not traded on stock exchanges or other public trading markets, such as derivatives contracts between banks, may have values that the Group calculates using models other than publicly-quoted prices. Monitoring the deterioration of prices of assets like these is difficult and could lead to losses Dresdner Bank did not anticipate.

- **Even where losses are for the Dresdner Bank Group's clients' accounts, they may fail to repay it, leading to material losses for the Group, and its reputation can be harmed.**

While Group clients would be responsible for losses it incurs in taking positions for their accounts, the Bank may be exposed to additional credit risk as a result of their need to cover the losses. The business may also suffer if clients lose money and the Group loses the confidence of clients in its products and services.

- **The Group's investment banking revenues may decline in adverse market or economic conditions.**

The Dresdner Bank Group's investment banking revenues, in the form of financial advisory and underwriting fees, directly relate to the number and size of the transactions in which it participates and are susceptible to adverse effects from sustained market downturns. These fees and other revenues are generally linked to the value of the underlying assets and therefore decline as asset values decline. In particular, the Group's revenues and profitability could sustain material adverse effects from a significant reduction in the number or size of debt and equity offerings and mergers and acquisitions transactions. Dresdner Bank has observed

reductions in the number and size of these transactions since the equity markets began to decline from their peak levels in the first half of 2000, though the financial markets strengthened somewhat in 2003, 2004 and 2005.

- **The Dresdner Bank Group may generate lower revenues from brokerage and other commission - and fee-based businesses.**

Market downturns are likely to lead to declines in the volume of transactions that the Group executes for its clients and, therefore, to declines in its non-interest revenues. In addition, because the fees that the Group charges for managing its clients' portfolios are in many cases based on the value or performance of those portfolios, a market downturn that reduces the value of its clients' portfolios or increases the amount of withdrawals would reduce the revenues the Group receives from its wealth management and private banking businesses.

- **Intense competition, especially in the Group's home market of Germany, where it has the largest single concentration of its businesses, could materially hurt the Group's revenues and profitability.**

Competition is intense in all of the Group's primary business areas in Germany and the other countries in which the Group conducts large portions of its business, including other European countries and the United States. The Group derived approximately 69% of its total operating income in 2005 from Germany, a mature market where competitive pressures have been increasing quickly. If the Group is unable to respond to the competitive environment in Germany or in its other major markets with attractive product and service offerings that are profitable for it, the Group may lose market share in important areas of its business or incur losses on some or all of its activities. In addition, downturns in the German economy could add to the competitive pressure, through, for example, increased price pressure and lower business volumes for the Group and its competitors.

Risk Factors Related to the Warrants

Terms that are defined in the Warrant Terms have the same meaning hereinafter, unless specified otherwise.

1. General Risks of Warrants

Warrants are complex and high-risk investment instruments. Compared to other investments, the risk of loss – **including the risk of total loss of the capital invested plus any transaction costs incurred** – is especially high. In any case, investors should examine their financial situation in order to determine whether they are able to bear the **risk of loss** inherent in the Warrants before making an investment decision.

Moreover, trading in Warrants requires a precise knowledge of the workings of the respective transaction and the risk of a possible loss. Potential investors are advised to consider the information contained in the Base Prospectus and these Final Terms, and, in particular, the following risk factors and investment considerations, before making an investment in the Warrants. Before buying any Warrants, investors should check carefully - if necessary, with the help of a legal, tax or other advisor - whether an investment in the Warrants is in line with their financial, fiscal and other situation and meets their requirements in terms of security, profitability and liquidity.

Warrants are volatile investment instruments, which, provided that all other factors (such as volatility of the respective Underlying and general interest rate levels) remain constant, tend towards a loss in value over time and may be worthless when they expire. Provided that all other factors remain constant, the risk of a full or partial loss of the investment increases, the more the Warrants are out of the money and the shorter their remaining term.

The risk of a partial or total loss of the purchase price for the Warrants at the end of their term arises from the purchaser having to correctly assess the development, timing and meaning of expected changes in the respective **Underlying**. Changes in the respective Underlying (or even the failure of an expected change to materialize) may disproportionately reduce the value of the Warrants and may even leave them without any value at all. In light of the limited term of the Warrants, investors cannot rely on their price to recover in time. There is a risk of partial or complete loss of the purchase price paid and any transaction costs incurred. This risk is independent of the Issuer's financial performance.

With European Warrants, the investor can realize their value prior to the maturity date only if the Warrants can be and/or are sold on the secondary market at the current market price.

A holder of the Warrants described in the Base Prospectus and these Final Terms acquires the right to demand payment of a monetary amount from the Issuer, if applicable. Whether the holders of the Warrants are entitled to a payment as well as the amount of such payment, if any, depends to a significant extent on **how the respective Underlying develops over the term of the Warrants and how it is valued on certain days**.

Due to the speculative character of the Warrants, investors should only invest funds, the loss of which they can justify in terms of their overall net worth.

2. Special Risks of the C Perform Call Knock-Out and C Perform Put Knock-Out Warrants

2.1. Impact of market value and incidental costs

The issue price of the Warrants is based on an internal pricing model of the Issuer and may be higher than their market value. The issue price may also contain commissions or fees paid to distributors or third parties.

2.2. No entitlement to payment of interest or dividends

The Warrants are high-risk investment instruments, as they, contrary to other investments, do not guarantee the repayment of the capital invested. The Warrants represent no claim to payment of interest or dividends, and thus do **not produce any ongoing income**. Therefore, any potential loss in value of the Warrants **cannot** be compensated with other income from the Warrants. The value of the Warrants may rise or fall, and it is not possible to guarantee their performance.

2.3. Risks related to the Type of Warrant

With C Perform Call Knock-Out and C Perform Put Knock-Out Warrants, the right to payment is structured differently: The holder of a C Perform Call Knock-Out Warrant receives an amount that depends on the difference by which the price of the respective Underlying exceeds the respective strike price as defined in these Final Terms on the maturity date, provided that the continuously observed price of the respective Underlying was at no time during the term of the Warrants equal to or lower than the respective barrier specified in these Final Terms. If at any time during the term of the Warrants, the price of the respective Underlying was equal to or lower than the respective barrier ("**Knock-Out**"), the Warrants become automatically void and the right to payment of a monetary amount expires.

The holder of the C Perform Put Knock-Out Warrants receives an amount that depends on the difference by which the price of the respective Underlying on the maturity date falls short of the respective strike price, provided that the continuously observed price of the respective Underlying was at no time during the term of the Warrants equal to or higher than the respective barrier defined in the Final Terms. If, at any time during the term of the Warrants, the price of the respective Underlying was equal to or higher than the respective barrier ("**Knock-Out**"), the Warrants become automatically void and the right to payment of a monetary amount expires.

The performance of the Warrants throughout the term generally follows the following pattern: C Perform Call Knock-Out Warrants, as a general rule, (i.e. when not taking into account any other factors impacting the price formation of warrants) lose value if the price of the respective Underlying falls. Conversely, the value of C Perform Put Knock-Out Warrants falls when the price of the respective Underlying rises.

Up to (and including) the maturity date, the investor thus always faces the risk of **complete loss of the purchase price paid for the Warrant including any transaction costs incurred**, even if the respective barrier was not reached until shortly before the maturity date.

2.4. Leverage Effect of Warrants

One of the main characteristics of Warrants is their so-called Leverage Effect: A change in the value of the respective Underlying can have a disproportionate effect on the value of the Warrant. **Therefore, Warrants involve a disproportionate risk of loss**. This is so because the leverage effect of the Warrants works in **both** directions - that is, not only to the advantage of the investor if the price of the respective Underlying develops

favorably, but also to the detriment of the investor in case of an adverse development. When buying Warrants, investors must therefore consider that the risk of loss grows proportionately to the scope of the leverage effect of the Warrants, which constantly changes throughout the term of the Warrants. In addition, the leverage effect is typically the stronger, the shorter the (remaining) term of the Warrants and the more in the money the Warrants are.

2.5. Loss of Time Value, Intrinsic Value and Trading Price of Warrants

The trading price of Warrants is determined by a combination of its intrinsic value (equal to the difference between the price of the respective Underlying and the respective strike price), and its time value. At the beginning of the term of a Warrant, the time value is highest, and it may even have a higher value than its intrinsic value. The time value of the Warrant declines over its term up to zero. The time value is calculated based on a number of factors, such as the volatility of the respective Underlying and the current interest rate level, both relative to the remaining term of Warrants.

This means that the Warrants will generally also lose value, if the price or rate of the respective Underlying remains constant throughout the term.

Therefore, investors interested in buying Warrants should carefully examine the factors relating to the future exercise or sale of the Warrants, including, but not limited to, the following factors: (i) value and volatility of the respective Underlying, (ii) remaining term, (iii) changes in interest rates and dividend yield, (iv) exchange rate fluctuations, (v) market depth or liquidity of the respective Underlying, (vi) transaction costs, if any, and (vii) if the Warrants are sold, trading price and tradability of the Warrants on the secondary market.

2.6. Warrants are unsecured obligations

The Warrants constitute direct, unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of the Issuer ranking *pari passu* among themselves and with all other current and future unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of the Issuer, except for certain obligations, for which mandatory legal provisions prescribe a higher rank.

The Warrants are neither backed by the Deposit Guarantee Fund (*Einlagensicherungsfonds*) as provided by the by-laws of the federation of German banks (*Bundesverband deutscher Banken e.V. - BdB*), nor protected by the German Deposit Guarantee and Investor Compensation Act (*Einlagensicherungs- und Anlegerentschädigungsgesetz*).

2.7. Issuer's solvency

The Warrantheolders assume the credit risk of Dresdner Bank AG as Issuer of the Warrants. In case of insolvency of the Issuer, it is possible for the Warrantheolders to lose part or all of their claim to repayment of their invested capital.

2.8. Impact of a downgrading of the credit rating

The value of the Warrants over the course of the term may be affected by how investors rate Dresdner Bank AG's general credit standing. Their judgment is generally guided by the rating of the outstanding securities by rating

agencies such as Moody's¹, Standard & Poor's² or Fitch³. Any downgrading of Dresdner Bank AG's credit rating by only one of these rating agencies may lead to a drop in value of the Warrants.

2.9. Trading and liquidity of the Warrants

The Issuer plans to apply for the admission of the Warrants to the Paris Stock Exchange. Trading in the Paris Stock Exchange is, however, not necessarily linked to a higher turnover of the Warrants.

Following the Warrants' admission to the Paris Stock Exchange, the Issuer plans, under normal market conditions, to provide regular buy and sell prices for the Warrants of an issue. However, the Issuer does not assume any legal obligation to provide such prices and in respect of their amount or in respect of the materialization of such prices. Warranholders cannot rely on being able to sell the Warrants at a certain point in time or at a certain price.

There is no guarantee that a secondary market will develop for the respective Warrants, providing the Warranholders with an opportunity to resell their Warrants. The more limited the secondary market, the more difficult it may be for the Warranholders to realize the value of the Warrants prior to the maturity date. The same also applies if the Warrants are admitted to the Paris Stock Exchange.

Moreover, liquidity may be reduced as a result of existing restrictions on the offering and selling of Warrants in certain countries. In addition, the number of Warrants issued drops with the Warrants being exercised, as a result of which their liquidity is also reduced. Last but not least, the Issuer has the right, but not the obligation, to purchase Warrants at any time. Warrants acquired in this manner can be held, resold or declared void. This may also have an adverse effect on trading activity. Lower trading activity of the market may increase the Warrants' price volatility.

The performance of the Warrants can, however, deviate from the performance of the respective Underlying during the term.

2.10. Volume of the Offering

The volume of the offering indicated in these Final Terms per ISIN is the maximum total amount of Warrants offered, but does not allow for any conclusions to be drawn about the volume of Warrants effectively issued. The number of Warrants effectively issued will be determined by the market conditions, and may change over the term of the Warrants. The indicated volume of the offering therefore does not allow for any conclusions to be drawn about the liquidity of the Warrants.

2.11. Market Disruption

According to the Warrant Terms, the Issuer determines the occurrence or existence of a market disruption. Such a determination may have an adverse effect on the value of the Warrants and/or delay the settlement of accounts in respect of the Warrants. Moreover, the settlement amount may be calculated based on a value determined by the Issuer in accordance with the Warrant Terms. Moreover, the Issuer will calculate the price of the respective Underlying in certain cases provided for in the Warrant terms. This price set by the Issuer is decisive for

¹ Moody's Investors Services, Inc.

² Standard & Poor's Ratings Services, a division of McGraw Hill Companies, Inc.

³ Fitch Ratings Ltd, a subsidiary of Fimalac, S.A.

determining that a Knock-Out exist. If the Maturity Date is postponed due to a market disruption, the observation period regarding the determination of a Knock-Out is extended accordingly.

2.12. Adjustment and Early Termination

According to the Warrant terms, the Issuer has the right to make adjustments. These can have a negative effect on the value of the Warrants. Moreover, the Issuer has the right in accordance with the Warrant Terms, to terminate the Warrants early, in which case the term of the Warrants ends prior to maturity. The amount per Warrant payable to the Warrantholders in such cases will be set by the Issuer as fair market price of the Warrants.

2.13. Conflicts of interest

The Issuer as well as its subsidiaries and affiliates may, on their own behalf or on behalf of their customers, transact deals that have a negative effect on the performance of the respective Underlying of specific Warrant issues and thus on the value of the Warrant. In addition, the Issuer as well as its subsidiaries and affiliates may hold shares in the company that issued the respective Underlying.

The Issuer as well as its subsidiaries and affiliates may exercise a different function than the one currently exercised in respect of the Warrants, and they may issue additional derivatives in relation to the respective Underlying. An introduction of such new, competing products on the market can adversely affect the value of the Warrants.

Moreover, the Issuer as well as its subsidiaries and affiliates may act as consortium bank, financial advisor or bank of the issuer or the distributor of the company that has issued an Underlying. These activities could give rise to conflicts of interest, which may affect the value of the Warrants.

2.14. The Impact of Hedging Transactions

The Issuer as well as its subsidiaries and affiliates may, as part of their regular business operations, trade in the respective Underlying for their own account as well as for the account of third parties. Moreover, the Issuers as well as its subsidiaries and affiliates may protect themselves against the financial risks related to the Warrants through hedging transactions in the respective Underlying. Such activities, especially hedging transactions relating to the Warrants, may influence the market price of the respective Underlying of the Warrants at any time, especially towards the end of the term of the Warrants. **It cannot be ruled out that the entering into and unwinding of such hedge positions may have a negative effect on the value of the Warrants or the settlement amount which the Warrantholders may claim.**

2.15. Substitution of the Issuer

If the requirements set forth in the Warrant Terms are fulfilled, the Issuer is entitled to substitute itself without consent of the Warrantholders by another company as new Issuer (the "**New Issuer**") with regard to all obligations under or in connection with the Warrants. In such case, the Warrantholder generally also assumes the risk of insolvency of the New Issuer.

2.16. Hedging Transactions by Purchasers of Warrants

Prospective purchasers of Warrants who intend to buy the Warrants in order to protect themselves against market risks in connection with an investment in the respective Underlying should be aware of the difficulties this

entails. For example, the value of the Warrants is not directly linked to the value of the respective Underlying. Due to fluctuations in supply and demand for the Warrants, there is no guarantee that the Warrant will perform in the same way as the respective Underlying. Therefore, as well as for other reasons, it may not be possible to purchase or sell securities in a portfolio at those prices that are used to calculate the value of the respective Underlying.

2.17. Interest Rates

Prospective purchasers of Warrants should take into consideration that this type of investment also carries a risk in connection with interest rate fluctuations. The intrinsic value of the Warrants can be affected by interest rate fluctuations.

Interest rates are determined by supply and demand factors in the international money markets, which are exposed to macro-economic factors, speculations and measures undertaken by governments and central banks. Fluctuations in short and/or long-term interest rates may affect the value of the Warrants. Both interest rates in the currency in which the Warrants are denominated and/or interest rate fluctuations in the currency or currencies in which the respective Underlying is denominated may affect the value of the Warrants.

2.18. Currency Risk

Prospective purchasers of Warrants should take into consideration that this type of investment may also carry a risk in connection with foreign exchange rate fluctuations. For instance, (i) the respective Underlying may be denominated in a different currency than the Warrants, (ii) the Warrants may be denominated in a different currency than the local currency of the purchaser's country, and/or (iii) the Warrants may be denominated in a different currency than the currency in which the purchaser wants to receive payment.

Foreign exchange rates are determined by supply and demand factors in the international money markets, which are exposed to macro-economic factors, speculations and measures undertaken by governments and central banks (including foreign exchange controls and restrictions). Foreign exchange rate fluctuations may increase the risk of loss in that the value of the Warrants or the settlement amount to be claimed, if any, may be reduced.

2.19. Use of loans

If an investor uses a loan to finance the purchase of the Warrants, it must not only absorb the loss if the Warrants fail to develop as expected, but it must also repay the loan principal plus interest. This increases the investor's risk of loss significantly. Investors should never count on paying interest and principal with profits from an investment in Warrants. Instead, prospective purchasers of Warrants should first examine their financial situation in order to determine whether they will be able to pay the interest, and if necessary, repay the loan on short notice, even if the expected profits turn into losses.

3. Risks Relating to the Underlying

3.1. Performance of the respective Underlying

It is not possible to reliably predict the future performance of the respective Underlying. The past performance for the respective Underlying provides no indication for its future performance.

3.2. Price Fluctuations

The performance of the respective Underlying depends on numerous factors and is therefore subject to fluctuations, including economic changes, interest rate changes, political events or other general market risks, which can impact the price and lead to substantial losses. In addition, the performance of shares is dependent on the specific net assets, financial situation, liquidity and operating results of the company.

3.3. No dividends or other distributions

Contrary to a direct investment in the shares, investors receive neither dividends nor any other distributions from the shares.

Special Information about the Issue

1. Characteristics of the Warrants and Dependence of the Warrants on the respective Underlying

The characteristics of the Warrants are determined by these Final Terms, especially the applicable Warrant Terms. Concerning the dependence of the Warrants' value, and especially of the settlement amount, on the performance of the respective Underlying, investors should refer to the explanations provided in the chapter on Risk Factors and in the Warrant Terms.

2. Information about the Underlying

Information on the performance of the respective Underlying and its volatility is available at the website of Euronext Paris S.A. (<http://www.euronext.com>). If no pertinent information is available, the Issuer will provide the required information to the investor upon request by phone, fax or e-mail addressed to the Issuer at the following phone number 0810 750 750 (French local call), fax number +49(0)69-71319841 or e-mail address warrants@dkib.com.

3. Availability of Documents; Notices

The Base Prospectus is provided for free distribution at Dresdner Bank Aktiengesellschaft, Securitized Products Department, fax number +49(0)69-71319841, Jürgen-Ponto-Platz 1, 60301 Frankfurt/Main, and made available to investors at <http://www.warrants.dresdner.com>. The Final Terms will be made available in the same form no later than on the date of the public offering.

Notices concerning the Warrants will be published in a business newspaper or daily newspaper with widespread circulation in Germany, or communicated to the clearing system for the purpose of notifying the Warrantholders, and in any case will be published on the website of Euronext Paris S.A. (<http://www.euronext.com>).

4. Taxation

All taxes, fees or other expenses incurred in connection with the exercise of option rights shall be borne and paid by the Warrantholder. The Issuer and/or the paying agent are entitled to withhold taxes or charges payable by the Warrantholder in accordance with the preceding sentence, if any, from the settlement amount.

Potential purchasers should consult their own appropriate, independent, professionally qualified tax and/or legal advisers regarding the taxation of the Warrants.

5. Issue of the Warrants

The public offering of the Warrants commences on 9 February 2007. The initial issue price per Warrant will be set on the morning of the day of the commencement of the public offering based on the existing market conditions,

and can then be obtained from the Issuer. Thereafter, the selling price will be continuously determined; up-to-date pricing information can be obtained from the Issuer.

The Warrants that are sold will be delivered in accordance with applicable local market practice through BNP Paribas Securities Services, Paris, as depositary for Euroclear France.

The issue date of the Warrants will be 9 February 2007.

The total number of the Warrants which will be offered is stated in the Schedule to the Warrant Terms.

6. Admission and Listing

The Issuer plans to apply for having the Warrants admitted to the Paris Stock Exchange. Moreover, the Issuer plans to apply for the Warrants to be able to be traded on the Paris Stock Exchange only individually. The market making is done by Dresdner Kleinwort, Jürgen-Ponto-Platz 1, 60301 Frankfurt/Main, Germany.

7. Paying Agent

The Paying Agent is BNP Paribas Securities Services, 25 Quai Panhard Levassor, 75013 Paris, France.

8. Clearing System

Clearing system means BNP Paribas Securities Services, Paris, as depositary for Euroclear France, 115 rue Réaumur, 75081 Paris - CEDEX 02, France.

Warrant Terms for C Perform Call Knock-Out or C Perform Put Knock-Out Warrants relating to shares

These Warrant Terms apply in each case for a series of C Perform Call Knock-Out or C Perform Put Knock-Out Warrants. The points marked with a • are different for each series and details are provided in the Schedule.

§ 1 Option Right; Settlement Amount

- (1) Dresdner Bank Aktiengesellschaft, Frankfurt am Main, (the "**Issuer**") herewith grants the holder of each C Perform Call Knock-Out or C Perform Put Knock-Out Warrant (the "**Warrant**") relating to the price of the shares (ISIN •) (the "**Shares**" or the "**Underlying**") of • (the "**Company**") the right (the "**Option Right**") to receive a *Settlement Amount* in Euro ("**EUR**") in accordance with these Warrant Terms, subject to early termination pursuant to § 12.
- (2) If, according to the *Issuer's* determination, each *Settlement Price* (§ 1(4)) during the term of the *Warrants*, i.e. up to and including the *Maturity Date* (§ 4(1)), is [higher]¹ or [lower]² than the *Barrier* (§ 1(3)), the "**Settlement Amount**" equals the difference by which the *Closing Price* (§ 1(6)) of the *Shares* [exceeds]³ or [falls short of]⁴ the *Strike Price* (§ 1(3)), multiplied by the *Ratio* (§ 1(5)), the result commercially rounded to 2 decimal places, if applicable.

If, according to the *Issuer's* determination, the *Settlement Price* is at least once during the term of the *Warrants*, i.e. up to and including the *Maturity Date* (§ 4(1)), [lower than or equal to]⁵ or [higher than or equal to]⁶ the *Barrier*, the *Warrant* becomes void and the *Option Right* expires (the "**Knock-Out**").
- (3) Subject to § 11, the "**Barrier**" equals the *Strike Price*. The "**Strike Price**" equals •, subject to § 11.
- (4) Subject to § 6(1) and § 11, the "**Settlement Price**" equals each price of the *Share* (observed continuously), determined on a *Calculation Date* (§ 4(3)) by • (the "**Relevant Exchange**") during regular trading hours.
- (5) The "**Ratio**" equals •, subject to § 11.
- (6) The "**Closing Price**" equals, subject to § 6(2) and § 11, the price of the *Shares* determined as closing price by the *Relevant Exchange* on the *Maturity Date*.

¹ In case of Call Knock-Out Warrants

² In case of Put Knock-Out Warrants

³ In case of Call Knock-Out Warrants

⁴ In case of Put Knock-Out Warrants

⁵ In case of Call Knock-Out Warrants

⁶ In case of Put Knock-Out Warrants

§ 2
Form of the Warrants; Collective Safe Deposit; Transferability

- (1) The *Warrants* issued by the *Issuer* are represented by a permanent global bearer warrant (the "**Global Bearer Warrant**"). Definitive *Warrants* will not be issued. The entitlement of the Warrantheolders to a delivery of definitive *Warrants* is excluded.
- (2) The *Global Bearer Warrant* is deposited at BNP Paribas Securities Services, Paris, as depositary for Euroclear France (the "**Clearing System**"). The Warrantheolders are entitled to rights relating to the *Global Bearer Warrant* which may be transferred in accordance with the terms and regulations of the *Clearing System*.
- (3) In the clearing system for settling securities operations, the *Warrants* can be transferred individually.

§ 3
Status

The *Warrants* are direct, unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of the *Issuer* ranking pari passu among themselves and with all other current and future unsecured and unsubordinated obligations of the *Issuer*, except for certain obligations for which mandatory legal provisions prescribe a higher rank.

§ 4
Maturity Date; Business Day; Calculation Date

- (1) The "**Maturity Date**" is, subject to § 6, • or, if this day is not a *Calculation Date*, the next *Calculation Date*.
- (2) A "**Business Day**" is any day (except Saturday and Sunday) on which the *TARGET System* is operating and banks in Paris are open for business and the *Clearing System* settles payments. "**TARGET System**" means the Trans-European Automated Real-time Gross settlement Express Transfer System.
- (3) A "**Calculation Date**" is any day on which the *Relevant Exchange* is scheduled to be open.

§ 5
Payment of the Settlement Amount

- (1) The *Issuer* will procure the payment of the *Settlement Amount*, if any, via the *Paying Agent* to the *Clearing System* for credit to the accounts of the Warrantheolders by the 5th *Business Day* following the *Maturity Date*.
- (2) All taxes, fees or other expenses incurred in connection with the exercise of *Option Rights* shall be borne and paid by the Warrantheolder. The *Issuer* and/or the *Paying Agent* are entitled to withhold taxes or charges payable by the Warrantheolder in accordance with the preceding sentence, if any, from the *Settlement Amount*.

§ 6
Market Disruptions

- (1) If in the *Issuer's* opinion, a *Market Disruption* (§ 6(3)) exists on a *Calculation Date*, the *Issuer* shall determine the *Settlement Price*, subject to paragraph (2), taking into account, at its reasonable discretion (§ 315 BGB), the market conditions prevailing on such date. The *Issuer* will endeavor to promptly notify the parties involved in accordance with § 8 if a *Market Disruption* has occurred. The *Issuer*, however, is not obliged to do so.
- (2) If a *Closing Price* is not determined on the *Maturity Date* due to a *Market Disruption*, the *Maturity Date* will be postponed to the next following *Calculation Date* on which a *Closing Price* is determined. The *Issuer* will endeavor to promptly notify the parties involved in accordance with § 8 if no *Closing Price* has been determined on the *Maturity Date*. The *Issuer*, however, is not obliged to do so. If based on the provisions of this paragraph, the *Maturity Date* has been postponed by 8 *Calculation Dates* following the expiry of the original *Maturity Date*, and no *Closing Price* is determined on this day, this day shall be deemed the *Maturity Date*, and the *Issuer* will determine the *Closing Price* at its reasonable discretion (§ 315 BGB), taking into consideration the market conditions on the *Maturity Date*.
- (3) A "**Market Disruption**" means
- the temporary interruption (in particular, the suspension, cessation, cancellation) of or material limitation imposed on trading
- (i) in the *Shares* at the *Relevant Exchange*, or
- (ii) in a futures or options contract relating to the *Shares* on the • (the "**Futures Exchange**").

A limitation of trading hours or the number of trading days shall not constitute a *Market Disruption* to the extent that such limitation results from a change previously announced by the relevant exchange. A limitation imposed on trading during a day, due to movements in price exceeding certain limits, shall only constitute a *Market Disruption* if such limitation subsists at the end of the trading hours on such day.

§ 7
Paying Agent

- (1) The *Paying Agent* is BNP Paribas Securities Services, Paris, (herein referred to, together with any successor in that function, as the "**Paying Agent**"). The *Paying Agent*, if different from the *Issuer*, acts on behalf of the *Issuer* exclusively. It does not act as the agent, trustee or representative of the Warrantholders. Only if and to the extent that the *Paying Agent* has failed to exercise the standard of care of a prudent businessman, will the *Paying Agent* be liable for calculations it performs in connection with the *Warrants*, for not performing or for incorrectly performing such calculations, or for taking or failing to take other action.
- (2) The *Issuer* can, at any time, replace the *Paying Agent* or appoint one or more additional paying agents (also the "**Paying Agent**", if the context permits), and the *Paying Agent* can resign from its office as *Paying Agent* at any time. Such replacement or resignation will become effective only when the *Issuer* has appointed another bank with principal offices or a branch office in France to act as *Paying Agent*. Notice of such replacement and appointment shall be promptly published in accordance with § 8.
- (3) The *Paying Agent* is exempt from the restrictions of § 181 of the German Civil Code (BGB).

- (4) Neither the *Issuer* nor the *Paying Agent* are required to verify the authority of persons submitting *Warrants*.

§ 8 Notices

Notices concerning the *Warrants* will be published in a business newspaper or daily newspaper with widespread circulation in the Federal Republic of Germany, or by communication to the *Clearing System* for the purpose of forwarding such notices to the holders of the *Warrants* and in any case will be published on the website of Euronext Paris S.A. (<http://www.euronext.com>).

§ 9 Further Issues; Buyback

- (1) The *Issuer* is entitled at any time to issue additional *Warrants* with identical terms and conditions, so that the same shall be consolidated with the *Warrants* to form a single series and increase their number. In the event of such an increase, the term "*Warrant*" also includes such additionally issued *Warrants*.
- (2) The *Issuer* is entitled at any time to buy back *Warrants* at any price whatsoever through transactions on or off the stock exchange. The *Issuer* is not obligated to inform the holders of the *Warrants* thereof. The bought-back *Warrants* can be invalidated, kept, re-sold, or used otherwise by the *Issuer*. Moreover, the *Issuer* may cancel the *Warrants* it bought back and reduce the number of outstanding *Warrants* accordingly.

§ 10 Substitution of the Issuer

- (1) The *Issuer* is entitled at any time to substitute itself without the consent of the Warrantheolders by another company as *Issuer* (the "***New Issuer***") with regard to all obligations under and in connection with the *Warrants* under the condition that
- (a) the *New Issuer* assumes all obligations of the *Issuer* under or in connection with the *Warrants*;
 - (b) the *New Issuer* has obtained all permits which may be required from the competent authorities under which the *New Issuer* is entitled to fulfill all obligations arising under or in connection with the *Warrants* and to transfer payments to the *Paying Agent* without obligation to withhold or deduct any taxes, duties or other charges; and
 - (c) Dresdner Bank Aktiengesellschaft unconditionally and irrevocably guarantees the fulfillment of the obligations of the *New Issuer* or enters into a profit and loss transfer agreement with the *New Issuer* or ensures in another commercially reasonable manner that such obligations will be duly fulfilled in full.
- (2) In case of such a substitution of the *Issuer*, any references to the *Issuer* made in these Warrant Terms shall be deemed to be references to the *New Issuer*.
- (3) A substitution of the *Issuer* in accordance with § 10(1) is binding on the Warrantheolders and shall be announced promptly in accordance with § 8. A substitution of the *Issuer* in accordance with the provisions of this § 10 may be effected repeatedly. The provisions of this § 10 shall in this case be applied mutatis mutandis.

§ 11 Adjustments

- (1) If at any point in time during the term of the *Warrants*, when options or futures contracts (the "**Options Contracts**") relating to the *Shares* of the *Company* are traded at the *Futures Exchange*,
 - (a) a measure is taken by the *Company* or a third party in regard to the capital or the assets of the *Company* (e.g. capital increase through the issuing of new *Shares* against contributions, capital increase from company funds, issue of securities with option or conversion rights relating to *Shares*, distribution of special dividends, stock splits, merger, demerger, liquidation, nationalization) and
 - (b) the *Futures Exchange* adjusts the strike price and/or the contract size for *Options Contracts* as a result of such measure, or changes the *Options Contracts* in any other way,

the *Issuer* has the right to adjust the parameters relevant for the calculation of the *Settlement Amount* accordingly. If the rules of the *Futures Exchange* do not require any adjustments to be made in respect of the *Options Contracts* as a result of these events, the parameters relevant for the calculation of the *Settlement Amount* remain unchanged. In the event that *Options Contracts* relating to the *Shares* are delisted from the *Futures Exchange* and are listed at another exchange, the *Issuer* is entitled, but not obligated to make the adjustment in accordance with the rules of such other exchange (the "**Substitute Futures Exchange**"). However, in all of the aforesaid cases, the *Issuer* retains the right, but is not obligated, to make adjustments also based on other rules, or to adjust or redefine the parameters relevant for the calculation of the *Settlement Amount* if the *Issuer* deems such action appropriate in order to preserve the value which the *Warrants* had prior to the occurrence of one of the events described above.

- (2) If one of the events described in paragraphs (1) (a) or (b) occurs at a time, when no *Options Contracts* relating to the *Shares* are traded at the *Futures Exchange*, the *Issuer* will adjust the parameters relevant for the calculation of the *Settlement Amount* in accordance with the respective adjustment rules of the *Futures Exchange* at its reasonable discretion (§ 315 BGB) and taking into account the legitimate economic interests of the holders of the *Warrants*.
- (3) Any adjustments in accordance with the foregoing paragraphs are made by the *Issuer* and are binding upon all parties involved (unless an obvious error has been made).

§ 12 Early Termination

- (1) If the *Shares* of the *Company* are delisted from the *Relevant Exchange* due to a merger by absorption or formation, transformation into a corporate form without shares, or for any other reason, the *Issuer* is entitled, but not required, to terminate the *Warrants* that have not been exercised yet prior to maturity by notice in accordance with § 8; the *Issuer* may terminate the *Warrants* only in whole and not in part, and it must indicate the *Termination Amount* defined here below. Such termination must occur within one month from the final delisting of the *Shares* of the *Company*.
- (2) In case of termination, the *Issuer* shall pay each Warrantholder an amount for each *Warrant* held (the "**Termination Amount**"), which has been determined by the *Issuer* at its reasonable discretion (§ 315 BGB) as being the fair market value per *Warrant* immediately prior to the delisting.

- (3) The determinations made by the *Issuer* at its reasonable discretion (§ 315 BGB) referred to in the foregoing paragraph are final and binding, unless there has been an obvious error.

§ 13
Miscellaneous

- (1) Form and contents of the *Warrants* as well as all rights and duties arising from the matters provided for in these Warrant Terms shall be subject to and construed in accordance with the laws of the Federal Republic of Germany in all respects.
- (2) Place of performance is Frankfurt am Main.
- (3) Place of jurisdiction for any suit or other legal proceedings arising out of or in connection with the *Warrants* is – to the extent permitted by law – Frankfurt am Main.
- (4) The *Issuer* may without the consent of the Warrantholders (i) correct manifest typing or calculation errors or similar manifest errors, and (ii) amend or supplement contradictory or incomplete provisions, which may be contained in these Warrant Terms, provided that, in the cases referred to under (ii), only such amendments and supplements shall be permitted, which are reasonably acceptable to the Warrantholders having regard to the interests of the *Issuer*, i.e. which do not materially adversely affect the financial situation of the Warrantholders and do not significantly complicate the exercise modalities. Any amendments and supplements to these Warrant Terms shall be published without delay in accordance with § 8.
- (5) Should any provisions of these Warrant Terms be or become wholly or partly invalid, the remaining provisions shall remain valid. The invalid provision shall, in accordance with the purpose of the Warrant Terms, be replaced by a valid provision, which reflects the economic purpose of the invalid provision as far as legally possible.
- (6) The German version of these Warrant Terms shall be binding. Any translations are merely intended for information purposes.

Schedule to the Warrant Terms

Underlying	ISIN of Underlying	Type of Warrants	Strike Price/ Barrier (in EUR)	Ratio	Relevant Exchange	Futures Exchange	Maturity Date	ISIN of Warrants	Mnemo	Common Code of Warrants	Volume of the Offering
ACCOR	FR0000120404	Call	62	1/2	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B0W0	3771D	28652623	150,000
AIR FRANCE - KLM	FR0000031122	Call	32	1/2	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B0X8	3772D	28652682	300,000
ALCATEL-LUCENT	FR0000130007	Call	7.5	1/1	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B0Y6	3773D	28652780	500,000
ALCATEL-LUCENT	FR0000130007	Call	8.5	1/1	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B0Z3	3774D	28653182	500,000
ALCATEL-LUCENT	FR0000130007	Put	12	1/1	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B004	3775D	28653212	500,000
ALSTOM	FR0010220475	Call	90	1/2	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B012	3776D	28653298	100,000
ARCELOR MITTAL	NL0000361947	Call	30	1/2	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B020	3777D	28653352	250,000
ARCELOR MITTAL	NL0000361947	Call	33	1/2	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B038	3778D	28653441	250,000
ARCELOR MITTAL	NL0000361947	Put	42	1/2	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B046	3779D	28653549	250,000
AXA	FR0000120628	Call	32.5	1/1	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B053	3780D	28653590	150,000
BNP PARIBAS	FR0000131104	Call	82.5	1/10	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B061	3781D	28653689	600,000
BOUYGUES	FR0000120503	Call	50	1/1	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B079	3782D	28653786	100,000
BOUYGUES	FR0000120503	Call	51.5	1/1	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B087	3783D	28653816	100,000
BOUYGUES	FR0000120503	Put	56	1/1	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B095	3784D	28653883	100,000
BUS OBJECT	FR0004026250	Call	27.5	1/1	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B1A4	3785D	28653948	150,000
CAP GEMINI	FR0000125338	Call	46.5	1/1	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B1B2	3786D	28654049	100,000

CAP GEMINI	FR0000125338	Call	48	1/1	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B1C0	3787D	28654073	100,000
CAP GEMINI	FR0000125338	Put	53	1/1	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B1D8	3788D	28654120	100,000
CARREFOUR	FR0000120172	Put	50	1/2	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B1E6	3789D	28654138	200,000
DEXIA	BE0003796134	Call	21	1/1	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B1F3	3790D	28654154	200,000
EADS	NL0000235190	Call	23	1/2	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B1G1	3791D	28654197	400,000
EDF	FR0010242511	Call	50	1/2	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B1H9	3792D	28654243	200,000
ESSILOR INTERNAT	FR0000121667	Call	80	1/5	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B1J5	3793D	28654316	300,000
ESSILOR INTERNAT	FR0000121667	Call	84	1/5	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B1K3	3794D	28654359	300,000
ESSILOR INTERNAT	FR0000121667	Put	94	1/5	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B1L1	3795D	28654383	300,000
FRANCE TELECOM	FR0000133308	Call	19	1/1	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B1M9	3796D	28654600	250,000
FRANCE TELECOM	FR0000133308	Put	23.5	1/1	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B1N7	3797D	28654553	250,000
L OREAL	FR0000120321	Call	76	1/5	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B1P2	3798D	28654685	300,000
L OREAL	FR0000120321	Put	86	1/5	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B1Q0	3799D	28654766	300,000
L.V.M.H.	FR0000121014	Call	70	1/5	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B1R8	3800D	28654782	300,000
L.V.M.H.	FR0000121014	Put	92	1/5	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B1S6	3801D	28654855	300,000
LAFARGE	FR0000120537	Call	110	1/5	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B1T4	3802D	28654871	200,000
LAFARGE	FR0000120537	Put	130	1/5	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B1U2	3803D	28654910	200,000
LAGARDERE S.C.A.	FR0000130213	Call	55	1/10	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B1V0	3804D	28654936	800,000
LAGARDERE S.C.A.	FR0000130213	Put	70	1/10	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B1W8	3805D	28654979	800,000

M6-METROPOLE TV	FR0000053225	Call	25	1/1	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B1X6	3806D	28655002	200,000
MICHELIN	FR0000121261	Call	60	1/5	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B1Y4	3807D	28655045	400,000
MICHELIN	FR0000121261	Call	65	1/5	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B1Z1	3808D	28655061	400,000
MICHELIN	FR0000121261	Put	80	1/5	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B103	3809D	28655096	400,000
PEUGEOT	FR0000121501	Call	48	1/2	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B111	3810D	28655126	200,000
PEUGEOT	FR0000121501	Put	55	1/2	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B129	3811D	28655185	200,000
PPR	FR0000121485	Call	100	1/5	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B137	3812D	28655215	200,000
PPR	FR0000121485	Call	110	1/5	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B145	3813D	28655223	200,000
PPR	FR0000121485	Put	125	1/5	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B152	3814D	28655266	200,000
PUBLICIS GROUPE	FR0000130577	Call	31	1/1	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B160	3815D	28655312	150,000
SAINT-GOBAIN	FR0000125007	Call	70	1/2	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B178	3816D	28655371	150,000
SCHNEIDER ELECTR	FR0000121972	Call	85	1/5	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B186	3817D	28655754	250,000
SCHNEIDER ELECTR	FR0000121972	Call	90	1/5	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B194	3818D	28656530	250,000
SCHNEIDER ELECTR	FR0000121972	Put	105	1/5	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B2A2	3819D	28656645	250,000
SOCIETE GENERALE	FR0000130809	Call	130	1/10	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B2B0	3820D	28656718	400,000
SOITEC	FR0004025062	Call	20	1/1	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B2C8	3821D	28656777	75,000
STMICROELECTRONI	NL0000226223	Call	12.5	1/1	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B2D6	3822D	28656823	400,000
STMICROELE	NL0000226223	Put	16.5	1/1	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17 May 07	DE000DR5B2E4	3823D	28656858	400,000

German language version of Warrant Terms for C Perform Call Knock-Out or C Perform Put Knock-Out
Warrants relating to shares

**Optionsbedingungen für C Perform Call Knock-Out bzw. C Perform Put Knock-Out Optionsscheine
bezogen auf Aktien**

Diese Optionsbedingungen gelten für jeweils eine Serie von C Perform Call Knock-Out bzw. C Perform Put Knock-Out Optionsscheinen. Die mit • gekennzeichneten Stellen sind für jede Serie unterschiedlich und der Anlage zu entnehmen.

**§ 1
Optionsrecht; Abrechnungsbetrag**

- (1) Die Dresdner Bank Aktiengesellschaft, Frankfurt am Main, (die "**Emittentin**") gewährt hiermit dem Inhaber von je einem C Perform Call Knock-Out bzw. C Perform Put Knock-Out Optionsschein (der "**Optionsschein**") bezogen auf den Kurs der Aktien (ISIN •) (die "**Aktien**" bzw. der "**Basiswert**") der • (die "**Gesellschaft**") das Recht (das "**Optionsrecht**"), nach Maßgabe dieser Optionsbedingungen und vorbehaltlich einer vorzeitigen Kündigung gemäß § 12 einen **Abrechnungsbetrag** in Euro ("**EUR**") zu erhalten.
- (2) Wenn nach Feststellung der *Emittentin* während der Laufzeit der *Optionsscheine*, d.h. bis zum *Fälligkeitstag* (§ 4(1)) einschließlich, jeder *Abrechnungskurs* (§ 1(4)) [größer]¹ bzw. [kleiner]² als die *Barriere* (§ 1(3)) ist, entspricht der "**Abrechnungsbetrag**" der Differenz, um die der *Schlusskurs* (§ 1(6)) der *Aktien* den *Basiskurs* (§ 1(3)) [überschreitet]³ bzw. [unterschreitet]⁴, multipliziert mit dem *Bezugsverhältnis* (§ 1(5)), das Ergebnis gegebenenfalls auf 2 Dezimalstellen kaufmännisch gerundet.
- Ist nach Feststellung der *Emittentin* während der Laufzeit der *Optionsscheine*, d.h. bis zum *Fälligkeitstag* (§ 4(1)) einschließlich der *Abrechnungskurs* mindestens einmal [kleiner oder gleich]⁵ bzw. [größer oder gleich]⁶ der *Barriere*, so verfällt der *Optionsschein* und das *Optionsrecht* erlischt (der "**Knock-Out**").
- (3) Die "**Barriere**" entspricht, vorbehaltlich § 11, dem *Basiskurs*. Der "**Basiskurs**" entspricht, vorbehaltlich § 11, •.
- (4) Der "**Abrechnungskurs**" entspricht, vorbehaltlich § 6(1) und § 11, jedem Kurs der *Aktie* (kontinuierlich betrachtet), der an einem *Berechnungstag* (§ 4(3)) von der • (die "**Maßgebliche Börse**") während der üblichen Handelszeiten festgestellt wird.
- (5) Das "**Bezugsverhältnis**" beträgt, vorbehaltlich § 11, •.

¹ Im Fall von Call Knock-Out Optionsscheinen

² Im Fall von Put Knock-Out Optionsscheinen

³ Im Fall von Call Knock-Out Optionsscheinen

⁴ Im Fall von Put Knock-Out Optionsscheinen

⁵ Im Fall von Call Knock-Out Optionsscheinen

⁶ Im Fall von Put Knock-Out Optionsscheinen

- (6) Der "**Schlusskurs**" entspricht, vorbehaltlich § 6(2) und § 11, dem Kurs der *Aktien*, der als Schlusskurs von der *Maßgeblichen Börse* am *Fälligkeitstag* festgestellt wird.

§ 2

Form der Optionsscheine; Girosammelverwahrung; Übertragbarkeit

- (1) Die von der *Emittentin* begebenen *Optionsscheine* sind durch einen Dauer-Inhaber-Sammeloptionsschein (der "**Inhaber-Sammeloptionsschein**") verbrieft. Effektive *Optionsscheine* werden nicht ausgegeben. Der Anspruch der Optionsscheininhaber auf Lieferung effektiver *Optionsscheine* ist ausgeschlossen.
- (2) Der *Inhaber-Sammeloptionsschein* ist bei BNP Paribas Securities Services, Paris, als Verwahrstelle für Euroclear France, (das "**Clearingsystem**") hinterlegt. Den Inhabern der *Optionsscheine* stehen Rechte in Bezug auf den *Inhaber-Sammeloptionsschein* zu, die in Übereinstimmung mit den Bestimmungen und Regeln des *Clearingsystems* übertragen werden können.
- (3) Im Effektingiroverkehr sind die *Optionsscheine* einzeln übertragbar.

§ 3

Status

Die *Optionsscheine* begründen unmittelbare, unbesicherte und nicht nachrangige Verbindlichkeiten der *Emittentin*, die untereinander und mit allen sonstigen gegenwärtigen und künftigen unbesicherten und nicht nachrangigen Verbindlichkeiten der *Emittentin* gleichrangig sind, ausgenommen solche Verbindlichkeiten, denen aufgrund zwingender gesetzlicher Vorschriften Vorrang zukommt.

§ 4

Fälligkeitstag; Bankgeschäftstag; Berechnungstag

- (1) "**Fälligkeitstag**" ist, vorbehaltlich § 6, der • bzw., falls dieser Tag kein *Berechnungstag* ist, der nächste *Berechnungstag*.
- (2) "**Bankgeschäftstag**" ist jeder Tag (außer Samstag und Sonntag), an dem das *TARGET-System* und Banken in Paris für den Geschäftsverkehr geöffnet sind und das *Clearingsystem* Zahlungen abwickelt. "**TARGET-System**" ist das Trans-European Automated Real-time Gross settlement Express Transfer System.
- (3) "**Berechnungstag**" ist jeder Tag, an dem planmäßig vorgesehen ist, dass die *Maßgebliche Börse* geöffnet ist.

§ 5

Zahlung des Abrechnungsbetrags

- (1) Bis zu dem 5. *Bankgeschäftstag* nach dem *Fälligkeitstag* wird die *Emittentin* die Überweisung des gegebenenfalls zu beanspruchenden *Abrechnungsbetrags* über die *Zahlstelle* an das *Clearingsystem* zur Gutschrift auf die Konten der Inhaber der *Optionsscheine* veranlassen.

- (2) Alle im Zusammenhang mit der Ausübung von *Optionsrechten* anfallenden Steuern, Gebühren oder anderen Abgaben sind von dem Optionsscheininhaber zu tragen und zu zahlen. Die *Emittentin* bzw. die *Zahlstelle* ist berechtigt, von dem *Abrechnungsbetrag* etwaige Steuern oder Abgaben einzubehalten, die von dem Optionsscheininhaber gemäß vorstehendem Satz zu zahlen sind.

§ 6 Marktstörungen

- (1) Wenn nach Auffassung der *Emittentin* an einem *Berechnungstag* eine *Marktstörung* (§ 6(3)) vorliegt, dann bestimmt die *Emittentin* den *Abrechnungskurs*, vorbehaltlich Absatz (2), unter Berücksichtigung der an diesem Tag herrschenden Marktgegebenheiten nach billigem Ermessen (§ 315 BGB). Die *Emittentin* wird sich bemühen, den Beteiligten unverzüglich gemäß § 8 mitzuteilen, dass eine *Marktstörung* eingetreten. Eine Pflicht zur Mitteilung besteht jedoch nicht.
- (2) Wenn an dem *Fälligkeitstag* ein *Schlusskurs* aufgrund einer *Marktstörung* nicht festgestellt wird, dann wird der *Fälligkeitstag* auf den nächstfolgenden *Berechnungstag*, an dem ein *Schlusskurs* festgestellt wird, verschoben. Die *Emittentin* wird sich bemühen, den Beteiligten unverzüglich gemäß § 8 mitzuteilen, dass am *Fälligkeitstag* kein *Schlusskurs* festgestellt wurde. Eine Pflicht zur Mitteilung besteht jedoch nicht. Wenn der *Fälligkeitstag* aufgrund der Bestimmungen dieses Absatzes um 8 *Berechnungstage* nach Ablauf des ursprünglichen *Fälligkeitstags* verschoben worden ist und auch an diesem Tag kein *Schlusskurs* festgestellt wird, dann gilt dieser Tag als der *Fälligkeitstag*, wobei die *Emittentin* den *Schlusskurs* nach billigem Ermessen (§ 315 BGB) sowie unter Berücksichtigung der an dem *Fälligkeitstag* herrschenden Marktgegebenheiten, bestimmen wird.
- (3) Eine "**Marktstörung**" bedeutet

die vorübergehende Suspendierung (insbesondere Aussetzung, Einstellung, Widerruf) oder wesentliche Einschränkung des Handels

(i) in den *Aktien* an der *Maßgeblichen Börse* oder

(ii) in einem Termin- oder Optionskontrakt in bezug auf die *Aktien* an der • (die "**Terminbörse**").

Eine Beschränkung der Stunden oder Anzahl der Tage, an denen ein Handel stattfindet, gilt nicht als *Marktstörung*, sofern die Einschränkung auf einer vorher angekündigten Änderung der betreffenden Börse beruht. Eine im Laufe eines Tages eintretende Beschränkung im Handel aufgrund von Preisbewegungen, die bestimmte vorgegebene Grenzen überschreiten, gilt nur dann als *Marktstörung*, wenn diese Beschränkung bis zum Ende der Handelszeit an dem betreffenden Tag fort dauert.

§ 7 Zahlstelle

- (1) *Zahlstelle* ist BNP Paribas Securities Services, Paris, (die "**Zahlstelle**", wobei sich dieser Begriff gegebenenfalls auch auf eine Nachfolgerin in dieser Funktion bezieht). Die *Zahlstelle*, sofern von der *Emittentin* verschieden, handelt ausschließlich als Vertreterin der *Emittentin* und steht in keinem Vertretungs- oder Treuhandverhältnis zu den *Optionsscheininhabern*. Die *Zahlstelle* haftet für Berechnungen, die sie im Zusammenhang mit den *Optionsscheinen* vornimmt, und für die Nichtvornahme oder unrichtige Vornahme solcher Berechnungen und für die Vornahme oder Nichtvornahme sonstiger Maßnahmen nur, wenn und soweit sie dabei die Sorgfalt eines ordentlichen Kaufmanns verletzt hat.

- (2) Die *Emittentin* kann die *Zahlstelle* jederzeit ersetzen oder eine oder mehrere zusätzliche Zahlstellen (ebenfalls die "**Zahlstelle**", sofern der Zusammenhang dies erlaubt) bestellen und die *Zahlstelle* kann jederzeit ihr Amt als *Zahlstelle* niederlegen. Eine solche Ersetzung bzw. Niederlegung wird erst wirksam, wenn die *Emittentin* ein anderes Kreditinstitut mit Haupt- oder Zweigniederlassung in Frankreich als *Zahlstelle* bestellt hat. Eine solche Ersetzung, Niederlegung oder Bestellung wird unverzüglich gemäß § 8 bekannt gemacht.
- (3) Die *Zahlstelle* ist von den Beschränkungen des § 181 BGB befreit.
- (4) Weder die *Emittentin* noch die *Zahlstelle* sind verpflichtet, die Berechtigung der Einreicher von *Optionsscheinen* zu prüfen.

§ 8 Bekanntmachungen

Bekanntmachungen, welche die *Optionsscheine* betreffen, werden in einer Wirtschafts- oder Tageszeitung, die in der Bundesrepublik Deutschland weit verbreitet ist, veröffentlicht oder durch eine Mitteilung an das *Clearingsystem* zur Weiterleitung an die Inhaber der *Optionsscheine* bewirkt; außerdem werden sie auf der Website der Euronext Paris S.A. (<http://www.euronext.com>) veröffentlicht.

§ 9 Aufstockung; Rückkauf

- (1) Die *Emittentin* ist berechtigt, jederzeit weitere *Optionsscheine* mit gleicher Ausstattung zu begeben, so dass sie mit den *Optionsscheinen* zusammen gefasst werden, eine einheitliche Emission mit ihnen bilden und ihre Anzahl erhöhen. Der Begriff „*Optionsschein*“ umfasst im Fall einer solchen Aufstockung auch solche zusätzlich begebenen *Optionsscheine*.
- (2) Die *Emittentin* ist berechtigt, jederzeit *Optionsscheine* über die Börse oder durch außerbörsliche Geschäfte zu einem beliebigen Preis zurückzuerwerben. Die *Emittentin* ist nicht verpflichtet, die Inhaber der *Optionsscheine* davon zu unterrichten. Die zurückerworbenen *Optionsscheine* können entwertet, gehalten, weiterveräußert oder von der *Emittentin* in anderer Weise verwendet werden. Die *Emittentin* kann ferner zurückgekaufte *Optionsscheine* für kraftlos erklären und die Gesamtzahl der ausstehenden *Optionsscheine* entsprechend reduzieren.

§ 10 Ersetzung der Emittentin

- (1) Die *Emittentin* ist jederzeit berechtigt, ohne Zustimmung der Inhaber von *Optionsscheinen* eine andere Gesellschaft als *Emittentin* (die "**Neue Emittentin**") hinsichtlich aller Verpflichtungen aus oder in Verbindung mit den *Optionsscheinen* an die Stelle der *Emittentin* zu setzen, sofern
 - (a) die *Neue Emittentin* alle Verpflichtungen der *Emittentin* aus oder in Verbindung mit den *Optionsscheinen* übernimmt,
 - (b) die *Neue Emittentin* alle etwa notwendigen Genehmigungen von den zuständigen Behörden erhalten hat, wonach die *Neue Emittentin* alle sich aus oder in Verbindung mit den *Optionsscheinen* ergebenden Verpflichtungen erfüllen kann und Zahlungen ohne Einbehalt oder Abzug von irgendwelchen Steuern, Gebühren oder Abgaben an die *Zahlstelle* transferieren darf, und

- (c) die Dresdner Bank Aktiengesellschaft unbedingt und unwiderruflich die Verpflichtungen der *Neuen Emittentin* garantiert oder einen Ergebnisübernahmevertrag mit der *Neuen Emittentin* abschließt oder die ordnungsgemäße Erfüllung der Verpflichtungen sonst in vollem Umfang wirtschaftlich sicherstellt.
- (2) Im Falle einer solchen Ersetzung der *Emittentin* gilt jede in diesen Optionsbedingungen enthaltene Bezugnahme auf die *Emittentin* fortan als auf die *Neue Emittentin* bezogen.
- (3) Eine Ersetzung der *Emittentin* gemäß § 10(1) ist für die Inhaber von *Optionsscheinen* bindend und unverzüglich gemäß § 8 bekannt zu machen. Eine Ersetzung der *Emittentin* entsprechend den Bestimmungen dieses § 10 ist mehrfach möglich. Die Bestimmungen dieses § 10 sind in diesem Falle jeweils sinngemäß anzuwenden.

§ 11 Anpassungen

- (1) Wenn zu einem Zeitpunkt während der Laufzeit der *Optionsscheine*, an dem Options- oder Terminkontrakte (die "**Optionskontrakte**") auf die *Aktien* der *Gesellschaft* an der *Terminbörse* gehandelt werden,
 - (a) in bezug auf das Kapital oder das Vermögen der *Gesellschaft* eine Maßnahme durch die *Gesellschaft* oder durch einen Dritten getroffen wird (z.B. Kapitalerhöhung durch Ausgabe neuer *Aktien* gegen Einlagen, Kapitalerhöhung aus Gesellschaftsmitteln, Ausgabe von Wertpapieren mit Options- oder Wandelrechten auf *Aktien*, Ausschüttung von Sonderdividenden, Aktiensplits, Fusion, Spaltung, Liquidation, Verstaatlichung) und
 - (b) wegen dieser Maßnahme die *Terminbörse* den Basispreis und/oder die Kontraktgröße für *Optionskontrakte* anpasst oder die *Optionskontrakte* auf andere Weise verändert,

so ist die *Emittentin* berechtigt, die für die Bestimmung des *Abrechnungsbetrages* maßgeblichen Parameter entsprechend anzupassen. Sind nach den Regeln der *Terminbörse* wegen dieser Ereignisse keine Anpassungen in bezug auf die *Optionskontrakte* vorzunehmen, so bleiben die für die Bestimmung des *Abrechnungsbetrages* maßgeblichen Parameter unverändert. Im Fall der endgültigen Einstellung der Notierung von *Optionskontrakten* auf die *Aktien* an der *Terminbörse* und Beginn der Notierung an einer anderen Börse ist die *Emittentin* berechtigt, aber nicht verpflichtet, die Anpassung nach den Regeln dieser anderen Börse (die "**Ersatzterminbörse**") durchzuführen. Die *Emittentin* bleibt jedoch in allen vorgenannten Fällen berechtigt, ist hierzu jedoch nicht verpflichtet, Anpassungen auch nach anderen Regeln durchzuführen oder die für die Bestimmung des *Abrechnungsbetrages* maßgeblichen Parameter anzupassen oder neu zu definieren, wenn ihr dies angemessen erscheint, um den Wert der *Optionsscheine*, den diese vor dem Eintritt eines der vorstehend beschriebenen Ereignisse hatten, zu bewahren.

- (2) Sollte eines der in den Absätzen (1) (a) oder (b) beschriebenen Ereignisse zu einem Zeitpunkt eintreten, zu dem an der *Terminbörse* keine *Optionskontrakte* auf die *Aktien* gehandelt werden, so wird die *Emittentin* Anpassungen der für die Bestimmung des *Abrechnungsbetrages* maßgeblichen Parameter unter Zugrundelegung der entsprechenden Anpassungsregeln der *Terminbörse* nach billigem Ermessen (§ 315 BGB) und unter Berücksichtigung der berechtigten wirtschaftlichen Belange der Inhaber der *Optionsscheine* vornehmen.
- (3) Anpassungen nach den vorstehenden Absätzen werden durch die *Emittentin* vorgenommen und sind (sofern nicht ein offensichtlicher Fehler vorliegt) für alle Beteiligten bindend.

§ 12 Vorzeitige Kündigung

- (1) Sollte die Notierung der *Aktien* der *Gesellschaft* an der *Maßgeblichen Börse* aufgrund einer Verschmelzung durch Aufnahme oder durch Neubildung, einer Umwandlung in eine Rechtsform ohne Aktien oder aus irgendeinem sonstigen Grund endgültig eingestellt werden, ist die *Emittentin* berechtigt, aber nicht verpflichtet, die noch nicht ausgeübten *Optionsscheine* insgesamt aber nicht teilweise vorzeitig durch Bekanntmachung gemäß § 8 unter Angabe des nachstehend definierten *Kündigungsbetrages* zu kündigen. Die Kündigung hat innerhalb von einem Monat nach endgültiger Einstellung der Notierung der *Aktien* der *Gesellschaft* zu erfolgen.
- (2) Im Fall einer Kündigung zahlt die *Emittentin* an jeden Optionsscheininhaber bezüglich jedes von ihm gehaltenen *Optionsscheins* einen Betrag (der "**Kündigungsbetrag**"), der von der *Emittentin* nach billigem Ermessen (§ 315 BGB) als angemessener Marktpreis eines *Optionsscheins* unmittelbar vor der Einstellung der Notierung festgelegt wird.
- (3) Die in dem vorgenannten Absatz erwähnte Ermittlung der *Emittentin* nach billigem Ermessen (§ 315 BGB) ist abschließend und verbindlich, es sei denn, es liegt ein offensichtlicher Irrtum vor.

§ 13 Verschiedenes

- (1) Form und Inhalt der *Optionsscheine* sowie alle Rechte und Pflichten aus den in diesen Optionsbedingungen geregelten Angelegenheiten bestimmen sich in jeder Hinsicht nach dem Recht der Bundesrepublik Deutschland.
- (2) Erfüllungsort ist Frankfurt am Main.
- (3) Gerichtsstand für alle Klagen oder sonstigen Verfahren aus oder im Zusammenhang mit den *Optionsscheinen* ist, soweit gesetzlich zulässig, Frankfurt am Main.
- (4) Die *Emittentin* ist berechtigt, in diesen Optionsbedingungen ohne Zustimmung der Optionsscheininhaber (i) offensichtliche Schreib- oder Rechenfehler oder ähnliche offenbare Unrichtigkeiten zu berichtigen sowie (ii) widersprüchliche oder lückenhafte Bestimmungen zu ändern bzw. zu ergänzen, wobei in den unter (ii) genannten Fällen nur solche Änderungen bzw. Ergänzungen zulässig sind, die unter Berücksichtigung der Interessen der *Emittentin* für die Optionsscheininhaber zumutbar sind, d.h. die die finanzielle Situation des Optionsscheininhabers nicht wesentlich verschlechtern bzw. die Ausübungsmodalitäten nicht wesentlich erschweren. Änderungen bzw. Ergänzungen dieser Optionsbedingungen werden unverzüglich gemäß § 8 bekannt gemacht.
- (5) Sollte eine Bestimmung dieser Optionsbedingungen ganz oder teilweise unwirksam sein oder werden, so bleiben die übrigen Bestimmungen wirksam. Die unwirksame Bestimmung ist, im Einklang mit dem Zweck dieser Optionsbedingungen, durch eine wirksame Bestimmung zu ersetzen, die den wirtschaftlichen Zwecken der unwirksamen Bestimmung soweit wie rechtlich möglich Rechnung trägt.
- (6) Die deutsche Version dieser Optionsbedingungen ist bindend. Etwaige Übersetzungen dienen ausschließlich Informationszwecken.

Anlage zu den Optionsbedingungen

Basiswert	ISIN des Basiswerts	Optionsart	Basiskurs/ Barriere (in EUR)	Bezugsverhältnis	Maßgebliche Börse	Terminbörse	Fälligkeitstag	ISIN der Options-scheine	Mnemo	Common Code der Options-scheine	Angebotsvolumen
ACCOR	FR0000120404	Call	62	1/2	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17. Mai 07	DE000DR5B0W0	3771D	28652623	150.000
AIR FRANCE - KLM	FR0000031122	Call	32	1/2	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17. Mai 07	DE000DR5B0X8	3772D	28652682	300.000
ALCATEL-LUCENT	FR0000130007	Call	7,5	1/1	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17. Mai 07	DE000DR5B0Y6	3773D	28652780	500.000
ALCATEL-LUCENT	FR0000130007	Call	8,5	1/1	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17. Mai 07	DE000DR5B0Z3	3774D	28653182	500.000
ALCATEL-LUCENT	FR0000130007	Put	12	1/1	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17. Mai 07	DE000DR5B004	3775D	28653212	500.000
ALSTOM	FR0010220475	Call	90	1/2	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17. Mai 07	DE000DR5B012	3776D	28653298	100.000
ARCELOR MITTAL	NL0000361947	Call	30	1/2	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17. Mai 07	DE000DR5B020	3777D	28653352	250.000
ARCELOR MITTAL	NL0000361947	Call	33	1/2	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17. Mai 07	DE000DR5B038	3778D	28653441	250.000
ARCELOR MITTAL	NL0000361947	Put	42	1/2	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17. Mai 07	DE000DR5B046	3779D	28653549	250.000
AXA	FR0000120628	Call	32,5	1/1	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17. Mai 07	DE000DR5B053	3780D	28653590	150.000
BNP PARIBAS	FR0000131104	Call	82,5	1/10	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17. Mai 07	DE000DR5B061	3781D	28653689	600.000
BOUYGUES	FR0000120503	Call	50	1/1	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17. Mai 07	DE000DR5B079	3782D	28653786	100.000
BOUYGUES	FR0000120503	Call	51,5	1/1	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17. Mai 07	DE000DR5B087	3783D	28653816	100.000
BOUYGUES	FR0000120503	Put	56	1/1	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17. Mai 07	DE000DR5B095	3784D	28653883	100.000

BUS OBJECT	FR0004026250	Call	27.5	1/1	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17. Mai 07	DE000DR5B1A4	3785D	28653948	150.000
CAP GEMINI	FR0000125338	Call	46.5	1/1	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17. Mai 07	DE000DR5B1B2	3786D	28654049	100.000
CAP GEMINI	FR0000125338	Call	48	1/1	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17. Mai 07	DE000DR5B1C0	3787D	28654073	100.000
CAP GEMINI	FR0000125338	Put	53	1/1	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17. Mai 07	DE000DR5B1D8	3788D	28654120	100.000
CARREFOUR	FR0000120172	Put	50	1/2	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17. Mai 07	DE000DR5B1E6	3789D	28654138	200.000
DEXIA	BE0003796134	Call	21	1/1	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17. Mai 07	DE000DR5B1F3	3790D	28654154	200.000
EADS	NL0000235190	Call	23	1/2	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17. Mai 07	DE000DR5B1G1	3791D	28654197	400.000
EDF	FR0010242511	Call	50	1/2	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17. Mai 07	DE000DR5B1H9	3792D	28654243	200.000
ESSILOR INTERNAT	FR0000121667	Call	80	1/5	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17. Mai 07	DE000DR5B1J5	3793D	28654316	300.000
ESSILOR INTERNAT	FR0000121667	Call	84	1/5	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17. Mai 07	DE000DR5B1K3	3794D	28654359	300.000
ESSILOR INTERNAT	FR0000121667	Put	94	1/5	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17. Mai 07	DE000DR5B1L1	3795D	28654383	300.000
FRANCE TELECOM	FR0000133308	Call	19	1/1	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17. Mai 07	DE000DR5B1M9	3796D	28654600	250.000
FRANCE TELECOM	FR0000133308	Put	23,5	1/1	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17. Mai 07	DE000DR5B1N7	3797D	28654553	250.000
L OREAL	FR0000120321	Call	76	1/5	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17. Mai 07	DE000DR5B1P2	3798D	28654685	300.000
L OREAL	FR0000120321	Put	86	1/5	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17. Mai 07	DE000DR5B1Q0	3799D	28654766	300.000
L.V.M.H.	FR0000121014	Call	70	1/5	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17. Mai 07	DE000DR5B1R8	3800D	28654782	300.000
L.V.M.H.	FR0000121014	Put	92	1/5	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17. Mai 07	DE000DR5B1S6	3801D	28654855	300.000
LAFARGE	FR0000120537	Call	110	1/5	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17. Mai 07	DE000DR5B1T4	3802D	28654871	200.000
LAFARGE	FR0000120537	Put	130	1/5	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17. Mai 07	DE000DR5B1U2	3803D	28654910	200.000
LAGARDERE S.C.A.	FR0000130213	Call	55	1/10	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17. Mai 07	DE000DR5B1V0	3804D	28654936	800.000

LAGARDERE S.C.A.	FR0000130213	Put	70	1/10	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17. Mai 07	DE000DR5B1W8	3805D	28654979	800.000
M6- METROPOLE TV	FR0000053225	Call	25	1/1	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17. Mai 07	DE000DR5B1X6	3806D	28655002	200.000
MICHELIN	FR0000121261	Call	60	1/5	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17. Mai 07	DE000DR5B1Y4	3807D	28655045	400.000
MICHELIN	FR0000121261	Call	65	1/5	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17. Mai 07	DE000DR5B1Z1	3808D	28655061	400.000
MICHELIN	FR0000121261	Put	80	1/5	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17. Mai 07	DE000DR5B103	3809D	28655096	400.000
PEUGEOT	FR0000121501	Call	48	1/2	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17. Mai 07	DE000DR5B111	3810D	28655126	200.000
PEUGEOT	FR0000121501	Put	55	1/2	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17. Mai 07	DE000DR5B129	3811D	28655185	200.000
PPR	FR0000121485	Call	100	1/5	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17. Mai 07	DE000DR5B137	3812D	28655215	200.000
PPR	FR0000121485	Call	110	1/5	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17. Mai 07	DE000DR5B145	3813D	28655223	200.000
PPR	FR0000121485	Put	125	1/5	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17. Mai 07	DE000DR5B152	3814D	28655266	200.000
PUBLICIS GROUPE	FR0000130577	Call	31	1/1	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17. Mai 07	DE000DR5B160	3815D	28655312	150.000
SAINT- GOBAIN	FR0000125007	Call	70	1/2	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17. Mai 07	DE000DR5B178	3816D	28655371	150.000
SCHNEIDER ELECTR	FR0000121972	Call	85	1/5	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17. Mai 07	DE000DR5B186	3817D	28655754	250.000
SCHNEIDER ELECTR	FR0000121972	Call	90	1/5	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17. Mai 07	DE000DR5B194	3818D	28656530	250.000
SCHNEIDER ELECTR	FR0000121972	Put	105	1/5	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17. Mai 07	DE000DR5B2A2	3819D	28656645	250.000
SOCIETE GENERALE	FR0000130809	Call	130	1/10	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17. Mai 07	DE000DR5B2B0	3820D	28656718	400.000
SOITEC	FR0004025062	Call	20	1/1	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17. Mai 07	DE000DR5B2C8	3821D	28656777	75.000
STMICROELE	NL0000226223	Call	12,5	1/1	Euronext Paris	MONEP	17. Mai 07	DE000DR5B2D6	3822D	28656823	400.000

DRESDNER BANK AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT
Frankfurt am Main, 9 February 2007



Günter Schärtl



Christophe Kauff